

Targeting and Reliability

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Carolina Fellinghauer : c.fellinghauer@psychologie.uzh.ch

Targeting

Targeting indicates the degree to which the study population is outside the target range of the scale items





Targeting

Item Difficulties approximate the person abilities

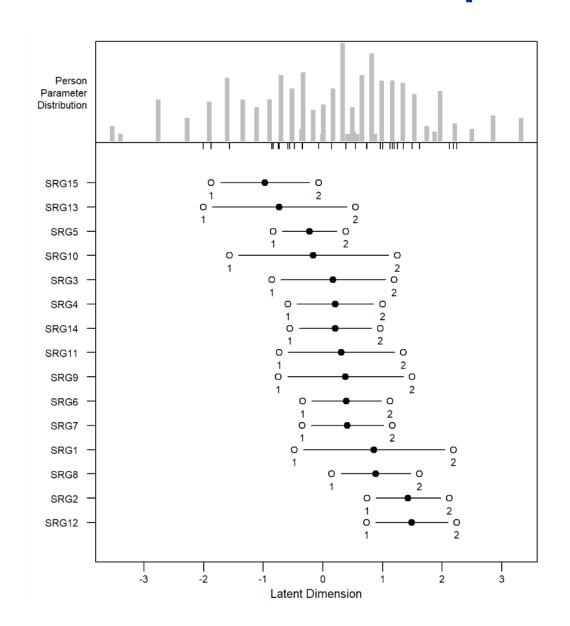
Characteristic of a well-targeted scale:

Difference mean difficulty and mean ability < 1 logits.

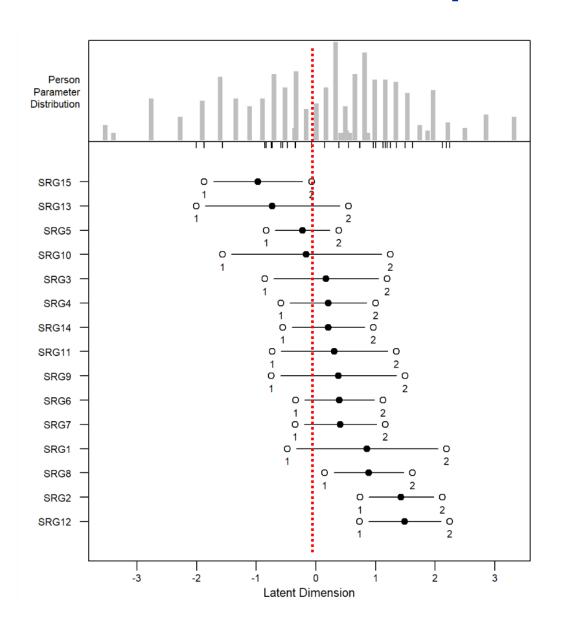
The SD of the item difficulty < 2.5

The SD of the person ability < 2.5

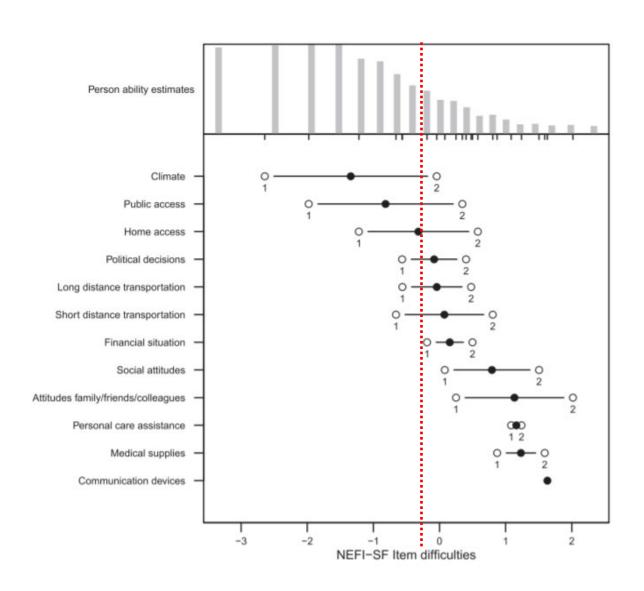
Person Item Map



Person Item Map



Person Item Map



Reliability

The reliability of any set of measurements is logically defined as the proportion of their variance that is true variance.

Total variance of a set of measures consists of two sources of variance: true variance and error variance.

The true variance is assumed to be the genuine value of whatever is being measured.

The error variance occurs independently and at random.

Reliability

In the context of Modern Test Theory, reliability is a function of the variability and precision of the person ability estimates.

The Person Separation Reliability (PSR), calculates the proportion of person variance that is not due to error.

$$PSR = 1 - \left[\frac{MSE_p}{SD_p^2} \right]$$

MSE: Mean Square Person Measure Error

SD²: The sample person measure variance

Reliability

The PSR ranges betwenn 0 and 1.

PSR > 0.9:

very good reliability, scale can be used for individual measurement

PSR > 0.85

good reliability, scale can be used for measurement at population level.

PSR > 0.7

low, but just sufficient reliability

PSR < 0.7

Insufficient reliability, scale cannot differentiate levels of abilities.

The Information function

Information: the reciprocal of the precision.

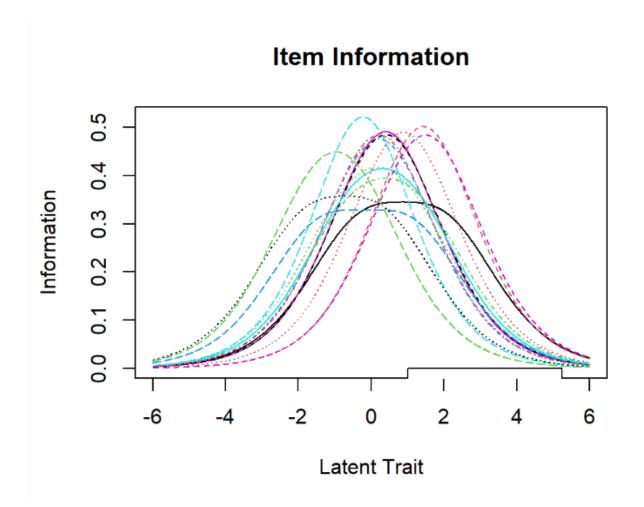
$$I = \frac{1}{\sigma^2}$$

The σ is the measurement precision of an ability estimate.

A large value of *I* means that the ability at a certain level can be measured with high precision.

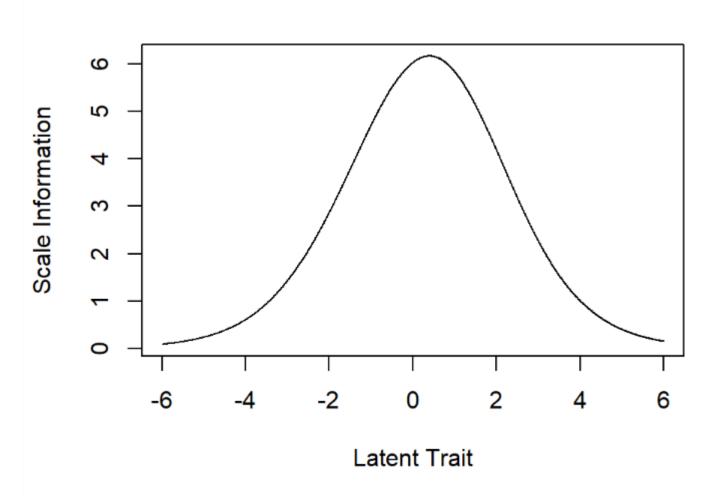
A small value of *I* indicates lack of precision in the estimation of the ability.

Item Information Curve



Test Information Curve

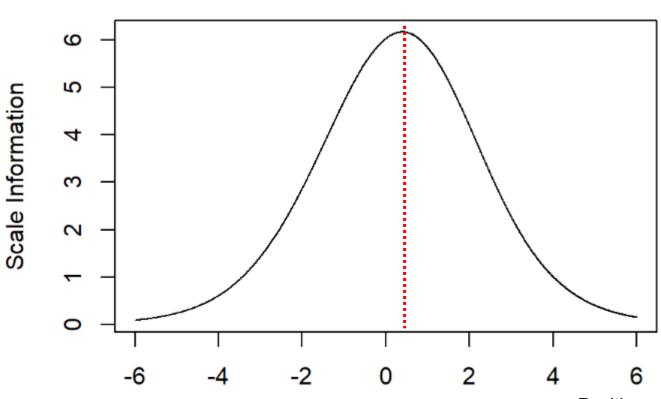
Test Information



Test Information Curve

Test Information

Latent Trait



 Position on the ability continuum where the precision of measurement is the highest.

Let's go to R-Studio

Open the R-Script MS4_Rscript.r that you can find, in the OLAT or the MS-Teams Course Materials.

Exercise

The sample contains persons with different characteristics. Are there subgroups for which the general targeting of the scale is more adequate. Compare the mean ability of persons with

- a) tetraplegia and with paraplegia,
- b) males and females,
- c) traumatic and non-traumatic injuries.