

Provide folder security on shares with access-based enumeration

ONTAP 9

NetApp September 29, 2022

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap/smb-admin/provide-security-access-based-enumeration-task.html on September 29, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

Table of Contents

P	Provide folder security on shares with access-based enumeration			
	Provide folder security on shares with access-based enumeration overview	1		
	Enable or disable access-based enumeration on SMB shares	1		
	Enable or disable access-based enumeration from a Windows client	3		

Provide folder security on shares with accessbased enumeration

Provide folder security on shares with access-based enumeration overview

When access-based enumeration (ABE) is enabled on an SMB share, users who do not have permission to access a folder or file contained within the share (whether through individual or group permission restrictions) do not see that shared resource displayed in their environment, although the share itself remains visible.

Conventional share properties allow you to specify which users (individually or in groups) have permission to view or modify files or folders contained within the share. However, they do not allow you to control whether folders or files within the share are visible to users who do not have permission to access them. This could pose problems if the names of these folders or files within the share describe sensitive information, such as the names of customers or products under development.

Access-based enumeration (ABE) extends share properties to include the enumeration of files and folders within the share. ABE therefore enables you to filter the display of files and folders within the share based on user access rights. That is, the share itself would be visible to all users, but files and folders within the share could be displayed to or hidden from designated users. In addition to protecting sensitive information in your workplace, ABE enables you to simplify the display of large directory structures for the benefit of users who do not need access to your full range of content. For example, the share itself would be visible to all users, but files and folders within the share could be displayed or hidden.

Learn about Performance impact when using SMB/CIFS Access Based Enumeration.

Enable or disable access-based enumeration on SMB shares

You can enable or disable access-based enumeration (ABE) on SMB shares to allow or prevent users from seeing shared resources that they do not have permission to access.

About this task

By default, ABE is disabled.

Steps

1. Perform one of the following actions:

If you want to	Enter the command
Enable ABE on a new share	vserver cifs share create -vserver vserver_name -share-name share_name -path path -share-properties access-based-enumeration You can specify additional optional share settings and additional share properties when you create an SMB share. For more information, see the man page for the vserver cifs share create command.
Enable ABE on an existing share	vserver cifs share properties add -vserver vserver_name -share-name share_name -share-properties access- based-enumeration Existing share properties are preserved. The ABE share property is added to the existing list of share properties.
Disable ABE on an existing share	vserver cifs share properties remove -vserver vserver_name -share-name share_name -share-properties access- based-enumeration Other share properties are preserved. Only the ABE share property is removed from the list of share properties.

2. Verify that the share configuration is correct by using the $vserver\ cifs\ share\ show\ command.$

Examples

The following example creates an ABE SMB share named "sales" with a path of /sales on SVM vs1. The share is created with access-based-enumeration as a share property:

```
cluster1::> vserver cifs share create -vserver vs1 -share-name sales -path
/sales -share-properties access-based-
enumeration, oplocks, browsable, changenotify
cluster1::> vserver cifs share show -vserver vs1 -share-name sales
                      Vserver: vs1
                        Share: sales
     CIFS Server NetBIOS Name: VS1
                         Path: /sales
             Share Properties: access-based-enumeration
                                oplocks
                                browsable
                                changenotify
           Symlink Properties: enable
      File Mode Creation Mask: -
 Directory Mode Creation Mask: -
                Share Comment: -
                    Share ACL: Everyone / Full Control
File Attribute Cache Lifetime: -
                  Volume Name: -
                Offline Files: manual
Vscan File-Operations Profile: standard
```

The following example adds the access-based-enumeration share property to an SMB share named "data2":

```
cluster1::> vserver cifs share properties add -vserver vs1 -share-name
data2 -share-properties access-based-enumeration

cluster1::> vserver cifs share show -vserver vs1 -share-name data2 -fields
share-name, share-properties
server share-name share-properties

vs1 data2 oplocks, browsable, changenotify, access-based-enumeration
```

Related information

Adding or removing share properties on an existing SMB share

Enable or disable access-based enumeration from a Windows client

You can enable or disable access-based enumeration (ABE) on SMB shares from a Windows client, which allows you to configure this share setting without needing to connect to the CIFS server.



The abecmd utility is not available in new versions of Windows Server and Windows clients. It was released as part of Windows Server 2008. Support ended for Windows Server 2008 on January 14, 2020.

Steps

1. From a Windows client that supports ABE, enter the following command: abecmd [/enable | /disable] [/server CIFS server name] {/all | share name}

For more information about the abecmd command, see your Windows client documentation.

Copyright Information

Copyright © 2022 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means-graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system- without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.277-7103 (October 1988) and FAR 52-227-19 (June 1987).

Trademark Information

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at http://www.netapp.com/TM are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.