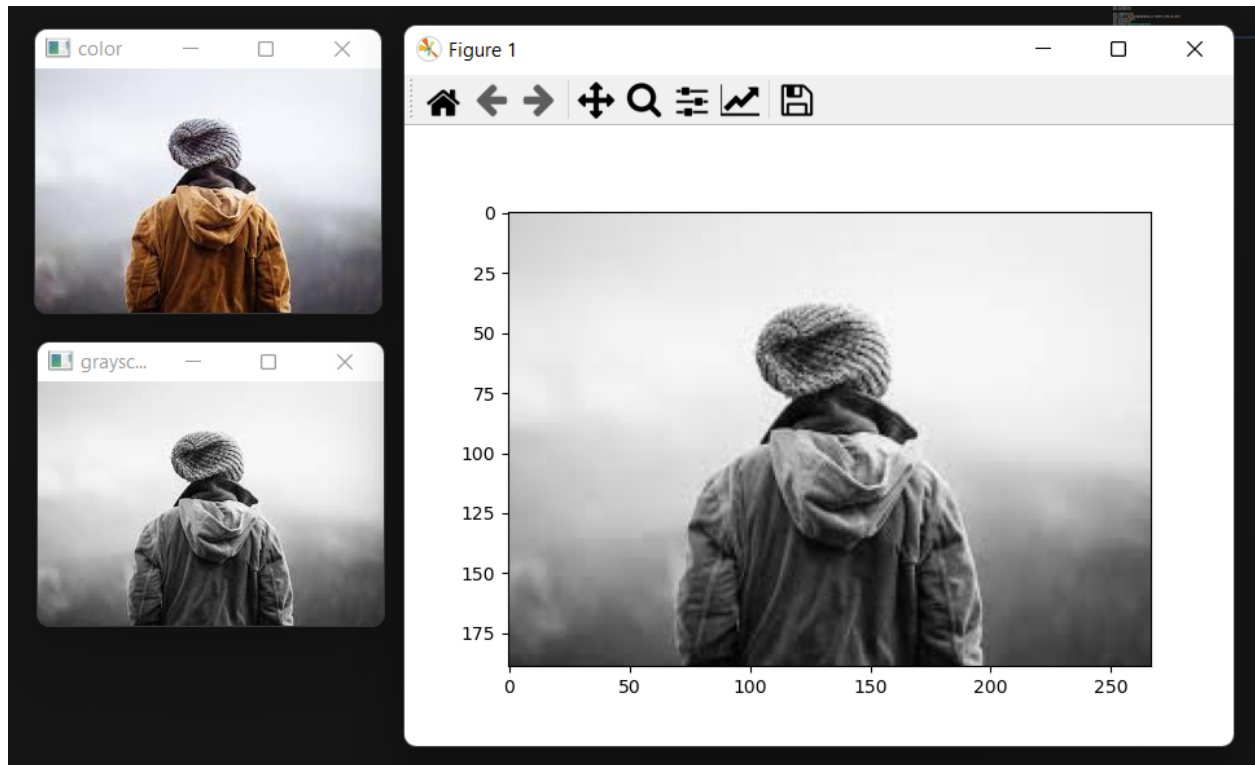


Assignment2 : Grayscale image and Image histogram

Change the BGR image to grayscale by using tools “openCV” and “matplotlib”. then , plot the images for comparison between 2 methods. The code and results are shown below.

```
histogram.py > ...
1  from matplotlib.image import imread
2  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3  import numpy as np
4  import cv2 as cv
5
6  # use openCV
7  img = cv.imread('images.jpg')
8  cv.imshow("color", img)
9
10 gray_cv = cv.cvtColor(img,cv.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
11 cv.imshow("grayscale from openCV", gray_cv)
12
13 # use matplotlib
14 def rgb_to_gray(img):
15     gray_mat = np.zeros(img.shape)
16
17     blue_ch = np.array(img[:, :, 0])
18     green_ch = np.array(img[:, :, 1])
19     red_ch = np.array(img[:, :, 2])
20
21     avg = ((blue_ch * 0.114) + (green_ch * 0.587) + (red_ch * 0.299))
22     gray_mat = img.copy()
23
24     for i in range(3):
25         gray_mat[:, :, i] = avg
26     return gray_mat
27
28 gray_mat = rgb_to_gray(img)
29 plt.imshow(gray_mat)
30 plt.show()
```



Plot the histogram of both grayscale images. Histogram was calculated using class in openCV and numpy.

```
# plot histogram of both images
plt.subplot(221),plt.imshow(gray_cv,cmap="gray")
plt.title("image from openCV")
plt.xticks([])
plt.yticks([])

plt.subplot(222)
hist_cv = cv.calcHist([gray_cv],[0],None,[256],[0,256])
plt.xlim([0,255])
plt.plot(hist_cv)
plt.title("openCV-histogram")

plt.subplot(223),plt.imshow(gray_mat,cmap="gray")
plt.title("image from matplotlib")
plt.xticks([])
plt.yticks([])

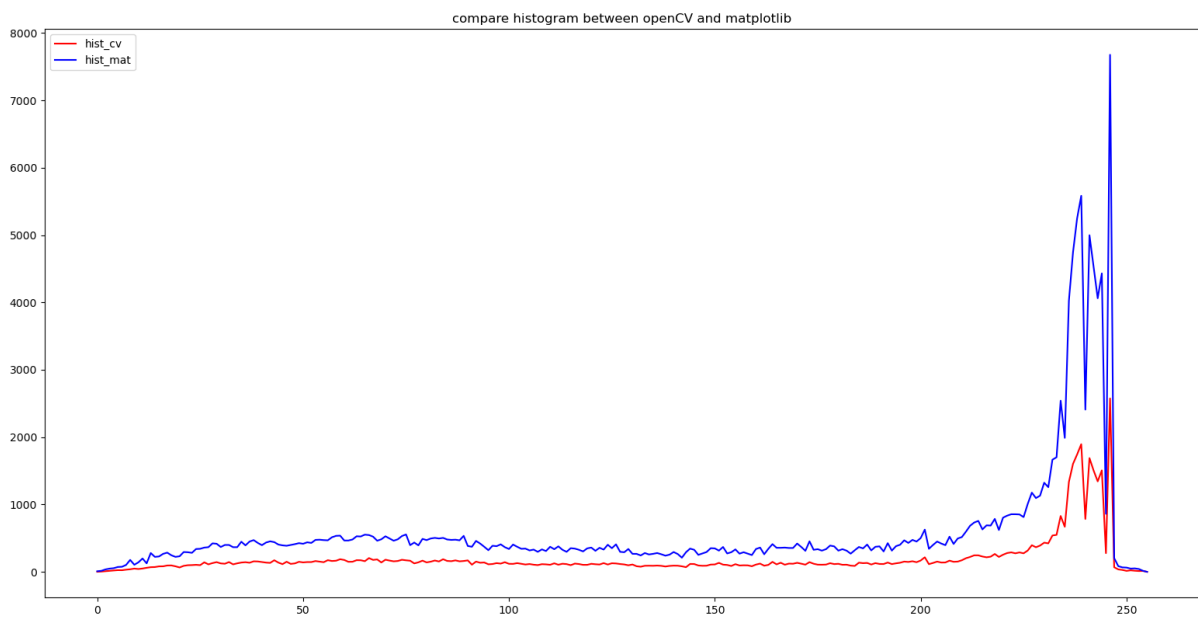
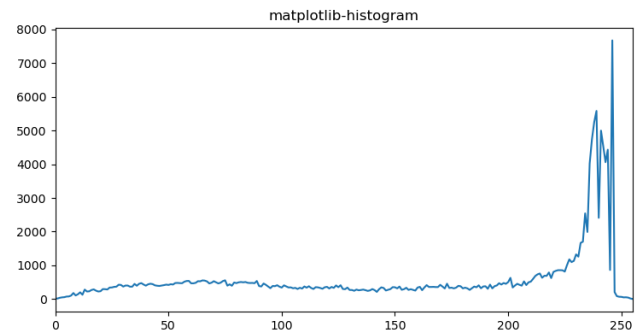
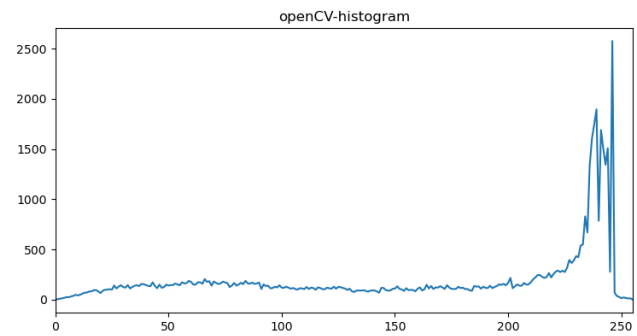
plt.subplot(224)
hist_mat,bin = np.histogram(gray_mat.ravel(),256,[0,255])
plt.xlim([0,255])
plt.plot(hist_mat)
plt.title("matplotlib-histogram")

plt.show()
```

To clearly compare the results, plot in the same figure. However, they are on different scales.

```
hist_cv = cv.calcHist([gray_cv],[0],None,[256],[0,256])
hist_mat,bin = np.histogram(gray_mat.ravel(),256,[0,255])
plt.plot(hist_cv,'r')
plt.plot(hist_mat,'b')
plt.ylim(0,2500)
plt.legend(['hist_cv','hist_mat'])
plt.title("compare histogram between openCV and matplotlib")
plt.show()
```

The results are shown below. From the histogram, the pattern of distribution is quite similar.

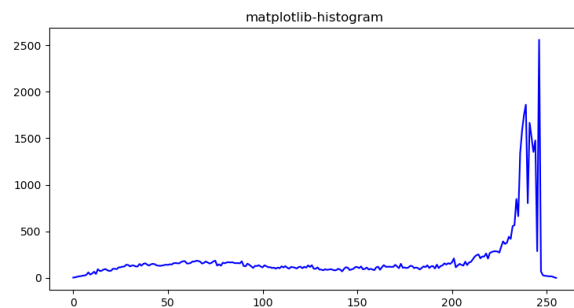
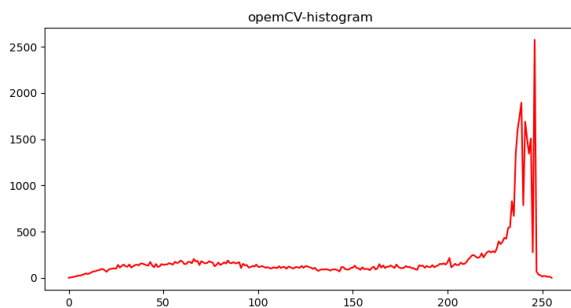


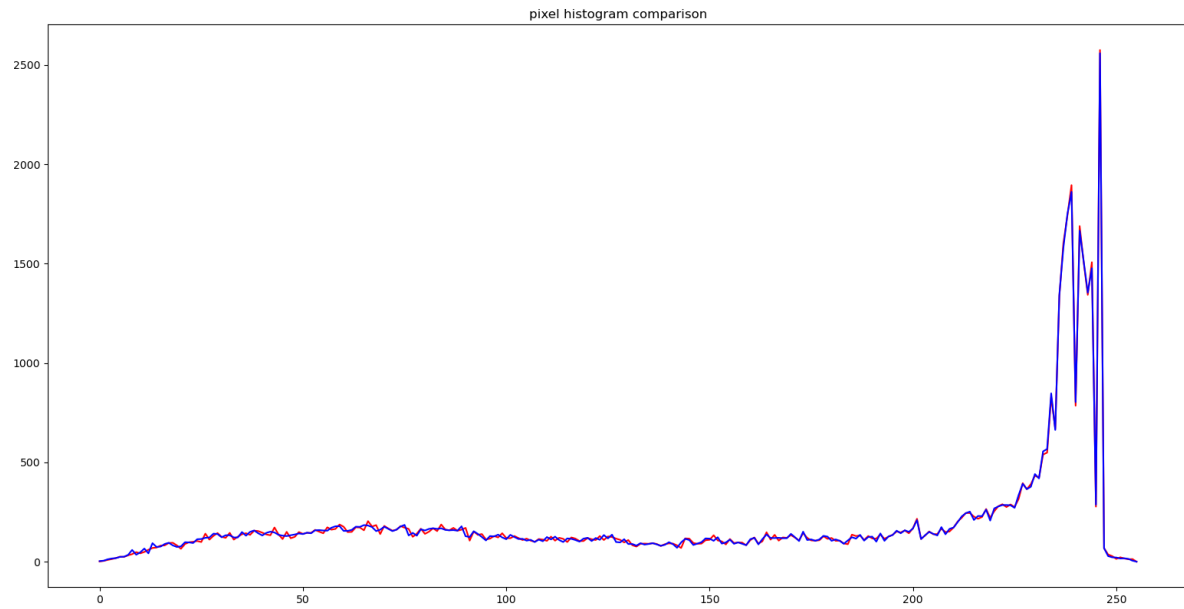
Plot histogram by using pixels in each image. The results are shown below. By using the pixels, both histograms are in the same scale which can be obviously seen that they are congruent.

```
# histogram from pixels
x = np.arange(0,256)

row, col = gray_cv.shape[0], gray_cv.shape[1]
a = np.zeros((256))
for i in range (0,row):
    for j in range (0,col):
        a[gray_cv[i,j]] += 1
plt.subplot(221)
plt.title("opencv-histogram")
plt.plot(x,a,color='r')

row1, col1 = gray_mat.shape[0], gray_mat.shape[1]
b = np.zeros((256))
for i in range (0,row1):
    for j in range (0,col1):
        b[gray_mat[i,j]] += 1
plt.subplot(222)
plt.title("matplotlib-histogram")
plt.plot(x,b,color='b')
plt.show()
```





Note: I participated in the TESA competition which causes turning this homework out of your deadline.