Europeean Materials Modelling Ontology

Version 1.0.0-alpha

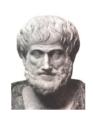
European Materials Modelling Counsil (EMMC)



March 22, 2020

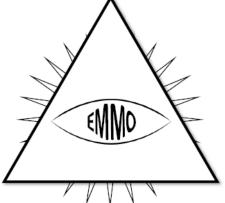


(e.g. physics, chemistry, material science, engineering)











Information and Communication Technologies (e.g. reasoners, platforms, formats)

Abstract

EMMO is an ontology that is created by the Europeean Materials Modelling Council (EMMC) to provide a formal way to describe the fundamental concepts of physics, chemistry and materials science. EMMO is designed to pave the road for semantic interoperability providing a generic common ground for describing materials, models and data that can be adapted by all domains.

It is a representational framework of predefined classes and axioms (ontology) provided by experts (EMMC) that enables end users (industry, research, academy) to represent real life physical entities (materials, devices), models and properties using ontological signs (individuals) in a standard way to facilitate interactions and exchanges (data, software, knowledge) between all involved material modelling and characterization communities and stakeholders.

Keywords: EMMO, materials science, modelling, characterisation, materials, ontology

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Chapter 1

Introduction

EMMO is a multidisciplinary effort to develop a standard representational framework (the ontology) based on current materials modelling knowledge, including physical sciences, analytical philosophy and information and communication technologies. This multidisciplinarity is illustrated by the figure on the title page. It provides the connection between the physical world, materials characterisation world and materials modelling world.



Figure 1.1: EMMO provides the connection between the physical world, materials characterisation world and materials modelling world.

EMMO is based on and is consistent with the Review of Materials Modelling, CEN Workshop Agreement and MODA template. However, while these efforts are written for humans, EMMO is defined using the Web Ontology Language (OWL), which is machine readable and allows for machine reasoning. In terms of semantic representation, EMMO brings everything to a much higher level than these foundations.

As illustrated in the figure below, EMMO covers all aspects of materials modelling and characterisation, including:

- the material itself, which must be described in a rigorous way
- the observation process involving an observer that percieves the real world (characterisation)
- the **properties** that are measured or modelled
- the physics laws that describe the material behaviour
- the physical models that approximate the physics laws
- the **solver** including the numerical discretisation method that leads to a solvable mathematical representation under certain simplifying assumptions
- the numerical solver that performs the calculations
- the **post processing** of experimental or simulated data



Figure 1.2: The aspects of materials modelling and characterisation covered by EMMO.

EMMO is released under the Creative Commons license and is available at emmo.info/. The OWL2-DL sources are available in RDF/XML format.

What is an ontology

In short, an ontology is a specification of a conceptualization. The word ontology has a long history in philosophy, in which it refers to the subject of existence. The so-called ontological argument for the existence of God was proposed by Anselm of Canterbury in 1078. He defined God as "that than which nothing greater can be thought", and argued that "if the greatest possible being exists in the mind, it must also exist in reality. If it only exists in the mind, then an even greater being must be possible – one which exists both in the mind and in reality". Even though this example has little to do with todays use of ontologies in e.g. computer science, it illustrates the basic idea; the ontology defines some basic premises (concepts and relations between them) from which it is possible reason to gain new knowledge.

For a more elaborated and modern definition of the ontology we refer the reader to the one provided by Tom Gruber (2009). Another useful introduction to ontologies is the paper Ontology Development 101: A Guide to Creating Your First Ontology by Noy and McGuinness (2001), which is based on the Protege sortware, with which EMMO has been developed.

A taxonomy is a hierarchical representation of classes and subclasses connected via <code>is_a</code> relations. Hence, it is a subset of the ontology excluding all but the <code>is_a</code> relations. The main use of taxonomies is for the organisation of classifications. The figure shows a simple example of a taxonomy illustrating a categorisation of four classes into a hierarchy of more higher of levels of generality.



Figure 1.3: Example of a taxonomy.

In EMMO, the taxonomy is a rooted directed acyclic graph (DAG). This is important since many classification methods relies on this property, see e.g. Valentini (2014) and Robison et al (2015). Note, that EMMO is a DAG does not prevent some classes from having more than one parent. A Variable is for instance both a Mathematical and a Symbol. See appendix for the full EMMO taxonomy.

Primitive elements in EMMO



Figure 1.4: The primitive building blocks of EMMO.

Individuals

Individuals are the basic, "ground level" components of EMMO. They may include concrete objects such as cars, flowers, stars, persons and molecules, as well as abstract individuals such as a measured height, a specific equation and software programs.

Individuals possess attributes in form of axioms that are defined by the user (interpreter) upon declaration.

Classes

Classes represent concepts. They are the building blocks that we use to create an ontology as a representation of knowledge. We distinguish between *defined* and *non-defined* classes.

Defined classes are defined by the requirements for being a member of the class. In the graphical representations of EMMO, defined classes are orange. For instance, in the graph of the top-level entity branch below, The root EMMO and a defined class (defined to be the disjoint union of Item and Collection).

Non-defined classes are defined as an abstract group of objects, whose members are defined as belonging to the class. They are yellow in the graphical representations.

Axioms

Axioms are propositions in a logical framework that define the relations between the individuals and classes. They are used to categorise individuals in classes and to define the *defined* classes.

The simplest form of a class axiom is a class description that just states the existence of the class and gives it an unique identifier. In order to provide more knowledge about the class, class axioms typically contain additional components that state necessary and/or sufficient characteristics of the class. OWL contains three language constructs for combining class descriptions into class axioms:

- Subclass (rdfs:subClassOf) allows one to say that the class extension of a class description is a subset of the class extension of another class description.
- Equivalence (owl:equivalentClass) allows one to say that a class description has exactly the same class extension (i.e. the individuals associated with the class) as another class description.
- Distjointness (owl:disjointWith) allows one to say that the class extension of a class description has no members in common with the class extension of another class description.

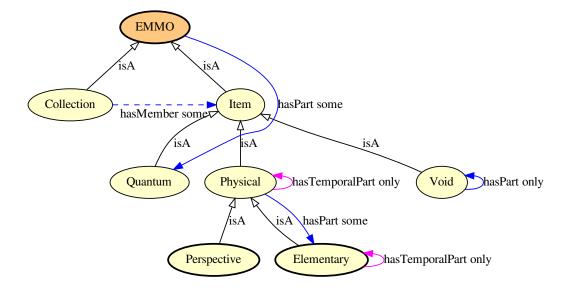


Figure 1.5: Example of the top-level branch of EMMO showing some classes and relationships between them.

See the section about Description logic for more information about these language constructs. Axioms are also used to define relations between relations. These are further detailed in the chapter on Relations.

Theoretical foundations

EMMO build upon several theoretical frameworks.

Semiotics

Semiotics is the study of meaning-making. It is the dicipline of formulating something that possibly can exist in a defined space and time in the real world.

Mereotopology

Mereotopology is the combination of **mereology** (science of parthood) and **topology** (mathematical study of the geometrical properties and conservation through deformations). It is introdused via the **Item** class and based on the **mereotopological** relations. Items in EMMO are always topologically connected in space and time. EMMO makes a strong distinction between membership and parthood relations. In contrast to collections, items can only have parts that are themselves items. For further information, see Casati and Varzi "Parts and Places" (1999).

Physics

EMMO is strongly based on physics, with the aim of being able to describe all aspects and all domains of physics, from quantum mechanics to continuum, engeneering, chemistry, etc. EMMO is compatible with both the De Broglie - Bohm and the Copenhagen interpretation of quantum mecanics (see Physical for more comments).

EMMO defines a physics-based parthood hierarchy under Physical by introducing the following concepts (illustrated in the figure below):

• Elementary is the fundamental, non-divisible constituent of entities. In EMMO, elementaries are based on the standard model of physics.

- State is a Physical whose parts does not change during its life time (at the chosen level of granularity). This is consistent with a state within e.g. thermodynamics.
- Existent is a succession of states.



Figure 1.6: Parthood hierarchy under Physical.

Metrology

Metrology is the science of measurements. It introduces units and links them to properties. The description of metrology in EMMO is based on the standards of International System of Quantities (ISQ) and International System of Units (SI).

Description logic

Description logic (DL) is a formal knowledge representation language in which the *axioms* are expressed. It is less expressive than first-order logic (FOL), but commonly used for providing the logical formalism for ontologies and semantic web. EMMO is expressed in the Web Ontology Language (OWL), which in turn is based on DL. This brings along features like reasoning.

Since it is essential to have a basic notion of OWL and DL, we include here a very brief overview. For a proper introduction to OWL and DL, we refer the reader to sources like Grau et.al. (2008), OWL2 Primer and OWL Reference.

OWL distinguishes between six types of class descriptions:

- 1. a class identifier (a IRI reference)
- 2. an exhaustive enumeration of individuals that together form the instances of a class (owl:oneOf)
- 3. a property restriction (owl:someValuesFrom, owl:allValuesFrom, owl:hasValue, owl:cardinality, owl:maxCardinality)
- 4. the intersection of two or more class descriptions (owl:intersectionOf)
- 5. the union of two or more class descriptions (owl:unionOf)
- 6. the complement of a class description (owl:complementOf)

Except for the first, all of these refer to defined classes. The table below shows the notation in OWL, DL and the Manchester OWL syntax, all commonly used for the definitions. The Manchester syntax is used by Protege and is designed to not use DL symbols and to be easy and quick to read and write. Several other syntaxes exist for DL. An interesting example is the pure Python syntax proposed by Lamy (2017), which is used in the open source Owlready2 Python package. The Python API for EMMO is also based on Owlready2.

Table 1.1: Notation for DL and Protege. A and B are classes, R is an active relation, S is an passive relation, a and b are individuals and n is a literal. Inspired by the Great table of Description Logics.

d Meaning	Python + Owlready2	Manchester	DL
A special class with every individual as an	Thing		au Constants
instance The empty class defined to be Class definition	Nothing		$egin{array}{l} \bot \\ \mathbf{Axioms} \\ A \doteq B \end{array}$
	rotining		

DL	Manchester	Python $+$ Owlready2	Read	Meaning
$A \sqsubseteq B$	A subclass_of B	class A(B): issubclass(A, B)	all A are B	Class inclusion Test for inclusion
$A \equiv B$	A equivalent_to B	A.equivalent_to.append	(BA) is equivalent to B	Class equivalence
		B in A.equivalent_to		Test for
a:A	a is_a A	a = A()	a is a A	equivalence Class assertion (instantiation)
		isinstance(a, A)		Test for instance of
(a,b):R	a object property	a.R.append(b)	a is R-related to b	Property assertion
(a,n):R	assertion b a data property assertion n	a.R.append(n)	a is R-related to n	Data assertion
Constructions				
$A \sqcap B$	A and B	A & B	A and B	Class $intersection$ $(conjunction)$
$A \sqcup B$	A or B	A B	A or B	Class $union$ $(disjunction)$
$\neg A$	not A	$\mathrm{Not}(\mathrm{A})$	not A	Class $complement$ $(negation)$
$ \begin{cases} a, b, \ldots \\ S \equiv R^- \end{aligned} $	{a, b,} S inverse_of R	OneOf([a, b,]) Inverse(R)	one of a, b, S is inverse of R	Class enumeration Property inverse
$\forall R.A$	R only A	S.inverse == R $R.only(A)$	all A with R	Test for inverse Universal restriction
$\exists R.A$	R some A	R.some(A)	some A with R	Existential restriction
= nR.A	R exactly n A	R.exactly(n, A)		Cardinality restriction
$\leq nR.A$	R min n A	R.min(n, A)		$Minimum \ cardinality$
$\geq nR.A$	R max n A	R.max(n, A)		restriction Minimum cardinality restriction
$\exists R\{a\}$ Decompositions	R value a	R.value(a)		Value restriction
$A \sqcup B \sqsubseteq \bot$	A disjoint with B	AllDisjoint([A,B])	A disjoint with B	Disjoint
		B in A.disjoints()		Test for disjointness
$\exists R. \top \sqsubseteq A$	R domain A	R.domain = [A]		Classes that the restriction applies to
$\top \sqsubseteq \forall R.B$	R range B	R.range = [B]		All classes that can be the value of the restriction

Examples

Here are some examples of different class descriptions using both the DL and Manchester notation.

Equivalence (owl:equivalentTo)

Equivalence (\equiv) defines necessary and sufficient conditions.

Parent is equivalent to mother or father

 \mathbf{DL} : parent \equiv mother \lor father

Manchester: parent equivalent_to mother or father

Inclusion (rdf:subclassOf)

Inclusion (\sqsubseteq) defines necessary conditions.

An employee is a person.

 \mathbf{DL} : employee \sqsubseteq person

Manchester: employee is_a person

Enumeration (owl:oneOf)

The color of a wine is either white, rose or red:

DL: wine_color \equiv {white, rose, red}

Manchester: wine_color equivalent_to {white, rose, red}

Existential restriction (owl:someValuesFrom)

A mother is a woman that has a child (some person):

 \mathbf{DL} : mother \equiv woman \sqcap \exists has_child.person

Manchester: mother equivalent_to woman and has_child some person

Universal restriction (owl:allValuesFrom)

All parents that only have daughters:

 $\mathbf{DL:} \ parents_with_only_daughters \equiv person \ \sqcap \ \forall has_child.woman$

Manchester: parents_with_only_daughters equivalent_to person and has_child only woman

Value restriction (owl:hasValue)

The owl:hasValue restriction allows to define classes based on the existence of particular property values. There must be at least one matching property value.

All children of Mary:

DL: $Marys_children \equiv person \sqcap \exists has_parent.{Mary}$

Manchester: Marys_children equivalent_to person and has_parent value Mary

Property cardinality (owl:cardinality)

The owl:cardinality restrictions (\geq , \leq or \equiv) allow to define classes based on the maximum (owl:maxCardinality), minimum (owl:minCardinality) or exact (owl:cardinality) number of occurences.

A person with one parent:

 \mathbf{DL} : half_orphant \equiv person and =1has_parent.person

Manchester: half_orphant equivalent_to person and has_parent exactly 1 person

Intersection (owl:intersectionOf)

Individuals of the intersection (\sqcap) of two classes, are simultaneously instances of both classes.

A man is a person that is male:

 \mathbf{DL} : man \equiv person \sqcap male

Manchester: man equivalent_to person and male

Union (owl:unionOf)

Individuals of the union (\sqcup) of two classes, are either instances of one or both classes.

A person is a man or woman:

 \mathbf{DL} : person \equiv man \sqcup woman

Manchester: person equivalent_to man or woman

Complement (owl:complementOf)

Individuals of the complement (\neg) of a class, are all individuals that are not member of the class.

Not a man:

 \mathbf{DL} : female $\equiv \neg$ male

Manchester: female equivalent_to not male

The structure of EMMO

The EMMO ontology is structured in shells, expressed by specific ontology fragments, that extends from fundamental concepts to the application domains, following the dependency flow.

Top Level

The EMMO top level is the group of fundamental axioms that constitute the philosophical foundation of the EMMO. Adopting a physicalistic/nominalistic perspective, the EMMO defines real world objects as 4D objects that are always extended in space and time (i.e. real world objects cannot be spaceless nor timeless). For this reason abstract objects, i.e. objects that does not extend in space and time, are forbidden in the EMMO.

EMMO is strongly based on the analytical philosophy dicipline semiotic. The role of abstract objects are in EMMO fulfilled by semiotic objects, i.e. real world objects (e.g. symbol or sign) that stand for other real world objects that are to be interpreted by an agent. These symbols appear in actions (semiotic processes) meant to communicate meaning by establishing relationships between symbols (signs).

Another important building block of from analytical philosophy is atomistic mereology applied to 4D objects. The EMMO calls it 'quantum mereology', since the there is a epistemological limit to how fine we can resolve space and time due to the uncertanity principles.

The mereotopology module introduces the fundamental mereotopological concepts and their relations with the real world objects that they represent. The EMMO uses mereotopology as the ground for all the subsequent ontology modules. The concept of topological connection is used to define the first distinction between ontology entities namely the *Item* and *Collection* classes. Items are causally self-connected objects, while collections are causally disconnected. Quantum mereology is represented by the *Quantum* class. This module introduces also the fundamental mereotopological relations used to distinguish between space and time dimensions.

The physical module, defines the *Physical* objects and the concept of *Void* that plays a fundamental role in the description of multiscale objects and quantum systems. It also define the *Elementary* class, that restricts mereological atomism in space.

In EMMO, the only univocally defined real world object is the *Item* individual called **Universe** that stands for the universe. Every other real world object is a composition of elementaries up to the most comprehensive object; the **Universe**. Intermediate objects are not univocally defined, but their definition is provided according to some

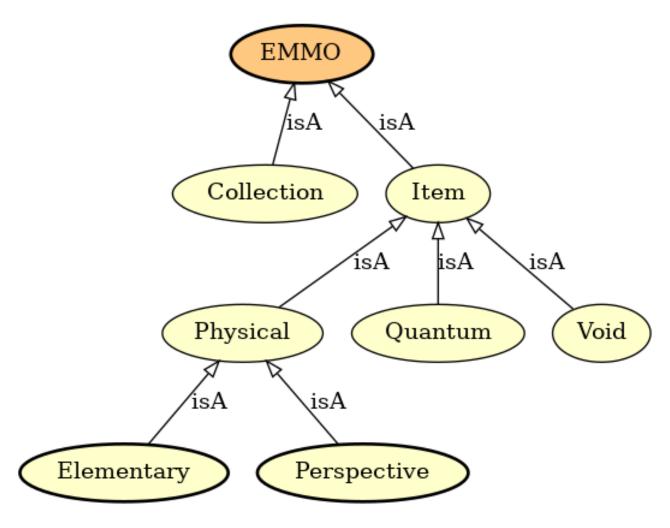


Figure 1.7: The EMMO top level.

specific philosophical perspectives. This is an expression of reductionism (i.e. objects are made of sub-objects) and epistemological pluralism (i.e. objects are always defined according to the perspective of an interpreter, or a class of interpreters).

The *Perspective* class collects the different ways to represent the objects that populate the conceptual region between the elementary and universe levels.

Middle Level

The middle level ontologies act as roots for extending the EMMO towards specific application domains.

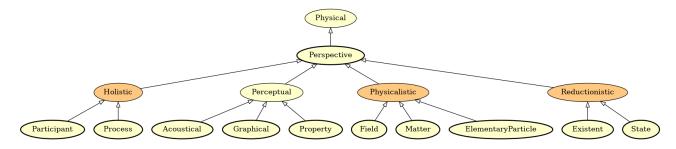


Figure 1.8: The EMMO perspectives.

The *Reductionistic* perspective class uses the fundamental non-transitive parthood relation, called direct parthood, to provide a powerful granularity description of multiscale real world objects. The EMMO can in principle represents the **Universe** with direct parthood relations as a direct rooted tree up to its elementary constituents.

The *Phenomenic* perspective class introduces the concept of real world objects that express of a recognisable pattern in space or time that impress the user. Under this class the EMMO categorises e.g. formal languages, pictures, geometry, mathematics and sounds. Phenomenic objects can be used in a semiotic process as signs.

The *Physicalistic* perspective class introduces the concept of real world objects that have a meaning for the under applied physics perspective.

The *Holistic* perspective class introduces the concept of real world objects that unfold in time in a way that has a meaning for the EMMO user, through the definition of the classes *Process* and *Participant*. The semiotics module introduces the concepts of semiotics and the *Semiosis* process that has a *Sign*, an *Object* and an *Interpreter* as participants. This forms the basis in EMMO to represent e.g. models, formal languages, theories, information and properties.

EMMO relations

All EMMO relations are subrelations of the relations found in the two roots: *mereotopological* and *semiotical*. The relation hierarchy extends more vertically (i.e. more subrelations) than horizontally (i.e. less sibling relations), facilitating the categorisation and inferencing of individuals. See also the chapter EMMO Relations.

Imposing all relations to fall under mereotopology or semiotics is how the EMMO force the developers to respect its perspectives. Two entities are related only by contact or parthood (mereotopology) or by standing one for another (semiosis): no other types of relation are possible within the EMMO.

A unique feature in EMMO, is the introduction of *direct parthood*. As illustrated in the figure below, it is a mereological relation that lacks transitivity. This makes it possible to entities made of parts at different levels of granularity and to go between granularity levels in a well-defined manner. This is paramount for cross scale interoperability. Every material in EMMO is placed on a granularity level and the ontology gives information about the direct upper and direct lower level classes using the non-transitive direct parthood relations.

Annotations

All entities and relations in EMMO have some attributes, called *annotations*. In some cases, only the required *International Resource Identifier* (IRI) and *relations* are provided. However, descriptive annotations, like *elucidation* and *comment*, are planned to be added for all classes and relations. Possible annotations are:

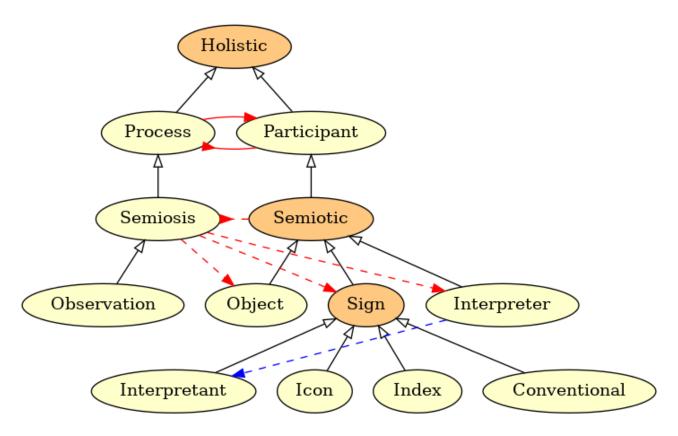


Figure 1.9: The semiotic level, showing both the taxonomy (open black arrows) and other relations as listed in the caption. The inverted arrows corresponds to inverse relations.

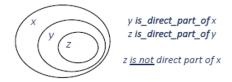


Figure 1.10: Direct parthood.

- Elucidation is a human readable explanation and clearification of the documented class or relation.
- Example clearifies the elucidation through an example. A class may have several examples, each addressing different aspects.
- Comment is a clearifying note complementing the definition and elucidation. A class may have several comments, each clearifying different aspects.
- IRI stands for *international resource identifier*. It is an identifier that uniquely identifies the class or relation. IRIs are similar to URIs, but are not restricted to the ASCII character set. In EMMO, the IRIs are now valid URLs pointing to the stable version of EMMO.
- Relations is a list of relations applying to the current class or relation. The relations for relations are special and will be elaborated on in the introduction to chapter [Relations]. Some of the listed relations are defined in the OWL sources, while other are inferred by the reasoner. The relations are expressed using the Manchester OWL syntax introduced in section Description logic.

Chapter 2

EMMO Relations

In the language of OWL, relations are called *properties*. However, since relations describe relations between classes and individuals and since properties has an other meaning in EMMO, we only call them *relations*.

Resource Description Framework (RDF) is a W3C standard that is widely used for describing informations on the web and is one of the standards that OWL builds on. RDF expresses information in form of *subject-predicate-object* triplets. The subject and object are resources (aka items to describe) and the predicate expresses a relationship between the subject and the object.

In OWL are the subject and object classes or individuals (or data) while the predicate is a relation. An example of an relationship is the statement *dog is_a animal*. Here dog is the subject, is_a the predicate and animal the object.

OWL distingues between *object properties*, that link classes or individuals to classes or individuals, and *data* properties that link individuals to data values. Since EMMO only deals with classes, we will only be discussing object properties. However, in actual simulation or characterisation applications build on EMMO, datatype propertyes will be important.

The characteristics of the different properties are described by the following property axioms:

- rdf:subPropertyOf is used to define that a property is a subproperty of some other property. For instance, in the figure below showing the relation branch, we see that active_relation is a subproperty or relation. The rdf:subPropertyOf axioms forms a taxonomy-like tree for relations.
- owl:equivalentProperty states that two properties have the same property extension.
- owl:inverseOf axioms relate active relations to their corresponding passive relations, and vice versa. The root relation relation is its own inverse.
- owl:FunctionalProperty is a property that can have only one (unique) value y for each instance x, i.e. there cannot be two distinct values y1 and y2 such that the pairs (x,y1) and (x,y2) are both instances of this property. Both object properties and datatype properties can be declared as "functional".
- $\bullet \quad {\tt owl:InverseFunctionalProperty}$
- owl: TransitiveProperty states that if a pair (x,y) is an instance of P, and the pair (y,z) is instance of P, then we can infer that the pair (x,z) is also an instance of P.
- owl:SymmetricProperty states that if the pair (x,y) is an instance of P, then the pair (y,x) is also an instance of P. A popular example of a symmetric property is the siblingOf relation.
- rdfs:domain specifies which classes the property applies to. Or said differently, the valid values of the subject in a subject-predicate-object triplet.
- rdfs:range specifies the property extension, i.e. the valid values of the *object* in a *subject-predicate-object* triplet.

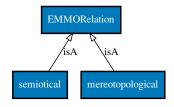


Figure 2.1: Top-level of the EMMO relation hierarchy.

Root of EMMO relations

EMMORelation

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_ec2472ae_cf4a_46a5_8555_1556f5a6c3c5$

Elucidation: The superclass of all relations used by the EMMO.

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a owl:topObjectProperty
- inverse_of EMMORelation
- domain EMMO
- range EMMO

Mereotopological branch

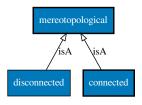


Figure 2.2: Mereotopological branch.

disconnected

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_517dfaf9_4970_41ac_81ee_d031627d2c7c

- is a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a owl:SymmetricProperty
- \bullet is_a mereotopological
- Inverse(mereotopology.mereotopological)
- inverse_of disconnected

mereotopological

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_03212 \text{fd7_abfd_4828_9c8e_62c293052d4b}$

Elucidation: The superclass of all EMMO mereotopological relations.

Comment: Mereotopology merges mereological and topological concepts and provides relations between wholes, parts, boundaries, etc.

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is a EMMORelation
- Inverse(mereotopology.EMMORelation)
- inverse_of mereotopological

Connected branch

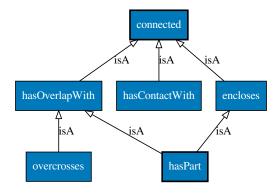


Figure 2.3: Connected branch.

overcrosses

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_9cb984ca_48ad_4864_b09e_50d3fff19420

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is a hasOverlapWith
- Inverse(mereotopology.hasOverlapWith)
- inverse_of overcrosses

hasContactWith

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_4d6504f1_c470_4ce9_b941_bbbebc9ab05d

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is_a connected
- Inverse(mereotopology.connected)
- inverse_of hasContactWith

connected

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_6703954e_34c4_4a15_a9e7_f313760ae1a8$

Comment: Causality is a topological property between connected items.

Comment: Items being connected means that there is a topological contact or "interaction" between them.

Relations:

- is a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is_a mereotopological
- Inverse(mereotopology.mereotopological)
- inverse of connected

hasOverlapWith

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_d893d373_b579_4867_841e_1c2b31a8d2c6$

Relations:

- \bullet is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a owl:SymmetricProperty
- is a connected
- Inverse(mereotopology.connected)
- inverse_of hasOverlapWith

encloses

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_8c898653_1118_4682_9bbf_6cc334d16a99

Comment: Enclosure is reflexive and transitive.

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- \bullet is_a connected
- Inverse(mereotopology.connected)

Has Part branch

hasPart

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_17e27c22_37e1_468c_9dd7_95e137f73e7f$

Relations:

- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ owl: Object Property$
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a encloses
- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ hasOverlapWith$
- Inverse(mereotopology.hasOverlapWith)

hasSpatioTemporalDirectPart

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic} \# EMMO_663859e5_add3_4c9e_96fb_c99399de278d$

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty

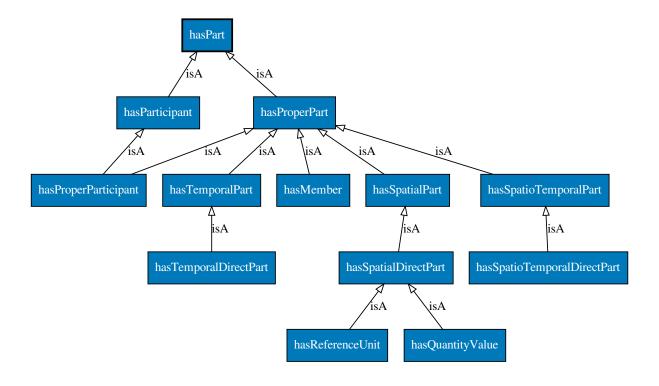


Figure 2.4: Has Part branch.

- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a hasSpatioTemporalPart

has Temporal Part

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical#EMMO_7afbed84_7593_4a23_bd88_9d9c6b04e8f6

Elucidation: A relation that isolate a proper part that covers the total spatial extension of a whole within a time interval.

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is a hasProperPart
- domain Item
- range Item

hasMember

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_6b7276a4_4b9d_440a_b577_0277539c0fc4$

- is a owl:ObjectProperty
- \bullet is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is a hasProperPart
- domain Collection
- range Item

hasReferenceUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_67fc0a36_8dcb_4ffa_9a43_31074efa3296}$

Comment: Relates the physical quantity to its unit through spatial direct parthood.

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:FunctionalProperty
- is a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is_a hasSpatialDirectPart
- domain Quantity
- range ReferenceUnit

hasSpatialDirectPart

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic#EMMO_b2282816_b7a3_44c6_b2cb_3feff1ceb7fe

Relations:

- is a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is a hasSpatialPart
- domain State

hasParticipant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/holistic#EMMO_ae2d1a96_bfa1_409a_a7d2_03d69e8a125a

Elucidation: The relation between a process and an object participating to it.

Comment: Participation is a parthood relation: you must be part (and then be connected) of the process to contribute to it.

Comment: Participation is not under direct parthood since a process is not strictly related to reductionism, but it's a way to categorize temporal regions by the interpreters.

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasPart
- domain Process
- range Participant

hasQuantityValue

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units} \# EMMO_8 ef3 cd6 d_ae58_4a8 d_9 fc0_ad8 f49015 cd0 decomposition for the statement of the st$

Comment: Relates a quantity to its reference unit through spatial direct parthood.

- is a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a owl:FunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- \bullet is_a hasSpatialDirectPart
- domain Quantity

• range Numerical

hasProperPart

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_9380ab64_0363_4804_b13f_3a8a94119a76

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is a hasPart

has Temporal Direct Part

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic#EMMO_65a2c5b8_e4d8_4a51_b2f8_e55effc0547d

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- \bullet is_a owl:AsymmetricProperty
- is_a owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- is a hasTemporalPart
- domain Existent
- range State

hasSpatialPart

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical} \# EMMO_f68030 \\ \text{be_} 94 \\ \text{bs_} 4c61_a161_886468558054$

Elucidation: A relation that isolates a proper part that extends itself in time within the overall lifetime of the whole, without covering the full spatial extension of the 4D whole (i.e. is not a temporal part).

Relations:

- is a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a hasProperPart
- domain Item
- range Item

hasSpatioTemporalPart

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical\#EMMO_6e046dd0_9634_4013_b2b1_9cc468087c83$

Elucidation: A relation that isolates a proper part that extends itself in time through a portion of the lifetime whole.

Relations:

- is a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a owl:TransitiveProperty
- is_a hasProperPart
- domain Item
- range Item

hasProperParticipant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/holistic#EMMO_c5aae418_1622_4d02_93c5_21159e28e6c1

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasParticipant
- is_a hasProperPart

Semiotical branch

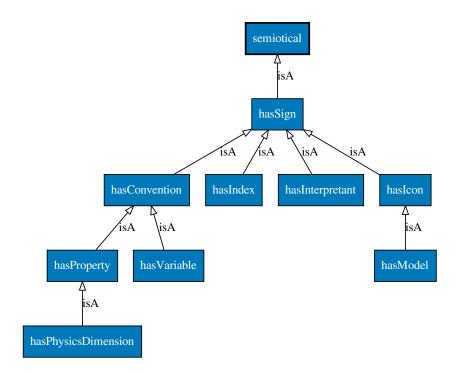


Figure 2.5: Semiotical branch.

hasSign

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics\#EMMO_60577dea_9019_4537_ac41_80b0fb563d412} \\$

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a semiotical
- domain Object
- range Sign

hasConvention

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics\#EMMO_eb3518bf_f799_4f9e_8c3e_ce59af11453b}$

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasSign
- range Conventional

hasIndex

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics\#EMMO_297999d6_c9e4_4262_9536_bd524d1c6e21$

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasSign
- range Index

has Interpretant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO_7fb7fe7e_bdf9_4eeb_adad_e384dd5285c6

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasSign
- range Interpretant

hasModel

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_24c71baf_6db6_48b9_86c8_8c70cf36db0c

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasIcon

hasProperty

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties} \# EMMO_e1097637_70d2_4895_973f_2396f04fa204$

Relations:

- is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is_a hasConvention
- domain Object
- range Property

hasPhysicsDimension

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_bed1d005_b04e_4a90_94cf_02bc678a8569

Relations:

- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ owl: Object Property$
- is_a hasProperty
- range PhysicsDimension

semiotical

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics} \\ \# EMMO_2337e25c_3c60_43fc_a8f9_b11a3f974291$

Elucidation: The generic EMMO semiotical relation.

- \bullet is_a owl:ObjectProperty
- is a EMMORelation
- Inverse(mereotopology.EMMORelation)

hasVariable

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO} \underline{\ \ 3446e167_c576_49d6_846c_215bb8878a55}$

Relations:

- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ hasConvention$
- domain Mathematical
- range Variable

hasIcon

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics\#EMMO} \underline{39c3815d} \underline{8cae} \underline{4c8f} \underline{b2ff} \underline{eeba24bec455}$

- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ owl: Object Property$
- is_a hasSign
- range Icon

Chapter 3

EMMO Classes

emmo is a class representing the collection of all the individuals (signs) that are used in the ontology. Individuals are declared by the EMMO users when they want to apply the EMMO to represent the world.

EMMO branch

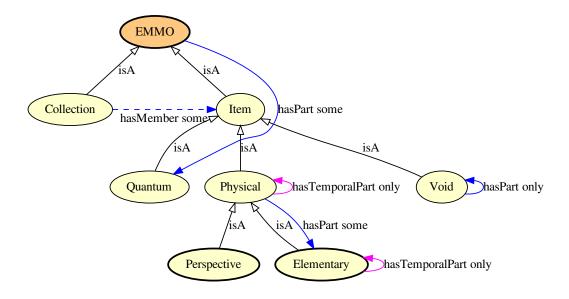


Figure 3.1: EMMO branch.

The root of all classes used to represent the world. It has two children; collection and item.

collection is the class representing the collection of all the individuals (signs) that represents a collection of non-connected real world objects.

item Is the class that collects all the individuals that are members of a set (it's the most comprehensive set individual). It is the branch of mereotopology.

Item

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology} \# EMMO_eb3a768e_d53e_4be9_a23b_0714833c36de$

Comment: A real world object is self-connected if any two parts that make up the whole are connected to each other (here the concept of connection is primitive).

Alternatively, using the primitive path-connectivity concept we can define a self-connected real world object as an object for which each couple of points is path-connected.

Comment: An 'Item' individual stands for a real world self-connected object which can be represented as a whole made of connected parts (e.g. a car made of components).

In the EMMO, connectivity is the topological foundation of causality.

All physical systems, i.e. systems whose behaviour is explained by physics laws, are represented only by 'Item'-s.

Members of a 'Collection' lack of causality connection, i.e. they do not constitute a physical system as a whole.

Comment: From Latin item, "likewise, just so, moreover".

Relations:

- is a EMMO
- disjoint with Collection
- disjoint union of Void, Physical

Quantum

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO 3f9ae00e 810c 4518 aec2 7200e424cf68

Elucidation: The class of 'EMMO' individuals that stand for real world objects that can't be further divided in time nor in space.

Example: For a physics based ontology the 'Quantum' can stand for the smallest identifiable portion of spacetime defined by the Planck limit in length (1.616e-35 m) and time (5.39e-44 s).

However, the quantum mereotopology approach is not restricted only to physics. For example, in a manpower management ontology, a 'Quantum' can stand for an hour (time) of a worker (space) activity.

Comment: A 'Quantum' is the most fundamental subclass of 'Item', since its individuals stand for the smallest possible self-connected 4D real world objects.

The quantum concept recalls the fact that there is lower epistemological limit to our knowledge of the universe, related to the uncertainty principle.

Comment: A 'Quantum' stands for a 4D real world object.

Comment: A quantum is the EMMO mereological 4D a-tomic entity.

To avoid confusion with the concept of atom coming from physics, we will use the expression quantum mereology, instead of a-tomistic mereology.

Comment: From Latin quantum (plural quanta) "as much as, so much as;", introduced in physics directly from Latin by Max Planck, 1900.

Relations:

- is a Item
- is_a EMMO
- hasProperPart only owl:Nothing
- disjoint_with Collection, System, Manufacturing, Reductionistic, PhysicsBasedModel, Interpreter, Semiosis

Collection

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO_2d2ecd97_067f_4d0e_950c_d746b7700a31

Elucidation: The class of all individuals that stand for a real world not self-connected object.

Comment: A 'Collection' individual stands for a non-self-connected real world object.

A 'Collection' individual is related to each 'Item' individuals of the collection (i.e. the members) through the membership relation.

An 'Item' individual stands for a real world self-connected object which can be represented as a whole made of connected parts (e.g. a car made of components).

Comment: Formally, 'Collection' is axiomatized as the class of individuals that has Member some 'Item'.

A 'Collection' cannot have as member another 'Collection'.

Comment: From Latin collectio, from colligere 'gather together'.

Comment: e.g. the collection of users of a particular software, the collection of atoms that have been part of that just dissociated molecule, or even the collection of atoms that are part of a molecule considered as single individual non-connected objects and not as a mereotopological self-connected fusion.

Relations:

- is a EMMO
- hasMember some Item
- disjoint_with Item

Physical

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical#EMMO c5ddfdba c074 4aa4 ad6b 1ac4942d300d

Elucidation: A 'Item' that has part some 'Elementary' and whose temporal proper parts are only 'Physical'-s (i.e. it can be perceived without interruptions in time).

Comment: A 'Physical' is the class that contains all the individuals that stand for real world objects that interact physically with the ontologist, i.e. physical objects.

A physical object must be perceived through physical interaction by the ontologist. Then the ontologist can declare an individual standing for the physical object just perceived.

Perception is a subcategory of physical interactions. It is an interaction that stimulate a representation of the physical object within the ontologist (the agent).

Comment: A 'Physical' must include at least an 'Elementary' part, and can include 'Void' parts.

A 'Physical' may include as part also the 'Void' surrounding or enclosed by its 'Physical' sub parts.

There are no particular criteria for 'Physical'-s structure, except that is made of some 'Elementary'-s as proper parts and not only 'Void'.

This is done in order to take into account the quantum nature of physical systems, in which the actual position of sub-components (e.g. electrons in an atom) is not known except for its probability distribution function (according to the Copenhagen interpretation.)

e.g. a real world object that has spatial parts an atom and a cubic light year of void, extending for some time, can be a physical object.

Comment: A 'Physical' with dimensions other than 4D cannot exist, following the restriction of the parent 'EMMO' class.

It follows from the fact that perception is always unfolding in time.

e.g. you always have an aperture time when you take a picture or measure a property. Instantaneous perceptions are idealizations (abstractions) or a very small time measurement.

Comment: From Latin physica "study of nature" (and Ancient Greek φυσικός, "natural").

Here the word relates to things perceived through the senses as opposed to the mind; tangible or concrete.

Comment: In the EMMO there are no relations such as occupiesSpace, since 'Physical'-s are themselves the 4D regions.

Comment: The EMMO can be used to represent real world entities as 'Physical'-s that are easy to connect to classical or quantum mechanical based models.

Classical mechanics poses no representational issues, for the EMMO: the 4D representation of 'Physical'-s is consistent with classical physics systems.

However, the representation of 'Physical'-s that are typically analized through quantum mechanics (e.g. molecules, atoms, clusters), is not straightforward.

1) De Broglie - Bohm interpretation The most simple approach is to rely on Bohmian mechanics, in which each particle is supposed to exists in a specific position between measurements (hidden variables approach), while its trajectory is calculated using a Guiding Equation based on a quantum field calculated with the Schroedinger Equation.

While this approach is really easy to implement in an ontology, since each entity has its own well defined 4D region, its mathematical representation failed to receive large consensus due to the difficulties to include relativistic effects, to be extended to subnuclear scale and the strong non-locality assumtpion of the quantum field.

Nevertheless, the Bohmian mechanics is a numerical approach that is used in electronic models to reduce the computational effort of the solution of Schroedinger Equation.

In practice, an EMMO user can declare a 'physical' individual that stand for the whole quantum system to be described, and at the same time all sub-parts individuals can be declared, having them a well defined position in time, according to De Broglie - Bohm interpretation. The Hamiltonian can be calculated by considering the sub-part individuals.

'physical'-s are then made of 'physical' parts and 'void' parts that stand for the space between 'physical'-s (e.g. the void between electrons and nucleus in an atom).

2) Copenhagen interpretation In this interpretation the properties (e.g. energy level, position, spin) of a particle are not defined in the interval between two measurements and the quantum system is entangled (i.e. properties of particles in the sysyem are correlated) and described by a global wavefunction obtained solving the Schroedinger Equation.

Upon measurement, the wavefunction collapses to a combination of close eigenstates that provide information about bservables of the system components (e.g. position, energy).

The EMMO can be used to represent 'physical'-s that can be related to Copenhagen based models. In practice, the user should follow these steps:

- a) define the quantum system as a 'physical' individual (e.g. an H2 molecule) under a specific class (e.g. 'h2_molecule'). This individual is the whole.
- b) define the axioms of the class that describe how many sub-parts are expected for the whole and their class types (e.g. 'h2_molecule' has axioms 'has_proper_part exactly 2 electron' and 'has_proper_part exactly 2 nucleus)
- c) the user can now connect the whole to a Schroedinger equation based model whose Hamiltonian is calculated trough the information coming only from the axioms. No individuals are declared for the subparts!
- d) a measurement done on the quantum system that provides information on the sub-part observables is interpreted as wavefunction collapse and leads to the end of the whole and the declaration of the subparts individuals which can be themselves other quantum systems

e.g. if the outer electron of the H2 molecule interacts with another entity defining its state, then the whole that stands for the entangled H2 molecule becomes a 'physical' made of an electron individual, a quantum system made of one electron and two nuclei and the void between them.

e.g. in the Born-Oppenheimer approximation the user represent the atom by un-entangling nucleus and electronic cloud. The un-entanglement comes in the form of declaration of individual as parts.

e.g. the double slit experiment can be represent in the EMMO as: a) before the slit: a 'physical' that extend in space and has parts 'electron' and 'void', called 'single_electron_wave_function'. 'electron' and 'void' are only in the axioms and not decalred individuals. b) during slit passage: a 'physical' made of one declared individual, the 'electron'. c) after the slit: again 'single_electron_wave_function' d) upon collision with the detector: 'physical' made of one declared individual, the 'electron'.

Comment: The purpose of the 'Physical' branch is to provide a representation of the real world objects, while the models used to name, explain or predict the behaviour of the real world objects lay under the 'Semiotic' branch.

More than one semiotic representation can be connected to the same 'Physical'.

e.g. Navier-Stokes or Euler equation applied to the same fluid are an example of mathematical model used to represent a physical object for some specific interpreter.

- is a Item
- hasPart some Elementary
- hasTemporalPart only Physical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Individuals:

• Universe

Void

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical#EMMO 29072ec4 ffcb 42fb bdc7 26f05a2e9873

Elucidation: A 'Item' that has no 'Physical' parts.

Comment: From Latin vacuus, "empty".

Relations:

• is a Item

• hasPart only Void

• disjoint_with Physical, Collection

EMMO

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/mereotopology#EMMO 802d3e92 8770 4f98 a289 ccaaab7fdddf

Elucidation: The class representing the collection of all the individuals declared in this ontology standing for real world objects.

Comment: 'EMMO' is the disjoint union of 'Item' and 'Collection' (covering axiom).

The union implies that 'EMMO' individuals can only be 'Item' individuals (standing for self-connected real world objects) or 'Collection' individuals (standing for a collection of disconnected items).

Disjointness means that a 'Collection' individual cannot be an 'Item' individual and viceversa, representing the fact that a real world object cannot be self-connected and non-self connected at the same time.

Comment: For the EMMO ontologist the whole universe is represented as a 4D path-connected topological manifold (i.e. the spacetime).

A real world object is then a 4D topological sub-region of the universe.

A universe sub-region is isolated and defined as a real world object by the ontologist. Then, through a semiotic process that occurs at meta-ontological level (i.e. outside the ontology). an EMMO ontology entity (e.g. an OWL individual) is assigned to represent that real world object.

The fundamental distinction between real world objects, upon which the EMMO is based, is self-connectedness: a real world object can be self-connected xor not self-connected.

Comment: In the EMMO we will refer to the universe as a Minkowski space, restricting the ontology to special relativity only. However, exension to general relativity, will adding more complexity, should not change the overall approach.

Comment: Mereotopology is the fundamental logical representation used by the EMMO ontologist to characterize the universe and to provide the definitions to connect real world objects to the EMMO concepts.

Parthood relations do not change dimensionality of the real world object referred by an 'EMMO' individual, i.e. every part of a real world object always retains its 4D dimensionality.

The smallest part of a real world object (i.e. a part that has no proper parts) is referred in the EMMO by a 'Quantum' individual.

It follows that, for the EMMO, real world objects of dimensionality lower than 4D (e.g. surfaces, lines) do not exist.

Relations:

• is_a owl:Thing

- hasPart some Quantum
- equivalent_to Inverse(hasPart) value Universe
- disjoint with
- disjoint_union_of Collection, Item

Elementary branch

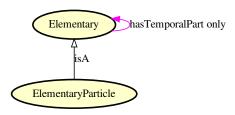


Figure 3.2: Elementary branch.

Elementary

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/physical\#EMMO_0f795e3e_c602_4577_9a43_d5a231aa1360}$

Elucidation: The basic constituent of 'item'-s that can be proper partitioned only in time up to quantum level.

Comment: According to mereology, this should be call 'a-tomistic' in the strict etimological sense of the word (from greek, a-tomos: un-divisible).

Mereology based on such items is called atomistic mereology.

However, in order not to confuse the lexicon between mereology and physics (in which an atom is a divisible physical entity) we prefer to call it 'elementary', recalling the concept of elementary particle coming from the standard particles model.

Comment: From Latin elementārius ("elementary"), from elementum ("one of the four elements of antiquity; fundamentals")

Comment: While a 'Quantum' is a-tomistic in time and space, an 'elementary' is a-tomistic only in space, recalling the concept of elementary particle.

Relations:

- is_a Physical
- hasTemporalPart only Elementary
- hasSpatialPart only owl:Nothing
- disjoint_with Collection, System, Reductionistic, PhysicsBasedModel, Interpreter, Void

Perspective branch

Perspective

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top#EMMO_49267eba_5548_4163_8f36_518d65b583f9

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for real world objects according to a specific representational perspective.

Comment: This class is the practical implementation of the EMMO pluralistic approach for which that only objective categorization is provide by the Universe individual and all the 'Elementary' individuals.

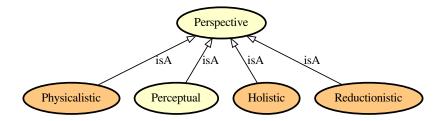


Figure 3.3: Perspective branch.

Between these two extremes, there are several subjective ways to categorize real world objects, each one provide under a 'Perspective' subclass.

Relations:

- is_a Physical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Holistic branch

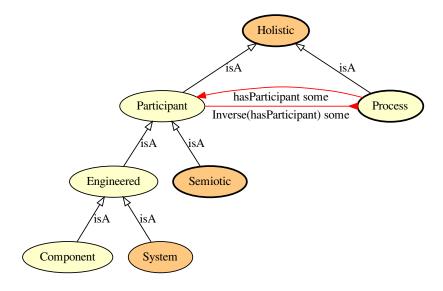


Figure 3.4: Holistic branch.

Component

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/manufacturing} \# EMMO_494b372c_cfdf_47d3_a4de_5e037c540de8$

- is_a Engineered
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

System

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/manufacturing} \# EMMO_e775e341_5687_4d45_b50c_379b098a8c26$

Relations:

- is_a Engineered
- equivalent_to hasSpatialPart some Component
- disjoint_with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

Holistic

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/holistic} \# EMMO_0277f24a_ea7f_4917_81b7_fb0406c8fc62$

Elucidation: A union of classes that categorize physicals under a holistic perspective, meaning that the interest is on the whole 4D object (process) and the role of its spatial parts (participants) without going further into its subparts.

Comment: An holistic perspective considers each part of the whole as equally important, without the need of a granularity hierarchy, assigning a role to the whole.

Meaning that a molecule of a body can have role in the body evolution, without caring if its part of a specific organ.

This class allows the picking of parts without necessarily going trough a rigid hierarchy of compositions (e.g. body -> organ -> cell -> molecule).

Comment: Holism (from Greek όλος holos "all, whole, entire")

Relations:

- is_a Perspective
- equivalent to Process or Participant
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Engineered

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/manufacturing} \\ \# EMMO_86 ca 9 b 9 3_1183_4 b 6 5_81 b 8_c0 fcd 3 b ba 5 ad begin{aligned} \textbf{IRI:} \\ \textbf$

Elucidation: A 'physical' that stands for a real world object that has been manufactured of a particular purpose.

Example: Car, tire, composite material.

Comment: The 'Engineered' branch represents real world objects that show some level of complexity/heterogeneity in their composition, and are made for a specific use.

Relations:

- is_a Participant
- $\bullet \ \ Inverse (has Proper Participant) \ some \ Manufacturing$
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Participant

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/holistic} \# EMMO_49804605_c0 \\ \text{fe_4538_abda_f70ba1dc8a5d}$

Elucidation: A portion of a 'Process' that participates to the process with a specific role.

Comment: In the EMMO the relation of participation to a process falls under mereotopology.

Since topological connection means causality, then the only way for a real world object to participate to a process is to be a part of it.

Relations:

• is_a Holistic

- is a Physical
- Inverse(hasParticipant) some Process
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Semiotic branch

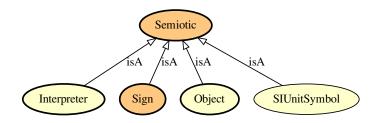


Figure 3.5: Semiotic branch.

SIUnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_32129fb5_df25_48fd_a29c_18a2f22a2dd5

Relations:

- is a SICoherentUnit
- is a UnitSymbol
- is a Semiotic
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void
- disjoint_union_of SIBaseUnit, SISpecialUnit

Semiotic

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO_b803f122_4acb_4064_9d71_c1e5fd091fc9

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stands for semiotic objects, i.e. objects that take part on a semiotic process.

Comment: Semiotic subclasse are defined using Peirce's semiotic theory.

"Namely, a sign is something, A, which brings something, B, its interpretant sign determined or created by it, into the same sort of correspondence with something, C, its object, as that in which itself stands to C." (Peirce 1902, NEM 4, 20–21).

The triadic elements: - 'sign': the sign A (e.g. a name) - 'interpretant': the sign B as the effects of the sign A on the interpreter (e.g. the mental concept of what a name means) - 'object': the object C (e.g. the entity to which the sign A and B refer to)

This class includes also the 'interpeter' i.e. the entity that connects the 'sign' to the 'object'

- is a Participant
- Inverse(hasProperParticipant) some Semiosis
- equivalent to Interpreter or Object or Sign
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Sign branch

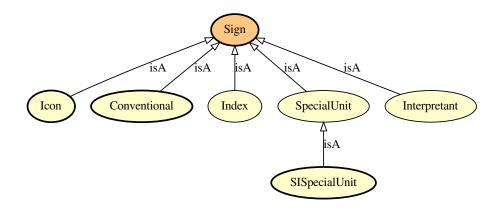


Figure 3.6: Sign branch.

Sign

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO b21a56ed f969 4612 a6ec cb7766f7f31d

Elucidation: An 'Physical' that is used as sign ("semeion" in greek) that stands for another 'Physical' through an semiotic process.

Example: A novel is made of chapters, paragraphs, sentences, words and characters (in a direct parthood mereological hierarchy).

Each of them are 'sign'-s.

A character can be the a-tomistic 'sign' for the class of texts.

The horizontal segment in the character "A" is direct part of "A" but it is not a 'sign' itself.

For plain text we can propose the ASCII symbols, for math the fundamental math symbols.

Comment: A 'Sign' can have temporal-direct-parts which are 'Sign' themselves.

A 'Sign' usually have 'sign' spatial direct parts only up to a certain elementary semiotic level, in which the part is only a 'Physical' and no more a 'Sign' (i.e. it stands for nothing). This elementary semiotic level is peculiar to each particular system of signs (e.g. text, painting).

Just like an 'Elementary' in the 'Physical' branch, each 'Sign' branch should have an a-tomistic mereological part.

Comment: According to Peirce, 'Sign' includes three subcategories: - symbols: that stand for an object through convention - indeces: that stand for an object due to causal continguity - icon: that stand for an object due to similitudes e.g. in shape or composition

Relations:

- is_a Semiotic
- equivalent_to Index or Conventional or Icon
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Interpretant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO_054af807_85cd_4a13_8eba_119dfdaaf38b

Relations:

• is_a Sign

• disjoint_with Collection, Void

Index

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO_0cd58641_824c_4851_907f_f4c3be76630c

Elucidation: A 'Sign' that stands for an 'Object' due to causal continguity.

Example: Smoke stands for a combustion process (a fire). My facial expression stands for my emotional status.

Relations:

• is a Sign

• disjoint_with Collection, Void

SpecialUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_3ee80521_3c23_4dd1_935d_9d522614a3e2

Elucidation: A unit symbol that stands for a derived unit.

Example: Pa stands for N/m2 J stands for N m

Comment: Special units are semiotic shortcuts to more complex composed symbolic objects.

Relations:

- is_a UnitSymbol
- is_a Sign
- Inverse(hasSign) some DerivedUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, BaseUnit, Quantity,
 Void

Interpreter branch

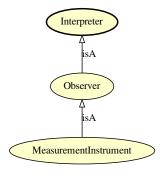


Figure 3.7: Interpreter branch.

MeasurementInstrument

- is a Observer
- disjoint_with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

Interpreter

Elucidation: The entity (or agent, or observer, or cognitive entity) who connects 'Sign', 'Interpretant' and 'Object'.

Relations:

- is a Semiotic
- hasSpatialPart some Interpretant
- disjoint_with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

Observer

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO 1b52ee70 121e 4d8d 8419 3f97cd0bd89c

Elucidation: An 'interpreter' that perceives another 'entity' (the 'object') through a specific perception mechanism and produces a 'property' (the 'sign') that stands for the result of that particular perception.

Relations:

- is a Interpreter
- Inverse(hasParticipant) some Observation
- disjoint_with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

Object branch

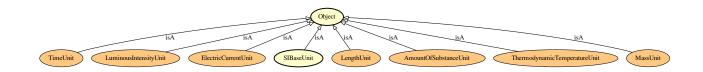


Figure 3.8: Object branch.

Second

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 314ba716 2d3d 4462 9a4f d3419ae1df43

Definition: The second, symbol s, is the SI unit of time. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the caesium frequency $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$, the unperturbed ground-state hyperfine transition frequency of the caesium 133 atom, to be 9192631770 when expressed in the unit Hz, which is equal to s-1.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05513

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

- is a TimeUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "s"
- disjoint_with Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

Ampere

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_db5dd38d_ac79_4af6_8782_fee7e7150ae8 \\ \text{--} \ \text{--}} \\ \text{--} \ \text{--}} \\ \text{--} \ \text{--}} \\ \text{--} \ \text{--}} \\ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--}} \\ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--}} \\ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--}} \\ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--}} \\ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--}} \\ \text{--} \ \text{--} \ \text{--}} \\ \text{--} \ \text{-$

Definition: The ampere, symbol A, is the SI unit of electric current. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the elementary charge e to be $1.602176634 \times 10-19$ when expressed in the unit C, which is equal to A s, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00300

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/A

Relations:

- is_a ElectricCurrentUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- is a LatinCapitalLetterA
- hasSymbolData value "A"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Pre-fixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, SI-MetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

Candela

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_8d00f093_3f45_4ea3_986c_b3545c3c2f4c2} \\$

Definition: The candela, symbol cd, is the SI unit of luminous intensity in a given direction. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the luminous efficacy of monochromatic radiation of frequency 540×1012 Hz, Kcd, to be 683 when expressed in the unit lm W-1, which is equal to cd sr W-1, or cd sr kg-1 m-2 s3, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00787

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/CD

Relations:

- is a LuminousIntensityUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "cd"
- disjoint_with Second, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

TimeUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO d69cb991 73c2 4381 bb92 982d702f624e

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Time
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T+1 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

LuminousIntensityUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_b120c538_6320_470c_b9bd_c8d088694973$

- is a KindOfUnit
- is a Object

- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only LuminousIntensity
- equivalent to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J+1"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Kilogram

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_9bfd6f1e_b0ce_459c_beb7_8f1f41708bba$

Definition: The kilogram, symbol kg, is the SI unit of mass. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Planck constant h to be $6.62607015 \times 10 - 34$ when expressed in the unit J s, which is equal to kg m² s-1, where the metre and the second are defined in terms of c and $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03391

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM

Relations:

- is_a MassUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "kg"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Mole, Void

Object

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics} \# EMMO_6f5af708_f825_4feb_a0d1_a8d813d3022b$

Elucidation: The object, in Peirce semiotics.

Comment: Here is assumed that the concept of 'object' is always relative to a 'semiotic' process. An 'object' does not exists per se, but it's always part of an interpretation.

The EMMO relies on strong reductionism, i.e. everything real is a formless collection of elementary particles: we give a meaning to real world entities only by giving them boundaries and defining them using 'sign'-s.

In this way the 'sign'-ed entity become and 'object', and the 'object' is the basic entity needed in order to apply a logical formalism to the real world entities (i.e. we can speak of it through its sign, and use logics on it through its sign).

Relations:

- is_a Semiotic
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

ElectricCurrentUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO} \underline{24e3e31f} \underline{f233} \underline{4685} \underline{a19c} \underline{6f3ce0a3c477}$

- is_a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricCurrent
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I+1 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Mole

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_df6eeb01_1b41_4bd8_9257_a04fbd7cf000$

Definition: The mole, symbol mol, is the SI unit of amount of substance. One mole contains exactly 6.022 $140 76 \times 1023$ elementary entities. This number is the fixed numerical value of the Avogadro constant, NA, when expressed in the unit mol-1 and is called the Avogadro number. The amount of substance, symbol n, of a system is a measure of the number of specified elementary entities. An elementary entity may be an atom, a molecule, an ion, an electron, any other particle or specified group of particles.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03980

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL

Relations:

- is a AmountOfSubstanceUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "mol"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Void

Kelvin

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 2e5e45fc f52c 4294 bdc2 5ed7a06dfce7

Definition: The kelvin, symbol K, is the SI unit of thermodynamic temperature. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Boltzmann constant k to be $1.380649 \times 10-23$ when expressed in the unit J K-1, which is equal to kg m² s-2 K-1, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03374

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/K

Relations:

- is_a ThermodynamicTemperatureUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "K"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

LengthUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_0fa49646_0fe0_4253_999c_bb834019844f

Relations:

- \bullet is_a KindOfUnit
- is a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Length
- equivalent to has Physics Dimension some has Symbol Data value "T0 L+1 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

AmountOfSubstanceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_32fb2db4_94f4_49b8_a374_ee5aa28a113e

- is a KindOfUnit
- is a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only AmountOfSubstance
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N+1 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Metre

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_7 \\ \text{db11dbf} _a643_464a_9b56_07 \\ \text{eabcc3e9c5}$

Definition: The metre, symbol m, is the SI unit of length. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the speed of light in vacuum c to be 299792458 when expressed in the unit m s-1, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03884

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M

Relations:

- is_a LengthUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- is a LatinSmallLetterM
- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Kelvin, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Kilogram, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Centi, Mole, Void

ThermodynamicTemperatureUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_f460af7c_9134_4b2f_8450_d54918a08f34}$

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- is a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ThermodynamicTemperature
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H+1 N0 J0"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

MassUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_8d9caab6_452d_420a_9d21_11baae773bf9$

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- \bullet is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Mass
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M+1 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Conventional branch

Unknown

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_fe7e56ce_118b_4243_9aad_20eb9f4f31f6}$

Elucidation: The dependent variable for which an equation has been written.

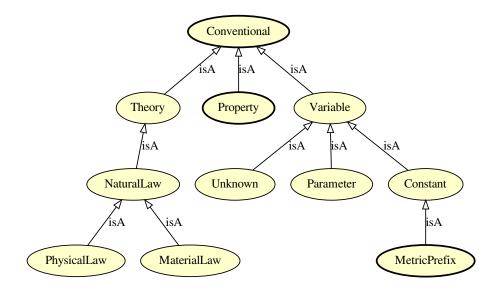


Figure 3.9: Conventional branch.

Example: Velocity, for the Navier-Stokes equation.

Relations:

• is a Variable

• disjoint_with Collection, Void

PhysicalLaw

Relations:

• is_a NaturalLaw

• disjoint_with Collection, Void

Constant

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_ae15fb4f_8e4d_41de_a0f9_3997f89ba6a22} \\ \textbf{IRI:} \ \text{IRI:} \$

Elucidation: A 'varaible' that stand for a well known constant.

Example: π refers to the constant number ~3.14

Relations:

 \bullet is_a Variable

• Inverse(hasVariable) only Numerical

• disjoint_with Collection, Void

Parameter

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_d1d436e7_72fc_49cd_863b_7bfb4ba5276a}$

Example: viscosity in the Navier-Stokes equation

Comment: A 'variable' whose value is assumed to be known independently from the equation, but whose value is not explicitated in the equation.

Relations:

- is a Variable
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

NaturalLaw

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO db9a009e f097 43f5 9520 6cbc07e7610b

Relations:

- is a Theory
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Variable

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_1eed0732_e3f1_4b2c_a9c4_b4e75eeb5895$

Elucidation: A 'Variable' is a symbolic object that stands for a numerical defined 'Mathematical' object like e.g. a number, a vector, a matrix.

Example: x k

Relations:

- is_a Mathematical
- is a Conventional
- Inverse(hasVariable) some Mathematical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Theory

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_8d2d9374_ef3a_47e6_8595_6bc208e07519

Elucidation: A 'conventional' that stand for a 'physical'.

Comment: The 'theory' is e.g. a proposition, a book or a paper whose sub-symbols suggest in the mind of the interpreter an interpretant structure that can represent a 'physical'.

It is not an 'icon' (like a math equation), because it has no common resemblance or logical structure with the 'physical'.

In Peirce semiotics: legisign-symbol-argument

Relations:

- is a Conventional
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Conventional

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics\#EMMO_35d2e130_6e01_41ed_94f7_00b333d46cf9}$

Elucidation: A 'Sign' that stands for an 'Object' through convention, norm or habit, without any resemblance to it.

Comment: In Peirce semiotics this kind of sign category is called symbol. However, since symbol is also used in formal languages, the name is changed in conventional.

- is_a Sign
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

MaterialLaw

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_f19ff3b4_6bfe_4c41_a2b2_9affd39c140b

Relations:

- is a NaturalLaw
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Property branch

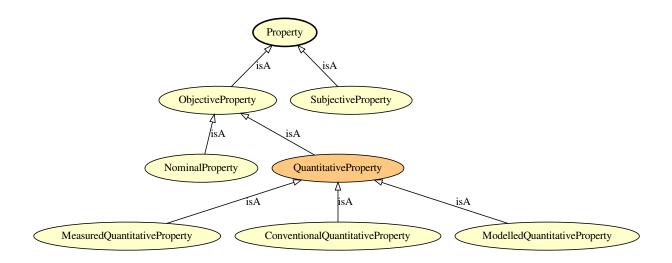


Figure 3.10: Property branch.

NominalProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_909415d1_7c43_4d5e_bbeb_7e1910159f66

Elucidation: An 'ObjectiveProperty' that cannot be quantified.

Example: CFC is a 'sign' that stands for the fact that the morphology of atoms composing the microstructure of an entity is predominantly Cubic Face Centered

Comment: "Property of a phenomenon, body, or substance, where the property has no magnitude."

"A nominal property has a value, which can be expressed in words, by alphanumerical codes, or by other means."

International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

Relations:

- is a ObjectiveProperty
- disjoint_with SubjectiveProperty, Collection, Void

Property

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_b7bcff25_ffc3_474e_9ab5_01b1664bd4ba

Elucidation: A 'Perceptual' referring to a specific code that is used as 'Conventional' sign to represent an 'Object' according to a specific interaction mechanism by an 'Observer'.

(A property is always a partial representation of an 'Object' since it reflects the 'Object' capability to be part of a specific 'Observation' process)

Example: Hardness is a subclass of properties.

Vickers hardness is a subclass of hardness that involves the procedures and instruments defined by the standard hardness test.

Example: Let's define the class 'colour' as the subclass of the properties that involve photon emission and an electromagnetic radiation sensible observer.

An individual C of this class 'colour' can be defined be declaring the process individual (e.g. daylight illumination) and the observer (e.g. my eyes)

Stating that an entity E has_property C, we mean that it can be observed by such setup of process + observer (i.e. observed by my eyes under daylight).

This definition can be generalized by using a generic human eye, so that the observer can be a generic human.

This can be used in material characterization, to define exactly the type of measurement done, including the instrument type.

Comment: A 'Property' is a sort of name or label that we put upon objects that interact with an observer in the same specific way.

e.g. "hot" objects are objects that interact with an observer through a perception mechanism aimed to perceive an heat source.

Comment: We know real world entities through observation/perception.

A non-perceivable real world entity does not exist (or it exists on a plane of existance that has no intersection with us and we can say nothing about it).

Perception/observation of a real wolrd entity occurs when the entity stimulate an observer in a peculiar way through a well defined perception channel.

For this reason each property is related to a specific observation process which involves a specific observer with its own perception mechanisms.

The observation process (e.g. a look, a photo shot, a measurement) is performed by an observer (e.g. you, a camera, an instrument) through a specific perception mechanism (e.g. retina impression, CMOS excitation, piezoelectric sensor activation) and involves an observed entity.

An observation is a semiotic process, since it stimulate an interpretant within the interpreter who can communicate the perception result to other interpreters through a sign which is the property.

Property subclasses are specializations that depend on the type of observation processes.

e.g. the property 'colour' is related to a process that involves emission or interaction of photon and an observer who can perceive electromagnetic radiation in the visible frequency range.

Properties usually relies on symbolic systems (e.g. for colour it can be palette or RGB).

Relations:

- is_a Perceptual
- is a Conventional
- Inverse(hasParticipant) some Observation
- Inverse(hasProperty) some Object
- disjoint with Collection, Void
- disjoint union of SubjectiveProperty, ObjectiveProperty

MeasuredQuantitativeProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_873b0ab3_88e6_4054_b901_5531e01f14a4

- is_a QuantitativeProperty
- disjoint_with Collection, SubjectiveProperty, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

SubjectiveProperty

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties} \# EMMO_251 \text{cfb4} \\ \textbf{4}_5 \text{c75}_4778_91 \text{ed}_6 \text{c8395212} \\ \textbf{fd8}_6 \text{c839522} \\ \textbf{fd8}_6 \text{c839522} \\ \textbf{fd8}_6 \text{c839522} \\ \textbf{fd8}_6 \text{c839522} \\ \textbf{fd8}_6 \text{c83952} \\ \textbf{fd8}_6$

Elucidation: A 'Property' that cannot be univocally determined and depends on an agent (e.g. a human individual, a community) acting as black-box.

Example: The beauty of that girl. The style of your clothing.

Comment: The word subjective means that a non-well defined or an unknown procedure is used for the definition of the property.

This happens due to e.g. the complexity of the object, the lack of a underlying model for the representation of the object, the non-well specified meaning of the property symbols.

A 'SubjectiveProperty' cannot be used to univocally compare 'Object'-s.

e.g. you cannot evaluate the beauty of a person on objective basis.

Relations:

- is a Property
- disjoint_with Collection, Void, ObjectiveProperty

QuantitativeProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO dd4a7f3e ef56 466c ac1a d2716b5f87ec

Elucidation: A 'Quantity' that can be quantified with respect to a standardized reference physical instance (e.g. the prototype meter bar, the kg prototype) or method (e.g. resilience) through a measurement process.

Comment: "A property of a phenomenon, body, or substance, where the property has a magnitude that can be expressed by means of a number and a reference" ISO 80000-1

"A reference can be a measurement unit, a measurement procedure, a reference material, or a combination of such." International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

Comment: A quantitative property is always expressed as a quantity (i.e. a number and a reference unit). For the EMMO, a nominalistic ontology, there is no property as abstract object.

A property is a sign that stands for an object according to a specific code shared by some observers.

For quantititative properties, one possible code that is shared between the scientific community (the observers) is the SI system of units.

Comment: Subclasses of 'QuantitativeProperty' classify objects according to the type semiosis that is used to connect the property to the object (e.g. by measurement, by convention, by modelling).

Relations:

- is_a ObjectiveProperty
- is_a Quantity
- disjoint_with Collection, SubjectiveProperty, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

ObjectiveProperty

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties} \# EMMO_2a888cdf_ec4a_4ec5_af1c_0343372fc978$

Elucidation: A 'Property' that is determined by each 'Observer' following a well defined 'Observation' procedure through a specific perception channel.

Comment: The word objective does not mean that each observation will provide the same results. It means that the observation followed a well defined procedure.

Comment: This class refers to what is commonly known as physical property, i.e. a measurable property of physical system, whether is quantifiable or not.

Relations:

- is a Property
- disjoint_with SubjectiveProperty, Collection, Void

Conventional Quantitative Property

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO d8aa8e1f b650 416d 88a0 5118de945456

Elucidation: A quantitative property attributed by agreement to a quantity for a given purpose.

Example: The thermal conductivity of a copper sample in my laboratory can be assumed to be the conductivity that appears in the vendor specification. This value has been obtained by measurement of a sample which is not the one I have in my laboratory. This conductivity value is then a conventional quantitative property assigned to my sample through a semiotic process in which no actual measurement is done by my laboratory.

If I don't believe the vendor, then I can measure the actual thermal conductivity. I then perform a measurement process that semiotically assign another value for the conductivity, which is a measured property, since is part of a measurement process.

Then I have two different physical quantities that are properties thanks to two different semiotic processes.

Comment: A property that is associated to an object by convention, or assumption.

Relations:

- is_a QuantitativeProperty
- disjoint with Collection, SubjectiveProperty, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

ModelledQuantitativeProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_d0200cf1_e4f4_45ae_873f_b9359daea3cd Relations:

- is_a QuantitativeProperty
- disjoint with Collection, Subjective Property, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

Icon branch

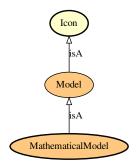


Figure 3.11: Icon branch.

Icon

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO_d7788d1a_020d_4c78_85a1_13563fcec168

Elucidation: A 'Sign' that stands for an 'Object' by resembling or imitating it, in shape or by sharing a similar logical structure.

Example: A picture that reproduces the aspect of a person.

An equation that reproduces the logical connection of the properties of a physical entity.

Comment: Three subtypes of icon are possible:

- (a) the image, which depends on a simple quality (e.g. picture)
- (b) the diagram, whose internal relations, mainly dyadic or so taken, represent by analogy the relations in something (e.g. math formula, geometric flowchart)
- (c) the metaphor, which represents the representative character of a sign by representing a parallelism in something else

[Wikipedia]

Relations:

- is a Sign
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Model

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO 939483b1 0148 43d1 8b35 851d2cd5d939

Elucidation: A 'sign' that not only stands for a 'physical' or a 'process', but it is also a simplified representation, aimed to assist calculations for its description or for predictions of its behaviour.

A 'model' represents a 'physical' or a 'process' by direct similitude (e.g. small scale replica) or by capturing in a logical framework the relations between its properties (e.g. mathematical model).

Comment: A 'model' prediction is always a prediction of the properties of an entity, since an entity is known by an interpreter only through perception.

Relations:

- is_a Icon
- equivalent_to Inverse(hasModel) some Physical
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Process branch

Manufacturing

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/manufacturing#EMMO_a4d66059_5dd3_4b90_b4cb_10960559441b

Relations:

- is a Process
- hasProperParticipant some Engineered
- disjoint_with Quantum, Collection, Void

PhysicalPhenomenon

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_314d0bd5_67ed_437e_a609_36d46147cea7

Elucidation: A 'process' that is recognized by physical sciences and is catogrized accordingly.

Comment: While every 'process' in the EMMO involves physical objects, this class is devoted to represent real world objects that express a phenomena relevant for the ontologist.

Relations:

• is_a Process

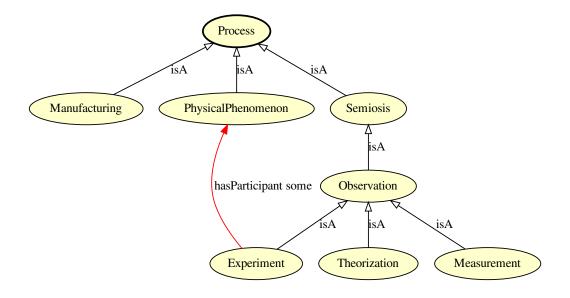


Figure 3.12: Process branch.

• disjoint with Collection, Void

Process

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/holistic#EMMO_43e9a05d_98af_41b4_92f6_00f79a09bfce

Elucidation: A temporal part of a 'physical' that identifies a particular type of evolution in time.

Comment: A 'Process' is always a 'Physical', since a 'Void' does not have elements that evolves in time.

Comment: A 'Process' is defined as a temporal part of a 'Physical' that is categorized according to an EMMO user that recognizes a particular type of evolution in time of the real world object.

Following the common definition of process, every 'Physical' should be a process, since every 4D object always has a time dimension.

However, in the EMMO we restrict the meaning of the word process to 'Physical'-s whose evolution in time have a particular meaning for the ontologist.

A 'Process' is not only something that unfolds in time (which is automatically represented in a 4D ontology), but something that has a meaning for the ontologist, i.e. that the ontologist can separate from the rest of the 4D physical for any reason.

Relations:

- is_a Holistic
- is a Physical
- hasParticipant some Participant
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Theorization

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models\#EMMO_6c739b1a_a774_4416_bb31_1961486fa9ed}$

Elucidation: The 'semiosis' process of interpreting a 'physical' and provide a complex sign, 'theory' that stands for it and explain it to another interpreter.

Relations:

• is a Observation

• disjoint_with Quantum, Collection, Void

Experiment

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_22522299_4091_4d1f_82a2_3890492df6db

Elucidation: An experiment is a process that is intended to replicate a physical phenomenon in a controlled environment.

Relations:

- is a Observation
- hasParticipant some PhysicalPhenomenon
- disjoint_with Quantum, Collection, Void

Observation

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_10a5fd39_06aa_4648_9e70_f962a9cb2069

Elucidation: A 'Semiosis' that involves an 'Observer' that perceives another 'Physical' (the 'Object') through a specific perception mechanism and produces a 'Property' (the 'Sign') that stands for the result of that particular perception.

Relations:

- is a Semiosis
- hasParticipant some Observer
- hasParticipant some Property
- disjoint with Quantum, Collection, Void

Measurement

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_463bcfda_867b_41d9_a967_211d4d437cfb

Elucidation: An 'observation' that results in a quantitative comparison of a 'property' of an 'object' with a standard reference.

Relations:

- is a Observation
- hasParticipant some MeasurementInstrument
- $\bullet \ \ disjoint_with \ Quantum, \ Collection, \ Void$

Semiosis

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/semiotics#EMMO 008fd3b2 4013 451f 8827 52bceab11841

Elucidation: A 'Process', that has participant an 'Interpreter', that is aimed to produce a 'Sign' representing another participant, the 'Object'.

Example: Me looking a cat and saying loud: "Cat!" -> the semiosis process

me -> interpreter cat -> object (in Peirce semiotics) the cat perceived by my mind -> interpretant "Cat!" -> sign, the produced sign

- is_a Process
- hasProperParticipant some Interpreter
- hasProperParticipant some Object
- has ProperParticipant some Sign
- disjoint with Quantum, Collection, Void

Perceptual branch

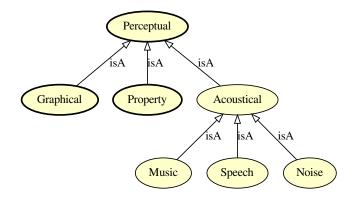


Figure 3.13: Perceptual branch.

Music

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_0d69f94a_f4fa_49d9_bf90_ace770eeab02

Elucidation: A 'acoustical' that can be categorized as music by the ontologist.

Comment: A music score is not a 'music' individual.

A music score is a 'graphical' that can stand for a 'music' (or vice versa) since it comes through a different perception mechanism.

The 'music' individual is the sound itself as produced and delivered by a source in the form of sound wave through a medium.

Relations:

- is a Acoustical
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Speech

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_660ef3b0_6692_4c51_8f69_763c7817b2e1

Relations:

- is a Acoustical
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Perceptual

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO 649bf97b 4397 4005 90d9 219755d92e34

Elucidation: A 'Physical' which stands for a real world object that can stimulate a perception (e.g. a mental impression, the excitation of a sensor) to an interpreter (human or non-human).

Example: A line scratched on a surface. A sound. A smell. The word 'cat' and the sound of the word 'cat' (the first one is graphical and the second acoustical).

Example: The meta-semiotic process: I see a cloud in the sky. Since I'm an EMMO ontologist, I create an individual named Cloud under the 'Impression' class. This semiotic process occurs at meta-level: it's how I use the EMMO as tool for a direct representation of the world.

The semiotic process within EMMO: My friend looks at the same cloud and says: "It is an elephant". I use the EMMO to record this experience by declaring: - my friend as MyFriend individual, belonging to 'Interpreter' classes - the sound of the word "elephant" as an acoustical impression individual named ElephantWord, belonging to 'Impression' - a relation hasSign between Cloud and ElephantWord, that makes ElephantWord also belonging to 'Sign' class and Cloud belonging also to 'Object' class - a 'Semiosis' individual called MyFriendElephantCloud that hasParticipant: Cloud, ElephantWord and MyFriend, respectively as object, sign and interpreter.

Comment: 'Perceptual' includes real world objects that: - are part of a communication system (e.g. words, speech, alphabets) - are not part of a communication system, but can be identified and referred by an interpreter

Comment: A 'Perceptual' is a meta-object, meaning that is addressed by the ontologist (the meta-interpreter) in a meta-semiotic process occurring outside the EMMO.

A 'Perceptual' becomes an 'Object', when it is part of a 'Semiotic' process described by the ontologist through the EMMO.

Comment: From Latin perceptiō ("a receiving or collecting, perception, comprehension"), from perceptus ("perceived, observed").

Comment: This class is the most general superclass for the categorization of real world objects that are recognizable by an interpreter (agent).

A 'Perceptual' can stand for something else in a semiotic process (acting as sign or as object).

However, a perceptual is not necessarily a 'Sign' (e.g. a line sketched on a blackboard is a recognizable 'Perceptual' but it may stand for nothing).

Relations:

- is a Perspective
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Acoustical

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_4b3afb22_27cf_4ce3_88bc_492bfccb546b

Elucidation: An 'impression' which stands for a real world object whose spatiotemporal pattern makes it identifiable by an observer as a sound.

Comment: 'acoustical' refers to the perception mechanism of the observer that can occur through a microphone, a ear.

Relations:

- is_a Perceptual
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Noise

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_91756568_8655_4060_8937_a1a906dad8c1

Relations:

- is a Acoustical
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Graphical branch

Graphical

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \# EMMO_c74 \\ \text{da} 218_9147_4f03_92 \\ \text{d} 1_8894 \\ \text{abca} 55f3$

Elucidation: A 'Phenomenic' which stands for a real world object whose spatial configuration shows a pattern identifiable by an observer.

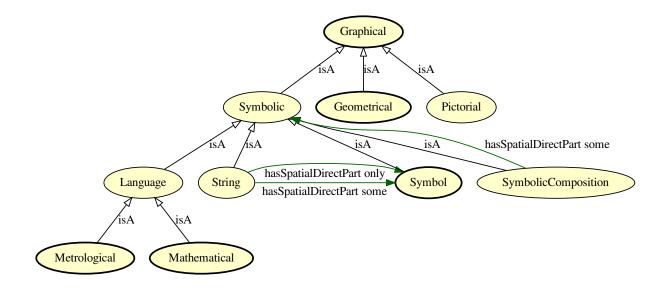


Figure 3.14: Graphical branch.

Example: 'Graphical' objects include writings, pictures, sketches ...

Comment: From the Ancient Greek $\gamma\rho\alpha\phi\dot{\eta}$ (graphé) which means drawing, painting, writing, a writing, description, and from $\gamma\rho\dot{\alpha}\phi\omega$ (gráphō) which means scratch, carve.

Relations:

- is_a Perceptual
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Language

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO d8d2144e 5c8d 455d a643 5caf4d8d9df8

Elucidation: A language object is a symbolic object respecting a specific language syntactic rules (a well-formed formula).

Relations:

- \bullet is_a Symbolic
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Pictorial

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \# EMMO_1 \\ \text{da} 53 \\ \text{c} 06_9577_4008_8652_272 \\ \text{fa} 3b 62 \\ \text{be} 70 \\ \text{c} 10 \\ \text{c}$

Elucidation: A 'Graphical' that stands for a real world object that shows a recognizable pictorial pattern without being necessarily associated to a symbolic language.

Example: A drawing of a cat. A circle on a paper sheet. The Mona Lisa.

Relations:

- is a Graphical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Symbolic Composition

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \# EMMO_89a0c87c_0804_4013_937a_6fe234d9499c$

Elucidation: A symbolic entity made of other symbolic entities according to a specific spatial configuration.

Relations:

- is_a Symbolic
- is a State
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Symbolic
- disjoint_with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

Symbolic

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO 057e7d57 aff0 49de 911a 8861d85cef40

Elucidation: An 'Graphical' that stands for a token or a composition of tokens from one or more alphabets, without necessarily respecting syntactic rules.

Example: fe780 emmo !5*a cat

Relations:

- is_a Graphical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

String

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO 50ea1ec5 f157 41b0 b46b a9032f17ca10

Elucidation: A physical made of more than one symbol sequentially arranged.

Example: The word "cat" considered as a collection of 'symbol'-s respecting the rules of english language.

In this example the 'symbolic' entity "cat" is not related to the real cat, but it is only a word (like it would be to an italian person that ignores the meaning of this english word).

If an 'interpreter' skilled in english language is involved in a 'semiotic' process with this word, that "cat" became also a 'sign' i.e. it became for the 'interpreter' a representation for a real cat.

Comment: A string is made of concatenated symbols whose arrangement is one-dimensional. Each symbol can have only one previous and one next neighborhood (bidirectional list).

Comment: A string is not requested to respect any syntactic rule: it's simply directly made of symbols.

Relations:

- is_a Symbolic
- is a State
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Symbol
- hasSpatialDirectPart only Symbol
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, PhysicsEquation, Void, MaterialRelation

Geometrical branch

Sphere

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_d7bf784a_db94_4dd9_861c_54f262846fbf

- is_a 2-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

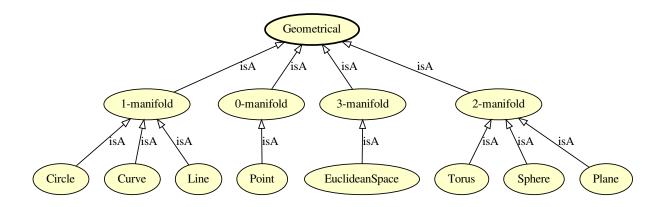


Figure 3.15: Geometrical branch.

Line

 $\label{lem:lem:moinfo} \textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \# EMMO_3e309118_e8b7_4021_80f4_642d2df65d94 \\ \textbf{Relations:}$

- is_a 1-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Circle

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_b2a234a8_579a_422c_9305_b8f7e72c76cd Relations:

- is a 1-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Point

 $\label{lem:lem:moinfo/emmo/middle/perceptual \#EMMO_39362460_2a97_4367_8f93_0418c2ac9a08 \\ \textbf{Relations:}$

- is a 0-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

1-manifold

 $\label{lem:lem:moinfo} \textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \\ \# EMMO_0c576e13_4ee7_4f3d_bfe9_1614243df018 \\ \textbf{Relations:}$

- \bullet is_a Geometrical
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Plane

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_25f5ca8e_8f7f_44d8_a392_bd3fe8894458 Relations:

• is_a 2-manifold

• disjoint with Collection, Void

Torus

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_86060335_31c2_4820_b433_27c64aea0366

Relations:

- is_a 2-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

0-manifold

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO 0ab0485c 9e5b 4257 a679 90a2dfba5c7c

Relations:

- is a Geometrical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

2-manifold

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_9268958f_7f54_48ab_a693_febe2645892b

Relations:

- is a Geometrical
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Geometrical

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_b5957cef_a287_442d_a3ce_fd39f20ba1cd

Elucidation: A 'graphical' aimed to represent a geometrical concept.

Comment: A 'geometrical' stands for real world objects that express a geometrical concept.

This can be achieved in many different ways. For example, a line can be expressed by: a) an equation like y=mx+q, which is both an 'equation' and a 'geometrical' b) a line drawn with a pencil on a paper, which is simply a 'graphical' object c) a set of axioms, when the properties of a line are inferred by the interpreter reading them, that are both 'graphical' and also 'formula'

The case a) is a geometrical and mathematical, b) is geometrical and pictorial, while c) is geometrical and a composition of idiomatic strings.

Relations:

- is a Graphical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

EuclideanSpace

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_5f278af9_8593_4e27_a717_ccc9e07a0ddf

- is a 3-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Curve

 $\label{lem:lem:moinfo} \textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \\ \# EMMO_0 \text{ef4ff4a_5458_4f2a_b51f_4689d472a3f2} \\ \textbf{Relations:}$

- is_a 1-manifold
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

3-manifold

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual} \\ \# EMMO_46 \\ f0 \\ f8 \\ df_4 \\ dc6_418 \\ f_8036_10427 \\ a3a288 \\ emmo/middle/perceptual \\ \# EMMO_46 \\ f0 \\ f8 \\ df_4 \\ dc6_418 \\ f_8036_10427 \\ a3a288 \\ emmo/middle/perceptual \\ \# EMMO_46 \\ fo f8 \\ df_4 \\ dc6_418 \\ f_8036_10427 \\ a3a288 \\ emmo/middle/perceptual \\ \# EMMO_46 \\ fo f8 \\ df_4 \\ dc6_418 \\ f_8036_10427 \\ a3a288 \\ emmo/middle/perceptual \\ \# EMMO_46 \\ fo f8 \\ df_4 \\ dc6_418 \\ f_8036_10427 \\ a3a288 \\ emmo/middle/perceptual \\ \# EMMO_46 \\ fo f8 \\ df_4 \\ dc6_418 \\ f_8036_10427 \\ above factor \\ fac$

Relations:

- is a Geometrical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Symbol branch

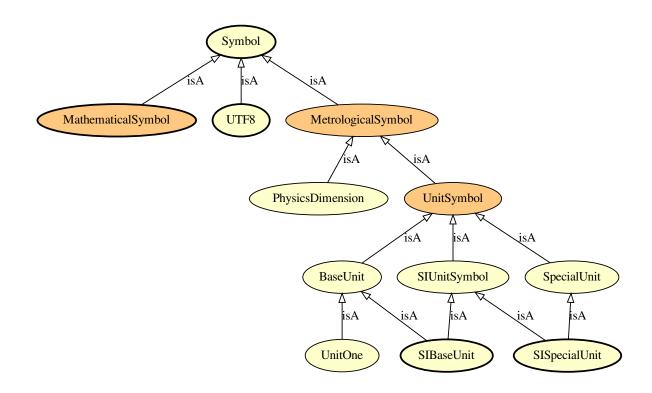


Figure 3.16: Symbol branch.

UnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_216f448e_cdbc_4aeb_a529_7a5fe7fc38bb

- is a MetrologicalSymbol
- is a NonPrefixedUnit
- $\bullet \;$ equivalent_to Symbol and Measurement Unit
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

• disjoint_union_of SpecialUnit, BaseUnit

PhysicsDimension

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO}_9895a1b4_f0a5_4167_ac5e_97db40b8bfcc$

Elucidation: A symbol that, following SI specifications, describe the physical dimensionality of a physical quantity.

Comment: Actually the expression used by the EMMO for expressin physical dimensions is recognized as a string at meta level (the ontologist level). However, since we don't want to make the EMMO a parser, we consider it as a set of symbols that follows this structure:

Ta Lb Mc Id He Nf Jg

where a, b, c, d, e, f and g are integers.

Examples of correspondance between base units and physical dimensions are: mol -> T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N+1 J0 s -> T+1 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0 A/m2 -> T0 L0 M-2 I+1 H0 N0 J0

As regex, the physical dimension symbol is: T([+-][1-9]|0) L([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-][1-9]|0) I([+-][1-9]|0) H([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-

Comment: All physical quantities, with the exception of counts, are derived quantities, which may be written in terms of base quantities according to the equations of physics. The dimensions of the derived quantities are written as products of powers of the dimensions of the base quantities using the equations that relate the derived quantities to the base quantities. In general the dimension of any quantity Q is written in the form of a dimensional product,

 $\dim Q = T^{\alpha} L^{\beta} M^{\gamma} I^{\delta} \Theta^{\epsilon} N^{\zeta} J^{\eta}$

where the exponents α , β , γ , δ , ϵ , ζ and η , which are generally small integers, which can be positive, negative, or zero, are called the dimensional exponents. (SI brochure)

Relations:

- is_a MetrologicalSymbol
- is_a Symbol
- is_a Metrological
- disjoint with Collection, Prefixed Unit, Equation, Derived Unit, Physics Based Model, Quantity, Void

UnitOne

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_5ebd5e01_0ed3_49a2_a30d_cd05cbe72978

Elucidation: Represents the number 1, used as an explicit unit to say something has no units.

Example: Refractive index or volume fraction.

Example: Typically used for ratios of two units whos dimensions cancels out.

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/UNITLESS

Relations:

- is a BaseUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, SpecialUnit, Quantity, Void

MetrologicalSymbol

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_50a3552e_859a_4ff7_946d_76d537cabce6}$

- is_a Symbol
- is_a Metrological
- hasProperPart only not Metrological

- equivalent to Symbol and Metrological
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

Symbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_a1083d0a_c1fb_471f_8e20_a98f881ad527

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for an elementary mark of a specific symbolic code (alphabet).

Example: The class of letter "A" is the symbol as idea and the letter A that you see on the screen is the mark.

Comment: Subclasses of 'Symbol' are alphabets, in formal languages terminology.

A 'Symbol' is atomic for that alphabet, i.e. it has no parts that are symbols for the same alphabet. e.g. a math symbol is not made of other math symbols

A Symbol may be a String in another language. e.g. "Bq" is the symbol for Becquerel units when dealing with metrology, or a string of "B" and "q" symbols when dealing with characters.

Comment: Symbols of a formal language need not be symbols of anything. For instance there are logical constants which do not refer to any idea, but rather serve as a form of punctuation in the language (e.g. parentheses).

Symbols of a formal language must be capable of being specified without any reference to any interpretation of them. (Wikipedia)

Comment: The class is the idea of the symbol, while the individual of that class stands for a specific mark (or token) of that idea.

Relations:

- is a Symbolic
- hasSymbolData exactly 1 type
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

BaseUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO db716151 6b73 45ff 910c d182fdcbb4f5

Relations:

- is_a UnitSymbol
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, SpecialUnit, Quantity, Void

SpecialUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_3ee80521_3c23_4dd1_935d_9d522614a3e2}$

Elucidation: A unit symbol that stands for a derived unit.

Example: Pa stands for N/m2 J stands for N m

Comment: Special units are semiotic shortcuts to more complex composed symbolic objects.

- is a UnitSymbol
- is_a Sign
- Inverse(hasSign) some DerivedUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, BaseUnit, Quantity, Void

SIUnitSymbol

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO}_32129 \text{fb5}_\text{df25}_48 \text{fd}_\text{a}29 \text{c}_18 \text{a}2 \text{f}22 \text{a}2 \text{d}d5$

Relations:

- is_a SICoherentUnit
- is_a UnitSymbol
- is_a Semiotic
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void
- disjoint_union_of SIBaseUnit, SISpecialUnit

Mathematical branch

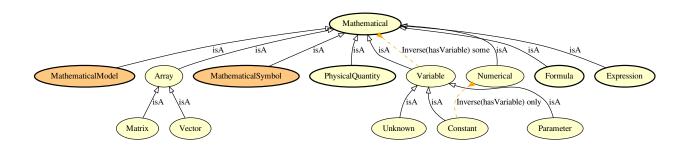


Figure 3.17: Mathematical branch.

Mathematical

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_54ee6b5e_5261_44a8_86eb_5717e7fdb9d0}$

Elucidation: The class of general mathematical symbolic objects respecting mathematical syntactic rules.

Relations:

- is_a Language
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Array

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_28fbea28_2204_4613_87ff_6d877b855fcd

Relations:

- is a Mathematical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Unknown

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_fe7e56ce_118b_4243_9aad_20eb9f4f31f6}$

Elucidation: The dependent variable for which an equation has been written.

Example: Velocity, for the Navier-Stokes equation.

Relations:

• is a Variable

• disjoint_with Collection, Void

Constant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_ae15fb4f_8e4d_41de_a0f9_3997f89ba6a2

Elucidation: A 'varaible' that stand for a well known constant.

Example: π refers to the constant number ~3.14

Relations:

- is a Variable
- Inverse(hasVariable) only Numerical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Parameter

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_d1d436e7_72fc_49cd_863b_7bfb4ba5276a}$

Example: viscosity in the Navier-Stokes equation

Comment: A 'variable' whose value is assumed to be known independently from the equation, but whose value is not explicitated in the equation.

Relations:

- is a Variable
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Variable

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_1eed0732_e3f1_4b2c_a9c4_b4e75eeb5895$

Elucidation: A 'Variable' is a symbolic object that stands for a numerical defined 'Mathematical' object like e.g. a number, a vector, a matrix.

Example: x k

Relations:

- is a Mathematical
- is_a Conventional
- Inverse(hasVariable) some Mathematical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Matrix

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO_1cba0b27_15d0_4326_933f_379d0b3565b6$

Relations:

- is_a Array
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Vector

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_06658d8d_dcde_4fc9_aae1_17f71c0bcdec

- is_a Array
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Numerical

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math} \\ \# EMMO_4ce76d7f_03f8_45b6_9003_90052a79bfaa$

Elucidation: A 'Mathematical' that has no unknown value, i.e. all its 'Variable"-s parts refers to a 'Number' (for scalars that have a built-in datatype) or to another 'Numerical' (for complex numerical data structures that should rely on external implementations).

Relations:

- is a Mathematical
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Mathematical Symbol branch

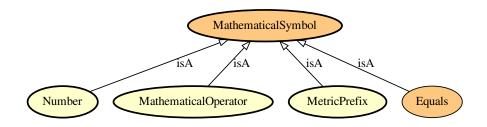


Figure 3.18: Mathematical Symbol branch.

Equals

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_535d75a4_1972_40bc_88c6_ca566386934f

Elucidation: The equals symbol.

Relations:

- is a MathematicalSymbol
- is_a Mathematical
- is_a Symbol
- equivalent_to hasSymbolData value "="
- disjoint_with LatinSmallLetterA, Collection, PrefixedUnit, LatinCapitalLetterA, Equation, SIMetricPrefix, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, SIUnitSymbol, Void, LatinSmallLetterM

MathematicalSymbol

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_5be83f9c_a4ba_4b9a_be1a_5bfc6e891231$

- is_a Mathematical
- is_a Symbol
- hasProperPart only not Mathematical
- equivalent_to Mathematical and Symbol
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

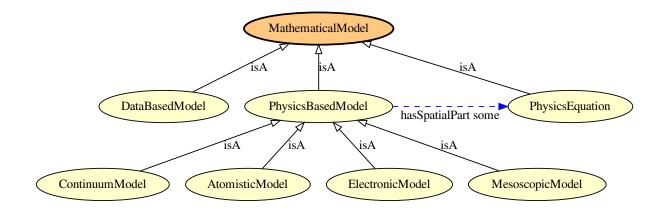


Figure 3.19: Mathematical Model branch.

Mathematical Model branch

MathematicalModel

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models\#EMMO_f7ed665b_c2e1_42bc_889b_6b42ed3a36f0}$

Relations:

- is a Mathematical
- is a Model
- equivalent_to Mathematical and Model
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

ContinuumModel

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models} \\ \# EMMO_4456a5d2_16a6_4ee1_9a8e_5c75956b28ea$

Relations:

- \bullet is_a PhysicsBasedModel
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

AtomisticModel

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_84cadc45_6758_46f2_ba2a_5ead65c70213

Relations:

- is_a PhysicsBasedModel
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

DataBasedModel

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_a4b14b83_9392_4a5f_a2e8_b2b58793f59b

Elucidation: A computational model that uses data to create new insight into the behaviour of a system.

- is a MathematicalModel
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

PhysicsBasedModel

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models\#EMMO_b29fd350_39aa_4af7_9459_3faa0544cba6$

Elucidation: A solvable set of one Physics Equation and one or more Materials Relations.

Relations:

- is a Mathematical Model
- hasSpatialPart some PhysicsEquation
- hasSpatialPart some MaterialRelation
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

ElectronicModel

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO 6eca09be 17e9 445e abc9 000aa61b7a11

Relations:

- is a PhysicsBasedModel
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

PhysicsEquation

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_27c5d8c6_8af7_4d63_beb1_ec37cd8b3fa3

Elucidation: An 'equation' that stands for a 'physical_law' by mathematically defining the relations between physics_quantities.

Comment: The Newton's equation of motion.

The Schrodinger equation.

The Navier-Stokes equation.

Relations:

- is_a Equation
- \bullet is_a MathematicalModel
- hasSpatialDirectPart some PhysicalQuantity
- Inverse(hasModel) some PhysicalPhenomenon
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Elementary, String, Quantum, Symbol, Void

MesoscopicModel

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_53935db0_af45_4426_b9e9_244a0d77db00

Relations:

- \bullet is_a PhysicsBasedModel
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

Mathematical Operator branch

Multiplication

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_2b1303e8_d4c3_453b_9918_76f1d009543f

- is a ArithmeticOperator
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

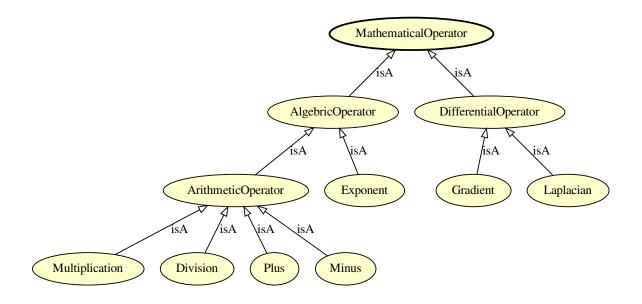


Figure 3.20: Mathematical Operator branch.

ArithmeticOperator

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_707f0cd1_941c_4b57_9f20_d0ba30cd6ff3$

Relations:

- is a AlgebricOperator
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

Exponent

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO} \underline{223d9523} \underline{4169} \underline{4ecd} \underline{b8af} \underline{acad1215e1ff}$

Relations:

- \bullet is_a AlgebricOperator
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

Gradient

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO_b5c58790_fb2d_42eb_b184_2a3f6ca60acb}$

Relations:

- is_a DifferentialOperator

AlgebricOperator

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO_3c424d37_cf62_41b1_ac9d_a316f8d113d6}$

- is a MathematicalOperator
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

Laplacian

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO_048a14e3_65fb_457d_8695_948965c89492}$

Relations:

- is_a DifferentialOperator
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

Division

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO a365b3c1 7bde 41d7 a15b 2820762e85f4

Relations:

- is_a ArithmeticOperator
- disjoint with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

MathematicalOperator

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math\#EMMO_f6d0c26a_98b6_4cf8_8632_aa259131faaa}$

Relations:

- is a MathematicalSymbol
- is a Mathematical
- is_a Symbol
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

DifferentialOperator

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math} \# EMMO_f8a2 fe9f_458b_4771_9aba_a50e76afc52d$

Relations:

- is a MathematicalOperator
- disjoint with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

Plus

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO 8de14a59 660b 454f aff8 76a07ce185f4

Relations:

- is_a ArithmeticOperator
- $\bullet \ \ disjoint_with \ Collection, \ Prefixed Unit, \ Equation, \ Derived Unit, \ Physics Based Model, \ Quantity, \ Void \ \ Prefixed Unit, \ Prefixed Unit,$

Minus

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO 46d5643b 9706 4b67 8bea ed77d6026539

- is a ArithmeticOperator
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

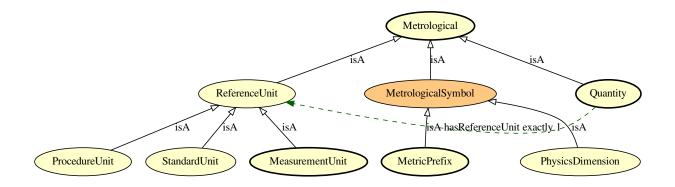


Figure 3.21: Metrological branch.

Metrological branch

Metrological

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO 985bec21 989f 4b9e a4b3 735d88099c3c

Elucidation: A symbolic object used in metrology.

Comment: This language domain makes use of ISO 80000 concepts.

Relations:

- is_a Language
- disjoint with Collection, Void

UnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_216f448e_cdbc_4aeb_a529_7a5fe7fc38bb

Relations:

- is_a MetrologicalSymbol
- is a NonPrefixedUnit
- equivalent_to Symbol and MeasurementUnit
- disjoint union of SpecialUnit, BaseUnit

PhysicsDimension

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_9895a1b4_f0a5_4167_ac5e_97db40b8bfcc

Elucidation: A symbol that, following SI specifications, describe the physical dimensionality of a physical quantity.

Comment: Actually the expression used by the EMMO for expressin physical dimensions is recognized as a string at meta level (the ontologist level). However, since we don't want to make the EMMO a parser, we consider it as a set of symbols that follows this structure:

Ta Lb Mc Id He Nf Jg

where a, b, c, d, e, f and g are integers.

Examples of correspondance between base units and physical dimensions are: mol -> T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N+1 J0 s -> T+1 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0 A/m2 -> T0 L0 M-2 I+1 H0 N0 J0

As regex, the physical dimension symbol is: T([+-][1-9]|0) L([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-][1-9]|0) I([+-][1-9]|0) H([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-][1-9]|0) M([+-

Comment: All physical quantities, with the exception of counts, are derived quantities, which may be written in terms of base quantities according to the equations of physics. The dimensions of the derived quantities are written as products of powers of the dimensions of the base quantities using the equations that relate the derived quantities to the base quantities. In general the dimension of any quantity Q is written in the form of a dimensional product,

where the exponents α , β , γ , δ , ϵ , ζ and η , which are generally small integers, which can be positive, negative, or zero, are called the dimensional exponents. (SI brochure)

Relations:

- is a MetrologicalSymbol
- is a Symbol
- is a Metrological
- disjoint with Collection, Prefixed Unit, Equation, Derived Unit, Physics Based Model, Quantity, Void

ProcedureUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_c9c8f824_9127_4f93_bc21_69fe78a7f6f2$

Elucidation: A reference unit provided by a measurement procedure.

Example: Rockwell C hardness of a given sample (150 kg load): 43.5HRC(150 kg)

Relations:

- is a ReferenceUnit
- disjoint with Collection, Void

UnitOne

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_5ebd5e01_0ed3_49a2_a30d_cd05cbe72978

Elucidation: Represents the number 1, used as an explicit unit to say something has no units.

Example: Refractive index or volume fraction.

Example: Typically used for ratios of two units whos dimensions cancels out.

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/UNITLESS

Relations:

- is_a BaseUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, SpecialUnit, Quantity, Void

MetrologicalSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_50a3552e_859a_4ff7_946d_76d537cabce6

- is_a Symbol
- is_a Metrological
- hasProperPart only not Metrological
- $\bullet\,$ equivalent_to Symbol and Metrological
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

StandardUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_acd1a504_ca32_4f30_86ad_0b62cea5bc02

Elucidation: A reference unit provided by a reference material. International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

Example: Arbitrary amount-of-substance concentration of lutropin in a given sample of plasma (WHO international standard 80/552): 5.0 International Unit/l

Relations:

- is a ReferenceUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

ReferenceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_18ce5200_00f5_45bb_8c6f_6fb128cd41ae

Comment: A reference can be a measurement unit, a measurement procedure, a reference material, or a combination of such. International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

Relations:

- is_a Metrological
- disjoint with Collection, Void

BaseUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_db716151_6b73_45ff_910c_d182fdcbb4f5

Relations:

- is a UnitSymbol
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, SpecialUnit, Quantity, Void

SIUnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_32129fb5_df25_48fd_a29c_18a2f22a2dd5

Relations:

- is a SICoherentUnit
- is a UnitSymbol
- is_a Semiotic
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void
- disjoint_union_of SIBaseUnit, SISpecialUnit

SpecialUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_3ee80521_3c23_4dd1_935d_9d522614a3e2

Elucidation: A unit symbol that stands for a derived unit.

Example: Pa stands for N/m2 J stands for N m

Comment: Special units are semiotic shortcuts to more complex composed symbolic objects.

- is a UnitSymbol
- is a Sign
- Inverse(hasSign) some DerivedUnit

• disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, BaseUnit, Quantity, Void

Physical Quantity branch

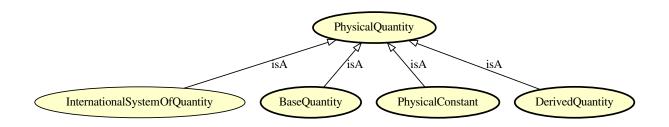


Figure 3.22: Physical Quantity branch.

InternationalSystemOfQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_f35cff4d_dc09_44cf_a729_22fb79e3bfb2

Elucidation: Quantities declared under the ISO 8000.

Relations:

- is_a PhysicalQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

DoseEquivalent

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_3df10765_f6ff_4c9e_be3d_10b1809d78bd}$

Elucidation: A dose quantity used in the International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) system of radiological protection.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Energy

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02101

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Mass

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_ed4af7ae_63a2_497e_bb88_2309619ea405$

Elucidation: Property of a physical body that express its resistance to acceleration (a change in its state of motion) when a force is applied.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Mass

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03709

- is_a ISQBaseQuantity
- Inverse(hasProperty) only Matter

• disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Time, Symbol, Quantum, ElectricCurrent, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

Energy

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_31ec09ba_1713_42cb_83c7_b38bf6f9ced2

Elucidation: A property of objects which can be transferred to other objects or converted into different forms.

Comment: Energy is often defined as "ability of a system to perform work", but it might be misleading since

is not necessarily available to do work.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Energy **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02101

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ElectricConductance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO ffb73b1e 5786 43e4 a964 cb32ac7affb7

Elucidation: Measure of the ease for electric current to pass through a material.

Altlabel: Conductance

Comment: Inverse of 'ElectricalResistance'.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electrical resistance and conductance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01925

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_f96feb3f_4438_4e43_aa44_7458c4d87fc2

Elucidation: The frequency standard in the SI system in which the photon absorption by transitions between the two hyperfine ground states of caesium-133 atoms are used to control the output frequency.

Relations:

• is_a Frequency

• is a SIExactConstant

• disjoint_with ElementaryCharge, Collection, BoltzmannConstant, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, BaseQuantity, Quantum, AvogadroConstant, Symbol, Planck-Constant, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Length

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_cd2cd0de_e0cc_4ef1_b27e_2e88db027bac

Elucidation: Extend of a spatial dimension.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Length **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03498

Relations:

• is_a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Quantum, ElectricCurrent, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

ElectricCharge

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_1604f495_328a_4f28_9962_f4cc210739dd

Elucidation: The physical property of matter that causes it to experience a force when placed in an electro-

magnetic field.

Altlabel: Charge

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electric_charge

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01923

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ElectricResistance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO e88f75d6 9a17 4cfc bdf7 43d7cea5a9a1

Elucidation: Measure of the difficulty to pass an electric current through a material.

Altlabel: Resistance

Comment: Inverse of 'ElectricalConductance'.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electrical resistance and conductance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01936

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Illuminance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_b51fbd00_a857_4132_9711_0ef70e7bdd20

Definition: The total luminous flux incident on a surface, per unit area.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Illuminance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.I02941

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ThermodynamicTemperature

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_affe07e4_e9bc_4852_86c6_69e26182a17f}$

Elucidation: Thermodynamic temperature is the absolute measure of temperature. It is defined by the third law of thermodynamics in which the theoretically lowest temperature is the null or zero point.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Thermodynamic_temperature

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06321

Relations:

• is a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Quantum, ElectricCurrent, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity

Power

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_09b9021b_f97b_43eb_b83d_0a764b472bc2

Elucidation: Rate of transfer of energy per unit time.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Power_(physics)

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04792

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

MagneticFluxDensity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_961d1aba_f75e_4411_aaa4_457f7516ed6b

Elucidation: Strength of the magnetic field.

Comment: Often denoted B.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Magnetic_field

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03686

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ISQBaseQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_1a4c1a97_88a7_4d8e_b2f9_2ca58e92dde4

Relations:

- is_a InternationalSystemOfQuantity
- is_a BaseQuantity
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity
- disjoint_union_of LuminousIntensity, AmountOfSubstance, ThermodynamicTemperature, ElectricCurrent, Length, Time, Mass

Radioactivity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_8d3da9ac_2265_4382_bee5_db72046722f8}$

Elucidation: Decays per unit time.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00114

- is a ISODerivedOuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Inductance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_04cc9451_5306_45d0_8554_22cee4d6e785

Elucidation: A property of an electrical conductor by which a change in current through it induces an electromotive force in both the conductor itself and in any nearby conductors by mutual inductance.

Altlabel: ElectricInductance

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Inductance **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M04076

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

AmountOfSubstance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_8159c26a_494b_4fa0_9959_10888f152298

Elucidation: The number of elementary entities present.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Amount of substance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00297

Relations:

• is a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Quantum, ElectricCurrent, Length, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

LuminousFlux

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_e2ee1c98_497a_4f66_b4ed_5711496a848e}$

Elucidation: Perceived power of light.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Luminous_flux

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03646

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ElectricPotential

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO 4f2d3939 91b1 4001 b8ab 7d19074bf845

Elucidation: Energy required to move a unit charge through an electric field from a reference point.

Altlabel: Voltage

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Voltage **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00424

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ElementaryCharge

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_58a650f0_a638_4743_8439_535a325e5c4c

Elucidation: The magnitude of the electric charge carried by a single electron.

Comment: The DBpedia definition (http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge) is outdated as May 20, 2019. It is now an exact quantity.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02032

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value_ElementaryCharge

Relations:

- is a ElectricCharge
- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with Collection, BoltzmannConstant, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, LuminousEfficacy, Speed-OfLightInVacuum, BaseQuantity, Quantum, AvogadroConstant, Symbol, PlanckConstant, Hyperfine-TransitionFrequencyOfCs, OrdinalQuantity, Void

PhysicalQuantity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO}_02c0621e_a527_4790_8a0f_2bb51973c819$

Elucidation: A 'Mathematical' entity that is made of a 'Number' and a 'MeasurementUnit' defined by a physical law, connected to a physical entity through a model perspective. Measurement is done according to the same model.

Comment: Measured or simulated 'physical propertiy'-s are always defined by a physical law, connected to a physical entity through a model perspective and measurement is done according to the same model.

Systems of units suggests that this is the correct approach, since except for the fundamental units (length, time, charge) every other unit is derived by mathematical relations between these fundamental units, implying a physical laws or definitions.

Relations:

- is a Mathematical
- is_a Quantity
- hasReferenceUnit only MeasurementUnit
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Ordinal Quantity, Void
- disjoint_union_of DerivedQuantity, BaseQuantity

MagneticFlux

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_3b931698_937e_49be_ab1b_36fa52d911812} \\$

Elucidation: Measure of magnetism, taking account of the strength and the extent of a magnetic field.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Magnetic_flux

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03684

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Time

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO d4f7d378 5e3b 468a baa1 a7e98358cda7

Elucidation: The indefinite continued progress of existence and events that occur in apparently irreversible succession from the past through the present to the future.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Time

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06375

Relations:

- is a ISQBaseQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Mass, Quantum, Symbol, ElectricCurrent, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

Force

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_1f087811_06cb_42d5_90fb_25d0e7e068ef

Elucidation: Any interaction that, when unopposed, will change the motion of an object.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Force

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.F02480

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

PlaneAngle

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_f3dd74c0_f480_49e8_9764_33b78638c235

Elucidation: Ratio of circular arc length to radius. **Dbpediamatch:** http://dbpedia.org/page/Angle

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00346

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

CatalyticActivity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_bd67d149_24c2_4bc9_833a_c2bc26f98fd3

Elucidation: Increase in the rate of reaction of a specified chemical reaction that an enzyme produces in a specific assay system.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00881

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ElectricCurrent

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_c995ae70_3b84_4ebb_bcfc_69e6a281bb88$

Elucidation: A flow of electric charge.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electric_current

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01927

Relations:

• is_a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Quantum, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

Frequency

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_852b4ab8_fc29_4749_a8c7_b92d4fca7d5a$

Elucidation: Number of periods per time interval. **Dbpediamatch:** http://dbpedia.org/page/Frequency **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.FT07383

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

SolidAngle

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_e7c9f7fd_e534_4441_88fe_1fec6cb20f26$

Elucidation: Ratio of area on a sphere to its radius squared.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Solid_angle **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05732

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Capacitance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_99dba333_0dbd_4f75_8841_8c0f97fd58e2

Elucidation: The derivative of the electric charge of a system with respect to the electric potential.

Altlabel: ElectricCapacitance

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Capacitance **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00791

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

LuminousIntensity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_50bf79a6_a48b_424d_9d2c_813bd631231a

Elucidation: A measure of the wavelength-weighted power emitted by a light source in a particular direction per unit solid angle. It is based on the luminosity function, which is a standardized model of the sensitivity of the human eye.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Luminous_intensity

- is a ISQBaseQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Quantum, ElectricCurrent, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

AbsorbedDose

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_8e5dd473_808b_4a8a_b7cd_63068c12ff57

Comment: Energy imparted to matter by ionizing radiation in a suitable small element of volume divided by the mass of that element of volume.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Absorbed_dose

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00031

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

CelsiusTemperature

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_66bc9029_f473_45ff_bab9_c3509ff37a22}$

Elucidation: An objective comparative measure of hot or cold.

Temperature is a relative quantity that can be used to express temperature differences. Unlike ThermodynamicTemperature, it cannot express absolute temperatures.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Temperature

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06261

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ISQDerivedQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_2946d40b_24a1_47fa_8176_e3f79bb45064

Relations:

- is a International System Of Quantity
- is a DerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Pressure

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO 50a44256 9dc5 434b bad4 74a4d9a29989

Elucidation: The force applied perpendicular to the surface of an object per unit area over which that force is distributed.

 $\textbf{Dbpediamatch:}\ \, \texttt{http://dbpedia.org/page/Pressure}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04819

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Number branch

Number

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO 21f56795 ee72 4858 b571 11cfaa59c1a8

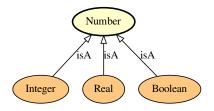


Figure 3.23: Number branch.

Elucidation: A numerical data value.

Comment: A number is actually a string (e.g. 1.4, 1e-8) of numerical digits and other symbols. However, in order not to increase complexity of the taxonomy and relations, here we take a number as an "atomic" object (i.e. we do not include digits in the EMMO as alphabet for numbers).

A 'Number' individual provide the link between the ontology and the actual data, through the data property hasNumericalValue.

Relations:

- \bullet is_a Numerical
- is_a MathematicalSymbol
- is a Symbol
- disjoint with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

Integer

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_f8bd64d5_5d3e_4ad4_a46e_c30714fecb7f

Relations:

- is_a Number
- hasNumericalData only type
- hasNumericalData exactly 1 type
- equivalent_to hasNumericalData some type
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Boolean, Quantity, Real, Void

Real

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_18d180e4_5e3e_42f7_820c_e08951223486

Relations:

- \bullet is_a Number
- hasNumericalData only type
- hasNumericalData exactly 1 type
- equivalent_to hasNumericalData some type
- disjoint_with Collection, Integer, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Boolean, Quantity, Void

Boolean

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_54dc83cb_06e1_4739_9e45_bc09cead7f48$

Relations:

• is_a Number

- hasNumericalData only type
- hasNumericalData exactly 1 type
- equivalent to hasNumericalData some type
- disjoint_with Collection, Integer, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Real, Void

Measurement Unit branch

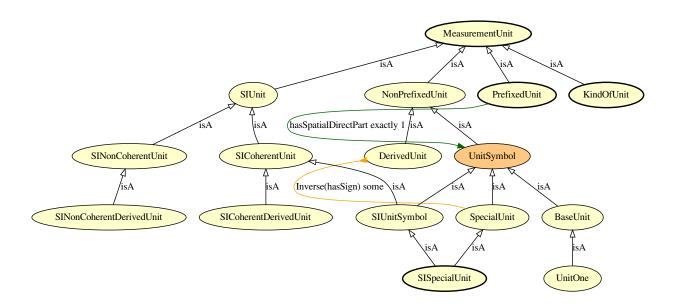


Figure 3.24: Measurement Unit branch.

UnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_216f448e_cdbc_4aeb_a529_7a5fe7fc38bb

Relations:

- is_a MetrologicalSymbol
- is a NonPrefixedUnit
- equivalent to Symbol and MeasurementUnit
- disjoint with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void
- disjoint union of SpecialUnit, BaseUnit

SINonCoherentDerivedUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_60b78cc3_6011_4134_95ab_956f56d4bdc1$

Elucidation: A derived unit whos numerical factor in front of the product of base units is NOT equal to one.

Relations:

- is_a SINonCoherentUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, SICoherentUnit, Void, SIPrefixedUnit

${f SICoherent Derived Unit}$

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_1273 eb 34_ de 48_ 43 a 9_ 925 f_ 104110469 dd 22 a 925 f_ 104$

Elucidation: A SI derived unit whos numerical factor in front of the product of SI base units is one.

Example: m/s kg/m³

Comment: This class collects all units that are products or powers of SI base or SI special units only.

Relations:

- is a SICoherentUnit
- disjoint_with SINonCoherentUnit, Collection, SIUnitSymbol, Void

NonPrefixedUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO 868ae137 4d25 493e b270 21ea3d94849e

Relations:

- is a MeasurementUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Void
- disjoint_union_of DerivedUnit, UnitSymbol

SINonCoherentUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 8246541a f1f6 4d03 8bd7 fc6b76d17375

Relations:

- is a SIUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, SICoherentUnit, Void
- disjoint union of SINonCoherentDerivedUnit, SIPrefixedUnit

SICoherentUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_707c6032_e272_4a20_98b5_d35c4f67be68$

Comment: Derived units are defined as products of powers of the base units. When the numerical factor of this product is one, the derived units are called coherent derived units. The base and coherent derived units of the SI form a coherent set, designated the set of coherent SI units.

Relations:

- is_a SIUnit
- $\bullet \ \ disjoint_with \ SIN on Coherent Unit, \ Collection, \ Void$
- disjoint union of SICoherentDerivedUnit, SIBaseUnit, SISpecialUnit

UnitOne

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_5ebd5e01_0ed3_49a2_a30d_cd05cbe72978

Elucidation: Represents the number 1, used as an explicit unit to say something has no units.

Example: Refractive index or volume fraction.

Example: Typically used for ratios of two units whos dimensions cancels out.

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/UNITLESS

- \bullet is_a BaseUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, SpecialUnit, Quantity, Void

SIUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_feb03a8a_bbb6_4918_a891_46713ef557f4}$

Elucidation: The set of units provided by the SI referring to the ISQ.

Comment: The complete set of SI units includes both the coherent set and the multiples and sub-multiples formed by using the SI prefixes.

Relations:

- is a MeasurementUnit
- disjoint with Collection, Void
- disjoint_union_of SICoherentDerivedUnit, SIBaseUnit, SINonCoherentDerivedUnit, SIPrefixedUnit, SIS-pecialUnit

DerivedUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_08b308d4_31cd_4779_a784_aa92fc730f39

Relations:

- is a NonPrefixedUnit
- disjoint with Symbol, Collection, PrefixedUnit, Void

BaseUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_db716151_6b73_45ff_910c_d182fdcbb4f5

Relations:

- is a UnitSymbol
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, SpecialUnit, Quantity, Void

SpecialUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_3ee80521_3c23_4dd1_935d_9d522614a3e2

Elucidation: A unit symbol that stands for a derived unit.

Example: Pa stands for N/m2 J stands for N m

Comment: Special units are semiotic shortcuts to more complex composed symbolic objects.

Relations:

- is_a UnitSymbol
- is_a Sign
- Inverse(hasSign) some DerivedUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, BaseUnit, Quantity, Void

SIUnitSymbol

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 32129fb5 df25 48fd a29c 18a2f22a2dd5

- is a SICoherentUnit
- is_a UnitSymbol
- is_a Semiotic
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

• disjoint_union_of SIBaseUnit, SISpecialUnit

SIPrefixedUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_d41ce84b_4317_41fb_a5d1_6cd281fca106

Elucidation: A SI base or special unit with a metric prefix.

Comment: The presence of the prefix makes this units non-coherent with SI system.

Relations:

- is a SINonCoherentUnit
- is_a PrefixedUnit
- hasSpatialDirectPart exactly 1 SIUnitSymbol
- disjoint_with Collection, NonPrefixedUnit, Elementary, SICoherentUnit, ArithmeticExpression, Quantum, Symbol, Void, PhysicsEquation, MaterialRelation, SINonCoherentDerivedUnit

MeasurementUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_b081b346_7279_46ef_9a3d_2c088fcd79f4

Elucidation: A 'Quantity' that stands for the standard reference magnitude of a specific class of measurement processes, defined and adopted by convention or by law.

The numerical quantity value of the 'MeasurementUnit' is conventionally 1 and does not appear.

Quantitative measurement results are expressed as a multiple of the 'MeasurementUnit'.

Comment: "Real scalar quantity, defined and adopted by convention, with which any other quantity of the same kind can be compared to express the ratio of the second quantity to the first one as a number" ISO 80000-1

Comment: "Unit symbols are mathematical entities and not abbreviations."

"Symbols for units are treated as mathematical entities. In expressing the value of a quantity as the product of a numerical value and a unit, both the numerical value and the unit may be treated by the ordinary rules of algebra."

https://www.bipm.org/utils/common/pdf/si-brochure/SI-Brochure-9-EN.pdf

Comment: While the SI brochure treats 'MeasurementUnit' as a 'PhysicalQuantity', in the EMMO this is not possible since the latter always has two direct parts, a 'Numerical' and a 'MeasurementUnit', while the former a single 'Symbol'.

SI distinguishes between a quantity (an abstract concept) and the quantity value (a number and a reference). The EMMO, following strict nominalism, considers a SI quantity as a SI quantity value, collapsing the two concepts into one: the 'Quantity'.

So, for the EMMO the symbol "kg" is not a physical quantity but a 'MeasurementUnit', while the string "1 kg" is 'Physical Quantity'.

Relations:

- is a ReferenceUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, Void
- $\bullet \ \ disjoint_union_of \ NonPrefixed Unit, \ Prefixed Unit$

UTF8 branch

LatinSmallLetterA

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_cfcf0f48_09ac_4770_a06a_684a42b4a14c}$

Altlabel: a Relations:

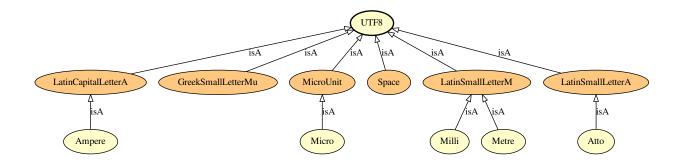


Figure 3.25: UTF8 branch.

- is a UTF8
- equivalent_to hasSymbolData value "a"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmall-LetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Ampere

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO db5dd38d ac79 4af6 8782 fee7e7150ae8

Definition: The ampere, symbol A, is the SI unit of electric current. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the elementary charge e to be $1.602176634 \times 10 - 19$ when expressed in the unit C, which is equal to A s, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00300

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/A

Relations:

- is a ElectricCurrentUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- is a LatinCapitalLetterA
- hasSymbolData value "A"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, SI-MetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

Milli

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO}_a3a701ed_6f7d_4a10_9aee_dfa1961fc7b7$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- is_a LatinSmallLetterM
- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Kelvin, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Centi, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, SISpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

LatinCapitalLetterA

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO} \underline{2125f2d0} \underline{5050} \underline{49e3} \underline{a579} \underline{4c74bc9fd02e}$

Altlabel: A

Relations:

- is_a UTF8
- equivalent to hasSymbolData value "A"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, DerivedUnit, SISpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

Micro

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_9ff3bf8e_2168_406e_8251_1d158fc948ae

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- is_a MicroUnit
- has Symbol
Data value " μ "
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmall-LetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

GreekSmallLetterMu

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_1e9c2a4b_abb9_4b27_bd9c_e31aac337a04

Altlabel: μ Relations:

- is a UTF8
- equivalent_to hasSymbolData value " "
- disjoint_with LatinSmallLetterA, Collection, PrefixedUnit, LatinCapitalLetterA, Equation, SIMetricPrefix, DerivedUnit, MicroUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Equals, Quantity, SIUnitSymbol, Void, LatinSmallLetterM

MicroUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_2cfdcca6_6231_48aa_81b5_388b464bfe80$

Altlabel: μ Relations:

- is_a UTF8
- equivalent_to hasSymbolData value "µ"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmall-LetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Space

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_ea192c80_6029_4410_863c_8eed7ea52037$

Altlabel:

Comment: U+0020

Relations:

• is a UTF8

- equivalent_to hasSymbolData value " "
- disjoint_with LatinSmallLetterA, Collection, PrefixedUnit, LatinCapitalLetterA, Equation, SIMetricPrefix, DerivedUnit, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Equals, Quantity, SIUnitSymbol, Void, LatinSmallLetterM

Metre

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_7db11dbf_a643_464a_9b56_07eabcc3e9c5

Definition: The metre, symbol m, is the SI unit of length. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the speed of light in vacuum c to be 299792458 when expressed in the unit m s-1, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03884

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M

Relations:

- is_a LengthUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- is a LatinSmallLetterM
- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Kelvin, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Kilogram, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Centi, Mole, Void

UTF8

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_e13b2173_1dec_4b97_9ac1_1dc4b418612a

Relations:

- is a Symbol
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

Atto

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_42955b2d_b465_4666_86cc_ea3c2d685753

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- is_a LatinSmallLetterA
- Inverse(hasVariable) only hasNumericalData value 1e-18
- hasSymbolData value "a"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmall-LetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

LatinSmallLetterM

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_aa0d5cde_cbdc_4815_b46d_2f76b00a6bde}$

Altlabel: m Relations:

- is a UTF8
- equivalent to hasSymbolData value "m"

disjoint_with Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Kelvin, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, Kilogram, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, SISpecialUnit, Centi, Mole, Void

SI Base Unit branch

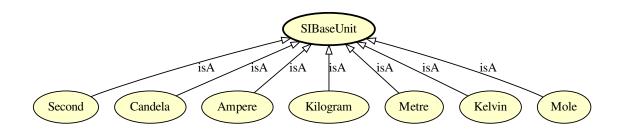


Figure 3.26: SI Base Unit branch.

Second

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_314ba716_2d3d_4462_9a4f_d3419ae1df43

Definition: The second, symbol s, is the SI unit of time. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the caesium frequency $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$, the unperturbed ground-state hyperfine transition frequency of the caesium 133 atom, to be 9192631770 when expressed in the unit Hz, which is equal to s-1.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05513

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

Relations:

- is_a TimeUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "s"
- disjoint_with Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

SIBaseUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_3a185e6c_9e19_4776_b583_19c978156aa0

Seealso: https://www.bipm.org/utils/common/pdf/si-brochure/SI-Brochure-9-EN.pdf

- is a SIUnitSymbol
- is_a KindOfUnit
- is_a BaseUnit
- is a Object
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Centi, Void

• disjoint union of Kelvin, Second, Metre, Candela, Kilogram, Ampere, Mole

Candela

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_8d00f093_3f45_4ea3_986c_b3545c3c2f4c

Definition: The candela, symbol cd, is the SI unit of luminous intensity in a given direction. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the luminous efficacy of monochromatic radiation of frequency 540×1012 Hz, Kcd, to be 683 when expressed in the unit lm W-1, which is equal to cd sr W-1, or cd sr kg-1 m-2 s3, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00787

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/CD

Relations:

- is a LuminousIntensityUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "cd"
- disjoint_with Second, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

Ampere

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_db5dd38d_ac79_4af6_8782_fee7e7150ae8$

Definition: The ampere, symbol A, is the SI unit of electric current. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the elementary charge e to be $1.602176634 \times 10 - 19$ when expressed in the unit C, which is equal to A s, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00300

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/A

Relations:

- is a ElectricCurrentUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- is_a LatinCapitalLetterA
- hasSymbolData value "A"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, SI-MetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

Kilogram

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_9bfd6f1e_b0ce_459c_beb7_8f1f41708bba}$

Definition: The kilogram, symbol kg, is the SI unit of mass. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Planck constant h to be $6.62607015 \times 10 - 34$ when expressed in the unit J s, which is equal to kg m² s-1, where the metre and the second are defined in terms of c and $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03391

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM

- is_a MassUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "kg"

• disjoint_with Second, Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Mole, Void

Metre

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_7db11dbf_a643_464a_9b56_07eabcc3e9c5

Definition: The metre, symbol m, is the SI unit of length. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the speed of light in vacuum c to be 299792458 when expressed in the unit m s-1, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03884

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M

Relations:

- is_a LengthUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- is a LatinSmallLetterM
- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Kelvin, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Kilogram, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Centi, Mole, Void

Kelvin

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_2e5e45fc_f52c_4294_bdc2_5ed7a06dfce7

Definition: The kelvin, symbol K, is the SI unit of thermodynamic temperature. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Boltzmann constant k to be 1.380649×10–23 when expressed in the unit J K–1, which is equal to kg m2 s–2 K–1, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03374

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/K

Relations:

- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ ThermodynamicTemperatureUnit$
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "K"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

Mole

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO df6eeb01 1b41 4bd8 9257 a04fbd7cf000

Definition: The mole, symbol mol, is the SI unit of amount of substance. One mole contains exactly 6.022 140 76×1023 elementary entities. This number is the fixed numerical value of the Avogadro constant, NA, when expressed in the unit mol-1 and is called the Avogadro number. The amount of substance, symbol n, of a system is a measure of the number of specified elementary entities. An elementary entity may be an atom, a molecule, an ion, an electron, any other particle or specified group of particles.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03980

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL

Relations:

- is_a AmountOfSubstanceUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "mol"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Void

SI Special Unit branch

Lumen

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_d7b7fd1e_645a_42cb_8f40_85f0d034d3ae$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03639

 ${\bf Qudtmatch:\ http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/LM}$

Relations:

• is a LuminousFluxUnit

- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "lm"

• disjoint_with Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Tesla

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO acb50123 87a2 4753 b36c f87114ad4de2

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06283

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/T

Relations:

- is a MagneticFluxDensityUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "T"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Becquerel, Mega, Steradian, Hecto, Yocto, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Deci, Lux, Space, PhysicsBasedModel, Pico, BaseUnit, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Siemens, Femto, Giga, Pascal, Yotta, Watt, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, Katal, Centi, Void, Coulomb

Henry

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_fab003c8_f7a6_4346_9988_7161325ed7a3

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.H02782

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/H

Relations:

• is_a ElectricalInductanceUnit

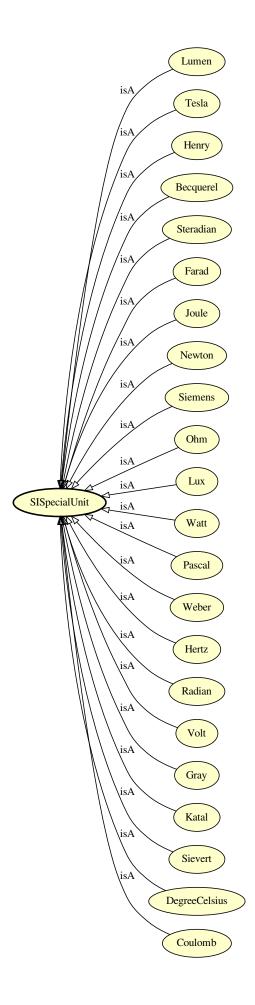


Figure 3.27: SI Special Unit branch. $90\,$

- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "H"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Becquerel

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_b71e4ba5_8f73_4199_8c96_7ea7f94d9e2a$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.B00624

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/BQ

Relations:

• is_a SISpecialUnit

• hasSymbolData value "Bq"

• disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Steradian

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO cf3dd6cc c5d6 4b3d aef4 82f3b7a361af

Elucidation: Measure of solid angle.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05971

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SR

Relations:

• is_a SISpecialUnit

• hasSymbolData value "sr"

• disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Farad

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_a9201b2f_e6de_442a_b3a6_d291.0.0-alphaa582

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.F02320 Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/FARAD

- is_a ElectricalCapacitanceUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "F"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Joule, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Joule

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_8a70dea4_d6ab_4260_b931_a3e990982416

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.J03363

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/J

Relations:

• is_a EnergyUnit

- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "J"

• disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Newton

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO} \underline{a979c531} \underline{f9fa} \underline{4a6e} \underline{-93c1.0.0} - \underline{a1pha960241ca6} \underline{$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.N04135

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/N

Relations:

- is a ForceUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "N"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Siemens

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_f2523820_04a6_44ab_bb67_8237dda2b0c2$

Relations:

- \bullet is_a ElectricConductanceUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "S"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Ohm

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_59c10c5c_47bd_4348_ba39_38836607dfa1

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.O04280 Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/OHM

- is a ElectricalResistanceUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit

- hasSymbolData value " Ω "
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Lux

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_da1dd4a7_c611_4ad4_bef6_7646f28aa598

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03651 Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/LUX

Relations:

• is_a IlluminanceUnit

- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "lx"

• disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Watt

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_080052a1_f295_44be_a60f_1326ce13f1ba}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.W06656

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/W

Relations:

- is a PowerUnit
- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ SISpecialUnit$
- hasSymbolData value "W"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Pascal

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO a80dc6f5 b1aa 41a7 a3a8 cd5040da2162

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04442

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/PA

- is_a PressureUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Pa"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Joule, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Weber

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_d7f11b34_a121_4519_87c0_aa754f1c4737

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.W06666

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/WB

Relations:

- is a MagneticFluxUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Wb"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Hertz

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO e75f580e 52bf 4dd5 af70 df409cec08fd

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.H02785

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/HZ

Relations:

- is_a FrequencyUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Hz"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Radian

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_a121bb1d_5225_4c78_809b_0268c3012208}$

Elucidation: Measure of plane angle.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.R05036 Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/RAD

Relations:

- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "rad"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Joule, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Volt

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_e2207e91_02b0_4a8a_b13e_61d2a2a839f1$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.V06634

 ${\bf Qudtmatch:\ http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/V}$

Relations:

- is a ElectricPotentialUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "V"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINon-CoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Gray

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_00199e76_69dc_45b6_a9c6_98cc90cdc0f5}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.G02696 Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/GRAY

Relations:

• is_a AbsorbedDoseUnit

- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Gy"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINon-CoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

${f SISpecial Unit}$

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_e9ffc696_5228_4ff9_8a60_0f5e05e9931b

Elucidation: The 22 derived units that are given a special name in the SI system that stands for units derived by SI base units.

Comment: These units are SI coherent by definition.

Wikipediaentry: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/International_System_of_Units#Derived_units

Relations:

- is_a SIUnitSymbol
- is a SpecialUnit
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, BaseUnit, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void
- disjoint_union_of Gray, Watt, Katal, Ohm, Coulomb, Joule, Radian, Pascal, Farad, Newton, Tesla, DegreeCelsius, Becquerel, Steradian, Lumen, Weber, Lux, Sievert, Volt, Hertz, Siemens, Henry

Katal

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_33b67e69_3645_4c73_b100_5ea6759221b4

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03372

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KAT

- is_a CataliticActivityUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "kat"

• disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Void, Coulomb

Sievert

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_dc232f53_8ed8_4ddd_9f41_cc057985eadb$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05658

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SV

Relations:

- is_a EquivalentDoseUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Sv"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

DegreeCelsius

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_b20be325_8bfd_4237_bee7_201ab0fd9c75

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.D01561 Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/DEG_C

Relations:

- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "°C"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Coulomb

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_696 \text{ed} 548_9477_45 \text{ea}_993 \text{c}_688 \text{f} 5271914 \text{a}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C01365

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/C

- is_a ElectricChargeUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "C"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void

Kind Of Unit branch

Lumen

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_d7b7fd1e_645a_42cb_8f40_85f0d034d3ae

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03639

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/LM

Relations:

• is_a LuminousFluxUnit

- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "lm"
- disjoint_with Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Second

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_314ba716_2d3d_4462_9a4f_d3419ae1df43$

Definition: The second, symbol s, is the SI unit of time. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the caesium frequency $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$, the unperturbed ground-state hyperfine transition frequency of the caesium 133 atom, to be 9192631770 when expressed in the unit Hz, which is equal to s-1.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05513

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SEC

Relations:

- is_a TimeUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "s"
- disjoint_with Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

Henry

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_fab003c8_f7a6_4346_9988_7161325ed7a3

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.H02782

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/H

- is a ElectricalInductanceUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "H"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

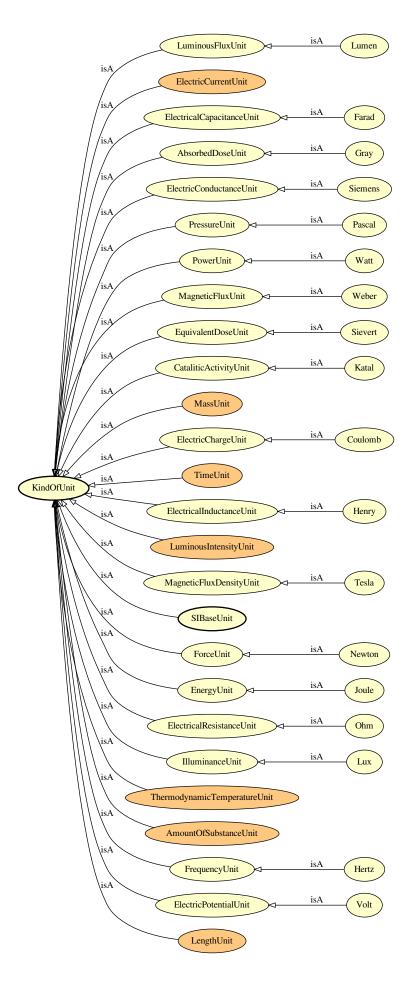


Figure 3.28: Kind Of Unit branch. 98

Ampere

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_db5dd38d_ac79_4af6_8782_fee7e7150ae8$

Definition: The ampere, symbol A, is the SI unit of electric current. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the elementary charge e to be $1.602176634 \times 10-19$ when expressed in the unit C, which is equal to A s, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00300

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/A

Relations:

- is_a ElectricCurrentUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- is a LatinCapitalLetterA
- hasSymbolData value "A"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Pre-fixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, SI-MetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

Candela

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 8d00f093 3f45 4ea3 986c b3545c3c2f4c

Definition: The candela, symbol cd, is the SI unit of luminous intensity in a given direction. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the luminous efficacy of monochromatic radiation of frequency 540×1012 Hz, Kcd, to be 683 when expressed in the unit lm W-1, which is equal to cd sr W-1, or cd sr kg-1 m-2 s3, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00787

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/CD

Relations:

- is a LuminousIntensityUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "cd"
- disjoint_with Second, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

Tesla

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_acb50123_87a2_4753_b36c_f87114ad4de2$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06283

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/T

- is_a MagneticFluxDensityUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "T"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Becquerel, Mega, Steradian, Hecto, Yocto, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Deci, Lux, Space, PhysicsBasedModel, Pico, BaseUnit, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Siemens, Femto, Giga, Pascal, Yotta, Watt, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, Katal, Centi, Void, Coulomb

ElectricCurrentUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_24e3e31f_f233_4685_a19c_6f3ce0a3c477$

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricCurrent
- equivalent to has Physics Dimension some has Symbol Data value "T0 L0 M0 I+1 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Newton

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_a979c531_f9fa_4a6e_93c1.0.0-alpha960241ca6

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.N04135

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/N

Relations:

• is a ForceUnit

- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "N"

• disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Joule

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_8a70dea4_d6ab_4260_b931_a3e990982416

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.J03363

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/J

Relations:

- is_a EnergyUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "J"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Kelvin

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_2e5e45fc_f52c_4294_bdc2_5ed7a06dfce7

Definition: The kelvin, symbol K, is the SI unit of thermodynamic temperature. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Boltzmann constant k to be $1.380649 \times 10 - 23$ when expressed in the unit J K-1, which is equal to kg m² s-2 K-1, where the kilogram, metre and second are defined in terms of h, c and $\nabla \nu$ Cs.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03374

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/K

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ ThermodynamicTemperatureUnit$

- is a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "K"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

ElectricalCapacitanceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_588bee30_05aa_4029_9f13_97fe20188030

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Capacitance
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Ohm

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_59c10c5c_47bd_4348_ba39_38836607dfa1

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.O04280

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/OHM

Relations:

- is_a ElectricalResistanceUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- has Symbol
Data value " Ω "
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

AbsorbedDoseUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO 882966a9 1757 4384 b223 0f690d7906c8

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only AbsorbedDose
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

ElectricConductanceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_636db399_fc4c_4b21_b7a4_e068083eb42d

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricConductance
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Lux

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_da1dd4a7_c611_4ad4_bef6_7646f28aa598

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03651

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/LUX

Relations:

- is_a IlluminanceUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "lx"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

PressureUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_247f53b1_afec_4373_acd8_ba071b355dfd}$

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Pressure
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Hertz

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO e75f580e 52bf 4dd5 af70 df409cec08fd

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.H02785

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/HZ

Relations:

- is_a FrequencyUnit
- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ SISpecialUnit$
- hasSymbolData value "Hz"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

PowerUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_80527818_8929_47df_b59c_0c56e5259cef

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Power
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Weber

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_d7f11b34_a121_4519_87c0_aa754f1c4737

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.W06666

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/WB

- is_a MagneticFluxUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit

- hasSymbolData value "Wb"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Volt

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_e2207e91_02b0_4a8a_b13e_61d2a2a839f1

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.V06634

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/V

Relations:

• is_a ElectricPotentialUnit

- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "V"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINon-CoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Gray

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \\ \# EMMO_00199e76_69dc_45b6_a9c6_98cc90cdc0f5$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.G02696 Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/GRAY

Relations:

- is a AbsorbedDoseUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Gy"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINon-CoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

MagneticFluxUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO e06e0563 8014 42a1 be32 f2717a62b15f

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only MagneticFlux
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

EquivalentDoseUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_606db3fb_6f05_483c_87da_673afdd64a17}$

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only DoseEquivalent

• disjoint_with Collection, Void

CataliticActivityUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_b5773f1e_2d8d_428b_b8a2_cf463be6f1ae

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only CatalyticActivity
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Sievert

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_dc232f53_8ed8_4ddd_9f41_cc057985eadb

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05658

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/SV

Relations:

- is a EquivalentDoseUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Sv"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

MassUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_8d9caab6_452d_420a_9d21_11baae773bf9$

Relations:

- \bullet is_a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Mass
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M+1 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

ElectricChargeUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_797ad1c0_0197_4020_8c9a_4f808e5c5d42$

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricCharge
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

LuminousFluxUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_0aa9cd85_a008_4f6a_b94b_585e54c18799

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only LuminousFlux
- disjoint with Collection, Void

TimeUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_d69cb991_73c2_4381_bb92_982d702f624e$

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Time
- equivalent to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T+1 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

ElectricalInductanceUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_244d0ad2_7392_41f3_af1f_c7f1a7ae8832}$

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Inductance
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

LuminousIntensityUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO b120c538 6320 470c b9bd c8d088694973

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only LuminousIntensity
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N0 J+1"
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

MagneticFluxDensityUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_fd2aec9a_9d61_4a06_82d0_1c98b588ce4b}$

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only MagneticFluxDensity
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Farad

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_a9201b2f_e6de_442a_b3a6_d291.0.0-alphaa582}$

 $\textbf{Iupacdoi:}\ \, \texttt{https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.F02320}$

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/FARAD

- \bullet is_a ElectricalCapacitanceUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "F"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Joule, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Siemens

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_f2523820_04a6_44ab_bb67_8237dda2b0c2

Relations:

- \bullet is_a ElectricConductanceUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "S"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

ForceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_65f9c4d6_67ee_4f36_88bf_093a17ab5644

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Force
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

EnergyUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_aa06d425_d3f0_4011_a848_f93fc9d5672f

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Energy
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

ElectricalResistanceUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_7f559d7e_ebb0_47dc_951d_d55a50b942aa} \\ \textbf{IRI:} \ \textbf{IR$

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricResistance
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Metre

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_7 db11 dbf_a643_464a_9b56_07 eabcc3e9c5$

Definition: The metre, symbol m, is the SI unit of length. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the speed of light in vacuum c to be 299792458 when expressed in the unit m s-1, where the second is defined in terms of $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03884

 $\mathbf{Qudtmatch:}://\mathrm{qudt.org/vocab/unit/M}$

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/M

- is a LengthUnit
- is a SIBaseUnit
- is a LatinSmallLetterM

- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Kelvin, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Kilogram, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, Peta, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Centi, Mole, Void

KindOfUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_ba827fd2_91cc_4085_947a_0f47559b4441}$

Elucidation: The superclass the collects all subclasses that categorize units in terms of their physical dimensionality.

Example: kg and tonne pm and Mm mol and kmol mW and TW

Comment: In the SI the concept of kind of quantity is used instead of kind of unit.

However, since for the EMMO a quantity is a number and a reference unit, the only information carrier for physical dimension is the reference unit.

For this reason in the EMMO the concept of kind of quantities follows the concept of kind of unit.

Comment: Units belonging to the same class are said of the same kind and there is a conversion factor between their quantity values.

Relations:

- is a MeasurementUnit
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Pascal

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_a80dc6f5_b1aa_41a7_a3a8_cd5040da2162

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04442

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/PA

Relations:

- is a PressureUnit
- is a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "Pa"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Newton, Joule, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

Watt

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_080052 \text{a1_f295_44be_a60f_1326ce13f1ba}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.W06656

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/W

- is a PowerUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "W"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius,

Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void, Coulomb

IlluminanceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_bca0c4de_62cf_4664_911b_00e49acba254

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Illuminance
- disjoint with Collection, Void

ThermodynamicTemperatureUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_f460af7c_9134_4b2f_8450_d54918a08f34

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ThermodynamicTemperature
- equivalent to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H+1 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

AmountOfSubstanceUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_32fb2db4_94f4_49b8_a374_ee5aa28a113e

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only AmountOfSubstance
- equivalent_to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L0 M0 I0 H0 N+1 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Frequency Unit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_12c39388_9f81_4908_98a9_9fe5f78ae468

Relations:

- is a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Frequency
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

ElectricPotentialUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_ef52f94e_e50d_4149_8d95_0e2960bf85a3$

- \bullet is_a KindOfUnit
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only ElectricPotential
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

LengthUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_0fa49646_0fe0_4253_999c_bb834019844f

Relations:

- is_a KindOfUnit
- is_a Object
- Inverse(hasReferenceUnit) only Length
- equivalent to hasPhysicsDimension some hasSymbolData value "T0 L+1 M0 I0 H0 N0 J0"
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Katal

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_33b67e69_3645_4c73_b100_5ea6759221b4

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03372

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KAT

Relations:

- is a CataliticActivityUnit
- is_a SISpecialUnit
- hasSymbolData value "kat"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Void, Coulomb

Kilogram

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_9bfd6f1e_b0ce_459c_beb7_8f1f41708bba

Definition: The kilogram, symbol kg, is the SI unit of mass. It is defined by taking the fixed numerical value of the Planck constant h to be $6.62607015 \times 10 - 34$ when expressed in the unit J s, which is equal to kg m² s-1, where the metre and the second are defined in terms of c and $\nabla \nu \text{Cs}$.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.K03391

 ${\bf Qudtmatch:}://{\rm qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM}$

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/KiloGM

Relations:

- is_a MassUnit
- is_a SIBaseUnit
- hasSymbolData value "kg"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Mole, Void

Mole

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_df6eeb01_1b41_4bd8_9257_a04fbd7cf000$

Definition: The mole, symbol mol, is the SI unit of amount of substance. One mole contains exactly 6.022 140 76×1023 elementary entities. This number is the fixed numerical value of the Avogadro constant, NA, when expressed in the unit mol-1 and is called the Avogadro number. The amount of substance, symbol n, of a system is a measure of the number of specified elementary entities. An elementary entity may be an atom, a molecule, an ion, an electron, any other particle or specified group of particles.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03980

Qudtmatch: ://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/MOL

Relations:

• is a AmountOfSubstanceUnit

• is_a SIBaseUnit

• hasSymbolData value "mol"

disjoint_with Second, Candela, Kelvin, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Pre-fixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Collection, Latin-CapitalLetterA, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, SpecialUnit, Kilogram, Void

Coulomb

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \\ \# EMMO_696 \\ \text{ed} \\ 548_9477_45 \\ \text{ea}_993 \\ \text{c}_6a8f5271914 \\ \text{a}_6a8f5271914 \\ \text{emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \\ \# EMMO_696 \\ \text{ed} \\ 548_9477_45 \\ \text{ea}_993 \\ \text{c}_6a8f5271914 \\ \text{emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \\ \# EMMO_696 \\ \text{ed} \\ 548_9477_45 \\ \text{ea}_993 \\ \text{c}_6a8f5271914 \\ \text{emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \\ \# EMMO_696 \\ \text{ed} \\ 548_9477_45 \\ \text{emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \\ \# EMMO_696 \\ \text{ed} \\ 548_9477_45 \\ \text{emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \\ \# EMMO_696 \\ \text{emmo.info/emmo/middle/siuni$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C01365

Qudtmatch: http://qudt.org/vocab/unit/C

Relations:

• is a ElectricChargeUnit

• is a SISpecialUnit

• hasSymbolData value "C"

disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Tesla, Becquerel, Steradian, Joule, Newton, Ohm, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Lux, BaseUnit, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, SICoherentDerivedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, SIMetricPrefix, LatinSmallLetterA, SINonCoherentUnit, DerivedUnit, Katal, Void

Prefixed Unit branch

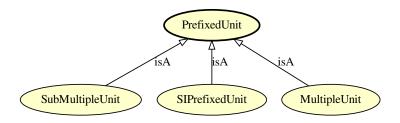


Figure 3.29: Prefixed Unit branch.

${\bf SubMultiple Unit}$

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_a2f94f33_71fa_443c_a1fb_d1685fc537ec

- is_a PrefixedUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, NonPrefixedUnit, MultipleUnit, Elementary, ArithmeticExpression, Quantum, Symbol, Void, PhysicsEquation, MaterialRelation

PrefixedUnit

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_c6d4a5e0_7e95_44df_a6db_84ee0a8bbc8e$

Elucidation: A measurement unit that is made of a metric prefix and a unit symbol.

Relations:

- is_a State
- is_a MeasurementUnit
- hasSpatialDirectPart only (UnitSymbol or MetricPrefix)
- hasSpatialDirectPart exactly 1 UnitSymbol
- hasSpatialDirectPart exactly 1 MetricPrefix
- disjoint_with Collection, NonPrefixedUnit, Elementary, ArithmeticExpression, Quantum, Symbol, Void, PhysicsEquation, MaterialRelation
- disjoint_union_of MultipleUnit, SubMultipleUnit

SIPrefixedUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO d41ce84b 4317 41fb a5d1 6cd281fca106

Elucidation: A SI base or special unit with a metric prefix.

Comment: The presence of the prefix makes this units non-coherent with SI system.

Relations:

- is_a SINonCoherentUnit
- is a PrefixedUnit
- hasSpatialDirectPart exactly 1 SIUnitSymbol
- disjoint_with Collection, NonPrefixedUnit, Elementary, SICoherentUnit, ArithmeticExpression, Quantum, Symbol, Void, PhysicsEquation, MaterialRelation, SINonCoherentDerivedUnit

MultipleUnit

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_62f0d847_3603_45b4_bfc4_dd4511355ff2

Relations:

- is a PrefixedUnit
- disjoint_with SubMultipleUnit, Collection, NonPrefixedUnit, Elementary, ArithmeticExpression, Quantum, Symbol, Void, PhysicsEquation, MaterialRelation

Metric Prefix branch

Mega

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_5eaecadc_4f0d_4a3a_afc7_1fc0b83cc928

- \bullet is_a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "M"
- disjoint_with Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

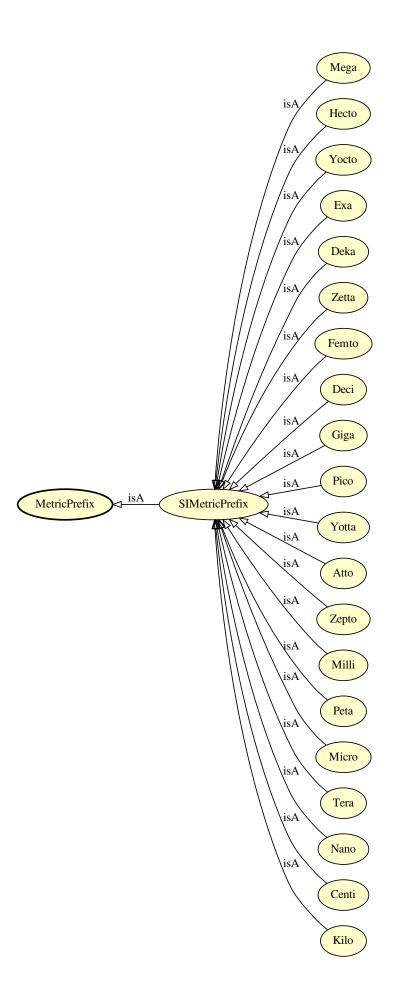


Figure 3.30: Metric Prefix branch. $112\,$

Hecto

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_21aaefc1_3f86_4208_b7db_a755f31f0f8c}$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "h"
- disjoint_with Mega, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Yocto

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_f5769206_9257_4b08_bf7b_dad7868c6afc

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "y"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Exa

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_5cf9f86c_86f5_40c4_846d_60371f670e0a

Relations:

- is_a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "E"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnit-Symbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Deka

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_1d8b370b_c672_4d0c_964e_eaafcbf2f51f

Relations:

- is_a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "da"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnit-Symbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Zetta

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_daa9ee97_4c5f_42e5_918c_44d7523e8958

- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ SIMetricPrefix$
- hasSymbolData value "Z"

• disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnit-Symbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Femto

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_23bfe79a_cade_48f1_9a8c_fd96e6bac8ba

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "f"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnit-Symbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Deci

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_1181c938_c8f0_4ad6_bc7a_2bfdc0903d29$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "d"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Giga

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_a8eb4bbb_1bd3_4ad4_b114_2789bcbd2134

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "G"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnit-Symbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Pico

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 068c4e58 2470 4b1c 8454 010dd4906100

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "p"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Yotta

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_e79c62ff_10ad_4ec0_baba_c19ddd4eaa11}$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "Y"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnit-Symbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Atto

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_42955b2d_b465_4666_86cc_ea3c2d685753

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- is a LatinSmallLetterA
- Inverse(has Variable) only has Numerical
Data value 1e-18
- hasSymbolData value "a"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmall-LetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Zepto

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_254472c6_3dbd_4f02_bc43_571389cd281f$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "z"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

SIMetricPrefix

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_471cb92b_edca_4cf9_bce8_a75084d876b8

Relations:

- is a MetricPrefix
- disjoint_with Second, Lumen, Henry, Candela, Becquerel, Steradian, Kelvin, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Lux, Space, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekS-mallLetterMu, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Siemens, Pascal, Watt, DerivedUnit, Katal, Kilogram, Mole, Void, Coulomb
- disjoint_union_of Pico, Deci, Deka, Hecto, Femto, Zepto, Tera, Atto, Peta, Exa, Mega, Kilo, Micro, Milli, Giga, Centi, Zetta, Nano, Yotta, Yocto

MetricPrefix

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_7d2afa66_ae9e_4095_a9bf_421d0be401b6}$

Comment: Dimensionless multiplicative unit prefix Seealso: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Metric prefix

Relations:

- is a MathematicalSymbol
- is_a Constant
- is a MetrologicalSymbol
- is_a Metrological
- is a Symbol
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Equation, DerivedUnit, PhysicsBasedModel, Quantity, Void

Milli

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO} \underline{a3a701ed} \underline{a6f7d} \underline{4a10} \underline{9aee} \underline{dfa1961fc7b7}$

Relations:

- is_a SIMetricPrefix
- is a LatinSmallLetterM
- hasSymbolData value "m"
- disjoint_with Second, Candela, Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Kelvin, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Centi, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, SISpecialUnit, Kilogram, Mole, Void

Peta

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_43a6b269_da31_4bb6_a537_c97df4fff32a} \\ \text{IRI:} \ \text{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_43a6b269_da31_4bb6_a537_c97df4fff32a} \\ \text{IRI:} \ \text{$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "P"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnit-Symbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Micro

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_9ff3bf8e_2168_406e_8251_1d158fc948ae

Relations:

- is_a SIMetricPrefix
- \bullet is_a MicroUnit
- hasSymbolData value "µ"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmall-LetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Tera

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 3a204900 2b33 47d1 b444 815cc4c8cffa

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "T"
- disjoint_with Lumen, Henry, Becquerel, Mega, Steradian, Hecto, Yocto, Joule, Newton, Ohm, Deci, Lux, Space, PhysicsBasedModel, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, Hertz, Weber, PrefixedUnit, Radian, Volt, Equation, Gray, GreekSmallLetterMu, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, Sievert, DegreeCelsius,

Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Farad, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Siemens, SIBaseUnit, Femto, Giga, Pascal, Yotta, Watt, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Katal, Centi, Void, Coulomb

Nano

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_e1981c25_7c55_4020_aa7a_d2e14ced86d4$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "n"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Centi

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_b55cd09a_e54d_4eb1_81dd_03c29d1b878e}$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "c"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmall-LetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Kilo, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Void

Kilo

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits} \# EMMO_74931b1b_c133_4e59_9a75_1bf0e1626201$

Relations:

- is a SIMetricPrefix
- hasSymbolData value "k"
- disjoint_with Mega, Hecto, Yocto, Deci, PhysicsBasedModel, Space, Pico, Quantity, Zepto, LatinSmallLetterM, PrefixedUnit, Equation, GreekSmallLetterMu, Tera, MicroUnit, Nano, Equals, SIUnitSymbol, Collection, LatinCapitalLetterA, Exa, Deka, Zetta, Femto, Giga, Yotta, LatinSmallLetterA, Peta, DerivedUnit, Centi, Void

Quantity branch

ModelledQuantitativeProperty

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties} \# EMMO_d0200cf1_e4f4_45ae_873f_b9359 daea3cdefter + 10000cft + 100000cft + 10000cft + 100000cft + 10000cft + 1$

Relations:

- is a QuantitativeProperty
- disjoint with Collection, SubjectiveProperty, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

MeasuredQuantitativeProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO_873b0ab3_88e6_4054_b901_5531e01f14a4

- $\bullet \quad is_a \ Quantitative Property$
- disjoint with Collection, Subjective Property, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

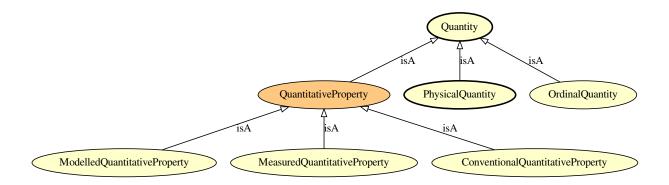


Figure 3.31: Quantity branch.

ConventionalQuantitativeProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO d8aa8e1f b650 416d 88a0 5118de945456

Elucidation: A quantitative property attributed by agreement to a quantity for a given purpose.

Example: The thermal conductivity of a copper sample in my laboratory can be assumed to be the conductivity that appears in the vendor specification. This value has been obtained by measurement of a sample which is not the one I have in my laboratory. This conductivity value is then a conventional quantitative property assigned to my sample through a semiotic process in which no actual measurement is done by my laboratory.

If I don't believe the vendor, then I can measure the actual thermal conductivity. I then perform a measurement process that semiotically assign another value for the conductivity, which is a measured property, since is part of a measurement process.

Then I have two different physical quantities that are properties thanks to two different semiotic processes.

Comment: A property that is associated to an object by convention, or assumption.

Relations:

- is_a QuantitativeProperty
- disjoint with Collection, SubjectiveProperty, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

QuantitativeProperty

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/properties#EMMO dd4a7f3e ef56 466c ac1a d2716b5f87ec

Elucidation: A 'Quantity' that can be quantified with respect to a standardized reference physical instance (e.g. the prototype meter bar, the kg prototype) or method (e.g. resilience) through a measurement process.

Comment: "A property of a phenomenon, body, or substance, where the property has a magnitude that can be expressed by means of a number and a reference" ISO 80000-1

"A reference can be a measurement unit, a measurement procedure, a reference material, or a combination of such." International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

Comment: A quantitative property is always expressed as a quantity (i.e. a number and a reference unit). For the EMMO, a nominalistic ontology, there is no property as abstract object.

A property is a sign that stands for an object according to a specific code shared by some observers.

For quantititative properties, one possible code that is shared between the scientific community (the observers) is the SI system of units.

Comment: Subclasses of 'QuantitativeProperty' classify objects according to the type semiosis that is used to connect the property to the object (e.g. by measurement, by convention, by modelling).

- is a ObjectiveProperty
- is a Quantity
- equivalent_to MeasuredQuantitativeProperty or ModelledQuantitativeProperty or ConventionalQuantitativeProperty
- disjoint with Collection, SubjectiveProperty, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

Quantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_f658c301_ce93_46cf_9639_4eace2c5d1d5

Elucidation: A symbolic that has parts a reference unit and a numerical object separated by a space expressing the value of a quantitative property (expressed as the product of the numerical and the unit).

Example: 6.8 m 0.9 km 8 K 6 MeV 43.5 HRC(150 kg)

Comment: A quantity is not necessarily a property, since it is possible to write "10 kg", without assigning this quantity to a specific object.

However, a quantitative property is always a quantity.

Comment: Referred as Quantity Value in International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

Comment: SI distinguishes between a quantity (an abstract concept) and the quantity value (a number and a reference).

The EMMO, following strict nominalism, denies the existence of abstract objects and then collapses the two concepts of SI quantity and SI quantity value into a single one: the 'Quantity'.

So, for the EMMO the symbol "kg" is not a physical quantity but simply a 'Symbolic' object categorized as a 'MeasurementUnit'.

While the string "1 kg" is a 'Physical Quantity'.

Relations:

- is_a State
- is_a Metrological
- hasReferenceUnit exactly 1 ReferenceUnit
- hasQuantityValue exactly 1 Numerical
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void
- disjoint_union_of PhysicalQuantity, OrdinalQuantity

Ordinal Quantity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_c46f091c_0420_4c1a_af30_0a2c8ebcf7d7$

Elucidation: "Quantity, defined by a conventional measurement procedure, for which a total ordering relation can be established, according to magnitude, with other quantities of the same kind, but for which no algebraic operations among those quantities exist" International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

 $\textbf{Example:} \ \operatorname{Hardness} \ \operatorname{Resilience}$

Comment: "Ordinal quantities, such as Rockwell C hardness, are usually not considered to be part of a system of quantities because they are related to other quantities through empirical relations only." International vocabulary of metrology (VIM)

- is a Quantity
- disjoint_with Collection, PhysicalQuantity, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

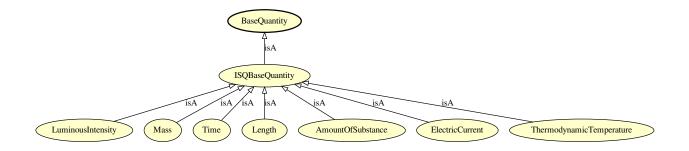


Figure 3.32: Base Quantity branch.

Base Quantity branch

LuminousIntensity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_50bf79a6_a48b_424d_9d2c_813bd631231a

Elucidation: A measure of the wavelength-weighted power emitted by a light source in a particular direction per unit solid angle. It is based on the luminosity function, which is a standardized model of the sensitivity of the human eye.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Luminous_intensity

Relations:

- is a ISQBaseQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Quantum, ElectricCurrent, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

ISQBaseQuantity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_1a4c1a97_88a7_4d8e_b2f9_2ca58e92dde4} \\ \textbf{IRI:} \ \text{IRI:} \ \text{IR$

Relations:

- $\bullet \ \ is_a \ International System Of Quantity$
- is_a BaseQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity
- disjoint_union_of LuminousIntensity, AmountOfSubstance, ThermodynamicTemperature, ElectricCurrent, Length, Time, Mass

Mass

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_ed4af7ae_63a2_497e_bb88_2309619ea405$

Elucidation: Property of a physical body that express its resistance to acceleration (a change in its state of motion) when a force is applied.

 ${\bf Dbpe diamatch:\ http://dbpedia.org/page/Mass}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03709

- is_a ISQBaseQuantity
- Inverse(hasProperty) only Matter
- disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Time, Symbol, Quantum, ElectricCurrent, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

BaseQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_acaaa124_3dde_48b6_86e6_6ec6f364f408

Elucidation: "Quantity in a conventionally chosen subset of a given system of quantities, where no quantity in the subset can be expressed in terms of the other quantities within that subset" ISO 80000-1

Relations:

- is_a PhysicalQuantity
- hasReferenceUnit only BaseUnit
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity

Time

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_d4f7d378_5e3b_468a_baa1_a7e98358cda7 } \\$

Elucidation: The indefinite continued progress of existence and events that occur in apparently irreversible succession from the past through the present to the future.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Time

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06375

Relations:

- is a ISQBaseQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Mass, Quantum, Symbol, ElectricCurrent, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

Length

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_cd2cd0de_e0cc_4ef1_b27e_2e88db027bac

Elucidation: Extend of a spatial dimension.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Length **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03498

Relations:

- is_a ISQBaseQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Quantum, ElectricCurrent, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

AmountOfSubstance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_8159c26a_494b_4fa0_9959_10888f152298

Elucidation: The number of elementary entities present.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Amount_of_substance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00297

- is a ISQBaseQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Quantum, ElectricCurrent, Length, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

ElectricCurrent

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_c995ae70_3b84_4ebb_bcfc_69e6a281bb88$

Elucidation: A flow of electric charge.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electric_current

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01927

Relations:

• is_a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Quantum, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity, ThermodynamicTemperature

ThermodynamicTemperature

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_affe07e4_e9bc_4852_86c6_69e26182a17f}$

Elucidation: Thermodynamic temperature is the absolute measure of temperature. It is defined by the third law of thermodynamics in which the theoretically lowest temperature is the null or zero point.

 ${\bf Dbpe diamatch: \ http://dbpedia.org/page/Thermodynamic_temperature}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06321

Relations:

• is_a ISQBaseQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, LuminousIntensity, Elementary, Mass, Time, Symbol, Quantum, ElectricCurrent, Length, AmountOfSubstance, Void, OrdinalQuantity, DerivedQuantity

Derived Quantity branch

ElementaryCharge

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO 58a650f0 a638 4743 8439 535a325e5c4c

Elucidation: The magnitude of the electric charge carried by a single electron.

Comment: The DBpedia definition (http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge) is outdated as May 20, 2019. It is now an exact quantity.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02032

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value_ElementaryCharge

Relations:

• is_a ElectricCharge

• is_a SIExactConstant

• disjoint_with Collection, BoltzmannConstant, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, LuminousEfficacy, Speed-OfLightInVacuum, BaseQuantity, Quantum, AvogadroConstant, Symbol, PlanckConstant, Hyperfine-TransitionFrequencyOfCs, OrdinalQuantity, Void

DoseEquivalent

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_3df10765_f6ff_4c9e_be3d_10b1809d78bd

Elucidation: A dose quantity used in the International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) system of radiological protection.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Energy

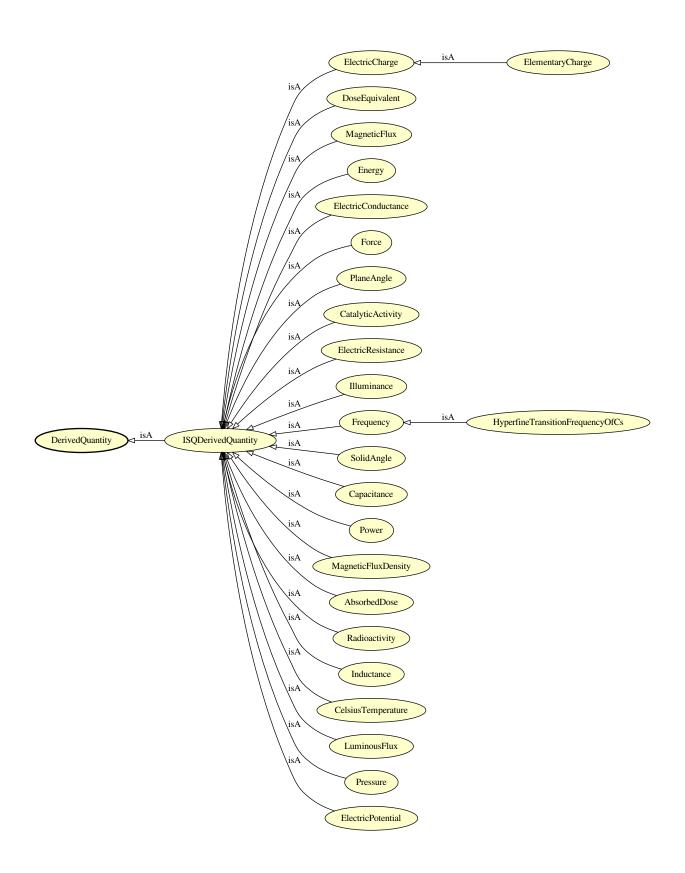


Figure 3.33: Derived Quantity branch.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02101

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

MagneticFlux

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_3b931698_937e_49be_ab1b_36fa52d911812} = 1.00 \pm 1.00 \pm$

Elucidation: Measure of magnetism, taking account of the strength and the extent of a magnetic field.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Magnetic_flux

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03684

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Energy

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_31ec09ba_1713_42cb_83c7_b38bf6f9ced2

Elucidation: A property of objects which can be transferred to other objects or converted into different forms.

Comment: Energy is often defined as "ability of a system to perform work", but it might be misleading since is not necessarily available to do work.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Energy

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02101

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ElectricConductance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_ffb73b1e_5786_43e4_a964_cb32ac7affb7

Elucidation: Measure of the ease for electric current to pass through a material.

Altlabel: Conductance

Comment: Inverse of 'ElectricalResistance'.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electrical_resistance_and_conductance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01925

Relations:

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_f96feb3f_4438_4e43_aa44_7458c4d87fc2

Elucidation: The frequency standard in the SI system in which the photon absorption by transitions between the two hyperfine ground states of caesium-133 atoms are used to control the output frequency.

Relations:

• is_a Frequency

- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with ElementaryCharge, Collection, BoltzmannConstant, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, BaseQuantity, Quantum, AvogadroConstant, Symbol, Planck-Constant, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Force

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_1f087811_06cb_42d5_90fb_25d0e7e068ef

Elucidation: Any interaction that, when unopposed, will change the motion of an object.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Force **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.F02480

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

PlaneAngle

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_f3dd74c0_f480_49e8_9764_33b78638c235

Elucidation: Ratio of circular arc length to radius.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Angle

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00346

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

CatalyticActivity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO bd67d149 24c2 4bc9 833a c2bc26f98fd3

Elucidation: Increase in the rate of reaction of a specified chemical reaction that an enzyme produces in a specific assay system.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00881

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ElectricCharge

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_1604f495_328a_4f28_9962_f4cc210739dd

Elucidation: The physical property of matter that causes it to experience a force when placed in an electromagnetic field.

Altlabel: Charge

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electric_charge

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01923

- is a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ElectricResistance

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_e88f75d6_9a17_4cfc_bdf7_43d7cea5a9a1}$

Elucidation: Measure of the difficulty to pass an electric current through a material.

Altlabel: Resistance

Comment: Inverse of 'ElectricalConductance'.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Electrical_resistance_and_conductance

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E01936

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Illuminance

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_b51fbd00_a857_4132_9711_0ef70e7bdd20 } \\$

Definition: The total luminous flux incident on a surface, per unit area.

 $\textbf{Dbpediamatch:}\ \text{http://dbpedia.org/page/Illuminance}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.I02941

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Frequency

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_852b4ab8_fc29_4749_a8c7_b92d4fca7d5a

Elucidation: Number of periods per time interval.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Frequency
Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.FT07383

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

SolidAngle

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_e7c9f7fd_e534_4441_88fe_1fec6cb20f26$

Elucidation: Ratio of area on a sphere to its radius squared.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Solid_angle **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05732

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Capacitance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_99dba333_0dbd_4f75_8841_8c0f97fd58e2

Elucidation: The derivative of the electric charge of a system with respect to the electric potential.

Altlabel: ElectricCapacitance

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Capacitance **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.C00791

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Power

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_09b9021b_f97b_43eb_b83d_0a764b472bc2$

Elucidation: Rate of transfer of energy per unit time.

 $\textbf{Dbpediamatch:}\ \, \text{http://dbpedia.org/page/Power_(physics)}$

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04792

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

MagneticFluxDensity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_961d1aba_f75e_4411_aaa4_457f7516ed6b

Elucidation: Strength of the magnetic field.

Comment: Often denoted B.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Magnetic_field

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M03686

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

AbsorbedDose

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_8e5dd473_808b_4a8a_b7cd_63068c12ff57

Comment: Energy imparted to matter by ionizing radiation in a suitable small element of volume divided by the mass of that element of volume.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Absorbed_dose

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00031

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Radioactivity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_8d3da9ac_2265_4382_bee5_db72046722f8

Elucidation: Decays per unit time.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00114

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Inductance

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_04cc9451_5306_45d0_8554_22cee4d6e785

Elucidation: A property of an electrical conductor by which a change in current through it induces an electromotive force in both the conductor itself and in any nearby conductors by mutual inductance.

Altlabel: ElectricInductance

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Inductance **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.M04076

Relations:

• is_a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

CelsiusTemperature

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_66bc9029_f473_45ff_bab9_c3509ff37a22

Elucidation: An objective comparative measure of hot or cold.

Temperature is a relative quantity that can be used to express temperature differences. Unlike ThermodynamicTemperature, it cannot express absolute temperatures.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Temperature

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.T06261

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

LuminousFlux

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO e2ee1c98 497a 4f66 b4ed 5711496a848e

Elucidation: Perceived power of light.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Luminous_flux

 $\textbf{Iupacdoi:}\ https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.L03646$

Relations:

• is a ISQDerivedQuantity

• disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Pressure

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq#EMMO_50a44256_9dc5_434b_bad4_74a4d9a29989

Elucidation: The force applied perpendicular to the surface of an object per unit area over which that force is distributed.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Pressure **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04819

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ISQDerivedQuantity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_2946d40b_24a1_47fa_8176_e3f79bb45064}$

Relations:

- is_a InternationalSystemOfQuantity
- is a DerivedQuantity
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

DerivedQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO_71f6ab56_342c_484b_bbe0_de86b7367cb3

Elucidation: "Quantity, in a system of quantities, defined in terms of the base quantities of that system" **Relations:**

- is_a PhysicalQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ElectricPotential

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/isq\#EMMO_4f2d3939_91b1_4001_b8ab_7d19074bf845$

Elucidation: Energy required to move a unit charge through an electric field from a reference point.

Altlabel: Voltage

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Voltage **Iupacdoi:** https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00424

Relations:

- is_a ISQDerivedQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, BaseQuantity, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

Physical Constant branch

ElementaryCharge

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_58a650f0_a638_4743_8439_535a325e5c4c

Elucidation: The magnitude of the electric charge carried by a single electron.

Comment: The DBpedia definition (http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge) is outdated as May 20, 2019. It is now an exact quantity.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Elementary_charge

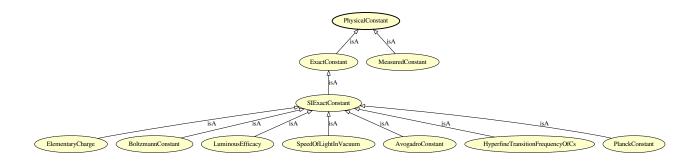


Figure 3.34: Physical Constant branch.

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.E02032

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value ElementaryCharge

Relations:

• is a ElectricCharge

- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with Collection, BoltzmannConstant, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, LuminousEfficacy, Speed-OfLightInVacuum, BaseQuantity, Quantum, AvogadroConstant, Symbol, PlanckConstant, Hyperfine-TransitionFrequencyOfCs, OrdinalQuantity, Void

SIExactConstant

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_f2ca6dd0_0e5f_4392_a92d_cafdae6cfc95$

Relations:

- is_a ExactConstant
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void
- disjoint_union_of AvogadroConstant, LuminousEfficacy, ElementaryCharge, PlanckConstant, Speed-OfLightInVacuum, HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs, BoltzmannConstant

BoltzmannConstant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_ffc7735f_c177_46a4_98e9_a54440d29209

Elucidation: A physical constant relating energy at the individual particle level with temperature. It is the gas constant R divided by the Avogadro constant.

Comment: The DBpedia definition (http://dbpedia.org/page/Boltzmann_constant) is outdated as May 20, 2019. It is now an exact quantity.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Boltzmann_constant

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.B00695

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value_BoltzmannConstant

Relations:

- is_a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with ElementaryCharge, Collection, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, LuminousEfficacy, Speed-OfLightInVacuum, Quantum, AvogadroConstant, Symbol, PlanckConstant, HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs, OrdinalQuantity, Void

ExactConstant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO 89762966 8076 4f7c b745 f718d653e8e2

Comment: Physical constant that by definition (after the latest revision of the SI system that was enforced May 2019) has a known exact numerical value when expressed in SI units.

Relations:

- is a PhysicalConstant
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

MeasuredConstant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units#EMMO 3f15d200 c97b 42c8 8ac0 d81d150361e2

Relations:

- is a PhysicalConstant
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, ExactConstant, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void

LuminousEfficacy

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_506f7823_52bc_40cb_be07_b3b1e10cce13

Elucidation: The luminous efficacy of monochromatic radiation of frequency 540×10 12 Hz, K cd , is a technical constant that gives an exact numerical relationship between the purely physical characteristics of the radiant power stimulating the human eye (W) and its photobiological response defined by the luminous flux due to the spectral responsivity of a standard observer (lm) at a frequency of 540×10 12 hertz.

Relations:

- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with ElementaryCharge, Collection, BoltzmannConstant, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, Quantum, AvogadroConstant, Symbol, PlanckConstant, HyperfineTransition-FrequencyOfCs, OrdinalQuantity, Void

SpeedOfLightInVacuum

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_99296e55_53f7_4333_9e06_760ad175a1b9

Elucidation: The speed of light in vacuum.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Speed_of_light

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.S05854

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value SpeedOfLightInVacuum

Relations:

- is a SIExactConstant
- disjoint_with ElementaryCharge, Collection, BoltzmannConstant, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, LuminousEfficacy, Quantum, AvogadroConstant, Symbol, PlanckConstant, HyperfineTransitionFrequency-OfCs, OrdinalQuantity, Void

PhysicalConstant

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/units\#EMMO_b953f2b1_c8d1_4dd9_b630_d3ef6580c2bb}$

Comment: Physical constants are categorised into "exact" and measured constants.

With "exact" constants, we refer to physical constants that have an exact numerical value after the revision of the SI system that was enforced May 2019.

Wikipediaentry: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_physical_constants

Relations:

• is a PhysicalQuantity

- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, OrdinalQuantity, Void
- disjoint union of MeasuredConstant, ExactConstant

AvogadroConstant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_176cae33_b83e_4cd2_a6bc_281f42f0ccc8

Elucidation: The number of constituent particles, usually atoms or molecules, that are contained in the amount of substance given by one mole.

Comment: The DBpedia definition (http://dbpedia.org/page/Avogadro_constant) is outdated as May 20, 2019. It is now an exact quantity.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Avogadro_constant

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.A00543

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value AvogadroConstant

Relations:

• is a SIExactConstant

disjoint_with ElementaryCharge, Collection, BoltzmannConstant, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, Quantum, Symbol, PlanckConstant, HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs, OrdinalQuantity, Void

HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits\#EMMO_f96feb3f_4438_4e43_aa44_7458c4d87fc2$

Elucidation: The frequency standard in the SI system in which the photon absorption by transitions between the two hyperfine ground states of caesium-133 atoms are used to control the output frequency.

Relations:

• is_a Frequency

• is a SIExactConstant

• disjoint_with ElementaryCharge, Collection, BoltzmannConstant, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, BaseQuantity, Quantum, AvogadroConstant, Symbol, Planck-Constant, OrdinalQuantity, Void

PlanckConstant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/siunits#EMMO_76cc4efc_231e_42b4_be83_2547681caed6

Elucidation: The quantum of action.

Dbpediamatch: http://dbpedia.org/page/Planck_constant

Iupacdoi: https://doi.org/10.1351/goldbook.P04685

Qudtmatch: http://physics.nist.gov/cuu/CODATA-Value_PlankConstant

Relations:

• is_a SIExactConstant

• disjoint_with ElementaryCharge, Collection, BoltzmannConstant, Elementary, MeasuredConstant, LuminousEfficacy, SpeedOfLightInVacuum, Quantum, AvogadroConstant, Symbol, HyperfineTransitionFrequencyOfCs, OrdinalQuantity, Void

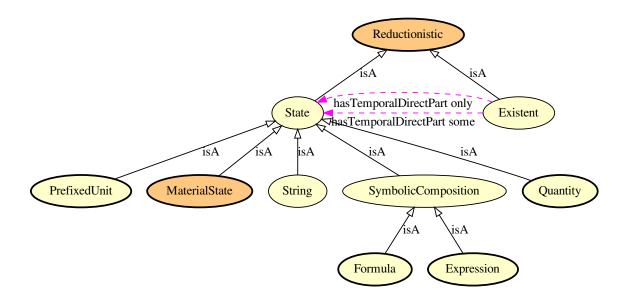


Figure 3.35: Reductionistic branch.

Reductionistic branch

State

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic#EMMO 36c79456 e29c 400d 8bd3 0eedddb82652

Elucidation: A 'Physical' which is a tessellation of spatial direct parts.

Example: e.g. the existent in my glass is declared at t = t_start as made of two direct parts: the ice and the water. It will continue to exists as state as long as the ice is completely melt at t = t_end. The new state will be completely made of water. Between t_start and t_end there is an exchange of molecules between the ice and the water, but this does not affect the existence of the two states.

If we partition the existent in my glass as ice surrounded by several molecules (we do not use the object water as direct part) then the appearance of a molecule coming from the ice will cause a state to end and another state to begin.

Comment: Direct partitions declaration is a choice of the ontologist that choses the classes to be used as direct parts, according to its own world view.

A 'State' can always be direct partitioned in 'Elementary'-s and 'Void' or 'Physical'.

e.g. the water in my glass can be seen as a single object without declaring direct parts, or as made of H2O molecules direct parts.

Comment: The definition of 'State' implies that its spatial direct parts (i.e. 'physicals') are not gained or lost during its temporal extension (they exist from the left to the right side of the time interval), so that the cardinality of spatial direct parts in a 'State' is constant.

This does not mean that there cannot be a change in the internal structure of the 'State' direct parts. It means only that this change must not affect the existence of the direct part itself.

There is no change in granularity or cardinality of direct parts of a 'State'.

The use of spatial direct parthood in 'State' definition means that a 'State' cannot overlap in space another 'State'.

Comment: The usefulness of 'State' is that it makes it possible to describe the evolution in time of an 'Existent' in terms of series of 'State'-s that can take into account the disappearance or appearance of parts within a 'Physical'.

A 'State' is a recognizable granularity level of matter, in the sense that its direct parts do not appear or disappear within its lifetime as it can be for a generic 'Existent'.

Comment: There is no change in granularity or cardinality of parts within a state.

The use of spatial direct parthood in state definition means that a state cannot overlap in space another state that is direct part of the same whole.

Relations:

- is a Reductionistic
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Physical
- disjoint_with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

Symbolic Composition

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/perceptual#EMMO_89a0c87c_0804_4013_937a_6fe234d9499c

Elucidation: A symbolic entity made of other symbolic entities according to a specific spatial configuration.

Relations:

- is a Symbolic
- is_a State
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Symbolic
- disjoint with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

Existent

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic#EMMO_52211e5e_d767_4812_845e_eb6b402c476a

Elucidation: A 'Physical' which is a tessellation of 'State' temporal direct parts.

Comment: 'Existent' is the EMMO class to be used for representing real world physical objects under a reductionistic perspective (i.e. objects come from the composition of sub-part objects, both in time and space).

'Existent' class collects all individuals that stand for physical objects that can be structured in well defined temporal sub-parts called states, through the temporal direct parthood relation.

This class provides a first granularity hierarchy in time, and a way to axiomatize tessellation principles for a specific whole with a non-transitivity relation (direct parthood) that helps to retain the granularity levels.

e.g. a car, a supersaturated gas with nucleating nanoparticles, an atom that becomes ionized and then recombines with an electron.

Comment: An 'Existent' individual stands for a real world object for which the ontologist can provide univocal tessellation in time.

By definition, the tiles are represented by 'State'-s individual.

Tiles are related to the 'Existent' through temporal direct parthood, enforcing non-transitivity and inverse-functionality.

Comment: Being hasTemporalDirectPart a proper parthood relation, there cannot be 'Existent' made of a single 'State'.

Moreover, due to inverse functionality, a 'State' can be part of only one 'Existent', preventing overlapping between 'Existent'-s.

Comment: ex-sistere (latin): to stay (to persist through time) outside others of the same type (to be distinct from the rest).

- is a Reductionistic
- hasTemporalDirectPart some State
- hasTemporalDirectPart only State
- disjoint_with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

String

Elucidation: A physical made of more than one symbol sequentially arranged.

Example: The word "cat" considered as a collection of 'symbol'-s respecting the rules of english language.

In this example the 'symbolic' entity "cat" is not related to the real cat, but it is only a word (like it would be to an italian person that ignores the meaning of this english word).

If an 'interpreter' skilled in english language is involved in a 'semiotic' process with this word, that "cat" became also a 'sign' i.e. it became for the 'interpreter' a representation for a real cat.

Comment: A string is made of concatenated symbols whose arrangement is one-dimensional. Each symbol can have only one previous and one next neighborhood (bidirectional list).

Comment: A string is not requested to respect any syntactic rule: it's simply directly made of symbols.

Relations:

- is_a Symbolic
- is_a State
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Symbol
- hasSpatialDirectPart only Symbol
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, PhysicsEquation, Void, MaterialRelation

Reductionistic

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/reductionistic#EMMO_15db234d_ecaf_4715_9838_4b4ec424fb13

Elucidation: A class devoted to categorize 'Physical'-s according to their granularity relations, first in terms of time evolution (Existent) and then in terms of their composition (State), up to the spatial a-tomistic element (Elementary).

Direct parthood is the relation used to build the class hierarchy (and the granularity hierarchy).

Relations:

- is_a Perspective
- equivalent_to State or Existent
- disjoint_with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

Expression branch

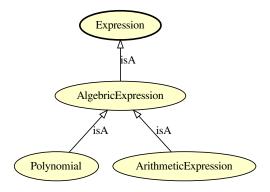


Figure 3.36: Expression branch.

Expression

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_f9bc8b52_85e9_4b53_b969_dd7724d5b8e4}$

Elucidation: A well-formed finite combination of mathematical symbols according to some specific rules.

Relations:

- is_a Mathematical
- is_a SymbolicComposition
- disjoint with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

AlgebricExpression

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_1aed91a3_d00c_48af_8f43_a0c958b2512a

Example: 2x+3

Comment: An expression that has parts only integer constants, variables, and the algebraic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division and exponentiation by an exponent that is a rational number)

Relations:

- is_a Expression
- disjoint with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

Polynomial

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_91447ec0_fb55_49f2_85a5_3172dff6482c

Example: $2 * x^2 + x + 3$

Relations:

- is_a AlgebricExpression
- disjoint_with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

ArithmeticExpression

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO 89083bab f69c 4d06 bf6d 62973b56cdc7

Example: 2+2

Relations:

- is_a AlgebricExpression
- is a not hasSpatialDirectPart some Variable
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Elementary, Quantum, Void

Formula branch

Equation

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_e56ee3eb_7609_4ae1_8bed_51974f0960a6}$

Elucidation: The class of 'mathematical'-s that stand for a statement of equality between two mathematical expressions.

Example: $2+3 = 5 \text{ x}^2 + 3x = 5x \text{ dv/dt} = a \sin(x) = y$

Comment: An equation with variables can always be represented as:

f(v0, v1, ..., vn) = g(v0, v1, ..., vn)

where f is the left hand and g the right hand side expressions and v0, v1, ..., vn are the variables.

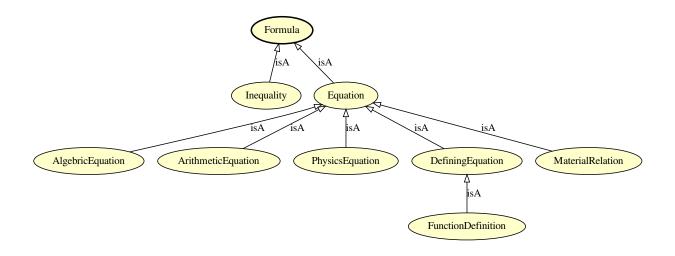


Figure 3.37: Formula branch.

Relations:

- is_a Formula
- is_a Mathematical
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Expression
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

Inequality

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math\#EMMO_0b6ebe5a_0026_4bef_a1c1_5be00df9f98e}$

Relations:

- is a Formula
- disjoint_with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

AlgebricEquation

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math} \# EMMO_98d65021_4574_4890_b2fb_46430841077f$

Example: 2 * a - b = c

Comment: An 'equation' that has parts two 'polynomial'-s

Relations:

- is_a Equation
- hasSpatialDirectPart some AlgebricExpression
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

Formula

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/math#EMMO_88470739_03d3_4c47_a03e_b30a1288d50c

Elucidation: A mathematica string that can be evaluated as true or false.

- is_a Mathematical
- is_a SymbolicComposition
- disjoint_with Quantum, Elementary, Collection, Void

FunctionDefinition

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_4bc29b0f_8fcc_4026_a291_f9774a66d9b8

Elucidation: A function defined using functional notation.

Example: y = f(x)

Relations:

- is a DefiningEquation
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

ArithmeticEquation

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_a6138ba7_e365_4f2d_b6b4_fe5a5918d403

Example: 1 + 1 = 2

Relations:

- is a Equation
- disjoint_with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

PhysicsEquation

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models#EMMO_27c5d8c6_8af7_4d63_beb1_ec37cd8b3fa3

Elucidation: An 'equation' that stands for a 'physical_law' by mathematically defining the relations between physics_quantities.

Comment: The Newton's equation of motion.

The Schrodinger equation.

The Navier-Stokes equation.

Relations:

- is_a Equation
- is a MathematicalModel
- $\bullet \ \ has Spatial Direct Part \ some \ Physical Quantity$
- Inverse(hasModel) some PhysicalPhenomenon
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Elementary, String, Quantum, Symbol, Void

DefiningEquation

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/top/math#EMMO_29afdf54_90ae_4c98_8845_fa9ea3f143a8

Elucidation: An equation that define a new variable in terms of other mathematical entities.

Example: The definition of velocity as v = dx/dt.

The definition of density as mass/volume.

y = f(x)

- is_a Equation
- disjoint with Collection, Elementary, Quantum, Symbol, Void

MaterialRelation

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/models\#EMMO_e5438930_04e7_4d42_ade5_3700d4a52ab7 } \\$

Elucidation: An 'equation' that stands for a physical assumption specific to a material, and provides an expression for a 'physics_quantity' (the dependent variable) as function of other variables, physics_quantity or data (independent variables).

Example: The Lennard-Jones potential.

A force field.

An Hamiltonian.

Comment: A material_relation can e.g. return a predefined number, return a database query, be an equation that depends on other physics_quantities.

Relations:

- is a Equation
- hasSpatialDirectPart some PhysicalQuantity
- disjoint_with Collection, PrefixedUnit, Elementary, String, Quantum, Symbol, Void

Physicalistic branch

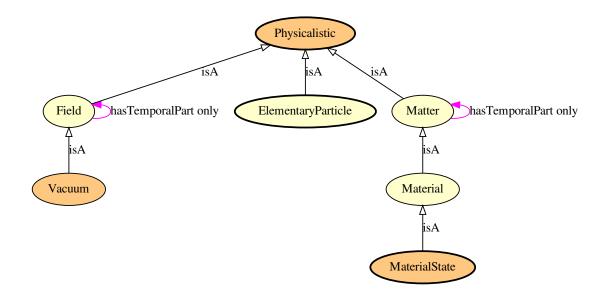


Figure 3.38: Physicalistic branch.

Matter

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic} \# EMMO_5b2222df_4da6_442f_8244_96e9e45887d1$

Elucidation: A 'Physical' that possesses some 'Massive' parts.

- is_a Physicalistic
- is a Physical
- hasPart some Massive
- hasTemporalPart only Matter
- disjoint with Vacuum, Collection, Void

Field

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_70dac51e_bddd_48c2_8a98_7d8395e91fc2

Elucidation: A 'Physical' with 'Massless' parts that are mediators of interactions.

Comment: The concepts of matter and field for classical physics, upon which we can categorize physical entities, are replaced in quantum physics by the more general concepts of quantum field.

Here the class 'Field' refers to the quantum field of massless bosonic particles (i.e. photons, gluons), while the class 'Matter' refers to the quantum field of massive fermionic or bosonic particles (e.g. quarks, electrons).

Relations:

- is_a Physicalistic
- is_a Physical
- hasPart some Massless
- hasTemporalPart only Field
- disjoint with Collection, Void

Physicalistic

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_98ada9d8_f1c8_4f13_99b5_d890f5354152

Elucidation: The perspective for which physical objects are categorized only by concepts coming from physics.

Relations:

- is_a Perspective
- equivalent to Matter or Field
- disjoint_with Collection, Void

Vacuum

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_3c218fbe_60c9_4597_8bcf_41eb1773af1f

Relations:

- is_a Field
- equivalent to Field and not Matter
- disjoint with Collection, Void, Matter

Material

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_4207e895_8b83_4318_996a_72cfb32acd94

Elucidation: A 'Physical' that stands for a real world object that represents an amount of a physical substance (or mixture of substances) that constitute (is part of) a more comprehensive real world object.

Comment: The definition states that a 'Material' is a portion of a real world object, being that a full functional device or component, or a sample made of that material (or the sample itself).

Relations:

- is_a Matter
- disjoint_with Vacuum, Collection, Void

Elementary Particle branch

ElementaryParticle

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic} \# EMMO_c26a0340_d619_4928_b1a1_1a04e88bb89d$

Elucidation: The union of all classes categorizing elementary particles according to the Standard Model.

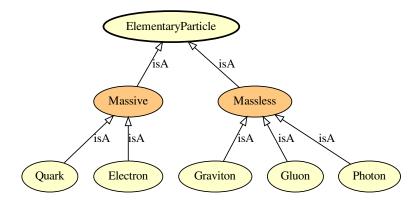


Figure 3.39: Elementary Particle branch.

Comment: Only a subset of elementary particles from the Standard Model are here included for the sake of simplicity.

Relations:

- is_a Physicalistic
- is_a Elementary
- disjoint_with Collection, System, Reductionistic, PhysicsBasedModel, Interpreter, Void
- disjoint union of Photon, Quark, Gluon, Electron, Graviton

Graviton

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic} \# EMMO_eb3c61f0_3983_4346_a0c6_e7f6b90a67a8$

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for gravitons elementary particles.

Comment: While this particle is only supposed to exist, the EMMO approach to classical and quantum systems represents fields as made of particles.

For this reason graviton is an useful concept to homogenize the approach between different fields.

Relations:

- is_a Massless
- is a Elementary
- disjoint_with Collection, System, Reductionistic, Massive, PhysicsBasedModel, Gluon, Photon, Interpreter, Void

Quark

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic} \# EMMO_72 d 53756_7 fb1_46 ed_980 f_83 f47 efbe105 for the property of the property$

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for quarks elementary particles.

Relations:

- is a Massive
- is a Elementary
- disjoint_with Collection, System, Reductionistic, Electron, PhysicsBasedModel, Interpreter, Void, Massless

Electron

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO_8043d3c6_a4c1_4089_ba34_9744e28e5b3d

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for electrons elemntary particles.

Relations:

- is_a Massive
- is a Elementary
- disjoint_with Collection, System, Reductionistic, Quark, PhysicsBasedModel, Interpreter, Void, Massless

Massive

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO 385b8f6e 43ac 4596 ad76 ac322c68b7ca

Elucidation: The union of classes of elementary particles that possess mass.

Relations:

- is_a ElementaryParticle
- equivalent_to Quark or Electron
- disjoint_with Collection, System, Reductionistic, PhysicsBasedModel, Interpreter, Void, Massless

Gluon

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic#EMMO 7db59e56 f68b 48b7 ae99 891c35ae5c3b

Elucidation: The class of individuals that stand for gluons elementary particles.

Relations:

- is a Massless
- is a Elementary
- disjoint_with Collection, System, Graviton, Reductionistic, Massive, PhysicsBasedModel, Photon, Interpreter, Void

Photon

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic} \# EMMO_25f8b804_9a0b_4387_a3e7_b35bce5365ee$

Comment: The class of individuals that stand for photons elementary particles.

Relations:

- is_a Massless
- is a Elementary
- disjoint_with Collection, System, Graviton, Reductionistic, Massive, PhysicsBasedModel, Gluon, Interpreter, Void

Massless

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/physicalistic} \# EMMO_e5488299_8 \\ \text{dab_4ebb_900a_26d2abed8396}$

Elucidation: The union of classes of elementary particles that do not possess mass.

- is_a ElementaryParticle
- equivalent to Photon or Gluon or Graviton
- disjoint_with Collection, System, Reductionistic, Massive, PhysicsBasedModel, Interpreter, Void

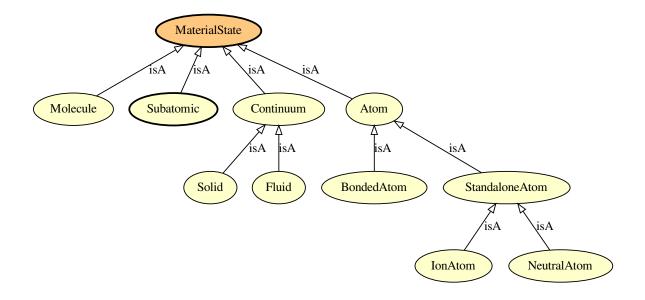


Figure 3.40: Material State branch.

Material State branch

Atom

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials\#EMMO_eb77076b_a104_42ac_a065_798b2d2809ad$

Elucidation: A standalone atom has direct part one 'nucleus' and one 'electron' cloud'.

An O 'atom' within an O2 'molecule' is an 'e-bonded atom'.

In this material branch, H atom is a particular case, with respect to higher atomic number atoms, since as soon as it shares its electron it has no nucleus entangled electron cloud.

We cannot say that H2 molecule has direct part two H atoms, but has direct part two H nucleus.

Comment: An 'atom' is a 'nucleus' surrounded by an 'electron_cloud', i.e. a quantum system made of one or more bounded electrons.

Relations:

- is_a MaterialState
- is a Material
- is_a State
- hasSpatialDirectPart some ElectronCloud
- has Spatial
DirectPart some Nucleus
- disjoint with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

Solid

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO_a2b006f2_bbfd_4dba_bcaa_3fca20cd6be1

Elucidation: A continuum characterized by structural rigidity and resistance to changes of shape or volume, that retains its shape and density when not confined.

- is_a Continuum
- disjoint_with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

Molecule

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials\#EMMO_3397f270_dfc1_4500_8f6f_4d0d85ac5f71$

Elucidation: An atom_based state defined by an exact number of e-bonded atomic species and an electron cloud made of the shared electrons.

Example: H20, C6H12O6, CH4

Comment: An entity is called essential if removing one direct part will lead to a change in entity class.

An entity is called redundand if removing one direct part will not lead to a change in entity class.

Comment: This definition states that this object is a non-periodic set of atoms or a set with a finite periodicity.

Removing an atom from the state will result in another type of atom based state.

e.g. you cannot remove H from H20 without changing the molecule type (essential). However, you can remove a C from a nanotube (redundant). C60 fullerene is a molecule, since it has a finite periodicity and is made of a well defined number of atoms (essential). A C nanotube is not a molecule, since it has an infinite periodicity (redundant).

Relations:

- is a MaterialState
- is_a Material
- is_a State
- disjoint_with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

Fluid

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO_87ac88ff_8379_4f5a_8c7b_424a8fff1ee8

Elucidation: A continuum that has no fixed shape and yields easily to external pressure.

Example: Gas, liquid, plasma,

Relations:

- is_a Continuum
- disjoint with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

IonAtom

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO db03061b db31 4132 a47a 6a634846578b

Elucidation: A standalone atom with an unbalanced number of electrons with respect to its atomic number.

Comment: The ion_atom is the basic part of a pure ionic bonded compound i.e. without eclectron sharing,

Relations:

- is_a StandaloneAtom
- disjoint_with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, NeutralAtom, Void

Continuum

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO 8b0923ab b500 477b 9ce9 8b3a3e4dc4f2

Elucidation: A state that is a collection of sufficiently large number of other parts such that: - it is the bearer of qualities that can exist only by the fact that it is a sum of parts - the smallest partition dV of the state volume in which we are interested in, contains enough parts to be statistically consistent: $n \ [\#/m3] \ x \ dV \ [m3] >> 1$

Comment: A continuum is made of a sufficient number of parts that it continues to exists as continuum individual even after the loss of one of them i.e. a continuum is a redundant.

Comment: A continuum is not necessarily small (i.e. composed by the minimum amount of sates to fulfill the definition).

A single continuum individual can be the whole fluid in a pipe.

Comment: A continuum is the bearer of properties that are generated by the interactions of parts such as viscosity and thermal or electrical conductivity.

Relations:

- is a MaterialState
- is a Material
- is a State
- disjoint with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

MaterialState

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO_20fff605_465f_4034_8696_e53e90ec83f4

Elucidation: A union of the four base classes for the classification of materials according to the DG-RTD Review of Materials Modelling.

Seealso: https://op.europa.eu/en/publication-detail/-/publication/e0845ae1-1b60-11e7-aeb3-01aa75ed71a1

Relations:

- is a Material
- is a State
- equivalent to Material and State
- disjoint_with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

NeutralAtom

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO_4588526f_8553_4f4d_aa73_a483e88d599b

Elucidation: A standalone atom that has no net charge.

Relations:

- is a StandaloneAtom
- disjoint with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, IonAtom, Void

BondedAtom

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials} \# EMMO_8303a247_f9d9_4616_bdcd_f5cbd7b298e3$

Elucidation: An bonded atom that shares at least one electron to the atom-based entity of which is part of.

Comment: A real bond between atoms is always something hybrid between covalent, metallic and ionic.

In general, metallic and ionic bonds have atoms sharing electrons.

Comment: The bond types that are covered by this definition are the strong electonic bonds: covalent, metallic and ionic.

Comment: This class can be used to represent molecules as simplified quantum systems, in which outer molecule shared electrons are un-entangled with the inner shells of the atoms composing the molecule.

- is a Atom
- disjoint_with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

StandaloneAtom

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials} \# EMMO_2 \text{fd} 3 \text{f5} 74_5 \text{e} 93_47 \text{fe_afca_ed} 80 \text{b} 0 \text{a} 21 \text{ab} 4 \text{b} 10 \text{c} 10 \text$

Elucidation: An atom that does not share electrons with other atoms.

Comment: A standalone atom can be bonded with other atoms by intermolecular forces (i.e. dipole–dipole, London dispersion force, hydrogen bonding), since this bonds does not involve electron sharing.

Relations:

- is a Atom
- disjoint_with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void
- disjoint_union_of NeutralAtom, IonAtom

Subatomic branch

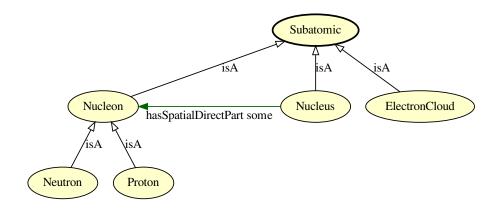


Figure 3.41: Subatomic branch.

Neutron

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO_df808271_df91_4f27_ba59_fa423c51896c

Relations:

- is_a Nucleon
- disjoint_with Collection, Proton, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

Subatomic

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO_7d66bde4_b68d_41cc_b5fc_6fd98c5e2ff0

Relations:

- is_a MaterialState
- \bullet is_a Material
- is a State
- disjoint_with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

Proton

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO_8f87e700_99a8_4427_8ffb_e493de05c217

Relations:

- is a Nucleon
- disjoint_with Neutron, Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

Nucleus

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials} \# EMMO_f835f4d4_c665_403d_ab25_dca5cc74be52$

Relations:

- is a Subatomic
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Nucleon
- disjoint_with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

Nucleon

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials\#EMMO_50781fd9_a9e4_46ad_b7be_4500371d188d$

Relations:

- is a Subatomic
- hasSpatialDirectPart some Quark
- disjoint_with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void
- disjoint_union_of Proton, Neutron

ElectronCloud

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo/middle/materials#EMMO 1067b97a 84f8 4d22 8ace b842b8ce355c

Elucidation: A 'spacetime' that stands for a quantum system made of electrons.

- is_a Subatomic
- disjoint with Collection, Vacuum, Elementary, Quantum, Void

Chapter 4

Individuals

Universe

• is_a Physical

Chapter 5

Appendix

The complete taxonomy of EMMO relations

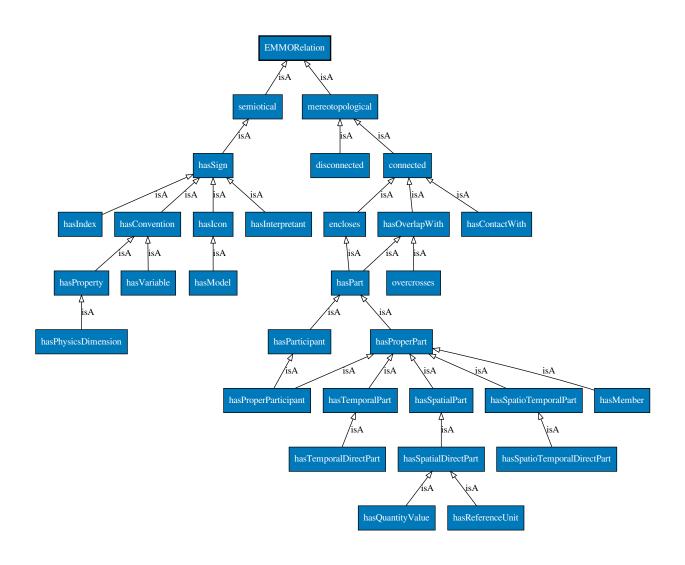


Figure 5.1: The complete taxonomy of EMMO relations.

The complete taxonomy of EMMO classes

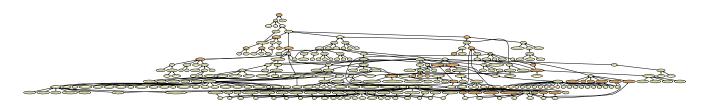


Figure 5.2: The complete taxonomy of EMMO classes.