

## DAD 220 Module Three Lab Template

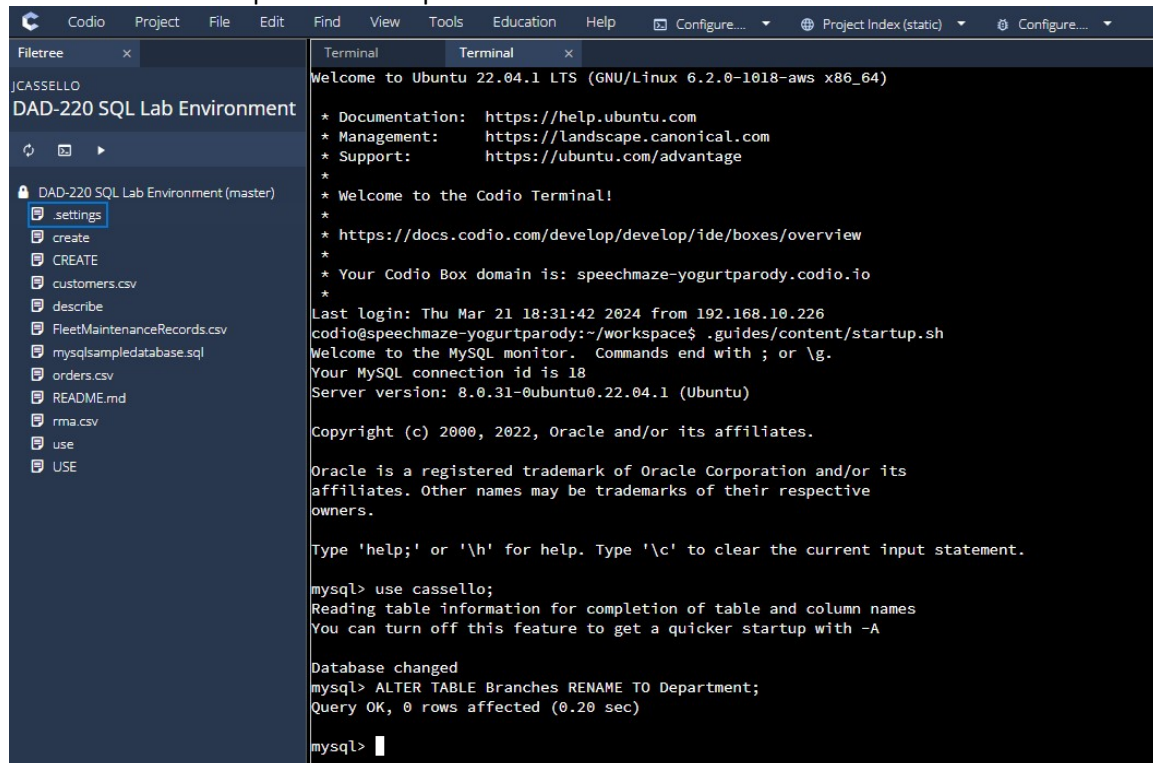
### Overview

To complete this lab, go to your Codio virtual lab environment and start a new terminal session. Once there, **connect to the employee information you entered in the Module Two lab**. Then perform the steps below to complete the activity. Manually enter any commands you are asked to write.

At the end of each step in the activity, replace bracketed text with a screenshot, brief explanation, or both, as indicated. Size each screenshot and its explanation to fit about one-quarter of the page with the description written below the screenshot. Review the Template Screenshot Example linked in the guidelines and rubric for this assignment to see an example of how screenshots for your assignment should look.

### Create Joins Between Tables

- **Update the name of the Branches table** that you created in the previous lab to say "Department".
  - Use an ALTER statement to RENAME the Branches table "Department".
  - Capture these outputs in a screenshot to validate that you successfully completed this step.



The screenshot shows a Codio virtual lab environment with a terminal window open. The terminal displays the following text:

```
Welcome to Ubuntu 22.04.1 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.2.0-1018-aws x86_64)

* Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
* Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
* Support:       https://ubuntu.com/advantage
*
* Welcome to the Codio Terminal!
*
* https://docs.codio.com/develop/develop/ide/boxes/overview
*
* Your Codio Box domain is: speechmaze-yogurtparody.codio.io
*
Last login: Thu Mar 21 18:31:42 2024 from 192.168.10.226
codio@speechmaze-yogurtparody:~/workspace$ .guides/content/startup.sh
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 18
Server version: 8.0.31-0ubuntu0.22.04.1 (Ubuntu)

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> use cassello;
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A

Database changed
mysql> ALTER TABLE Branches RENAME TO Department;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.20 sec)

mysql>
```

- **Insert fields to the Department table** so that joins can be performed on tables.

- INSERT INTO Department VALUES

```
(1, 'Accounting'),
(2, 'Human Resources'),
(3, 'Information Systems'),
(4, 'Marketing');
```

- Write a SELECT statement for this table to prove this step and validate that it ran correctly with a screenshot.

```

Welcome to Ubuntu 22.04.1 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.2.0-1018-aws x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/advantage
 *
 * Welcome to the Codio Terminal!
 *
 * https://docs.codio.com/develop/develop/ide/boxes/overview
 *
 * Your Codio Box domain is: speechmaze-yogurtparody.codio.io
 *

Last login: Thu Mar 21 18:31:42 2024 from 192.168.10.226
codio@speechmaze-yogurtparody:~/workspace$ .guides/content/startup.sh
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 18
Server version: 8.0.31-0ubuntu0.22.04.1 (Ubuntu)

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owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> use cassello;
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A

Database changed
mysql> ALTER TABLE Branches RENAME TO Department;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.20 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO Department VALUES
  -> (1,'Accounting'),
  -> (2,'Human Resources'),
  -> (3,'Information Systems'),
  -> (4,'Marketing');
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.13 sec)
Records: 4  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from Department;
+-----+-----+
| Department_ID | Department_Name |
+-----+-----+
|             1 | Accounting      |
|             2 | Human Resources |
|             3 | Information Systems |
|             4 | Marketing       |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>

```

- **Perform joins between the Department and Employee tables and show results for how many employees work in each of the four departments. This action will only provide information on the records that are already there.**
  - Department 1 = Accounting
    - Command: `SELECT First_Name, Last_Name, Department.Department_Name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 1;`
  - Using SELECT statements similar to that above, **perform joins to produce results** for the following tables:
    - Department 2 = Human Resources
    - Department 3 = Information Systems
    - Department 4 = Marketing
  - Capture the results of these joins and validate your work by providing a screenshot. You should have the same number of records as you do employees.

The screenshot shows a MySQL terminal window with the following content:

```

mysql> use cassello;
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A

Database changed
mysql> ALTER TABLE Branches RENAME TO Department;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.28 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO Department VALUES
  -> (1,'Accounting'),
  -> (2,'Human Resources'),
  -> (3,'Information Systems'),
  -> (4,'Marketing');
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.13 sec)
Records: 4  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from Department;
+-----+-----+
| Department_ID | Department_Name |
+-----+-----+
| 1 | Accounting |
| 2 | Human Resources |
| 3 | Information Systems |
| 4 | Marketing |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT First_name, Last_Name, Department.Department_Name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 1;
+-----+-----+-----+
| First_name | Last_Name | Department_Name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| John | Smith | Accounting |
| Joey | Cassello | Accounting |
+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT First_name, Last_Name, Department.Department_Name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 2;
+-----+-----+-----+
| First_name | Last_Name | Department_Name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Mary | Jones | Human Resources |
+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT First_name, Last_Name, Department.Department_Name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 3;
+-----+-----+-----+
| First_name | Last_Name | Department_Name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Mary | Williams | Information Systems |
| Morgan | Freeman | Information Systems |
+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT First_name, Last_Name, Department.Department_Name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 4;
+-----+-----+-----+
| First_name | Last_Name | Department_Name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Owen | Johnson | Marketing |
| Michael | Jones | Marketing |
+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>

```

- **Populate the Employee table with information for 10 new employees.**
  - Give the employees unique names and include attributes for all necessary fields. Note: Reference attributes from the lab in Module Two. Department ID values must be between 1 and 4.

The screenshot shows a MySQL terminal window with the following content:

```
mysql> SELECT First_name, Last_Name, Department.Department_Name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 2;
+-----+-----+-----+
| First_name | Last_Name | Department_Name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Mary       | Jones     | Human Resources |
+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT First_name, Last_Name, Department.Department_Name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 3;
+-----+-----+-----+
| First_name | Last_Name | Department_Name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Mary       | Williams  | Information Systems |
| Morgan     | Freeman   | Information Systems |
+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT First_name, Last_Name, Department.Department_Name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 4;
+-----+-----+-----+
| First_name | Last_Name | Department_Name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Owen       | Johnson   | Marketing         |
| Michael    | Jones     | Marketing         |
+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO Employee VALUES
-> (108,'Al','Pacino','1','Exempt','Full-Time',90000),
-> (109,'Will','Smith','2','Non-Exempt','Part-Time',80000),
-> (110,'Robert','Downey','4','Exempt','Part-Time',70000),
-> (111,'Troy','Bolton','3','Non-Exempt','Full-Time',60000),
-> (112,'George','Washington','1','Exempt','Part-Time',50000),
-> (113,'Paul','Hewers','2','Non-Exempt','Full-Time',40000),
-> (114,'John','Wick','4','Exempt','Part-Time',30000),
-> (115,'Jon','Snow','3','Exempt','Part-Time',20000),
-> (116,'Arthur','Morgan','1','Non-Exempt','Full-Time',10000),
-> (117,'Willy','Wonka','4','Exempt','Full-Time',90000);
ERROR 1146 (42S02): Table 'cassello.Employee' doesn't exist

mysql> INSERT INTO Employee VALUES
-> (108,'Al','Pacino','1','Exempt','Full-Time',90000),
-> (109,'Will','Smith','2','Non-Exempt','Part-Time',80000),
-> (110,'Robert','Downey','4','Exempt','Part-Time',70000),
-> (111,'Troy','Bolton','3','Non-Exempt','Full-Time',60000),
-> (112,'George','Washington','1','Exempt','Part-Time',50000),
-> (113,'Paul','Hewers','2','Non-Exempt','Full-Time',40000),
-> (114,'John','Wick','4','Exempt','Part-Time',30000),
-> (115,'Jon','Snow','3','Exempt','Part-Time',20000),
-> (116,'Arthur','Morgan','1','Non-Exempt','Full-Time',10000),
-> (117,'Willy','Wonka','4','Exempt','Full-Time',90000);
ERROR 1146 (42S02): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near '-(109,'Will','Smith','2','Non-Exempt','P' at line 3

mysql> INSERT INTO Employee VALUES
-> (108,'Al','Pacino','1','Exempt','Full-Time',90000),
-> (109,'Will','Smith','2','Non-Exempt','Part-Time',80000),
-> (110,'Robert','Downey','4','Exempt','Part-Time',70000),
-> (111,'Troy','Bolton','3','Non-Exempt','Full-Time',60000),
-> (112,'George','Washington','1','Exempt','Part-Time',50000),
-> (113,'Paul','Hewers','2','Non-Exempt','Full-Time',40000),
-> (114,'John','Wick','4','Exempt','Part-Time',30000),
-> (115,'Jon','Snow','3','Exempt','Part-Time',20000),
-> (116,'Arthur','Morgan','1','Non-Exempt','Full-Time',10000),
-> (117,'Willy','Wonka','4','Exempt','Full-Time',90000);
Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.08 sec)
Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql>
```

- **Perform a join across the Employee and Department tables** for each of the four departments. New and existing records should be displayed in the results.
  - Take a screenshot to capture the updated results that the Employee and Department joins show and validate that they have run correctly. You should have the same number of records as you do employees.

```

mysql> INSERT INTO Employee VALUES
--> (112, 'George', 'Washington', 1, 'Exempt', 'Part-Time', 50000),
--> (113, 'Paul', 'Hewer', 2, 'Non-Exempt', 'Full-Time', 40000),
--> (114, 'John', 'Wick', 4, 'Exempt', 'Part-Time', 30000),
--> (115, 'Jon', 'Snow', 3, 'Exempt', 'Part-Time', 20000),
--> (116, 'Arthur', 'Morgan', 1, 'Non-Exempt', 'Full-Time', 100000),
--> (117, 'Willy', 'Wonka', 4, 'Exempt', 'Full-Time', 90000);
Query OK, 6 rows affected (0.08 sec)
Records: 6 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> SELECT First_name, Last_name, Department.Department_name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 3;
+-----+-----+-----+
| First_name | Last_name | Department_name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| John       | Smith     | Accounting       |
| Joey       | Cassello  | Accounting       |
| Al         | Pacino    | Accounting       |
| George     | Washington| Accounting       |
| Arthur     | Morgan    | Accounting       |
+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.01 sec)

mysql> SELECT First_name, Last_name, Department.Department_name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 2;
+-----+-----+-----+
| First_name | Last_name | Department_name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Mary       | Jones     | Human Resources  |
| Will       | Smith     | Human Resources  |
| Paul       | Revere    | Human Resources  |
+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT First_name, Last_name, Department.Department_name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 4;
+-----+-----+-----+
| First_name | Last_name | Department_name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Mary       | Williams  | Information Systems |
| Morgan     | Freeman   | Information Systems |
| Troy       | Bolton    | Information Systems |
| Jon        | Snow      | Information Systems |
+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> SELECT First_name, Last_name, Department.Department_name FROM Employee INNER JOIN Department ON Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID WHERE Employee.Department_ID = 5;
+-----+-----+-----+
| First_name | Last_name | Department_name |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Gwen       | Johnson   | Marketing         |
| Michael    | Jones     | Marketing         |
| Robert     | Downey    | Marketing         |
| John       | Wick      | Marketing         |
| Willy      | Wonka     | Marketing         |
+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>

```

- Identify the resultant outputs of the commands you wrote and answer the following question:

- How many records are returned for employees in each department?

Accounting: 5 Employee records returned

Human Resources: 3 Employee records returned

Information Systems: 4 Employee records returned

Marketing: 5 Employee records returned

- Create a CSV file that contains only the records of employees in Human Resources and Information Systems. If you run this query multiple times, be sure to use a different file name each time. MySQL will not overwrite an existing file.

- Enter the command listed below.

- Command: `select First_name, Last_name, Department.Department_name from Employee inner join Department on Employee.Department_ID = Department.Department_ID where Employee.Department_ID = 3 OR Employee.Department_ID = 2 into outfile '/home/codio/workspace/HRandIS-Employees.csv' FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' LINES TERMINATED BY '\r\n';`

- Print the file output to the screen.
- In order to print your screen, start by refreshing your browser.
- Type the word "quit" after your MySQL prompt. Then press **Enter** to exit to the Linux shell. Do not exit the virtual lab environment.
- Print the output of your file to the screen using these steps:
  - Type "pwd" and press **Enter**. Then type "ls" and press **Enter** again to list your files.
  - Next, type "cat HRandIS-Employees.csv" and press **Enter**.
  - Capture these outputs in a screenshot to validate that you successfully completed this step.

```

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 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
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 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/advantage

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 * Welcome to the Codio Terminal!
 *
 * https://docs.codio.com/develop/develop/ide/boxes/overview
 *
 * Your Codio Box domain is: speechmaze-yogurtparody.codio.io
 *
Last login: Thu Mar 21 19:21:45 2024 from 192.168.10.226
codio@speechmaze-yogurtparody:~/workspace$ .guides/content/startup.sh
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 21
Server version: 8.0.31-0ubuntu0.22.04.1 (Ubuntu)

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owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> USE cassello;
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A

Database changed
mysql> quit
Bye
codio@speechmaze-yogurtparody:~/workspace$ pwd
/home/codio/workspace
codio@speechmaze-yogurtparody:~/workspace$ ls
create  CREATE  customers.csv  describe  FleetMaintenanceRecords.csv  HRandIS-Employees.csv  mysqlsampledatabase.sql  orders.csv  quit  README.md  rma.csv  use
codio@speechmaze-yogurtparody:~/workspace$ cat HRandIS-Employee.csv
cat: HRandIS-Employee.csv: No such file or directory
codio@speechmaze-yogurtparody:~/workspace$ cat HRandIS-Employees.csv
Mary,Jones,Human Resources
Mary,Williams,Information Systems
Morgan,Freeman,Information Systems
Will,Smith,Human Resources
Troy,Bolton,Information Systems
Paul,Revere,Human Resources
Jon,Snow,Information Systems
codio@speechmaze-yogurtparody:~/workspace$

```

- **Reflection:** Provide detailed insight on the prompts below. Explain your process and how and why your process worked. Write your responses to the questions below in paragraph form.

- Process
  - **Explain how the joins** you used in this assignment worked.

The joins in this assignment worked by combining information from different tables based on shared points. First, I selected data from the Employee table, such as First\_Name, Last\_Name and Department\_Name. Then,

I used INNER JOIN to connect the Department table using the Department\_ID. This allowed me to focus and choose the specific department I need.

- **Describe** why the **commands** you used were able to retrieve the Department table when you selected the Department name.

The commands used were successfully able to retrieve the Department table when I selected the Department name due to the INNER JOIN command used. By connecting the Employee and Department tables based on the Department\_ID, I established a connection that allowed me to access Department names from the Department table while querying data from the Employee table. This makes sure that for every record in the Employee table, a corresponding Department name was shown in the query result.

- File creation and extraction
  - **Identify** how many **records** are in the file when you write the records of your query to a CSV file.

There are 7 records shown in the CSV file.

- **Explain**, in detail, the process of **extracting data** to a flat file.

To extract data to a flat file, you start by specifying the information you need, like employees names and their corresponding departments, by using a SELECT statement from the employee table. Next, you establish a connection between the employee table and the department table by performing an INNER JOIN command based on the Department\_ID. Once the data from tables is selected, you export the result set to a CSV file. This process creates a flat file containing the requested records, which offers a more organized format for reviewing the data.