

## **Set up an SMB server in an Active Directory domain**

ONTAP 9

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# Set up an SMB server in an Active Directory domain

## **Configure time services**

Before creating an SMB server in an Active Domain controller, you must ensure that the cluster time and the time on the domain controllers of the domain to which the SMB server will belong matches to within five minutes.

#### About this task

You should configure cluster NTP services to use the same NTP servers for time synchronization that the Active Directory domain uses.

Beginning with ONTAP 9.5, you can set up your NTP server with symmetric authentication.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Configure time services by using the cluster time-service ntp server create command.
  - To configure time services without symmetric authentication enter the following command: cluster time-service ntp server create -server ip address
  - o To configure time services with symmetric authentication, enter the following command: cluster time-service ntp server create -server server\_ip\_address -key-id key\_id cluster time-service ntp server create -server 10.10.10.1 cluster time-service ntp server create -server 10.10.10.2
- 2. Verify that time services are set up correctly by using the cluster time-service ntp server show command.

cluster time-service ntp server show

| Server             | Version      |
|--------------------|--------------|
| 10.10.10.1 10.10.2 | auto<br>auto |

## Commands for managing symmetric authentication on NTP servers

Beginning with ONTAP 9.5, Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 3 is supported. NTPv3 includes symmetric authentication using SHA-1 keys which increases network security.

| To do this   | Use this command   |
|--|--|
| Configure an NTP server without symmetric authentication | cluster time-service ntp server create -server server_name |

| To do this   | Use this command  |
|--|---|
| Configure an NTP server with symmetric authentication  | cluster time-service ntp server create -server server_ip_address -key-id key_id   |
| Enable symmetric authentication for an existing NTP serverAn existing NTP server can be modified to enable authentication by adding the required key-id. | cluster time-service ntp server modify -server server_name -key-id key_id   |
| Configure a shared NTP key   | cluster time-service ntp key create-id shared_key_id-type shared_key_type-value shared_key_value  Shared keys are referred to by an ID. The ID, its type, and value must be identical on both the node and the NTP server |
| Configure an NTP server with an unknown key ID   | cluster time-service ntp server create -server server_name -key-id key_id   |
| Configure a server with a key ID not configured on the NTP server.   | cluster time-service ntp server create -server server_name -key-id key_id  The key ID, type, and value must be identical to the key ID, type, and value configured on the NTP server.                                     |
| Disable symmetric authentication   | cluster time-service ntp server modify -server server_name -authentication disabled   |

### Create an SMB server in an Active Directory domain

You can use the vserver cifs create command to create an SMB server on the SVM and specify the Active Directory (AD) domain to which it belongs.

#### Before you begin

The SVM and LIFs that you are using to serve data must have been configured to allow the SMB protocol. The LIFs must be able to connect to the DNS servers that are configured on the SVM and to an AD domain controller of the domain to which you want to join the SMB server.

Any user who is authorized to create machine accounts in the AD domain to which you are joining the SMB server can create the SMB server on the SVM. This can include users from other domains.

Beginning with ONTAP 9.7, your AD administrator can provide you with a URI to a keytab file as an alternative to providing you with a name and password to a privileged Windows account. When you receive the URI, include it in the <code>-keytab-uri</code> parameter with the <code>vserver cifs</code> commands.

#### About this task

When creating an SMB server in an Activity Directory domain:

- You must use the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) when specifying the domain.
- The default setting is to add the SMB server machine account to the Active Directory CN=Computer object.
- You can choose to add the SMB server to a different organizational unit (OU) by using the -ou option.
- You can optionally choose to add a comma-delimited list of one or more NetBIOS aliases (up to 200) for the SMB server.

Configuring NetBIOS aliases for an SMB server can be useful when you are consolidating data from other file servers to the SMB server and want the SMB server to respond to the original servers' names.

The vserver cifs man pages contain additional optional parameters and naming requirements.



Beginning with ONTAP 9.1, you can enable SMB version 2.0 to connect to a domain controller (DC). Doing so is necessary if you have disabled SMB 1.0 on domain controllers. Beginning with ONTAP 9.2, SMB 2.0 is enabled by default.

Beginning with ONTAP 9.8, you can specify that connections to domain controllers be encrypted. ONTAP requires encryption for domain controller communications when the <code>-encryption-required-for-dc-connection</code> option is set to <code>true</code>; the default is <code>false</code>. When the option is set, only the SMB3 protocol will be used for ONTAP-DC connections, because encryption is only supported by SMB3.

SMB management contains more information about SMB server configuration options.

#### **Steps**

1. Verify that SMB is licensed on your cluster: system license show -package cifs

If it is not, contact your sales representative.

A CIFS license is not required if the SMB server will be used for authentication only.

2. Create the SMB server in an AD domain: vserver cifs create -vserver vserver\_name -cifs -server smb\_server\_name -domain FQDN [-ou organizational\_unit][-netbios-aliases NetBIOS\_name, ...][-keytab-uri {(ftp|http)://hostname|IP\_address}][-comment text]

When joining a domain, this command might take several minutes to finish.

The following command creates the SMB server "smb server01" in the domain "example.com":

```
cluster1::> vserver cifs create -vserver vs1.example.com -cifs-server
smb_server01 -domain example.com
```

The following command creates the SMB server "smb\_server02" in the domain "mydomain.com" and authenticates the ONTAP administrator with a keytab file:

```
cluster1::> vserver cifs create -vserver vs1.mydomain.com -cifs-server
smb_server02 -domain mydomain.com -keytab-uri
http://admin.mydomain.com/ontap1.keytab
```

3. Verify the SMB server configuration by using the vserver cifs show command.

In this example, the command output shows that an SMB server named "SMB\_SERVER01" was created on SVM vs1.example.com, and was joined to the "example.com" domain.

```
Clusterl::> vserver cifs show -vserver vs1

Vserver: vs1.example.com

CIFS Server NetBIOS Name: SMB_SERVER01

NetBIOS Domain/Workgroup Name: EXAMPLE

Fully Qualified Domain Name: EXAMPLE.COM

Default Site Used by LIFs Without Site Membership:

Authentication Style: domain

CIFS Server Administrative Status: up

CIFS Server Description: -

List of NetBIOS Aliases: -
```

4. If desired, enable encrypted communication with the domain controller (ONTAP 9.8 and later): vserver cifs security modify -vserver svm\_name -encryption-required-for-dc-connection true

#### **Examples**

The following command creates a SMB server named "smb\_server02" on SVM vs2.example.com in the "example.com" domain. The machine account is created in the "OU=eng,OU=corp,DC=example,DC=com" container. The SMB server is assigned a NetBIOS alias.

The following command enables a user from a different domain, in this case an administrator of a trusted domain, to create a SMB server named "smb\_server03" on SVM vs3.example.com. The -domain option specifies the name of the home domain (specified in the DNS configuration) in which you want to create the SMB server. The username option specifies the administrator of the trusted domain.

Home domain: example.comTrusted domain: trust.lab.com

Username for the trusted domain: Administrator1

```
cluster1::> vserver cifs create -vserver vs3.example.com -cifs-server
smb_server03 -domain example.com

Username: Administrator1@trust.lab.com
Password: . . .
```

### Create keytab files for SMB authentication

Beginning with ONTAP 9.7, ONTAP supports SVM authentication with Active Directory (AD) servers using keytab files. AD administrators generate a keytab file and make it available to ONTAP administrators as a uniform resource identifier (URI), which is supplied when vserver cifs commands require Kerberos authentication with the AD domain.

AD administrators can create the keytab files using the standard Windows Server ktpass command. The command should be run on the primary domain where authentication is required. The ktpass command can be used to generate keytab files only for primary domain users; keys generated using trusted-domain users are not supported.

Keytab files are generated for specific ONTAP admin users. As long as the admin user's password does not change, the keys generated for the specific encryption type and domain will not change. Therefore, a new keytab file is required whenever the admin user's password is changed.

The following encryption types are supported:

- AES256-SHA1
- DES-CBC-MD5



ONTAP does not support DES-CBC-CRC encryption type.

RC4-HMAC

AES256 is the highest encryption type and should be used if enabled on the ONTAP system.

Keytab files can be generated by specifying either the admin password or by using a randomly-generated password. However, at any given time only one password option can be used, because a private key specific to the admin user is needed at the AD server for decrypting the keys inside the keytab file. Any change in the private key for a specific admin will invalidate the keytab file.

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