

# INNOVATIVE EDUCATORS

Virtual Summit, 2024-02-29

# Teaching Statistics and AI Interactively with R or Python



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REGISTRATION IS

**FREE!**



**February 29th &  
March 1st**



<https://ai.lange-analytics.com/>

# TOPICS COVERED

## 1. R Package TeachHist

- Uses ggplot2 R package for histograms
- In addition to the original horizontal axis, a **Z-score axis** is displayed
- Displays data, confidence intervals, and hypothesis tests.

## 2. Quarto RevealJS Slides

- Support R and Python coding
- Browser-based, but it also supports PDF (and PowerPoint)
- Supports LaTeX equations out of the box

## 3. Google Colab

- supports interactive R and Python in a browser
- no software requirements other than an Internet browser
- supports interactive tutorials
- requires a Google account for authors and users (viewing works without account)

## 4. Quarto for Books/Tutorial

- Supports R and Python when writing tutorials or books
- Generates HTML and PDF simultaneously
- Supports LaTeX

## 5. LearnR Package

<https://ai.lange-analytics.com/>

# START QUARTO

In *RStudio*'s main menu:

File -> New File -> Quarto Presentation -> RevealJS

Documentation with sample template:

<https://quarto.org/docs/presentations/revealjs/>

# TEACHHIST: HISTOGRAMS FOR TEACHING (PREPARATION)

Data source: 2012 US Army Anthropometric Survey

```
1 library(tidyverse)
2 library(rio)
3 DataFemHeight=import("https://econ.lange-analytics.com/RData/Datasets/DataUSArmyBodyMe
4 select(HeightIn=Heightin)
5 head(DataFemHeight)
```

HeightIn

1	61
2	64
3	68
4	66
5	63
6	67

# DETERMINING N

```
1 N=nrow(DataFemHeight)
2 cat("Number of female soldiers:", N)
```

Number of female soldiers: 1986

# DETERMINING N WITH PYTHON

```
1 DataFemHeightPy=r.DataFemHeight
2 N=len(DataFemHeightPy["HeightIn"])
3 print(f"Number of female soldiers: {N}")
```

Number of female soldiers: 1986

```
``` {python}
```

```
DataFemHeightPy=r.DataFemHeight
len(DataFemHeightPy["HeightIn"])
print(f"Number of female soldiers: {N}")
```
```



# CALCULATING MEAN

$$\bar{x} = \sum_{i=1}^N$$

```
1 mean(DataFemHeight$HeightIn)
[1] 64.60171
```

# CALCULATING STANDARD DEVIATION

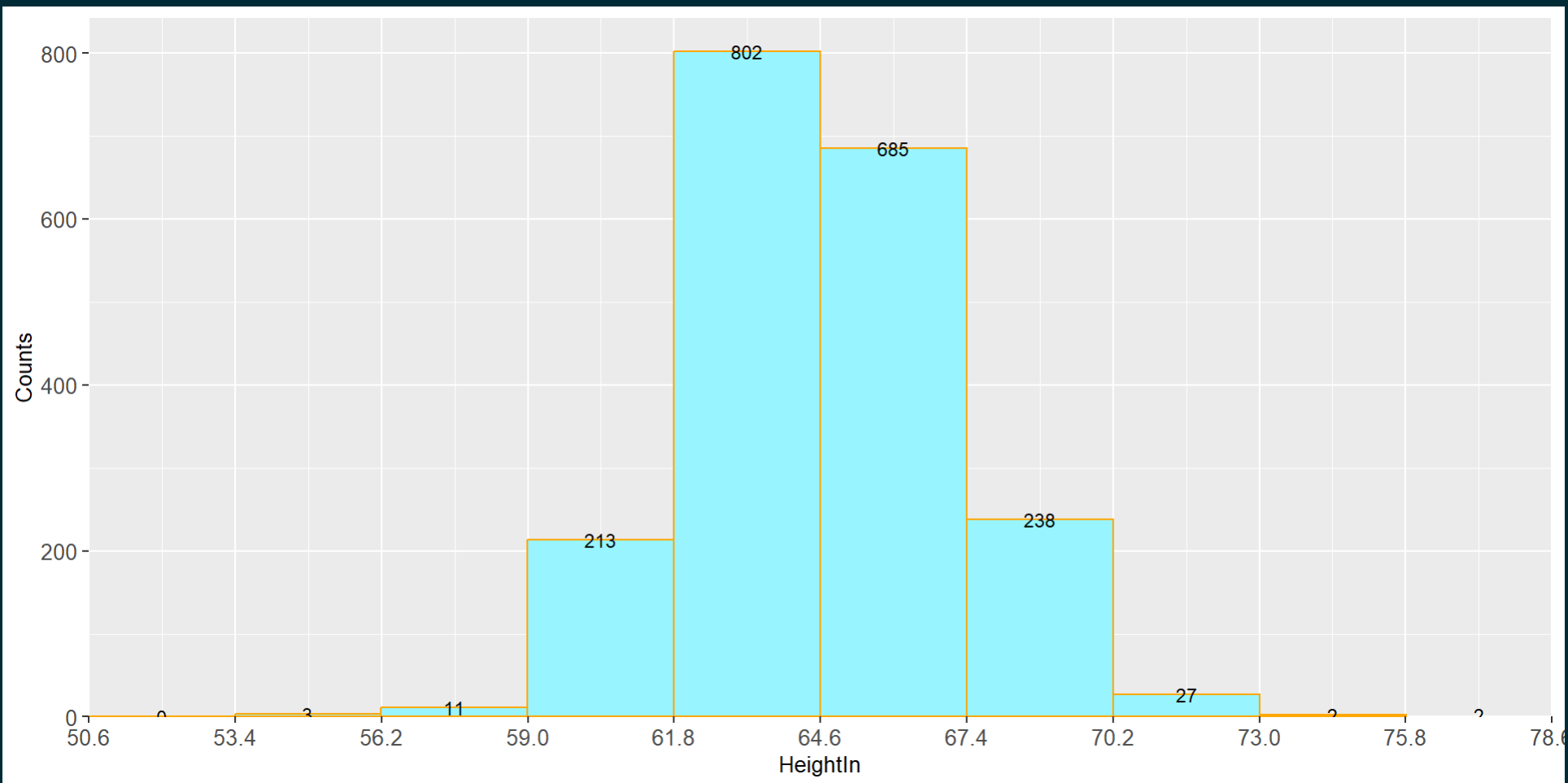
$$SD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{N - 1}}$$

```
1 sd(DataFemHeight$HeightIn)
```

```
[1] 2.801938
```

# DISPLAYING DATA WITH TEACHHIST (COUNT DIAGRAM)

```
1 library(TeachHist)
2 TeachHistCounts(PlotData=DataFemHeight,
3                 PrintZAxis = FALSE)
```



# DISPLAYING DATA WITH TEACHHIST (RELFREQ DIAGRAM)

Here goes RelFreq chart

# DISPLAYING DATA WITH TEACHHIST (RELFREQ DIAGRAM) – MORE GRANULAR

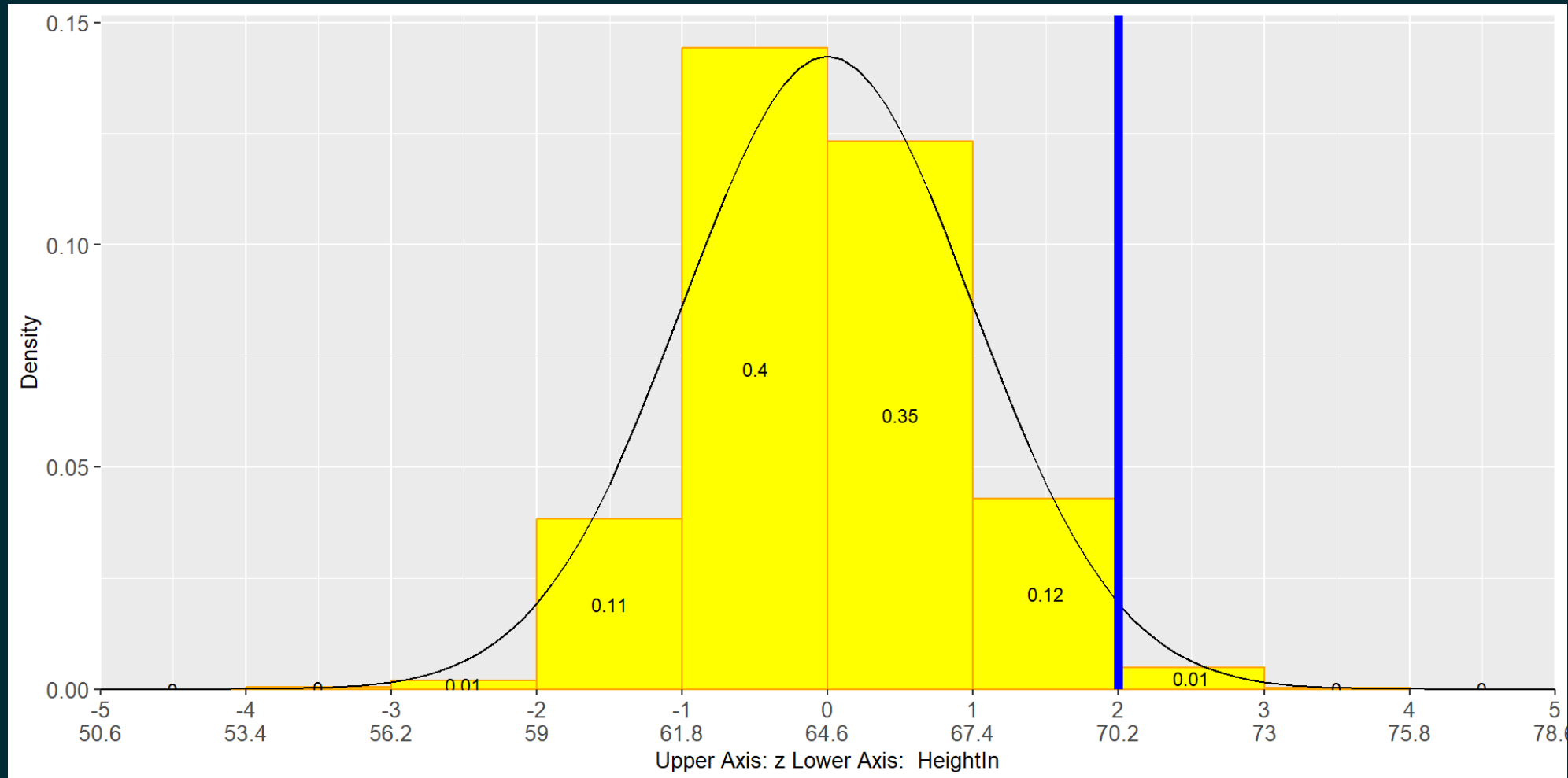
► Click Play-Button to show the code

# FROM RELATIVE FREQUENCY TO DENSITY(RELFREQ DIAGRAM)

- So far: the output was generated by *R* but it was not truly interactive
- *Google Colab* allows executing *R* and *Python* code in a browser
- *Google Colab* can be integrated into *Quarto* with a link (opens in new tab; see the footer)
- To execute *Google Colab* a *Google* account is required

# SOLUTION FOR THE ASSIGNMENT

► Click Play-Button to show the code



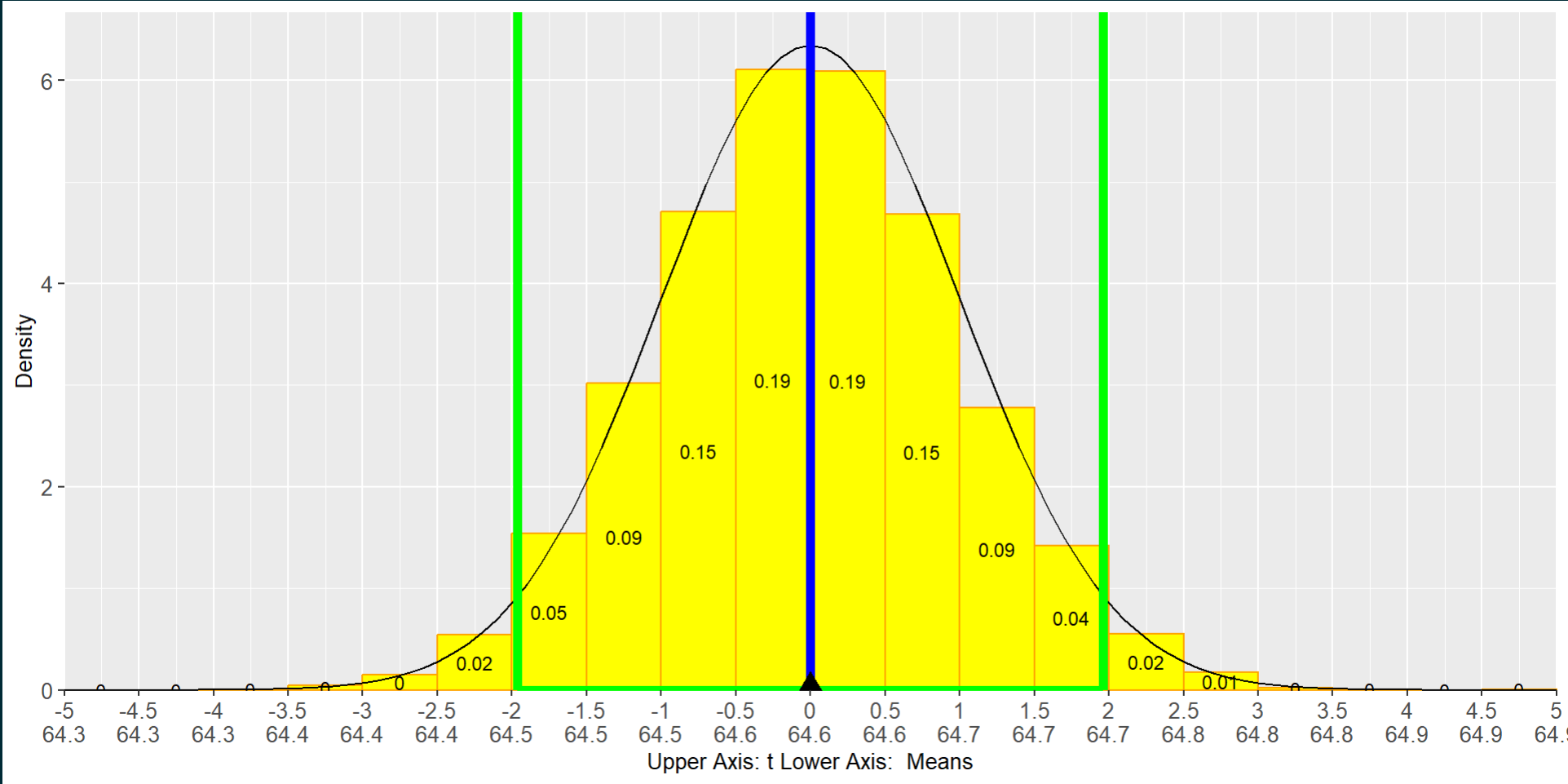
# CREATING A BOOK/TUTORIAL WITH QUARTO COMBINED WITH LEARNR

See: Practical Machine Learning with R



# CONFIDENCE INTERVALL

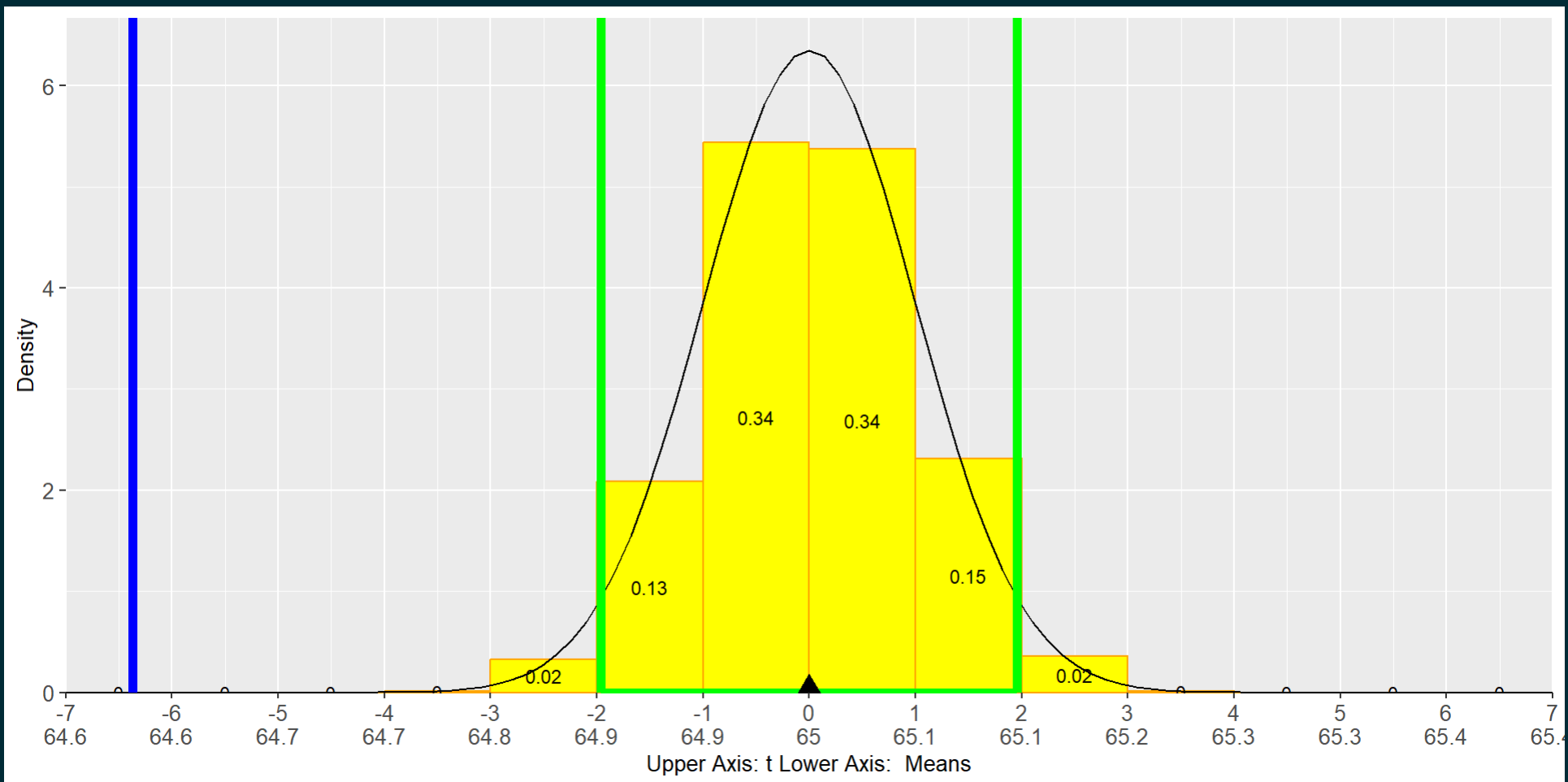
```
1 TeachHistConfInterv(SampleMean=64.6, StandardError=2.8/sqrt(1986),Confidence=0.95, IsS
```



# HYPOTHESES TEST:

## TRUE HEIGHT OF FEMALE SOLDIERS IS 65

```
1 TeachHistHypTest(NullHyp=65, StandardError=2.8/sqrt(1986), SampleMean=64.6, TestType="
```



# THANK YOU!

- **Link to these slides:** <https://tinyurl.com/Quarto2024>
- **Link to Google Colab demo:**  
<https://tinyurl.com/GoogleColabSample>
- **Link to:** R TeachHist package video
- **Link to:** My YouTube channel
- **Link to:** Practical Machine Learning with R (with LearnR examples  
User name: **aibook**  
Pasword: **Coming022024#** (please keep confidential)
- **Link to:** My Blog (going live on 5/1/2024)

