

①

load Nat
 catan $g = g \cdot (id + 1 - (catN\ g)) \cdot outNat$

rep $a = catan$ (either nil (a:))

$f = p2 \cdot aux$ where $aux = for\ (split\ (succ \cdot p1)\ mul)\ (1, 1)$

(rep a) é uma função que está à espera de receber um número inteiro, devolvendo uma lista com o valor a repetido n vezes em que n é o número inteiro recebido por parâmetro.

rep "abe" 2 = ["abe", "abe"]

$IN_0 \xleftarrow{in} 1 + IN_0$
 \downarrow
 $A^* \xleftarrow{[nil, (a:)]} 1 + A^*$

$f\ 0 = 0$

$f\ 1 = 1$

$f\ 2 = 2$

$f\ 3 = 6$

$f\ 4 = 24$

$f\ n = n!$ Fatorial

a) $A^* \xleftarrow{in} 1 + A \times A^*$
 \downarrow
 $A^* \xleftarrow{[1, mul]} 1 + A \times A$

$K = ([1, mul])D$

b) $A^* \xleftarrow{in} 1 + A \times A^*$
 \downarrow
 $A^* \xleftarrow{[nil, (\hat{+}) \cdot succ \cdot ((:[]) \times id)]} 1 + A \times A^*$

$K = ([nil, (\hat{+}) \cdot succ \cdot ((:[]) \times id)])D$

c) $(A^*)^* \xleftarrow{in} 1 + A^* \times (A^*)^*$
 \downarrow
 $A^* \xleftarrow{[nil, (\hat{+})]} 1 + A^* \times A^*$
 $K = ([nil, (\hat{+})])D$

d) $A^* \xleftarrow{in} 1 + A \times A^*$
 \downarrow
 $B^* \xleftarrow{[nil, cons \cdot (f \times id)]} 1 + A \times B^*$
 $K = ([nil, cons \cdot (f \times id)])D$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 IN_0^* & \xleftarrow{\text{in}} & 1 + IN_0 \times IN_0^* \\
 \downarrow K & & \downarrow \text{id} + \text{id} \times K \\
 IN_0 & \xleftarrow{\quad} & 1 + IN_0 \times IN_0 \\
 & [0, \hat{max}] & \\
 K = ([0, \hat{max}]) & &
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A^* & \xleftarrow{\text{in}} & 1 + A \times A^* \\
 \downarrow K & & \downarrow \text{id} + \text{id} \times K \\
 A^* & \xleftarrow{\quad} & 1 + A \times A^* \\
 & [\text{nil}, (\hat{+}) \cdot ((p \rightarrow :[] , \text{nil}) \times \text{id})] & \\
 K = ([\text{nil}, (\hat{+}) \cdot ((p \rightarrow :[] , \text{nil}) \times \text{id})]) & &
 \end{array}$$

③

$$\text{Sumprod } a = (a \times) \cdot \text{sum}$$

$$\Rightarrow ([\text{zero}, \text{add} \cdot ((a \times) \times \text{id})])D = (a \times) \cdot ([\text{zero}, \text{add}])D$$

$$\Leftarrow (a \times) \cdot [\text{zero}, \text{add}] = [\text{zero}, \text{add} \cdot ((a \times) \times \text{id})] \cdot \text{id} + \text{id} \times (a \times) \quad \{(49)\}$$

$$\Rightarrow [(a \times) \cdot \text{zero}, (a \times) \cdot \text{add}] = [\text{zero}, \text{add} \cdot ((a \times) \times \text{id}) \cdot (\text{id} \times (a \times))] \quad \{(20), (22), (11)\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} (a \times) \cdot \text{zero} = \text{zero} \\ (a \times) \cdot \text{add} = \text{add} \cdot ((a \times) \times \text{id}) \cdot (\text{id} \times (a \times)) \end{cases} \quad \{(27)\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} (a \times) \cdot \text{zero} = \text{zero} \\ (a \times) \cdot \text{add} = \text{add} \cdot ((a \times) \times (a \times)) \end{cases} \quad \{(14)\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \forall n \mid ((a \times) \cdot \text{zero}) n = \text{zero } n \\ \forall n, y \mid ((a \times) \cdot \text{add})(n, y) = (\text{add} \cdot ((a \times) \times (a \times)))(n, y) \end{cases} \quad \{(72), (22)\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \forall n \mid a \times 0 = 0 \\ \forall n \mid a \times (n + y) = (a \times n) + (a \times y) \end{cases} \quad \{(73)(x3), (75)(x2), (78)\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\text{True}}}$$

{ Absorção e Distributividade de Multiplicação }

④

$$f = \text{foldr } \pi_2 \ i$$

$$\Rightarrow f = ([\underline{i}, \hat{\pi}_2])D$$

{ Def foldr }

$$(1) f = ([\underline{i}, \pi_2])D$$

{ uncurry \cdot carry = id }

$$\Rightarrow f \cdot \text{in} = [\underline{i}, \pi_2] \cdot \text{id} + \text{id} \times f$$

{ (46) }

$$\Rightarrow f \cdot \text{in} = [\underline{i}, f \cdot \pi_2]$$

{ (22), (1), (13) }

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} f \cdot \text{nil} = \underline{i} \\ f \cdot \text{cons} = f \cdot \pi_2 \end{cases}$$

{ (20), (27) }

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} f [] = \underline{i} \\ f (h:t) = f t \end{cases}$$

Logo, $\boxed{f = \underline{i}}$

5.

$$\mu \cdot \tau \mu = id = \mu \cdot \mu$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} (\pi_1 \times \pi_2) \cdot (\mu \times \mu) = id \\ (\pi_1 \times \pi_2) \cdot \mu = id \end{cases}$$

{Def μ, τ }

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} (\pi_1 \times \pi_2) \cdot (\langle id, id \rangle \times \langle id, id \rangle) = id \\ (\pi_1 \times \pi_2) \cdot \langle id, id \rangle = id \end{cases}$$

{Def μ }

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} (\pi_1 \cdot \langle id, id \rangle) \times (\pi_2 \cdot \langle id, id \rangle) = id \\ \langle \pi_1, \pi_2 \rangle = id \end{cases}$$

{(14), (11), (1) (x21)}

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} id \times id = id \\ \langle \pi_1, \pi_2 \rangle = id \end{cases}$$

{(7) (x21)}

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} TRUE \\ \pi_1 \cdot id = \pi_1 \wedge \pi_2 \cdot id = \pi_2 \end{cases}$$

{(15), (6)}

$$\Rightarrow \pi_1 = \pi_1 \wedge \pi_2 = \pi_2$$

{(1) (x2)}

$$\Rightarrow TRUE$$

6.

F diz-se um functor &:

$$F id_A = id_{FA} \quad e \quad F(g \cdot h) = (Fg) \cdot (Fh)$$

a) Provar que H é um functor

$$| H id = id |$$

$$\Rightarrow F id + G id = id \quad \{Def H\}$$

$$\Rightarrow id + id = id \quad \{Def F, G\}$$

$$\Rightarrow TRUE$$

{(26)}

$$| H(g \cdot h) = (Hg) \cdot (Hh) |$$

$$| H(g \cdot h) = (Hg) \cdot (Hh) |$$

$$\Rightarrow F(g \cdot h) + G(g \cdot h) = (Fg + Gg) \cdot (Fh + Gh) \quad \{Def H\}$$

$$\Rightarrow id + (g \cdot h) = (id + g) \cdot (id + h) \quad \{Def F, G\}$$

$$\Rightarrow id + (g \cdot h) = id + (g \cdot h) \quad \{(25)\}$$

$$\Rightarrow TRUE$$

b) Provar que K é um functor

$$K \text{ id} = \text{id}$$

$$\Rightarrow G \text{id} \times F \text{id} = \text{id} \quad \{ \text{def } K \}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{id} \times \text{id} = \text{id} \quad \{ \text{def } G, F \}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{True} \quad \{ (15) \}$$

$$K(f \cdot g) = (Kf) \cdot (Kg)$$

$$\Rightarrow G(f \cdot g) \times F(f \cdot g) = (Gf \times Ff) \cdot (Gg \times Fg) \quad \{ \text{def } K \}$$

$$\Rightarrow f \cdot g \times \text{id} = (f \times \text{id}) \cdot (g \times \text{id}) \quad \{ \text{def } G, F \}$$

$$\Rightarrow f \cdot g \times \text{id} = f \cdot g \times \text{id} \quad \{ (14) \}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{True}$$

$$\textcircled{7.} \quad (gD) \cdot (in \cdot K) = (g \cdot m)$$

$$\Leftarrow (gD) \cdot in \cdot K = g \cdot m \cdot F(gD) \quad \{ (49) \}$$

$$\Rightarrow g \cdot F(gD) \cdot K = g \cdot m \cdot F(gD) \quad \{ (27) \}$$

$$\Leftarrow F(gD) \cdot K = m \cdot F(gD) \quad \{ (5) \}$$