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## 1. Legal notice

**The method described in document does not fall under the Apache2 license covering the rest of the Melexis MLX90640/1 library.**

**Melexis has applied for a patent on this specific method of calculating the temperature by use of these lookup tables (patent application number: EP19177500.6). This method may only be used to calculate the temperature results from the raw data of a Melexis infrared sensor. With the purchase of a Melexis MLX90640/1 infrared sensor comes the right to use this software to calculate temperatures based on the output of that sensor.**

## 2. Introduction

In some applications, the calculations needed to obtain the object temperature from the raw data generated by the MLX90640/1 sensor are too compute heavy for the available microcontroller. That can be the case if the microcontroller is a low performance version, has limited calculation power and/or if the required refresh rate of the frames is too fast. In this case, using look-up tables can be especially beneficial to handle the calculations. It does have the disadvantage that more memory will be needed and that in the concept phase one will have to be more careful in defining the temperature operating ranges.

In order to use the MLX90641 look-up table functions there are 2 files and the MLX90641 driver that should be included in the C project:

- *MLX90641 driver* – the MLX90641 driver that ensures proper communication with the device and pre-processing of the data
  - *MLX90641\_I2C\_Driver.h* – header file containing the definitions of the I2C related functions
  - *MLX90641\_I2C\_Driver.cpp* or *MLX90641\_SWI2C\_Driver.cpp* – file containing the I2C related functions
  - *MLX90641\_API.h* – header file containing the definitions of the MLX90641 specific functions
  - *MLX90641\_API.h* – file containing the MLX90641 specific functions
- *MLX90641\_LUT.h* – header file containing the definitions of the MLX90641 look-up table functions
- *MLX90641\_LUT.cpp* – file containing the MLX90641 look-up table functions

## 3. MLX90641 driver

This is the driver for the MLX90641 device. The user should make sure that the I2C communication is working properly and the pre-processing functions of the driver are being used accordingly. For more detail, please refer to the MLX90641 driver documentation.

## 4. MLX90641 look-up table functions

These are the functions that implement a proper look-up table approach to acquire the temperatures measured by MLX90641 devices. The user should not change these functions.

### 4.1. MLX90641 API functions

4.1.1. *int MLX90641\_GenerateLUTs(float tMin, float tMax, float tStep, paramsMLX90641 \*params, float \*lut1, float \*lut2)*

This function generates the two look-up tables required for the calculation of all the pixels object temperatures when using the look-up table approach. Using the look-up tables speeds-up the calculation of the object temperatures and allows using less powerful MCUs to handle the MLX90641. The function is flexible using as input parameters the minimum and the maximum required object temperature as well as the temperature step for the look-up tables. Having a narrower range (tMax-tMin) would require less

memory to be allocated for the look-up table. Having bigger temperature step results in less memory to be allocated, but the accuracy of the calculated temperature would be decreased. On the other hand, a smaller temperature step would require more memory to be reserved for the look-up tables, but the accuracy is also increased. The function returns the number of the generated look-up table lines. If the generated look-up tables lines is less than 1, the most probable cause is that the *float tMin*, *float tMax*, *float tStep* parameters are wrong.

**Note:** *If the MLX90641\_CalculateTo function is used to calculate the object temperatures, the MLX90641\_GenerateLUTs function is not required*

- *float tMin* – The minimum temperature to generate the look-up table for
- *float tMax* – The maximum temperature to generate the look-up table for
- *float tStep* – The temperature step in °C to generate the look-up table for
- *float \*lut1* – pointer to the MCU memory location where the user wants to generate look-up table 1
- *float \*lut2* – pointer to the MCU memory location where the user wants to generate look-up table 2

*Example:*

1. *Generate the look-up tables for a range of [-40°C:200°C] with a 2°C step*

```
#define LUT_MIN_TEMPERATURE    -40    //°C

#define LUT_STEP                2      //°C

#define LUT_MAX_TEMPERATURE    200    //°C

#define LUT_LINES_NUM          121    //Should be calculated as
                                     //ceil((LUT_MAX_TEMPERATURE-LUT_MIN_TEMPERATURE)/LUT_STEP) + 1;

int lutLines = LUT_LINES_NUM;

static float lut1[LUT_LINES_NUM];

static float lut2[LUT_LINES_NUM];

float Ta;

unsigned char slaveAddress;

static int eeMLX90641[832];

static int mlx90641Frame[242];

paramsMLX90641 mlx90641;

int status;
```

```
status = MLX90641_DumpEE (slaveAddress, eeMLX90641);
```

```
status = MLX90641_ExtractParameters(eeMLX90641, &mlx90641);
```

```
lutLines = MLX90641_GenerateLUTs(LUT_MIN_TEMPERATURE, LUT_MAX_TEMPERATURE, LUT_STEP, mlx90641, lut1, lut2);
```

4.1.2. void MLX90641\_LookUpTo(uint16\_t \*frameData, const paramsMLX90641 \*params, float emissivity, float tr, float tMin, float tStep, uint16\_t lutLines, float \*lut1, float \*lut2, float \*result)

This function uses a look-up table to calculate the object temperatures for all 192 pixel in the frame all based on the frame data read from a MLX90641 device, the extracted parameters for that particular device and the emissivity defined by the user. The allocated memory should be at least 192 words for proper operation.

- *uint16\_t \*frameData* – pointer to the MCU memory location where the user wants the frame data to be stored
- *paramsMLX90641 \*params* – pointer to the MCU memory location where the already extracted parameters for the MLX90641 device are stored
- *float emissivity* – emissivity defined by the user. The emissivity is a property of the measured object
- *float tr* – reflected temperature defined by the user. If the object emissivity is less than 1, there might be some temperature reflected from the object. In order for this to be compensated the user should input this reflected temperature. The sensor ambient temperature could be used, but some shift depending on the enclosure might be needed. For a MLX90641 in the open air the shift is -5°C.
- *float tMin* – The minimum temperature used to generate the look-up table
- *float tStep* – The temperature step in °C used to generate the look-up table
- *uint16\_t lutLines* – the number of lines in the generated look-up table
- *float \*lut1* – pointer to the MCU memory location where the user has generated look-up table 1
- *float \*lut2* – pointer to the MCU memory location where the user has generated look-up table 2
- *float \*result* – pointer to the MCU memory location where the user wants the object temperatures data to be stored

*Example:*

1. Look-up the object temperatures for all the pixels in a frame, object emissivity is 0.95 and the reflected temperature is the sensor ambient temperature:

```
#define LUT_MIN_TEMPERATURE -40 //°C
```

```
#define LUT_STEP 2 //°C
```

```
#define LUT_MAX_TEMPERATURE 200 //°C
```

```
#define LUT_LINES_NUM 121 //Should be calculated as
```

```
//ceil((LUT_MAX_TEMPERATURE-LUT_MIN_TEMPERATURE)/LUT_STEP)+1;

#define TA_SHIFT 5 //the default shift for a MLX90641 device in open air

int lutLines = LUT_LINES_NUM;

static float lut1[LUT_LINES_NUM];

static float lut2[LUT_LINES_NUM];


float Ta;

unsigned char slaveAddress;

static int eeMLX90641[832];

static int mlx90641Frame[242];

paramsMLX90641 mlx90641;

static float mlx90641To[192];

int status;

status = MLX90641_DumpEE (slaveAddress, eeMLX90641);

status = MLX90641_ExtractParameters(eeMLX90641, &mlx90641);

lutLines = MLX90641_GenerateLUTs(LUT_MIN_TEMPERATURE, LUT_MAX_TEMPERATURE, LUT_STEP, pParam, lut1, lut2);

status = MLX90641_GetFrameData (0x33, mlx90641Frame);

tr = MLX90641_GetTa(mlx90641Frame, &mlx90641) - TA_SHIFT;

MLX90641_LookUpTo(mlx90641Frame, &mlx90641, emissivity, tr, LUT_MIN_TEMPERATURE, LUT_STEP, lutLines, lut1, lut2, mlx90641To);

//The object temperatures for all 192 pixels in a frame are stored in the mlx90641To array
```

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# 6. Revision history table

04/11/2019	Initial release
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Table 1