

Prob4.2_Universities_PCA.R

cmrump

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```
#Shmueli 4.2
setwd("~/My Courses/Data Mining/Datasets/DMBA-3eR-datasets")
universities.df<-read.csv("Universities.csv")
nrow(universities.df)

## [1] 1302

#turn off scientific notation
options(scipen = 999)
options(digits=4) #limit to 5 decimal places

#Remove missing data and first two (text) columns
universities.complete.df<-na.omit(universities.df[,-c(1,2)])
nrow(universities.complete.df)

## [1] 471

head(universities.complete.df)

##      Public..1...Private..2. X..appli..rec.d X..appl..accepted
## 1                      2          193          146
## 3                      1          146          117
## 10                     2          805          588
## 12                     2          608          520
## 22                     2         4414         1500
## 26                     1         1797         1260
##      X..new.stud..enrolled X..new.stud..from.top.10.
## 1                      55          16
## 3                      89           4
## 10                     287          67
## 12                     127          26
## 22                     335          30
## 26                     938          24
##      X..new.stud..from.top.25. X..FT.undergrad X..PT.undergrad
## 1                      44          249          869
## 3                      24          492         1849
## 10                     88         1376          207
## 12                     47          538          126
## 22                     60          908          119
## 26                     35         6960         4698
##      in.state.tuition out.of.state.tuition room board add..fees
## 1          7560          7560 1620  2500          130
## 3          1742          5226 2514  2250           34
## 10         11660         11660 2050  2430          120
## 12          8080          8080 1380  2540          100
## 22          5666          5666 1424  1540          418
```

```
## 26          2220          4440 1935  3240          291
## estim..book.costs estim..personal.. X..fac..w.PHD stud..fac..ratio
## 1          800          1500          76          11.9
## 3          500          1162          39          9.5
## 10         400          900          74          14.0
## 12         500          1100          63          11.4
## 22        1000          1400          56          15.5
## 26         750          2200          96          6.7
## Graduation.rate
## 1          15
## 3          39
## 10         72
## 12         44
## 22         46
## 26         33
```

#Summary statistics

```
summary(universities.complete.df)
```

```
## Public..1...Private..2. X..appli..rec.d X..appli..accepted
## Min. :1.00 Min. : 77 Min. : 61
## 1st Qu.:1.00 1st Qu.: 802 1st Qu.: 636
## Median :2.00 Median : 1646 Median : 1227
## Mean :1.73 Mean : 3147 Mean : 2063
## 3rd Qu.:2.00 3rd Qu.: 3862 3rd Qu.: 2456
## Max. :2.00 Max. :48094 Max. :26330
## X..new.stud..enrolled X..new.stud..from.top.10. X..new.stud..from.top.25.
## Min. : 27 Min. : 1 Min. : 9.0
## 1st Qu.: 264 1st Qu.:15 1st Qu.: 40.0
## Median : 443 Median :23 Median : 54.0
## Mean : 781 Mean :28 Mean : 55.6
## 3rd Qu.: 896 3rd Qu.:36 3rd Qu.: 69.0
## Max. :6392 Max. :96 Max. :100.0
## X..FT.undergrad X..PT.undergrad in.state.tuition out.of.state.tuition
## Min. : 249 Min. : 1 Min. : 608 Min. : 1044
## 1st Qu.: 1018 1st Qu.: 82 1st Qu.: 3650 1st Qu.: 7290
## Median : 1715 Median : 299 Median : 9858 Median :10100
## Mean : 3563 Mean : 797 Mean : 9407 Mean :10575
## 3rd Qu.: 4056 3rd Qu.: 869 3rd Qu.:13246 3rd Qu.:13286
## Max. :31643 Max. :21836 Max. :20100 Max. :20100
## room board add..fees estim..book.costs
## Min. : 640 Min. : 531 Min. : 10 Min. : 90
## 1st Qu.:1740 1st Qu.:1750 1st Qu.: 138 1st Qu.: 500
## Median :2090 Median :2082 Median : 280 Median : 500
## Mean :2221 Mean :2122 Mean : 379 Mean : 549
## 3rd Qu.:2663 3rd Qu.:2420 3rd Qu.: 486 3rd Qu.: 600
## Max. :4816 Max. :4541 Max. :3247 Max. :2340
## estim..personal.. X..fac..w.PHD stud..fac..ratio Graduation.rate
## Min. : 250 Min. : 8.0 Min. : 2.9 Min. : 15.0
## 1st Qu.: 850 1st Qu.: 63.0 1st Qu.:11.3 1st Qu.: 53.0
## Median :1200 Median : 76.0 Median :13.4 Median : 66.0
## Mean :1312 Mean : 73.2 Mean :14.0 Mean : 65.6
## 3rd Qu.:1600 3rd Qu.: 87.0 3rd Qu.:16.4 3rd Qu.: 79.0
## Max. :6800 Max. :103.0 Max. :28.8 Max. :118.0
```

#Correlation

```
universities.cor <- cor(universities.complete.df)
universities.cor[18,] #show correlations to last variable: Graduation rate
```

```
## Public..1...Private..2.      X..appli..rec.d
##          0.33673              0.18206
##      X..appli..accepted      X..new.stud..enrolled
##          0.09835              0.01274
## X..new.stud..from.top.10. X..new.stud..from.top.25.
##          0.55819              0.57538
##      X..FT.undergrad        X..PT.undergrad
##      -0.04221              -0.23527
##      in.state.tuition      out.of.state.tuition
##          0.57968              0.62133
##          room              board
##          0.36956              0.41115
##      add..fees            estim..book.costs
##          0.04618              0.05028
##      estim..personal..      X..fac..w.PHD
##          -0.23946              0.41313
##      stud..fac..ratio      Graduation.rate
##          -0.31899              1.00000
```

#Principal Component Analysis on covariance matrix (not normalized)

```
pcs.cov=prcomp(universities.complete.df, scale=FALSE)
summary(pcs.cov)
```

```
## Importance of components:
```

```
##          PC1      PC2      PC3      PC4      PC5
## Standard deviation 7430.914 5987.989 1854.641 1192.5293 967.42792
## Proportion of Variance 0.561 0.365 0.035 0.0145 0.00951
## Cumulative Proportion 0.561 0.926 0.961 0.9753 0.98484
##          PC6      PC7      PC8      PC9      PC10
## Standard deviation 679.6527 596.97612 580.62990 417.61364 318.12719
## Proportion of Variance 0.0047 0.00362 0.00343 0.00177 0.00103
## Cumulative Proportion 0.9895 0.99316 0.99658 0.99836 0.99938
##          PC11      PC12 PC13 PC14 PC15 PC16 PC17 PC18
## Standard deviation 188.86761 155.60617 19 12.5 11 5.33 2.91 0.169
## Proportion of Variance 0.00036 0.00025 0 0.0 0 0.00 0.00 0.000
## Cumulative Proportion 0.99975 0.99999 1 1.0 1 1.00 1.00 1.000
```

#Principal Component rotations (weights) - first 3

```
pcs.cov$rot[,c(1:3)]
```

```
##          PC1      PC2      PC3
## Public..1...Private..2. 0.00004787 -0.000000725 0.00000591
## X..appli..rec.d -0.27188262 -0.551183388 0.66445794
## X..appli..accepted -0.19410703 -0.321299373 0.19095677
## X..new.stud..enrolled -0.08472979 -0.101589931 -0.08745130
## X..new.stud..from.top.10. 0.00089847 -0.001732235 0.00013613
## X..new.stud..from.top.25. 0.00081134 -0.001924733 0.00004003
## X..FT.undergrad -0.45812113 -0.492263413 -0.63530316
## X..PT.undergrad -0.10825320 -0.073409535 -0.28535277
## in.state.tuition 0.67018731 -0.382489131 -0.08278654
```

```
## out.of.state.tuition      0.45453453 -0.428685058 -0.12940964
## room                      0.03342006 -0.055583985  0.04011290
## board                     0.03423588 -0.040897364 -0.00823166
## add..fees                 -0.01320940 -0.008746080  0.03286783
## estim..book.costs        0.00005792 -0.003290568  0.00031583
## estim..personal..        -0.03755717 -0.001185110 -0.05465889
## X..fac..w.PHD            0.00020469 -0.001564059 -0.00099533
## stud..fac..ratio         -0.00029544  0.000158708  0.00002522
## Graduation.rate          0.00107232 -0.001397446  0.00092015
```

#Principal Component Analysis on correlation matrix (normalized)

```
pcs.cor=prcomp(universities.complete.df, scale=TRUE)
```

```
summary(pcs.cor)
```

```
## Importance of components:
```

```
##          PC1    PC2    PC3    PC4    PC5    PC6    PC7
## Standard deviation  2.365  2.188  1.1102  1.0328  0.9908  0.8738  0.8347
## Proportion of Variance 0.311 0.266 0.0685 0.0593 0.0545 0.0424 0.0387
## Cumulative Proportion 0.311 0.577 0.6452 0.7045 0.7590 0.8014 0.8401
##          PC8    PC9    PC10   PC11   PC12   PC13   PC14
## Standard deviation  0.7728 0.7339 0.6627 0.630 0.585 0.4585 0.4377
## Proportion of Variance 0.0332 0.0299 0.0244 0.022 0.019 0.0117 0.0106
## Cumulative Proportion 0.8733 0.9032 0.9276 0.950 0.969 0.9804 0.9910
##          PC15    PC16    PC17    PC18
## Standard deviation  0.30051 0.18897 0.1472 0.1198
## Proportion of Variance 0.00502 0.00198 0.0012 0.0008
## Cumulative Proportion 0.99602 0.99800 0.9992 1.0000
```

#Principal Component rotations (weights) - first 5

```
pcs.cor$rot[,c(1:5)]
```

```
##          PC1    PC2    PC3    PC4    PC5
## Public..1...Private..2. -0.31659 -0.14748  0.171296 -0.032228  0.19892
## X..appli..rec.d         0.08825  0.40572  0.001790  0.063741  0.07163
## X..appli..accepted      0.13920  0.39331  0.014698  0.104870  0.15252
## X..new.stud..enrolled    0.19078  0.38112  0.005916 -0.042852  0.12227
## X..new.stud..from.top.10. -0.26938  0.23999 -0.139189 -0.366049 -0.18097
## X..new.stud..from.top.25. -0.24877  0.25581 -0.157072 -0.380724 -0.17068
## X..FT.undergrad         0.20969  0.37111  0.035582 -0.065777  0.12282
## X..PT.undergrad         0.19663  0.20594  0.299609  0.047936  0.29568
## in.state.tuition        -0.39658  0.02763  0.091330  0.036630  0.16487
## out.of.state.tuition    -0.37125  0.13174  0.044006  0.075838  0.13409
## room                    -0.21511  0.16760  0.207258  0.467781 -0.04503
## board                   -0.25264  0.13408  0.241015  0.304649  0.15474
## add..fees               0.08259  0.14938 -0.295487  0.460392 -0.55344
## estim..book.costs       -0.03027  0.07431  0.592505 -0.001139 -0.58704
## estim..personal..       0.18045  0.07282  0.414603 -0.388779 -0.14930
## X..fac..w.PHD           -0.13624  0.29189 -0.220135 -0.071846 -0.03634
## stud..fac..ratio        0.28359 -0.03072 -0.170716  0.096338  0.04013
## Graduation.rate        -0.27320  0.16449 -0.190082 -0.014842 -0.07363
```

#Z scores (to replace original X data)

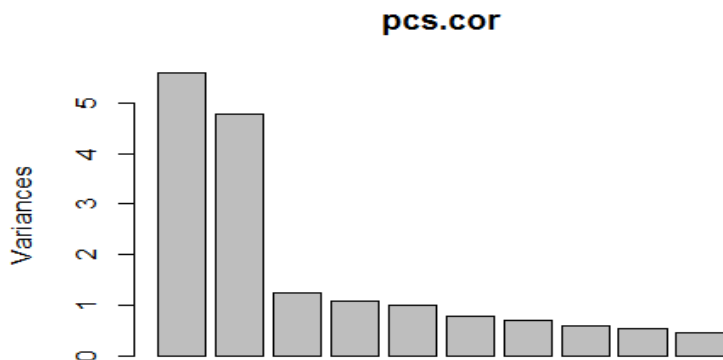
```
pcs.scores.cor <- pcs.cor$x
```

```
head(pcs.scores.cor)
```

```
##      PC1      PC2      PC3      PC4      PC5      PC6      PC7      PC8
## 1  0.60194 -2.0604  1.9975 -0.3163 -0.3898 -0.4883  1.14804  0.78503
## 3  2.04406 -2.5561  1.2103  0.9154  0.5347 -0.7890  0.46192  1.15893
## 10 -2.14970 -0.1710 -1.1086 -1.4803  0.2973  0.2222  0.52778 -0.08734
## 12 -0.06876 -2.0200  0.3034 -0.4909  0.5690 -0.3004  0.04514  0.35269
## 22  1.10941 -1.2119  1.3319 -0.9285 -2.1491  1.5154 -0.28724  0.97351
## 26  2.02237  0.8082  2.5997 -0.0851 -0.1848 -2.5392  2.54612  0.31877
##      PC9      PC10      PC11      PC12      PC13      PC14      PC15      PC16
## 1  0.6678  1.1036 -1.5778 -0.6505  0.67262  0.26639 -0.08204 -0.02878
## 3  -0.6834  0.7984  0.1983  2.1807 -0.60103  0.25501 -0.06858  0.14340
## 10  0.3455  1.2687  0.7837  0.1804  0.08845 -0.03488  0.30999  0.28645
## 12  0.8037  1.0124 -0.8787  0.4494  0.34545  0.19075  0.14474  0.08151
## 22  0.8578  0.3687 -0.2520 -0.6333  0.57488  0.68882  0.06925 -0.10468
## 26  0.8644  0.4206 -1.2215  1.7081  0.48088  0.08747  0.44237  0.03356
##      PC17      PC18
## 1  0.05361 -0.027375
## 3  0.03237  0.043043
## 10 -0.26510 -0.001884
## 12 -0.11128  0.008375
## 22  0.08351 -0.044022
## 26 -0.16211  0.364728
```

#scree plot of summary variances which sum to #predictors, p

```
plot(pcs.cor)
```



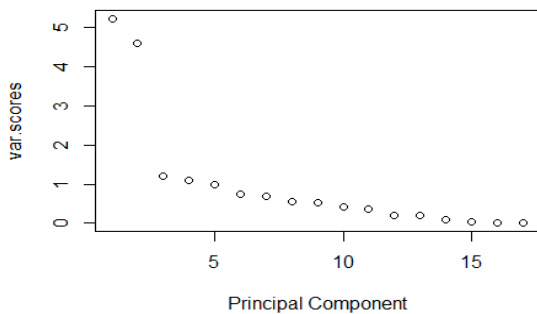
#diagonal shows the variance captured by each principal component

```
var.scores <- diag(cov(pcs.scores.cor))
```

```
var.scores
```

```
##      PC1      PC2      PC3      PC4      PC5      PC6      PC7      PC8      PC9
## 5.59224 4.78918 1.23245 1.06670 0.98175 0.76347 0.69674 0.59726 0.53857
##      PC10      PC11      PC12      PC13      PC14      PC15      PC16      PC17      PC18
## 0.43921 0.39672 0.34183 0.21027 0.19160 0.09031 0.03571 0.02166 0.01435
```

```
plot(var.scores, xlab = "Principal Component")
```



Problem 4.2

- The categorical (text) variables in columns 1 & 2 are removed along with all but 471 of the original 1302 rows due to missing data. The first 6 rows of the complete data are shown on pp. 1-2. Summary statistics are shown on p. 2.
- In the correlation analysis performed on p. 3, notice that graduation rates (the higher the better) are inversely correlated with student-faculty ratio, as expected: larger class sizes leads to poorer graduation outcomes. Graduation rates increase with better caliber of students (percentage in top 10%, 25% of high school class) and with more PhD faculty. (Surprised?!) Graduation rates also correlate higher amongst private colleges that charge higher tuition, room & board. We might suspect that these latter monetary variables are positively correlated with expensive private colleges and so it probably helps our modeling efforts to “wash away” this multi-collinearity by running a principal component analysis (PCA).

A PCA on the raw data was performed first displaying the first three principal components (pp. 3-4). Notice that the student caliber percentages, PhD faculty percentages, and graduation rates aren’t captured in these components since those relatively small numbers (on scale 0-100) are dominated by much larger (application and enrolled) student counts and tuition dollar figures which make up the bulk of the component weights. Same goes for important student-faculty ratios.

A standardized PCA on was performed instead (p. 4). If we desire capturing 90% of the “information” in this dataset, that will require keeping the first 9 components; still that cuts the dataset by half of its original 18 numerical variables. Only the first five principal components are displayed on since a scree plot (bottom p. 5) shows only those components capture “a variable’s worth” of variation. Notice now that all five capture the student caliber information and the first three capture information on graduation rates and PhD faculty to some degree. Student-faculty ratios appear in the first and third components.

PC4 is somewhat interesting in that it primarily pits room, board, additional fees against student caliber and personal expenses, largely ignoring everything else (e.g., tuition and student counts).

The head of the rescored data appears atop p. 5. This data could be used in building a predictive model. Perhaps though to predict graduation rates by regressing on other (explanatory) variables, we should start over and delete column 20 along with columns 1-2 at the start. Then append column 20 to the scored data frame.