Jargons in information technology

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1. Bandwidth- a measure of total amount of data transferred over a period of time, often use to measure how busy the website is. A webhost will usually base its charges on the bandwidth a website users.
2. Cluster- data stored on a disk is spread across a number of clusters, small physical areas on the disk. How big they are depends on the way the disk is formatted.
3. Cyberspace- loosely speaking, the internet, and virtual places thereon. Cyber is used as a prefix meaning related to computers or the internet.
4. Directory- an area on a disk for storing files, particularly in dos. Usually called a folder in windows.
5. Hotspot- a location where a computer can connect to a wireless network.
6. Hung- if a computer (or sometimes just a program) gets completely stuck and refused to do anything, it has hung.
7. Clipboard- a temporary storage are in windows. When you cut or copy highlighted text, documents or whatever in windows they are sent to the clipboard when you paste.
8. Console- nowadays usually refers to a dedicated gaming computer such as play station

Or X-box .

1. Dialup- an early kind of internet connection, using a phone line a modem, mush slower than broadband.
2. IoT - Internet of Things:If you have a conventional device that connects to the internet, it falls into the IoT camp. Think home appliances, gadgets, wearables and much more.