## EECS 182 Deep Neural Networks Spring 2023 Anant Sahai

## Discussion 10

## 1. Tranformers and Pretraining

Tranformer Architecture is illustrated in the schematic below.

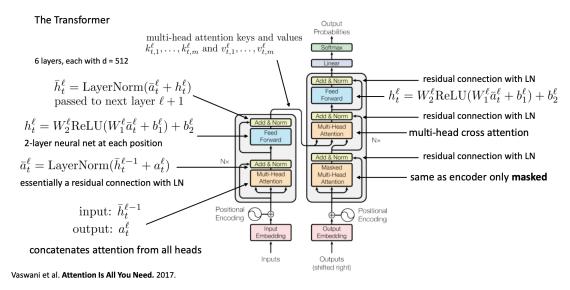


Figure 1: Overview of Transformer architecture

- (a) Why do we need positional encoding? Describe a situation where word order information is necessary for the task performed.
- (b) When using an absolute positional encoding (e.g. sinusoids at different frequencies like hands of a clock), we can either add it to the input embedding or concatenate it. That is, if  $x_i$  is our word embedding and  $p_i$  is our position embedding, we can either use  $z = x_i + p_i$  or  $z = [x_i, p_i]$  Consider a simple example where the query and key for the attention layer are both simply q = k = z. If we compute a dot-product of a query with another key in the attention layer, what would be the result in either case? Discuss the implications of this.

- (c) It turns out we can extend the self-attention mechanics to have relative positions matter without cross terms and without having to explicitly concatenate (and thereby increase the length of) two kinds of embeddings.
  - i. Relative position embedding explicitly adds a learnable set of biases  $\pi_{i-j}$  to the dot-product scores before the softmax operation. For what  $\pi_{i,j}$  would we get the same behavior from attention as concatenating the position embeddings  $q_i^{(\text{pos})}$ ,  $k_j^{(\text{pos})}$  to both the query  $q_i$  and the keys  $k_j$ ?
  - ii. If T is the maximum context-length and we have m attention heads, how many extra parameters have to be learned if we insist that these learned (per-head) attention biases  $\pi_{i,j}$  must only depend on relative position?
- (d) What is the advantage of multi-headed attention? Give some examples of structures that can be found using multi-headed attention.
- (e) Let's say we're using argmax attention, which uses argmax rather than softmax, like we saw on the midterm. What is the size of the receptive field of a node at level n...

If we have only a single head?

If we have two heads?

If we have k heads?

- (f) For input sequences of length M and output sequences of length N, what are the complexities of (1) Encoder Self-Attention (2) Cross Attention (3) Decoder Self-Attention. Let k be the hidden dimension of the network.
- (g) True or False: With transformer masked autoencoders, masking out a token typically involves replacing both the token value and the positional encoding at an index with a special "mask" token.

(h) A group of CS 182 students are creating a language model, and one student suggests that they us random text from novels for pre-training. Another student says that this is just arbitrary text isn't useful because there aren't any labels. Who's right and why?
(i) Would an encoder model or a encoder-decoder model be better suited for the following tasks?  Summarizing text in an article  Classify written restaurant reviews by their sentiment  Identifying useful pages when retrieving web search results  Translating one language to another
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