

Part (a)

Data independent

inner for-loop: $T(n) = \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} \theta(1)$

outer: $T(n) = \sum_{i=0}^k \theta(1)$

iteration	i	n
1	0	n
2	1	$n - \sqrt{n}$
3	2	$n - 2\sqrt{n}$
4	3	$n - 3\sqrt{n}$
k	k-1	$n - k\sqrt{n}$

stop @ $i = n-1$

$$k-1 = (n - k\sqrt{n}) - 1$$

$$k = n - k\sqrt{n}$$

$$k(1 + \sqrt{n}) = n$$

$$k = \frac{n}{1 + \sqrt{n}}$$

$$T(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{n}{1+\sqrt{n}}} \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} \theta(1)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{n}{1+\sqrt{n}}} \theta(n) = \theta\left(\frac{n^2}{1+\sqrt{n}}\right)$$

Part (b)

Data dependent

$$T(n, i) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n (\theta(1) + O(\sum_{k=1}^n \theta(1)))$$

no need for O bc it's possible
for $A[k]$ to equal i every time

iteration	m	
1	2m	stop @ m=n $2^k = n$ $k = \log n$
2	4m	
3	8m	
k	$2^k m$	

$$T(n) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^{\log n} (\theta(1) + \sum_{j=1}^{\log n} \theta(1))$$

$$T(n) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^{\log n} (\theta(1) + \theta(\log n))$$

$$T(n) = \sum_{i=1}^n (\theta(n) + \theta(n \log n))$$

$$\approx \theta(n^2) + \theta(n^2 \log n)$$

$$= \theta(n^2 \log n)$$

Part (c)

$$\text{1st: } T(n) = T(n-2) + \theta(1) + T(n-2); \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{return if} \\ n=0 \text{ or } \\ n=1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} T(0) = \theta(1) \\ T(1) = \theta(1) \end{array}$$

recursion
called

do something
that takes
O(1)

another
recursion

$$\text{2nd: } T(n) = \theta(1) + (\theta(1) + T(n-4) + T(n-4)) + (\theta(1) + T(n-4) + T(n-4))$$

$$= \theta(3) + 4T(n-4)$$

$$\text{3rd: } T(n) = \theta(3) + 4(\theta(1) + 2T(n-6)) \\ = \theta(7) + 8T(n-6)$$

$$\text{4th: } T(n) = \theta(7) + 8(\theta(1) + 2T(n-8)) \\ = \theta(15) + 16T(n-8)$$

$$\text{kth: } T(n) = \theta(2^k - 1) + 2^k T(n - 2k)$$

$$\text{stop @ } n - 2k = 1 \\ k = \frac{n-1}{2}$$

$$T(n) = \theta\left(2^{\left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right)} - 1\right) + 2^{\frac{n-1}{2}} T(1)$$

\nwarrow ignore constant bc lower \nwarrow $\theta(1)$

$$T(n) = \theta\left(2^{\left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right)}\right) + \theta\left(2^{\frac{n-1}{2}}\right)$$

$$= \theta\left(2^{\frac{n-1}{2}}\right) \text{ or } \theta\left(\frac{\sqrt{2^n}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

Part (2)

outer loop: $\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \theta(1)$
↑ when $i \neq \text{size}$

$\theta(1) + \sum_{j=0}^{\text{size}-1} \theta(1) + \theta(1) \leftarrow$ when $i = \text{size}$

iteration	size
0-9	10
10-39	40
40-159	160

↑ size always
stays constant,
no variable n

we want worst case so assume if
happens

size $< n$ bc $i < n$ so otherwise
 i cannot $= \text{size}$

so assume

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \left(\theta(1) + \sum_{j=0}^{\text{size}-1} \theta(1) + \theta(1) \right) \\ &= \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (\theta(1) + \theta(n) + \theta(1)) \end{aligned}$$

$$T(n) = \theta(n) + \theta(n^2) + \theta(n)$$

$$\geq \theta(n^2)$$