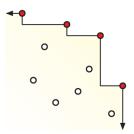
CS325: Analysis of Algorithms, Fall 2020

Practice Assignment 2 (Due: Tue, 10/19/20)

Homework Policy:

- 1. Students should work on practice assignments individually. Each student submits to CANVAS one set of typeset solutions in pdf format.
- 2. Practice assignments will be graded on effort alone and will not be returned. Solutions will be posted.
- 3. The goal of the assignments is for you to learn solving algorithmic problems. So, I recommend spending sufficient time thinking about problems individually before discussing them with your friends.
- 4. You are allowed to discuss the problems with others, and you are allowed to use other resources, but you *must* cite them. Also, you *must* write everything in your own words, copying verbatim is plagiarism.
- 5. More items might be added to this list. \odot

Problem 1. Suppose you are given a set P of n points in the plane. A point $p \in P$ is maximal in P if no other point in P is both above and to the right of p. Intuitively, the maximal points define a "staircase" with all the other points of P below it.



A set of ten points, four of which are maximal.

Describe and analyze an algorithm to compute the number of maximal points in P in $O(n \log n)$ time.

Problem 2. Call a sequence $X[1 \cdot n]$ of numbers bitonic if there is an index i with 1 < i < n, such that the prefix $X[1 \cdot i]$ is increasing and the suffix $X[i \cdot n]$ is decreasing. Describe an $O(\log n)$ time algorithm to search a bitonic sequence of length n for a number k.

Problem 3. Call a sequence $X[1 \cdots n]$ of numbers oscillating if X[i] < X[i+1] for all even i, and X[i] > X[i+1] for all odd i. Describe an efficient algorithm to compute the length of the longest oscillating subsequence of an arbitrary array A of integers.

Do not submit solutions for the following problems, they are just for practice.

Practice Problem A. A shuffle of two strings X and Y is formed by interspersing the characters into a new string, keeping the characters of X and Y in the same order. For example, the string BANANANANAS is a shuffle of the strings BANANA and ANANAS in several different ways.

BANANA BANANAS BANANA B

Similarly, the strings PRODGYRNAMAMMIINCG and DYPRONGARMAMMICING are both shuffles of DYNAMIC and PROGRAMMING:

PRODGYRNAMAMMIINCG DYPRONGARMAMMICING

Given three strings A[1..m], B[1..n], and C[1..m+n], describe an algorithm to determine whether C is a shuffle of A and B. Prove your algorithm is correct and analyze its running time.

Practice Problem B.

- (a) Suppose we are given a set L of n line segments in the plane, where each segment has one endpoint on the line y = 0 and one endpoint on the line y = 1, and all 2n endpoints are distinct. Describe and analyze an algorithm to compute the largest subset of L in which no pair of segments intersects.
- (b) Suppose we are given a set L of n line segments in the plane, where each segment has one endpoint on the line y = 0 and one endpoint on the line y = 1, and all 2n endpoints are distinct. Describe and analyze an algorithm to compute the largest subset of L in which every pair of segments intersects.