

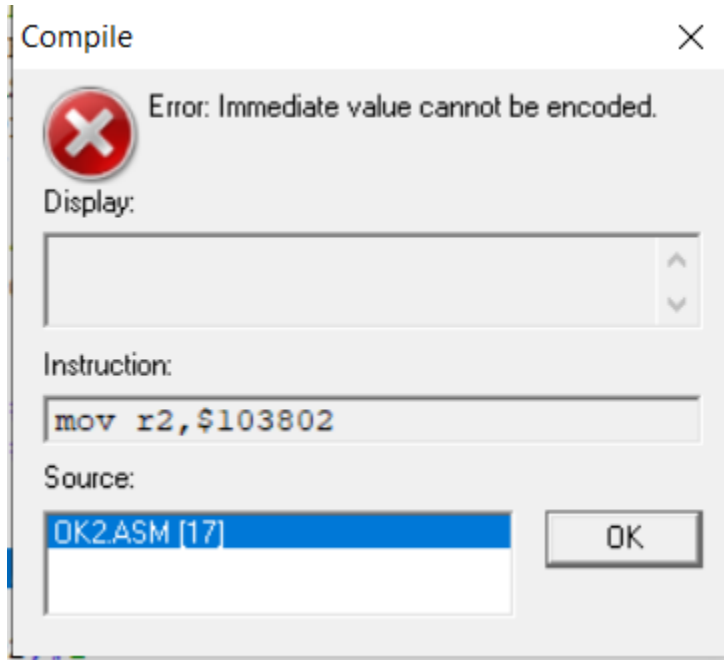
SWINBURNE UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

COS10004 – Computer System
Lab 08

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Question 7



#103802 = \$1957A

Question 8

8.1/ Because it needs to reserve 20 bits for op-code, 4 other bits will be reserved for the ROR, meaning that there will be only 8 bits left for immediate value.

8.2/ We can use 64 bit mov instruction or complement the mov instruction with multiple orr instruction to add up the expected value.

8.3/

```
mov r2,$10000  
orr r2,$9500  
orr r2,$A  
mov r2,r3
```

15/

```

BASE = $3F000000
GPIO_OFFSET = $200000
TIMER_OFFSET = $3000
mov r0,BASE
orr r0,GPIO_OFFSET

;Enable output
mov r1,#1
lsl r1,#24
str r1,[r0,#4]

;Set up for turn LED
mov r1,#1
lsl r1,#18

loop$:

    mov r2,$3

    timerloop3:
    ;turn LED on
    str r1,[r0,#28]

    ;store base address of timer
    mov r3,BASE
    orr r3,TIMER_OFFSET

    ;store delay time x7A120 = 500.000
    mov r4,$70000
    orr r4,$0A100
    orr r4,$00020

    ;store current time to r6 and r7
    ldrd r6,r7,[r3,#4]

    ;move start time to r5
    mov r5,r6

    timerloop:
    ;Recheck current time
    ldrd r6,r7,[r3,#4]

    ;store elapsed time
    sub r8,r6,r5

```

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;compare elapsed time to delay time and end loop if r8 = r4
cmp r8,r4
bls timerloop

;turn off
str r1,[r0,#40]

;the same as above
ldrd r6,r7,[r3,#4]
mov r5,r6

timerloop2:
ldrd r6,r7,[r3,#4]
sub r8,r6,r5
cmp r8,r4
bls timerloop2

sub r2,$1
cmp r2,$0
bne timerloop3

;Turn LED off
str r1,[r0,#40]

;Pause for 3 seconds
mov r9,$2D0000
orr r9,$C600
orr r9,$C0

ldrd r6,r7,[r3,#4]
mov r5,r6

timerloop4:
ldrd r6,r7,[r3,#4]
sub r8,r6,r5
cmp r8,r9
bls timerloop4

b loop$

```