■ NetApp

Selective LUN Map

ONTAP 9

NetApp October 12, 2022

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap/san-admin/selective-lun-map-concept.html on October 12, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

Table of Contents

Selective LUN Map			 	 	 	1
Selective LUN Map	overview		 	 	 	1
Determine whether	SLM is enabled on a L	UN map	 	 	 	1
Modify the SLM rep	orting-nodes list		 	 	 	1

Selective LUN Map

Selective LUN Map overview

Selective LUN Map (SLM) reduces the number of paths from the host to the LUN. With SLM, when a new LUN map is created, the LUN is accessible only through paths on the node owning the LUN and its HA partner.

SLM enables management of a single igroup per host and also supports nondisruptive LUN move operations that do not require portset manipulation or LUN remapping.

Portsets can be used with SLM just as in previous versions of ONTAP to further restrict access of certain targets to certain initiators. When using SLM with portsets, LUNs will be accessible on the set of LIFs in the portset on the node that owns the LUN and on that node's HA partner.

SLM is enabled by default on all new LUN maps.

Determine whether SLM is enabled on a LUN map

If your environment has a combination of LUNs created in ONTAP and LUNs transitioned from previous versions, you might need to determine whether Selective LUN Map (SLM) is enabled on a specific LUN.

You can use the information displayed in the output of the <code>lun mapping show -fields reporting-nodes</code>, <code>node command to determine whether SLM</code> is enabled on your LUN map. If SLM is not enabled, "-" is displayed in the cells under the <code>reporting-nodes</code> column of the command output. If SLM is enabled, the list of nodes displayed under the <code>nodes</code> column is duplicated in the <code>reporting-nodes</code> column.

Modify the SLM reporting-nodes list

If you are moving a LUN or a volume containing LUNs to another high availability (HA) pair within the same cluster, you should modify the Selective LUN Map (SLM) reporting-nodes list before initiating the move to ensure that active, optimized LUN paths are maintained.

Steps

1. Add the destination node and its partner node to the reporting-nodes list of the aggregate or volume:

```
lun mapping add-reporting-nodes -vserver vserver_name -path lun_path -igroup
igroup_name [-destination-aggregate aggregate_name|-destination-volume
volume name]
```

If you have a consistent naming convention, you can modify multiple LUN mappings at the same time by using **-igroup** instead of igroup.

- 2. Rescan the host to discover the newly added paths.
- 3. If your OS requires it, add the new paths to your multipath network I/O (MPIO) configuration.
- 4. Run the command for the needed move operation and wait for the operation to finish.

5. Verify that I/O is being serviced through the Active/Optimized path:

lun mapping show -fields reporting-nodes

6. Remove the previous LUN owner and its partner node from the reporting-nodes list:

lun mapping remove-reporting-nodes -vserver vserver_name -path lun_path
-igroup igroup name -remote-nodes

7. Verify that the LUN has been removed from the existing LUN map:

lun mapping show -fields reporting-nodes

- 8. Remove any stale device entries for the host OS.
- 9. Change any multipathing configuration files if required.
- Rescan the host to verify removal of old paths.
 See your host documentation for specific steps to rescan your hosts.

Copyright Information

Copyright © 2022 NetApp, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S. No part of this document covered by copyright may be reproduced in any form or by any means-graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, taping, or storage in an electronic retrieval system- without prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Software derived from copyrighted NetApp material is subject to the following license and disclaimer:

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY NETAPP "AS IS" AND WITHOUT ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL NETAPP BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

NetApp reserves the right to change any products described herein at any time, and without notice. NetApp assumes no responsibility or liability arising from the use of products described herein, except as expressly agreed to in writing by NetApp. The use or purchase of this product does not convey a license under any patent rights, trademark rights, or any other intellectual property rights of NetApp.

The product described in this manual may be protected by one or more U.S. patents, foreign patents, or pending applications.

RESTRICTED RIGHTS LEGEND: Use, duplication, or disclosure by the government is subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph (c)(1)(ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software clause at DFARS 252.277-7103 (October 1988) and FAR 52-227-19 (June 1987).

Trademark Information

NETAPP, the NETAPP logo, and the marks listed at http://www.netapp.com/TM are trademarks of NetApp, Inc. Other company and product names may be trademarks of their respective owners.