

Hockey Canada Officiating Program - BASIC Practice Quiz #3



3. Whose responsibility is it to watch for premature substitution of the goaltender?

- Front Linesman
- Both Linesmen
- Back Linesman
- Referee

4. When breaking up fights should the linesmen continue to hold players involved in the fight until they are off the ice or in the penalty bench?

- Once players have been separated it is important linesmen let them go
- Body position of linesmen is extremely important
- Linesmen shall remain between the players keeping them apart and escort them to the penalty bench or exit as directed by referee
- All of the above

5. [Rule 9.1 d) Situation 2] The puck is batted with the hand, hits the opposing goaltender, rebounds back out and is picked up by another player of the same team batting the puck. The referee shall:

- Immediately stop play as soon as the puck hits the goaltender
- Immediately stop play as soon as a player of the offending team plays the puck
- Allow the play to continue since the offending team is in control and possession of the puck
- Allow the play to continue and if a goal is scored, the goal will be allowed

6. [HCOP Manual - Section 3] What arm does the official raise to indicate delayed off-side?

- Whistle arm

- Right arm
- Left arm
- Non whistle arm

7. [Rule 5.6f] Situation 1] The timekeeper does not inform the referee that player A#8 has received a third stick infraction penalty and A#8 remains in the game after serving his penalty. Any goals scored or assisted by A#8 after the third stick infraction is assessed are washed out?

- True
- False

8. [Rule 5.7d) Situation 1] A player is on a breakaway with the opposing goaltender in his net and the buzzer sounds causing a stoppage of play. The buzzer sounding was due to a timekeeper error or mechanical failure. In the referee's judgement, there was enough time on the clock for the breakaway to have been completed. What is the referee's ruling?

- Face-off outside the blue line
- Face-off at centre ice
- Face-off in either end zone
- Award a penalty shot

9. [Rule 6.1d)] A player who grabs an opponents hair, facial protector, helmet or chin strap but does not use it to gain an advantage or to inflict punishment or injury, shall be assessed?

- Match penalty
- Minor penalty or, at the discretion of the referee, Major penalty and Game Misconduct
- Major penalty
- Minor penalty

10. [Procedures] Which official in the two official system is responsible for conducting the Line Change Procedure?

- The official dropping the puck
- Both officials to ensure the teams get the message
- The official who is not dropping the puck

- Either official can perform the procedure

11. [Rule 6.5] In a minor hockey game an attacking player, while checking the defending player, makes accidental contact with the defending player's head. What penalty would be assessed?

- A Minor Penalty and Misconduct for Head Contact
- A Match Penalty
- A Minor Penalty for Head Contact
- A Major Penalty and a Game Misconduct for Head Contact

12. [Rule 1.9c)] The following people are allowed on the players' bench:

- Players in uniform up to a maximum of 19 (20 for Jr A, Jr B and Senior) and a maximum of 3 team officials duly registered and entered on the game sheet
- Players in uniform up to a maximum of 18 (19 for Jr A, Jr B and Senior) and a maximum of 4 team officials duly registered and entered on the game sheet
- Players in uniform and a maximum of 4 team officials duly registered and entered on the game sheet
- Players in uniform and a maximum of 5 team officials duly registered and entered on the game sheet

13. [HCOP Manual Section 6] What are the three positions of end zone positioning (piston system) called?

- Start piston, Half piston, piston at the net
- Along the boards, at the face-off dot, at the net
- Home base, half piston, at the net
- Full piston, half piston, quarter piston

14. [Rule 9.2b)] A player who intentionally knocks or shoots the puck out of reach of an official who is retrieving it shall be assessed a:

- Game Misconduct penalty
- Misconduct Penalty
- Minor penalty for Delay of Game
- Gross Misconduct penalty

15. [Rule 6.5] In a minor hockey game a player, while checking a player in front of the net, makes intentional contact with her opponent in the head with her elbow. What penalty must be assessed?

- Major penalty and Game Misconduct for Head Contact
- Minor penalty for Head Contact
- A Double Minor penalty of a Major and Game Misconduct penalty for Head Contact, at the discretion of the Referee and based on the degree of violence of impact
- Minor penalty and Misconduct for Head Contact

16. [Rule 10.2] The face-off will take place at the nearest neutral zone face-off spot when:

- If the attacking team causes a stoppage in their attacking zone
- If only an attacking player is assessed a penalty when the play is stopped in the offending player's attacking zone
- If a gathering occurs and an attacking player comes in deeper into the end zone than the top of the face-off circles after the whistle
- All of the above

17. [Rule 4.11a)] Who serves a Minor, Major or Misconduct penalty for a goaltender?

- A player who was on the ice at the time of the infraction, as designated by the coach through the Captain
- Any player may serve the penalty
- No player is required
- The goaltender may serve his/her own penalty

18. [Rule 6.5] Immediately after a whistle stopping play in front of the net, a defending player uses his glove to "face-wash" the attacking forward standing near him. What penalty must be assessed?

- Double Minor penalty for intentional Head Contact
- Major penalty and Game Misconduct for Head Contact
- Minor penalty and Misconduct for Head Contact
- Minor penalty for Head Contact

19. [Referee's Signals] A forward and backward motion of the arms with both fists clenched, extending from the chest for a distance of about 1 foot (30 cm) is the signal for:

- Charging
- Checking from Behind
- Cross-checking
- Body Checking

20. [Rule 8.3a)] What penalty shall be assessed a player who, at the discretion of the referee, impedes or seeks to impede the progress of an opponent by slashing with his stick?

- Double minor penalty or a Major penalty and Game Misconduct
- Gross Misconduct penalty
- Minor penalty or Major penalty and Game Misconduct penalty
- Match penalty

21. [Procedures] One of the four end zone positions which can be used by the Referee or lead official in the 2 Official system is called:

- The Cone
- The Turbine
- The Deep Freeze
- The Switch

22. [Rule 6.5 & Rule 4.13 Sit 8] The referee has signalled a delayed penalty for an intentional Head Contact infraction to a player from Team 'A'. Team 'B' scores before the play is stopped. What is the referee's decision?

- Allow the goal, cancel the Minor penalty to the Team A player but assess a Game Misconduct penalty
- Allow the goal and assess the Minor penalty to the Team A player
- Allow the goal, cancel the first Minor penalty to the Team A player but assess the 2nd Minor penalty
- Allow the goal and cancel the penalties to the Team A player



23.

What is the signal?

- Boarding
- Body Checking
- Head Contact
- Cross-checking

24.

What is this signal?

- Match Penalty
- Icing
- Penalty Shot
- Interference

25.

What is this signal?

- Slashing
- Body Checking
- Off-side
- Interference

26. What is this signal?

- Off-side
- Hand pass
- Kneeing
- Icing

27. The action of tripping a player by knocking his skates out from under him with a kicking or dragging motion from behind is called what?

- Clipping
- Slew footing
- Spearing
- Hooking

28. What additional penalty is assessed to a player who receives her third stick infraction penalty in the same game?

- Game Ejection penalty
- Match penalty
- Misconduct penalty
- Game Misconduct penalty

29. [HCOP Officiating Manual Section 6 - Positioning] The referee should move from Home Base to Half Piston...

- When a good goal scoring opportunity occurs
- When there is a scramble around the net
- When the puck is on the opposite side of the ice as the referee
- When the puck is in the corner of the rink closest to the referee

30. [Rulebook Section 3 - Equipment Measurement Guidelines] Which of the following statements about equipment measurements is true?

- Each team is allowed one equipment measurement during the same stoppage of play
- Goaltenders are not allowed to manipulate their pads in any way before they are measured
- No goal shall be disallowed as a result of any measurement following the scoring of a goal
- The curvature of the blade of a stick shall not exceed 1.27 cm (or 1/2 an inch)

31. [Rule 3.2a)] If a goaltender's stick breaks, is the goaltender allowed to use the broken stick until the next stoppage of play?

- Yes
- No

32. [Rule 3.3a)] What penalty is assessed to a player that participates in the play while carrying more than one stick?

- Bench Minor Penalty
- No penalty, as no penalty has occurred
- Minor Penalty
- Misconduct Penalty

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