

Restore files from Snapshot copies

ONTAP 9

NetApp April 15, 2022

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap/data-protection/snapshot-copies-work-concept.html on April 15, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

Table of Contents

R	estore files from Snapshot copies	1
	Restore a file from a Snapshot copy on an NFS or SMB client	1
	Enable and disable NFS and SMB client access to Snapshot copy directory	1
	Restore a single file from a Snapshot copy	2
	Restore part of a file from a Snapshot copy	3
	Restore the contents of a volume from a Snapshot copy	4

Restore files from Snapshot copies

Restore a file from a Snapshot copy on an NFS or SMB client

A user on an NFS or SMB client can restore a file directly from a Snapshot copy without the intervention of a storage system administrator.

Every directory in the file system contains a subdirectory named .snapshot accessible to NFS and SMB users. The .snapshot subdirectory contains subdirectories corresponding to the Snapshot copies of the volume:

```
$ ls .snapshot
daily.2017-05-14_0013/ hourly.2017-05-15_1106/
daily.2017-05-15_0012/ hourly.2017-05-15_1206/
hourly.2017-05-15_1006/ hourly.2017-05-15_1306/
```

Each subdirectory contains the files referenced by the Snapshot copy. If users accidentally delete or overwrite a file, they can restore the file to the parent read-write directory by copying the file from the Snapshot subdirectory to the read-write directory:

```
$ ls my.txt: No such file or directory
$ ls .snapshot
daily.2017-05-14_0013/ hourly.2017-05-15_1106/
daily.2017-05-15_0012/ hourly.2017-05-15_1206/
hourly.2017-05-15_1006/ hourly.2017-05-15_1306/
$ ls .snapshot/hourly.2017-05-15_1306/my.txt
my.txt
$ cp .snapshot/hourly.2017-05-15_1306/my.txt .
$ ls my.txt
my.txt
```

Enable and disable NFS and SMB client access to Snapshot copy directory

To determine whether the Snapshot copy directory is visible to NFS and SMB clients to restore a file or LUN from a Snapshot copy, you can enable and disable access to the Snapshot copy directory using the -snapdir-access option of the volume modify command.

Steps

1. Check the Snapshot directory access status:

```
`volume show -vserver _SVM_name_ -volume _vol_name_ -fields snapdir-access`
```

Example:

```
clus1::> volume show -vserver vs0 -volume vol1 -fields snapdir-access
vserver volume snapdir-access
-----
vs0 vol1 false
```

2. Enable or disable the Snapshot copy directory access:

```
volume modify -volume vol name -snapdir-access true|false
```

The following example enables Snapshot copy directory access on vol1:

```
clus1::> volume modify -volume vol1 -snapdir-access true Volume modify successful on volume vol1 of Vserver vs0.
```

Restore a single file from a Snapshot copy

You can use the volume snapshot restore-file command to restore a single file or LUN from a Snapshot copy. You can restore the file to a different location in the parent read-write volume if you do not want to replace an existing file.

About this task

If you are restoring an existing LUN, a LUN clone is created and backed up in the form of a Snapshot copy. During the restore operation, you can read to and write from the LUN.

Files with streams are restored by default.

Steps

1. List the Snapshot copies in a volume:

```
volume snapshot show -vserver SVM -volume volume
```

For complete command syntax, see the man page.

The following example shows the Snapshot copies in vol1:

```
clus1::> volume snapshot show -vserver vs1 -volume vol1
Vserver Volume Snapshot
                                     State
                                             Size Total% Used%
vs1 vol1
         hourly.2013-01-25 0005 valid
                                                   0%
                                                         0%
                                          224KB
              daily.2013-01-25 0010
                                                      0%
                                     valid
                                             92KB
                                                            0%
              hourly.2013-01-25 0105 valid
                                                      0%
                                            228KB
                                                            0%
              hourly.2013-01-25 0205 valid 236KB
                                                      0%
                                                            0%
              hourly.2013-01-25 0305 valid 244KB
                                                      0%
                                                            0%
              hourly.2013-01-25 0405 valid 244KB
                                                      0%
                                                            0%
              hourly.2013-01-25 0505 valid 244KB
                                                      0%
                                                            0%
7 entries were displayed.
```

2. Restore a file from a Snapshot copy:

```
volume snapshot restore-file -vserver SVM -volume volume -snapshot snapshot -path file\ path -restore-path destination\ path
```

For complete command syntax, see the man page.

The following example restores the file myfile.txt:

```
cluster1::> volume snapshot restore-file -vserver vs0 -volume vol1
-snapshot daily.2013-01-25_0010 -path /myfile.txt
```

Restore part of a file from a Snapshot copy

You can use the volume snapshot partial-restore-file command to restore a range of data from a Snapshot copy to a LUN or to an NFS or SMB container file, assuming you know the starting byte offset of the data and the byte count. You might use this command to restore one of the databases on a host that stores multiple databases in the same LUN.

Steps

1. List the Snapshot copies in a volume:

```
volume snapshot show -vserver SVM -volume volume
```

For complete command syntax, see the man page.

The following example shows the Snapshot copies in vol1:

```
clus1::> volume snapshot show -vserver vs1 -volume vol1
Vserver Volume Snapshot
                                   State
                                           Size Total% Used%
vs1 vol1 hourly.2013-01-25 0005 valid 224KB
                                               0%
                                                     0%
             daily.2013-01-25 0010 valid
                                          92KB
                                                  0 응
                                                         0%
             hourly.2013-01-25 0105 valid 228KB
                                                    0 응
                                                         0 %
             hourly.2013-01-25 0205 valid 236KB
                                                    0%
                                                         0%
             hourly.2013-01-25 0305 valid 244KB
                                                    0%
                                                        0%
             hourly.2013-01-25 0405 valid 244KB
                                                    0%
                                                        0%
             hourly.2013-01-25 0505 valid 244KB
                                                    0%
                                                         0 %
7 entries were displayed.
```

2. Restore part of a file from a Snapshot copy:

```
volume snapshot partial-restore-file -vserver SVM -volume volume -snapshot snapshot -path file path -start-byte starting byte -byte-count byte count
```

The starting byte offset and byte count must be multiples of 4,096.

The following example restores the first 4,096 bytes of the file myfile.txt:

```
cluster1::> volume snapshot partial-restore-file -vserver vs0 -volume
vol1 -snapshot daily.2013-01-25_0010 -path /myfile.txt -start-byte 0
-byte-count 4096
```

Restore the contents of a volume from a Snapshot copy

You can use the volume snapshot restore command to restore the contents of a volume from a Snapshot copy.

About this task

If the volume has SnapMirror relationships, manually replicate all mirror copies of the volume immediately after you restore from a Snapshot copy. Not doing so can result in unusable mirror copies that must be deleted and recreated.

Steps

1. List the Snapshot copies in a volume:

```
volume snapshot show -vserver SVM -volume volume
```

For complete command syntax, see the man page.

The following example shows the Snapshot copies in vol1:

clus1::> volume snapshot show -vserver vs1 -volume vol1 Vserver Volume Snapshot State Size Total% Used% ----- ---------vs1 vol1 hourly.2013-01-25 0005 valid 224KB 0% 0% daily.2013-01-25 0010 valid 92KB 0% 0% hourly.2013-01-25 0105 valid 228KB 0% 0% hourly.2013-01-25 0205 valid 236KB 0% 0% hourly.2013-01-25_0305 valid 244KB 0% 0% hourly.2013-01-25 0405 valid 244KB 0% 0% hourly.2013-01-25_0505 valid 244KB 0% 0% 7 entries were displayed.

2. Restore the contents of a volume from a Snapshot copy:

 $\verb|volume| snapshot| restore - \verb|vserver| SVM| - \verb|volume| volume| - \verb|snapshot| snapshot|$

For complete command syntax, see the man page.

The following example restores the contents of vol1:

 $\verb|cluster1::> volume snapshot restore -vserver vs0 -volume vol1 -snapshot daily.2013-01-25 0010$

Copyright Information

Copyright © 2022 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means-graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system- without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.277-7103 (October 1988) and FAR 52-227-19 (June 1987).

Trademark Information

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at http://www.netapp.com/TM are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.