

BUILDING A SMARTER ERED SPAM CLASSIFIER:-

INNOVATIONS:

- Behavioral Analysis: Instead of solely relying on keyword or pattern matching, AI could analyze user behavior to detect anomalies. For instance, sudden bursts of activity or unusual login locations could signal spam.
- Deep Learning for Image and Audio Spam: Extend AI spam detection to multimedia content. AI models could analyze images and audio within messages to identify spam content, such as inappropriate images or voice phishing attempts.
- Al could differentiate between genuine conversations and spam by assessing the relevance and coherence of the content.
- User Feedback Loops: Implement a feedback mechanism where users can report false positives/negatives. Al
 could learn from this feedback to continuously improve spam detection algorithms.

- Contextual Analysis: Consider the context in which messages are sent. For example, if a message contains a suspicious link but is part of a conversation about cybersecurity, it might not be spam.
- Ensemble Models: Combine multiple AI algorithms, such as machine learning, deep learning, and rule-based approaches, to create a more robust spam detection system.
- Graph Theory: Analyze the social network of users to detect spam behavior. If a user is connected to many accounts that have been flagged as spammers, it could raise suspicion.
- Zero-Day Spam Detection: Develop AI models that can adapt quickly to new spamming techniques. This involves continuous monitoring and learning from emerging spam patterns.
- Privacy-Preserving Techniques: Implement privacy-conscious methods that allow spam detection without compromising user privacy, such as federated learning or differential privacy.

Multilingual Support: Ensure that AI spam detection can handle multiple languages effectively, as spammers often target diverse audiences.

THANK YOU