# Course 6

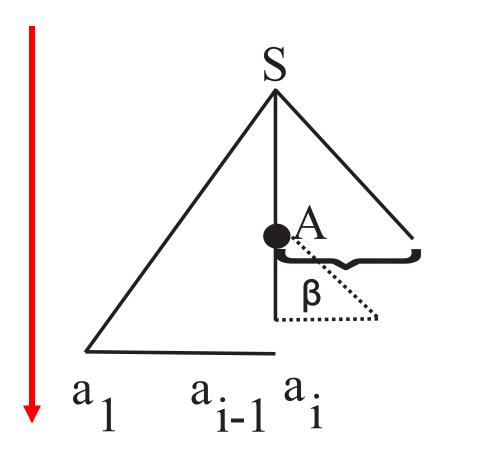
# Problem: Parsing (construct the parsee tree)

if the source program is sintactically correct
 then construct syntax tree
 else "syntax error"

source program is sintactically correct =  $w \in L(G) \Leftrightarrow S \stackrel{*}{\Rightarrow} w$ 

# Parsing

- How:
  - 1. Top-down vs. Bottom-up
  - 2. Recursive vs. linear



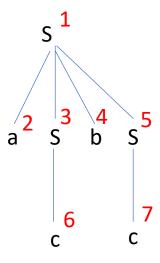
#### Result – parse tree -representation

Arbitrary tree – child sybling representation

• Sequence of derivations S =>  $\alpha_1$  =>  $\alpha_2$  =>... =>  $\alpha_n$  = w

• String of production – index associated to prod – which prod is used at each derivation step: 1,4,3,...

index	Info	Parent	Right sibling
1	S	0	0
2	а	1	0
3	S	1	2
4	b	1	3
5	S	1	4
6	С	3	0
7	С	5	0



## Descendent recursive parser

Example

S -> aSbS | aS | c

#### Formal model

Configuration

(s, i,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ )

Initial configuration:  $(q,1,\varepsilon,S)$ 

#### where:

- s = state of the parsing, can be:
  - q = normal state
  - b = back state
  - f = final state corresponding to success: w ∈ L(G)
  - e = error state corresponding to insuccess: w ∉ L(G)
- i position of current symbol in input sequence  $w = a_1 a_2 ... a_n$ ,  $i \in \{1,...,n+1\}$
- $\alpha$  = working stack, stores the way the parse is built
- $\beta$  = input stack, part of the tree to be built

Define moves between configurations

Final configuration:  $(f,n+1, \alpha, \varepsilon)$ 

### Expand

WHEN: head of input stack is a nonterminal

$$(q,i, \alpha, A\beta) \vdash (q,i, \alpha A_1, \gamma_1 \beta)$$

where:

A  $\rightarrow \gamma_1 \mid \gamma_2 \mid ...$  represents the productions corresponding to A 1 = first prod of A

#### Advance

WHEN: head of input stack is a terminal = current symbol from input

$$(q,i, \alpha, a_i\beta) \vdash (q,i+1, \alpha a_i, \beta)$$

#### Momentary insuccess

WHEN: head of input stack is a terminal ≠ current symbol from input

$$(q,i, \alpha, a_i\beta) \vdash (b,i, \alpha, a_i\beta)$$

#### Back

WHEN: head of working stack is a terminal

(b,i, 
$$\alpha$$
a,  $\beta$ )  $\vdash$  (b,i-1,  $\alpha$ , a $\beta$ )

### Another try

WHEN: head of working stack is a nonterminal

(b,i, 
$$\alpha A_{j}$$
,  $\gamma_{j}\beta$ )  $\vdash$  (q,i,  $\alpha A_{j+1}$ ,  $\gamma_{j+1}\beta$ ), if  $\exists A \rightarrow \gamma_{j+1}$   
(b,i,  $\alpha$ ,  $A\beta$ ), otherwise with the exception (e,i,  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ), if i=1,  $A = S$ , **ERROR**

#### Success

$$(q,n+1, \alpha, \varepsilon) \vdash (f,n+1, \alpha, \varepsilon)$$

# Algorithm

#### **Algorithm Descendent Recursive**

```
INPUT: G, w = a_1 a_2 ... a_n
OUTPUT: string of productions and message
                                                                  //initial configuration (\S,i,\alpha,\beta)
config = (q,1, \varepsilon,S);
while (s \neq f) and (s \neq e) do
  if s = q
    then if (i=n+1) and IsEmpty(\beta)
           then Success(config)
            else
                if Head(\beta) = A
                  then Expand(config)
                   else
                     if Head(\beta) = a_i
                        then Advance(config)
                        else MomentaryInsuccess(config)
    else
        if s = b
          then
              if Head(\alpha) = a
                then Back(config)
                else AnotherTry(config)
endWhile
if s = e then message"Error"
        else message "Sequence accepted";
             BuildStringOfProd(\alpha)
```

### $w \in L(G) - HOW$

- Process  $\alpha$ :
  - From left to right (reverse if stored as stack)
  - Skip terminal symbols
  - Nonterminals index of prod

• Example:  $\alpha = S_1 a S_2 a S_3 c b S_3 c$ 

## When the algorithm never stops?

• S->S $\alpha$  – expand infinitely (left recursive)