Indexing DataFrames

MANIPULATING DATAFRAMES WITH PANDAS



Anaconda Instructor



A simple DataFrame

```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv('sales.csv', index_col='month')

df
```

```
eggs salt spam
month
Jan
        47 12.0
                   17
       110 50.0
Feb
                   31
       221 89.0
                   72
Mar
        77 87.0
                   20
Apr
May
       132 NaN
                    52
       205 60.0
                    55
Jun
```

Indexing using square brackets

df

```
eggs salt spam
month
        47 12.0
Jan
                   17
       110 50.0
                   31
Feb
       221 89.0
                   72
Mar
Apr
            87.0
                    20
       132
May
             NaN
                    52
                    55
       205 60.0
Jun
```

```
df['salt']['Jan']
```

12.0



Using column attribute and row label

df

```
eggs salt spam
month
        47 12.0
Jan
                   17
       110 50.0
                   31
Feb
       221 89.0
                   72
Mar
Apr
            87.0
                    20
May
       132
             NaN
                    52
                    55
       205 60.0
Jun
```

```
df.eggs['Mar']
```

221



Using the .loc accessor

df

```
eggs salt spam
month
       47 12.0
Jan
                17
       110 50.0
                  31
Feb
       221 89.0
                  72
Mar
Apr
     77 87.0
                  20
                  52
       132
            NaN
May
       205 60.0
                  55
Jun
```

```
df.loc['May', 'spam']
```

52.0



Using the .iloc accessor

df

```
eggs salt spam
month
       47 12.0
Jan
                  17
       110 50.0
                  31
Feb
       221 89.0
                  72
Mar
Apr
      77 87.0
                   20
                   52
       132
            NaN
May
       205 60.0
                   55
Jun
```

```
df.iloc[4, 2]
```

52.0

Selecting only some columns

```
df_new = df[['salt','eggs']]
df_new
```

```
salt
             eggs
month
Jan
       12.0
               47
       50.0
              110
Feb
       89.0
Mar
              221
       87.0
             77
Apr
May
       NaN
              132
Jun
       60.0
              205
```

Let's practice!

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Slicing DataFrames

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sales DataFrame

df

	eggs	salt	spam
month			
Jan	47	12.0	17
Feb	110	50.0	31
Mar	221	89.0	72
Apr	77	87.0	20
May	132	NaN	52
Jun	205	60.0	55

Selecting a column (i.e., Series)

```
df['eggs']
month
Jan
        47
Feb
       110
Mar
       221
        77
Apr
May
       132
Jun
       205
Name: eggs, dtype: int64
type(df['eggs'])
```



pandas.core.series.Series

Slicing and indexing a Series

```
df['eggs'][1:4] # Part of the eggs column
```

```
month
Feb 110
Mar 221
Apr 77
Name: eggs, dtype: int64
```

```
df['eggs'][4] # The value associated with May
```

132



Using .loc[]

```
df.loc[:, 'eggs':'salt'] # All rows, some columns
```

```
eggs salt
month
Jan 47 12.0
Feb 110 50.0
Mar 221 89.0
Apr 77 87.0
May 132 NaN
Jun 205 60.0
```

Using .loc[]

```
df.loc['Jan':'Apr',:] # Some rows, all columns
```

```
eggs salt spam
month

Jan 47 12.0 17
Feb 110 50.0 31
Mar 221 89.0 72
Apr 77 87.0 20
```

Using .loc[]

```
df.loc['Mar':'May', 'salt':'spam']
```

```
salt spam
month
Mar 89.0 72
Apr 87.0 20
May NaN 52
```

Using .iloc[]

```
df.iloc[2:5, 1:] # A block from middle of the DataFrame
```

```
salt spam
month
Mar 89.0 72
Apr 87.0 20
May NaN 52
```

Using lists rather than slices

```
df.loc['Jan':'May', ['eggs', 'spam']]
```

```
eggs
              spam
month
Jan
         47
                17
Feb
        110
                31
Mar
        221
                72
Apr
         77
                20
May
        132
                52
```

Using lists rather than slices

```
df.iloc[[0,4,5], 0:2]
```

```
eggs salt
month

Jan 47 12.0

May 132 NaN

Jun 205 60.0
```

Series versus 1-column DataFrame

```
eggs
month
Jan 47
Feb 110
Mar 221
```

A Series by column name

```
eggs
month
Jan 47
Feb 110
Mar 221
```

A DataFrame w/single column

df[['eggs']]

```
type(df['eggs'])

pandas.core.series.Series
```

```
type(df[['eggs']])
```

pandas.core.frame.DataFrame

Let's practice!

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Filtering DataFrames

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Creating a Boolean Series

```
df.salt > 60
```

```
month
Jan False
Feb False
Mar True
Apr True
May False
Jun False
Name: salt, dtype: bool
```

Filtering with a Boolean Series

```
df[df.salt > 60]
```

```
eggs salt spam
month
Mar 221 89.0 72
Apr 77 87.0 20
```

```
enough_salt_sold = df.salt > 60
df[enough_salt_sold]
```

```
eggs salt spam
month
Mar 221 89.0 72
Apr 77 87.0 20
```



Combining filters

```
df[(df.salt >= 50) \& (df.eggs < 200)] # Both conditions
```

```
eggs salt spam
month
Feb 110 50.0 31
Apr 77 87.0 20
```

```
df[(df.salt >= 50) | (df.eggs < 200)] # Either condition</pre>
```

```
eggs salt spam
month
       47 12.0
                  17
Jan
      110 50.0
Feb
                  31
       221 89.0
Mar
Apr
      77 87.0
                  20
      132 NaN
                  52
May
       205 60.0
Jun
                  55
```



DataFrames with zeros and NaNs

```
df2 = df.copy()
df2['bacon'] = [0, 0, 50, 60, 70, 80]
df2
```

	eggs	salt	spam	bacon
month				
Jan	47	12.0	17	0
Feb	110	50.0	31	0
Mar	221	89.0	72	50
Apr	77	87.0	20	60
May	132	NaN	52	70
Jun	205	60.0	55	80

Select columns with all nonzeros

```
df2.loc[:, df2.all()]
```

	eggs	salt	spam
month			
Jan	47	12.0	17
Feb	110	50.0	31
Mar	221	89.0	72
Apr	77	87.0	20
May	132	NaN	52
Jun	205	60.0	55

Select columns with any nonzeros

df2.loc[:, df2.any()]

	eggs	salt	spam	bacon
month				
Jan	47	12.0	17	0
Feb	110	50.0	31	0
Mar	221	89.0	72	50
Apr	77	87.0	20	60
May	132	NaN	52	70
Jun	205	60.0	55	80

Select columns with any NaNs

```
df.loc[:, df.isnull().any()]
```

```
salt
month

Jan 12.0
Feb 50.0
Mar 89.0
Apr 87.0
May NaN
Jun 60.0
```



Select columns without NaNs

```
df.loc[:, df.notnull().all()]
```

	eggs	spam
month		
Jan	47	17
Feb	110	31
Mar	221	72
Apr	77	20
May	132	52
Jun	205	55



Drop rows with any NaNs

```
df.dropna(how='any')
```

```
salt
       eggs
                    spam
month
Jan
         47
             12.0
                      17
             50.0
Feb
        110
                      31
        221
             89.0
                      72
Mar
         77
             87.0
                      20
Apr
Jun
        205
             60.0
                      55
```

Filtering a column based on another

```
df.eggs[df.salt > 55]
```

```
month
Mar 221
Apr 77
Jun 205
Name: eggs, dtype: int64
```

Modifying a column based on another

```
df.eggs[df.salt > 55] += 5
df
```

	eggs	salt	spam
month			
Jan	47	12.0	17
Feb	110	50.0	31
Mar	226	89.0	72
Apr	82	87.0	20
May	132	NaN	52
Jun	210	60.0	55

Let's practice!

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Transforming DataFrames

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DataFrame vectorized methods

```
df.floordiv(12) # Convert to dozens unit
```

	eggs	salt	spam
month			
Jan	3	1.0	1
Feb	9	4.0	2
Mar	18	7.0	6
Apr	6	7.0	1
May	11	NaN	4
Jun	17	5.0	4



NumPy vectorized functions

```
import numpy as np
np.floor_divide(df, 12) # Convert to dozens unit
```

```
month
Jan 3.0 1.0 1.0
Feb 9.0 4.0 2.0
Mar 18.0 7.0 6.0
Apr 6.0 7.0 1.0
May 11.0 NaN 4.0
Jun 17.0 5.0 4.0
```

Plain Python functions

```
def dozens(n):
    return n // 12

df.apply(dozens) # Convert to dozens unit
```

```
eggs salt spam
month
       3 1.0 1
Jan
   9 4.0
Feb
    18 7.0
Mar
              6
    6 7.0
Apr
      \overline{11} NaN
                 4
May
Jun
      17 5.0
```

Plain Python functions

```
df.apply(lambda n: n // 12)
```

	eggs	salt	spam
month			
Jan	3	1.0	1
Feb	9	4.0	2
Mar	18	7.0	6
Apr	6	7.0	1
May	11	NaN	4
Jun	17	5.0	4

Storing a transformation

```
df['dozens_of_eggs'] = df.eggs.floordiv(12)
df
```

	eggs	salt	spam	dozens_of_eggs	
month					
Jan	47	12.0	17	3	
Feb	110	50.0	31	9	
Mar	221	89.0	72	18	
Apr	77	87.0	20	6	
May	132	NaN	52	11	
Jun	205	60.0	55	17	

The DataFrame index

df

```
eggs salt spam dozens_of_eggs
month
        47 12.0
                    17
                                     3
Jan
       110 50.0
                                     9
Feb
                    31
       221 89.0
                    72
Mar
                                    18
        77 87.0
                                     6
                    20
Apr
       132
             NaN
                    52
May
                                    11
Jun
       205 60.0
                    55
                                    17
```

df.index

```
Index(['Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar', 'Apr', 'May', 'Jun'], dtype='object',
name='month')
```



Working with string values

```
df.index = df.index.str.upper()
df
```

	eggs	salt	spam	dozens_of_eggs	
month					
JAN	47	12.0	17	3	
FEB	110	50.0	31	9	
MAR	221	89.0	72	18	
APR	77	87.0	20	6	
MAY	132	NaN	52	11	
JUN	205	60.0	55	17	

Working with string values

```
df.index = df.index.map(str.lower)
df
```

	eggs	salt	spam	dozens_of_eggs	
jan	47	12.0	17	3	
feb	110	50.0	31	9	
mar	221	89.0	72	18	
apr	77	87.0	20	6	
may	132	NaN	52	11	
jun	205	60.0	55	17	



Defining columns using other columns

```
df['salty_eggs'] = df.salt + df.dozens_of_eggs
df
```

	eggs	salt	spam	dozens_of_eggs	salty_eggs
jan	47	12.0	17	3	15.0
feb	110	50.0	31	9	59.0
mar	221	89.0	72	18	107.0
apr	77	87.0	20	6	93.0
may	132	NaN	52	11	NaN
jun	205	60.0	55	17	77.0

Let's practice!

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