Lab 8 Requirements

Create a new Eclipse workspace named "**Lab8_1234567890**" on the desktop of your computer (replace **1234567890** with your student ID number). For each question below, create a new project in that workspace. Call each project by its question number: "**Question1**", "**Question2**", etc. If you do not remember how to create a workspace or projects, read the "*Introduction to Eclipse*" document which is on iSpace. Answer all the questions below. At the end of the lab, create a ZIP archive of the whole workspace folder. The resulting ZIP file must be called "**Lab8_1234567890.zip**" (replace **1234567890** with your student ID number). Upload the ZIP file on iSpace.

Question 1

Create a **Shape** class with the following UML specification:

```
+-------------------------------------+
|               Shape                 |
+-------------------------------------+
| - x: double                         |
| - y: double                         |
+-------------------------------------+
| + Shape(double x, double y)         |
| + getX(): double                    |
| + getY(): double                    |
| + move(double dx, double dy): void  |
| + area(): double                    |
| + resize(double newSize): void      |
| + testShape(): void                 |
+-------------------------------------+
```

where the **x** and **y** instance variables store the position of the central point of the shape. The **move** method moves the central point of the shape by the amounts **dx** and **dy**. The **resize** method is used to change the size of a shape. The **testShape** method is static.

Add the following code to your program to test the **Shape** class:

```
public class Start {
	public static void main(String[] args) {
		Shape.testShape();
	}
}
```

Question 2

Add a **Circle** class that derives from the **Shape** class and has the following UML specification:

```
+-------------------------------------------+
|                 Circle                    |
+-------------------------------------------+
| - radius: double                          |
+-------------------------------------------+
| + Circle(double x, double y, double radius) |
| + area(): double                          |
| + resize(double newRadius): void          |
```

```
| + testCircle(): void                          |
+-----------------------------------------------+
```

Use **Math.PI** to compute the area of a circle.

Resizing a circle changes its radius to be **newRadius**.

Do not forget to change the **main** method of the **Start** class to run the unit tests of the new **Circle** class.

Question 3

Add a **Dot** class that derives from the **Shape** class and has the following UML specification:

```
+---------------------------------+
|                Dot              |
+---------------------------------+
+---------------------------------+
| + Dot(double x, double y)       |
| + area(): double                |
| + resize(double newSize): void  |
| + testDot(): void               |
+---------------------------------+
```

It is not possible to resize a dot (a dot has no size). Therefore the **resize** method of the **Dot** class must throw an exception. The type of the exception object must be **Exception** and the message must be "**Cannot resize a dot!**"

Make sure you properly test the **resize** method using **try-catch**.

What is the problem with the **resize** method of the **Shape** class? How do you solve this problem?

Do you need to change the **resize** method of the **Circle** class then?

Question 4

Add a **CannotResizeException** class that derives from the **Exception** class. Modify the **resize** and **testDot** methods of the **Dot** class to use this new class instead of using the class **Exception**.

Modify the **Shape** class accordingly.

Question 5

Add two new classes **Rectangle** and **Square**. **Rectangle** derives from **Shape** and **Square** derives from **Rectangle**. **Rectangle** has the following UML specification:

```
+-------------------------------------------------------------+
|                  Rectangle                                  |
+-------------------------------------------------------------+
| - width: double                                             |
| - length: double                                            |
+-------------------------------------------------------------+
| + Rectangle(double x, double y, double width, double length) |
| + area(): double                                            |
| + resize(double newSize): void                              |
```

```
| + testRectangle(): void                                          |
+------------------------------------------------------------------+
```

Resizing a rectangle changes its **width** and **length** to both be **newSize**.

The constructor for **Square** takes three arguments: the **x** and **y** positions of the center of the square, and the **size** of the square.

Does the **Square** class need its own **area** and **resize** methods or not?

Question 6

The **resize** method of the **Rectangle** class is annoying: it only allows you to resize a rectangle into a rectangle that has equal width and length. We want to be able to resize a rectangle into a rectangle that has different width and length. To do this, add to the **Rectangle** class a second new **resize** method that takes two arguments: a new width and a new length.

What is then the problem for the **Square** class?

Question 7

To solve the previous problem, add to the **Square** class a new **resize** method that overrides the **resize** method that you just added to the **Rectangle** class.

In the new **resize** method of the **Square** class, if the new **width** and the new **length** are equal then the **resize** method should resize the square; if the new **width** and the new **length** are different then the **resize** method should throw a **CannotResizeException** exception with the message "**Cannot resize a square into a rectangle!**"

Make sure you properly test the **resize** method.

What happens with the **resize** method of the **Rectangle** class?

Question 8

Add a **BadRadiusException** class that derives from the **Exception** class. Modify both the constructor and the **resize** method of the **Circle** class to use this new class when the given **radius** is negative. The message of the exception must be "**Radius must be positive!**"

Make sure you properly test both the modified constructor and the **resize** method.

What is then the problem for the **Shape** class?