Taller 5

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Ejercicio 1

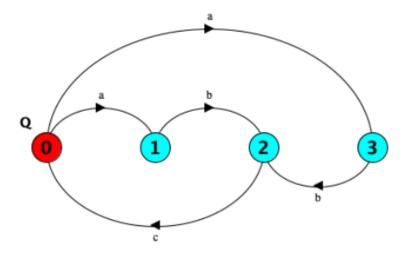


Figure 1: Q graph

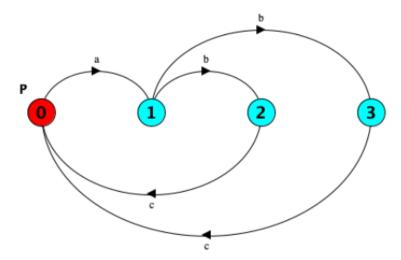


Figure 2: P graph

Punto fijo para bisimulación fuerte (~) \

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\begin{array}{l}
\sim 0 = \{ \\
(0, 0), (0, 1), (0, 2), (0, 3), \\
(1, 0), (1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), \\
(2, 0), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), \\
(3, 0), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3)
\end{array} \\

\sim 1 = \{ \\
(0, 0), \\
(1, 1), \\
(2, 2), (2, 3), \\
(3, 1)
\end{cases}

\sim 2 = \{ \\
(0, 0), \\
(1, 1), \\
(2, 2), (2, 3), \\
(3, 1)
\end{cases}

(3, 1)
```

Como ~1 y ~2 son iguales, paramos ahí, habiendo encontrado una relación de bisimulación fuerte.