

# Nearest Point-Geodesic Problem

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## Abstract

The problem states: Given a Geodesic, defined by the shortest path between two points on a sphere's surface, and a random point on the sphere's surface, find the closest point on that line to that random point.

## 1 Introduction

We will Use the wgs84 coordinate system, and represent the Earth as a oblate spheroid. The difficulty in this problem comes from the issue of the Earth's irregular shape.

## 2 Kyler's Solution

Take the Geodesic's endpoints  $(P_1, P_2)$ , along with the random point,  $R_1$ , and construct a triangle,  $\triangle P_1 P_2 R_1$ , using Vincenty's formulae to construct the edges. Then, take the midpoint of  $\overline{P_1 P_2}$ , and construct a new line using this new midpoint,  $M_1$  and  $R_1$ . Throw out whichever line is longer  $\overline{R_1 P_1}$  or  $\overline{R_1 P_2}$ , and replace it with  $\overline{R_1 M_1}$ . Repeat this process until  $\overline{P_1 P_2}$  is within the specified tolerance. This algorithm is  $O(\log_2(n))$ , in which it takes  $n$  steps to reach the specified tolerance.