

Hiring Process Analytics

Project Description:

This project aims to generate useful insights into a company's Hiring Process. The project identifies gender-wise recruitment, the strength of each department, and the salary offered.

Approach:

- 1) First, I checked the dataset for missing values and outliers using “Find and Replace”. For outlier detection, I used the Measures of Central Tendency. Since there was no significant difference between the mean and median of salaries offered, I have assumed that there are no outliers in the data.
- 2) Determine gender distribution
To find the gender distribution, I used the “COUNTIF” function to count the number of employees and specify the condition accordingly.

FORMULA:

```
=COUNTIF(Data!D2:D7169,"Male")
```

```
=COUNTIF(Data!D3:D7170,"Female")
```

OUTPUT:

<u>GENDER RATIO</u>		
Males	4085	
Females	2675	

- 3) Finding average salary

To find the average salary, I used the “AVERAGE” function to calculate the average of the salaries offered.

FORMULA:

```
=AVERAGE(Data!G2:G7169)
```

```
=MEDIAN(Data!G2:G7169)
```

OUTPUT:

<u>MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY</u>					
Mean	\$49,976.06				
Median	\$49,625.00				

4) Analysing Salary Distribution

To analyze the salary distribution, I used the below formula to categorize the salaries offered. Then, I used the “COUNTIF” function to count the number of people in that salary range.

FORMULA:

```
=TEXT((INT((G2-1)/10000)*10000)+1,"$#,##0") & " - " & TEXT((INT((G2-1)/10000)+1)*10000,"$#,##0")
```

```
=COUNTIF(Data!$H$2:$H$7169,"$1 - $10,000")
```

OUTPUT:

SALARY DISTRIBUTION

\$1-\$10,000	678				
\$10,000-\$20,000	732				
\$20,000-\$30,000	711				
\$30,000-\$40,000	710				
\$40,000-\$50,000	781				
\$50,000-\$60,000	750				
\$60,000-\$70,000	698				
\$70,000-\$80,000	734				
\$80,000-\$90,000	711				
\$90,000-\$1,00,000	659				
\$1,90,000-\$2,00,000	1				
\$2,90,001- \$3,00,000	1				
\$3,90,001-\$ 4,00,000	1				
Unpaid	1				

5) Finding the strength of each department

To find the count of each department, I used the “COUNTIF” function to count the number of employees in each department.

FORMULA:

```
=COUNTIF(Data!E2:E7169,"Service Department")
```

OUTPUT:

DEPARTMENT-WISE STRENGTH

Service	2055			
Operations	2771			
Sales	747			
Finance	288			
Production	380			
Purchase	333			
Human Resource	97			
General Mangement	172			
Marketing	325			

6) Determining the position of employees

To determine the tier level in that post and the number of employees in it, I used the "COUNTIF" function to count the number of employees at each post.

FORMULA:

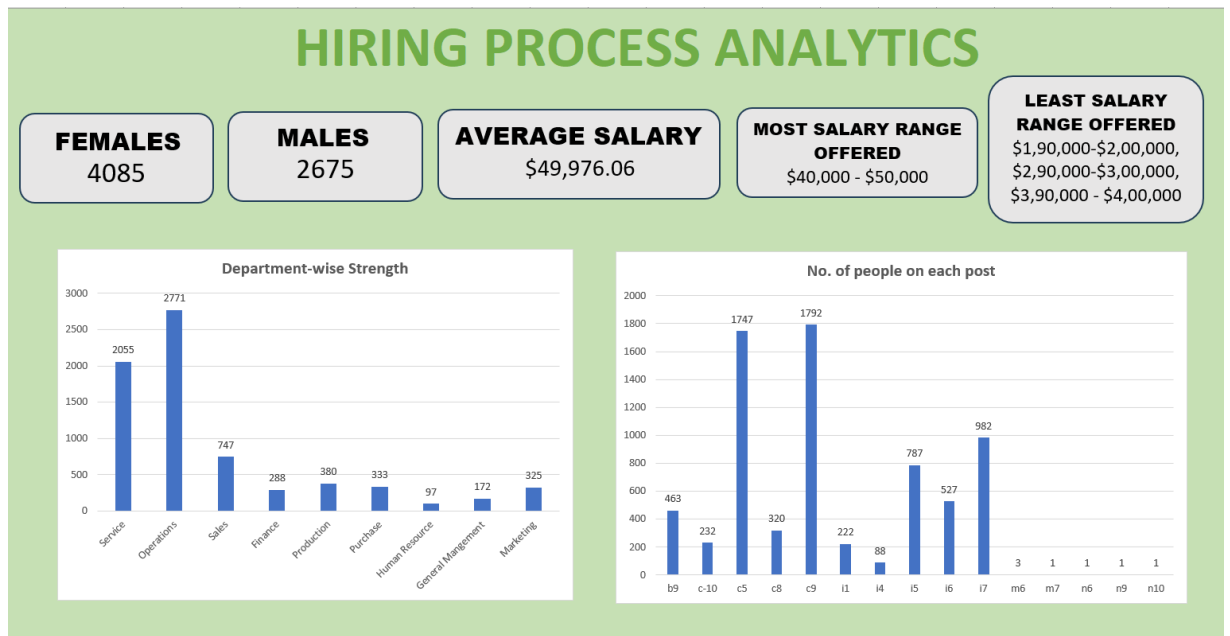
```
=COUNTIF(Data!$F$2:$F$7169,"b9")
```

OUTPUT:

NO. OF PEOPLE ON EACH POST

b9	463					
c-10	232					
c5	1747					
c8	320					
c9	1792					
i1	222					
i4	88					
i5	787					
i6	527					
i7	982					
m6	3					
m7	1					
n6	1					
n9	1					
n10	1					

Result:



Tech-Stack Used:

To complete this project, I used MS Excel (2019 version) due to its simplicity and prior knowledge.

Insights:

- 1) The total number of considered females is "4085" and males is "2675".
- 2) The average salary offered in this company is \$49,976.06.
- 3) The salary range offered the most is between \$40,000 to \$50,000.
- 4) The least salary range offered is between \$1,90,000 to \$2,00,000, \$2,90,000 to \$3,00,000 and \$3,90,000 to \$4,00,000.
- 5) The maximum number of employees are employed in the "Operations Department".
- 6) The maximum occupied position is "c9".

Result:

Through this project, I was able to have a better understanding of the Statistics concept and its applications as well as utilize by MS Excel skills.

[Statistics.xlsx](#)(hyperlink)