

Research Question: "Can visual analytics reveal the hidden evolution of musical genres beyond marketing labels?"

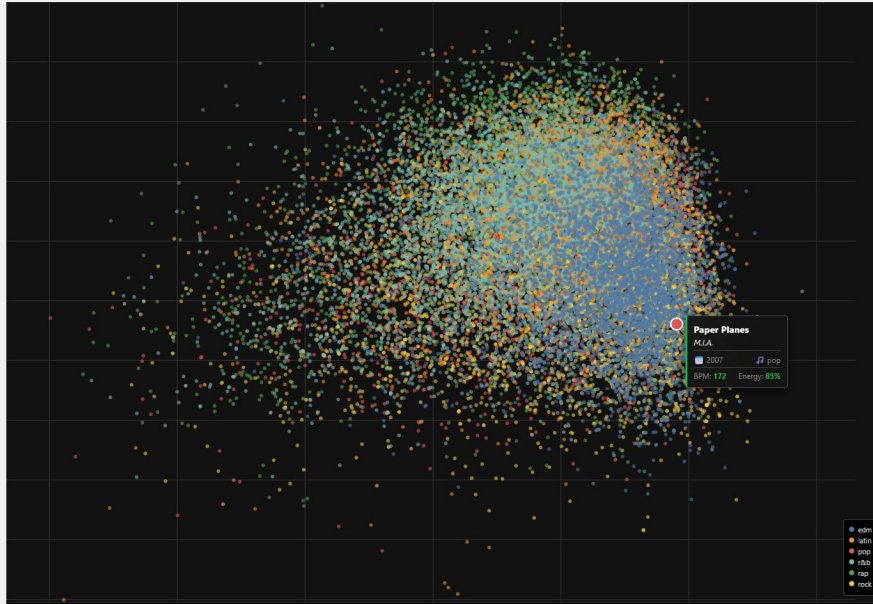
Emotional and Structural Evolution of Modern Music (1970-2020)

Data & Preprocessing Pipeline

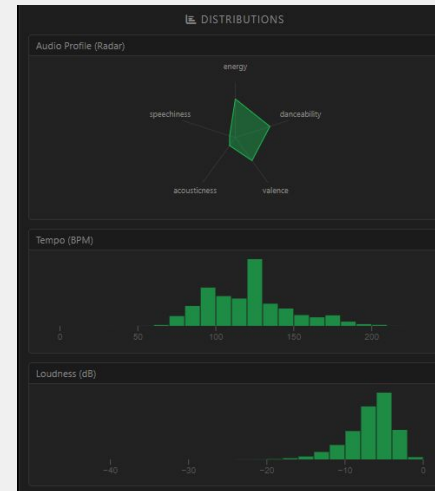
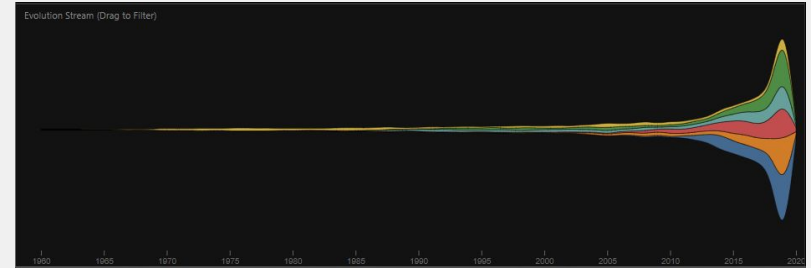
Raw Data	Cleaning	Normalization	DR (PCA) & Clustering (K-Means)
01	02	03	04
<p>Spotify Tracks Dataset :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 18 dimensions• 100k Tracks	<p>9 numerical audio features are selected.</p>	<p>Applying a Z-Score normalization to ensure they contribute equally.</p> $z = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$	<p>PCA :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 9 dimensions into 2D model <p>K-Means clustering :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Find natural groups of songs based on their actual sound, not just their genre.

Visual Design & Interaction

"Overview first, then details-on-demand" - Shneiderman's Mantra



1. The Main View : Scatterplot

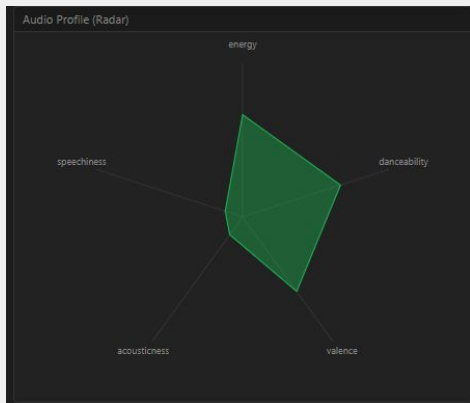


2. Analytics Panel

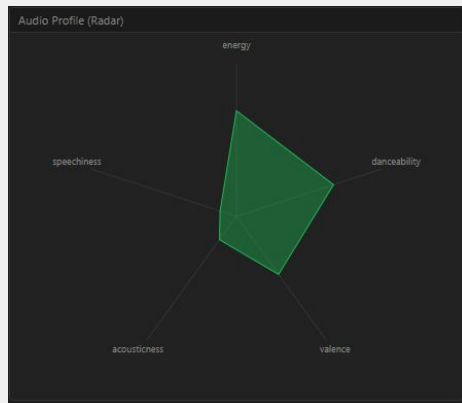
3. Temporal View

Insights (Results)

Insight 1 : "The Sadness of Modern Music"



1990 - 1999

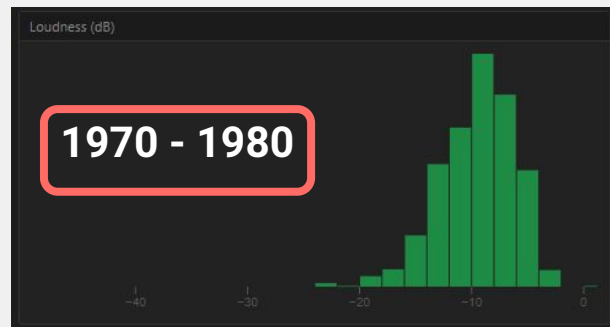


2015 - 2020

"While Mainstream music became louder, it also became significantly sadder."

Insight 1 : "Loudness War"

1970s VS 2010s, shift in the loudness distribution towards higher decibels : Loss of Dynamic Range



1970 - 1980



2010 - 2020

Conclusion & Limitations

- ✓ Successful dimensionality reduction (PCA).
- ✓ Real-time interaction (no latency).
- ✗ Limitation: Subjectivity of genre labels.
- ✗ Limitation: Fewer Tracks available before the 2000s

Thank you for your attention !

Next : DEMO TIME