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## Workshop No. 2

### 1. CRC Cards

User	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Register and authenticate the user.</li><li>• Access and manage active habits.</li><li>• View progress and achievements.</li><li>• Maintain basic data (email, display name, creation date).</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• AuthService</li><li>• UserHabitStats</li><li>• StatsWeekly</li><li>• UserAchievement</li></ul>
AuthService	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Create new user accounts.</li><li>• Validate credentials and handle sign-in/sign-out.</li><li>• Generate and verify JWT tokens.</li><li>• Hash and manage passwords securely.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• User</li></ul>
Habit	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Represent a predefined habit from the catalog.</li><li>• Store category, name, and default frequency.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• UserHabit</li></ul>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Serve as a template for user habits.</li> </ul>	
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<b>UserHabit</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Register which habits are active for each user.</li> <li>• Store custom frequency and target time.</li> <li>• Allow activation/deactivation of habits.</li> <li>• Act as the link between <i>User</i> and <i>Habit</i>.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• User</li> <li>• Habit</li> <li>• Checkin</li> </ul>

<b>Checkin</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Record whether a habit was completed or missed on a specific date.</li> <li>• Prevent duplicate daily entries.</li> <li>• Serve as the basis for statistics and achievements.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UserHabit</li> <li>• GamificationService</li> </ul>

<b>StatsWeekly</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calculate weekly completion percentage.</li> <li>• Track the user's global streak.</li> <li>• Provide progress data for the dashboard.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• User</li> <li>• Dashboard</li> </ul>

<b>Achievement</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Define achievement rules and conditions (e.g., 7 days in a row, <math>\geq 70\%</math> weekly rate).</li> <li>• Store achievement code, name, and type.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UserAchievement</li> <li>• GamificationService</li> </ul>

<b>UserAchievement</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Associate unlocked achievements with users.</li> <li>• Store the unlock date.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• User</li> <li>• Achievement</li> <li>• Dashboard</li> <li>• GamificationService</li> </ul>

<b>GamificationService</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Evaluate conditions for achievements and symbolic levels.</li> <li>• Assign consistency points.</li> <li>• Unlock achievements when rules are met.</li> <li>• Notify users about new rewards.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Checkin</li> <li>• Achievement</li> <li>• UserAchievement</li> </ul>

<b>Dashboard</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Display weekly progress, streaks, and achievements.</li> <li>• Retrieve user statistics and achievements.</li> <li>• Render visual indicators (percentage, streak, symbolic level).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• StatsWeekly</li> <li>• UserAchievement</li> </ul>

<b>StreakAchievement</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Define achievements based on consecutive successful check-ins.</li> <li>• Evaluate streak length required for unlocking (e.g., 7-day streak).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GamificationService</li> <li>• UserAchievement</li> </ul>

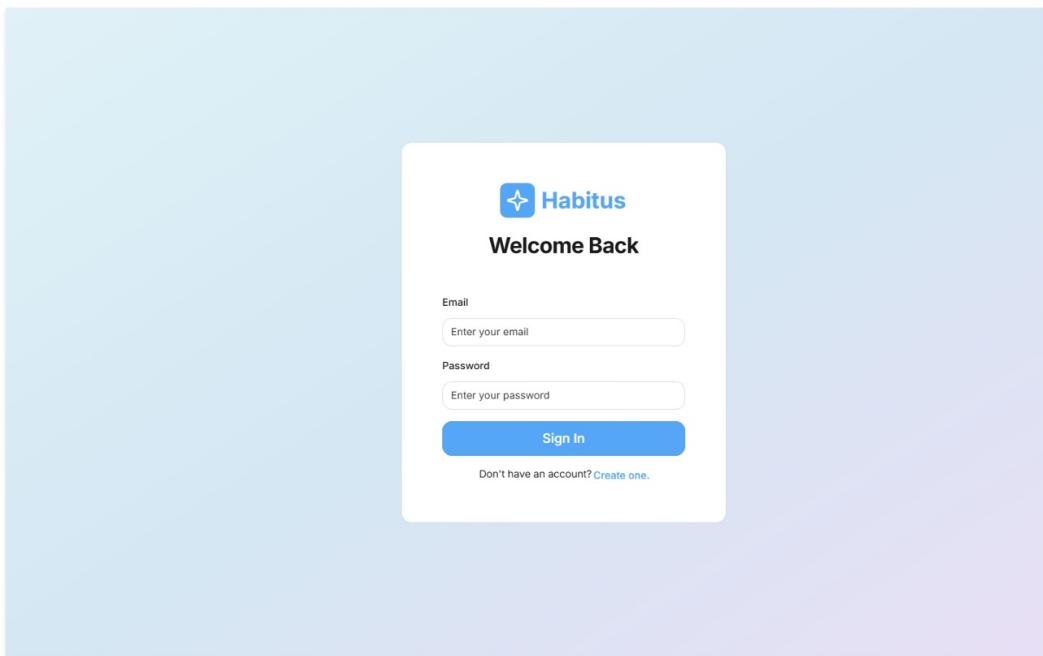
<b>ConsistencyAchievement</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Define achievements based on average completion percentage over a week.</li> <li>• Evaluate if user's weekly completion rate <math>\geq</math> threshold (e.g., 70%).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• GamificationService</li> <li>• UserAchievement</li> </ul>

## 2. Mockups

The following mockups represent the main user interfaces of the **Habitus** web application.

These screens were designed using **Visily** and reflect the user flow defined in Workshop 1: registration, habit selection, daily tracking, progress visualization, and symbolic achievements. Each screen is briefly explained below.

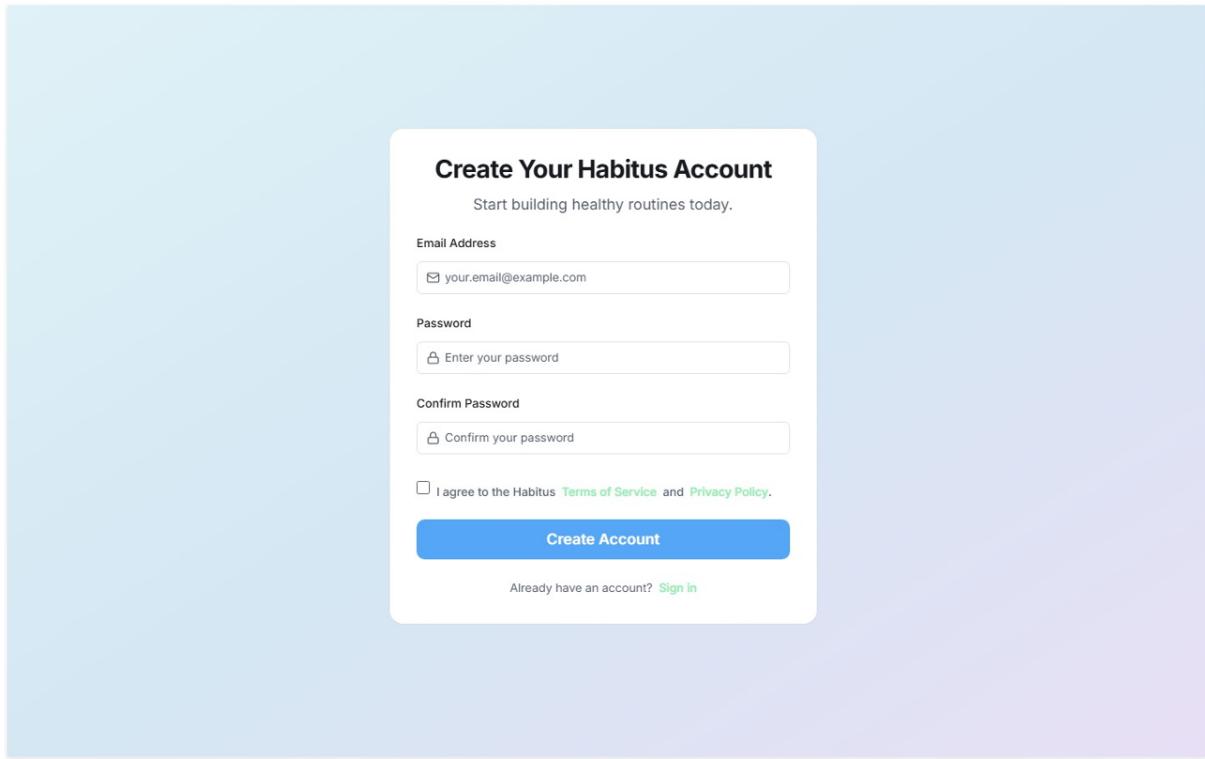
### 2.1. Login Screen



#### Purpose:

This screen allows registered users to **log in** using their email and password. Its purpose is to provide a **secure entry point** to the system, granting access to the user's personalized habits and progress data. It also includes navigation options for creating a new account or recovering a forgotten password.

### 2.2. Registration Screen

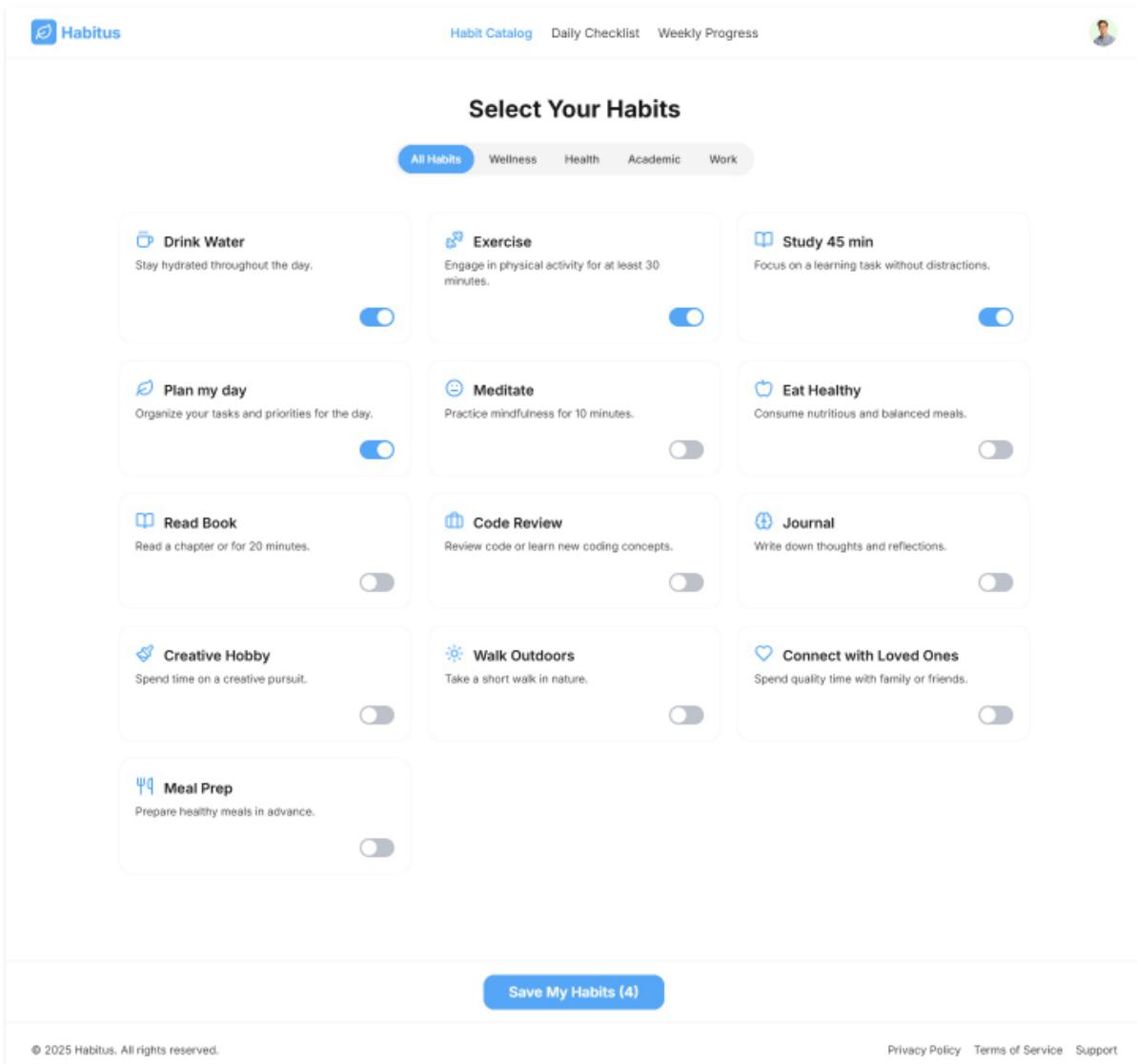


**Purpose:**

The registration screen enables new users to **create an account** by entering their email and setting a password.

Its purpose is to **add new users** to the system safely and easily, starting their journey toward building consistent habits within the Habitus platform.

### 2.3. Habit Catalog Screen



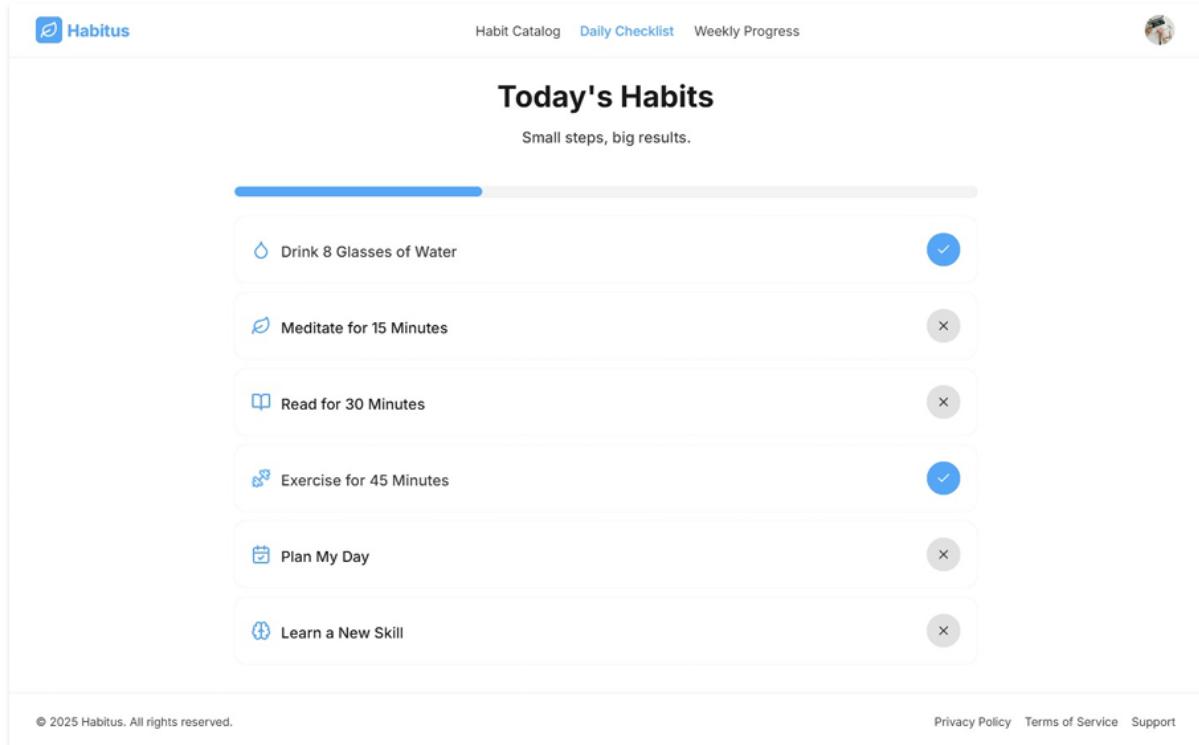
### Purpose:

This screen displays a list of **predefined habits** organized by categories such as wellness, health, academic, and work.

Users can **activate or deactivate** the habits they want to follow.

Its purpose is to allow **initial personalization**, letting users select the routines they will track daily.

## 2.4. Daily Tracking Screen



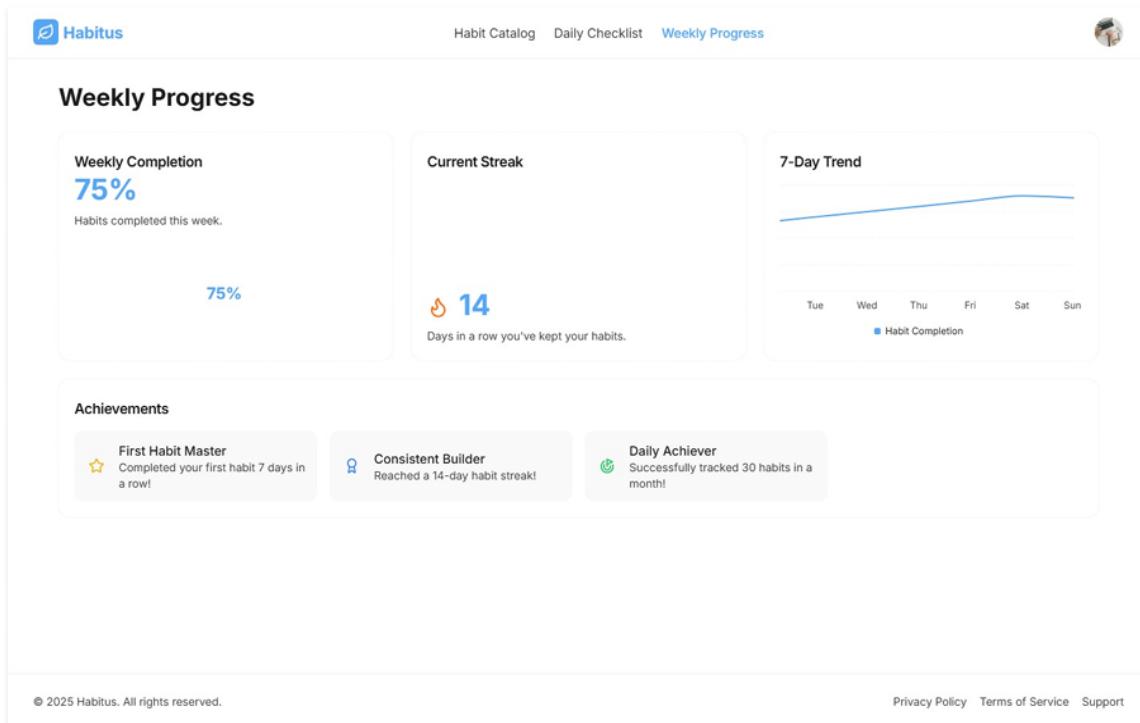
### Purpose:

The daily tracking view shows the user's **active habits** for the current day with options to mark each as "**Completed**" or "**Missed**."

A progress bar reflects the percentage of completed habits.

Its purpose is to provide a **quick and intuitive interface** for daily habit check-ins.

## 2.5. Weekly Progress and Achievements Screen



### Purpose:

This combined screen provides users with a **comprehensive overview of their weekly progress and achievements** in one place.

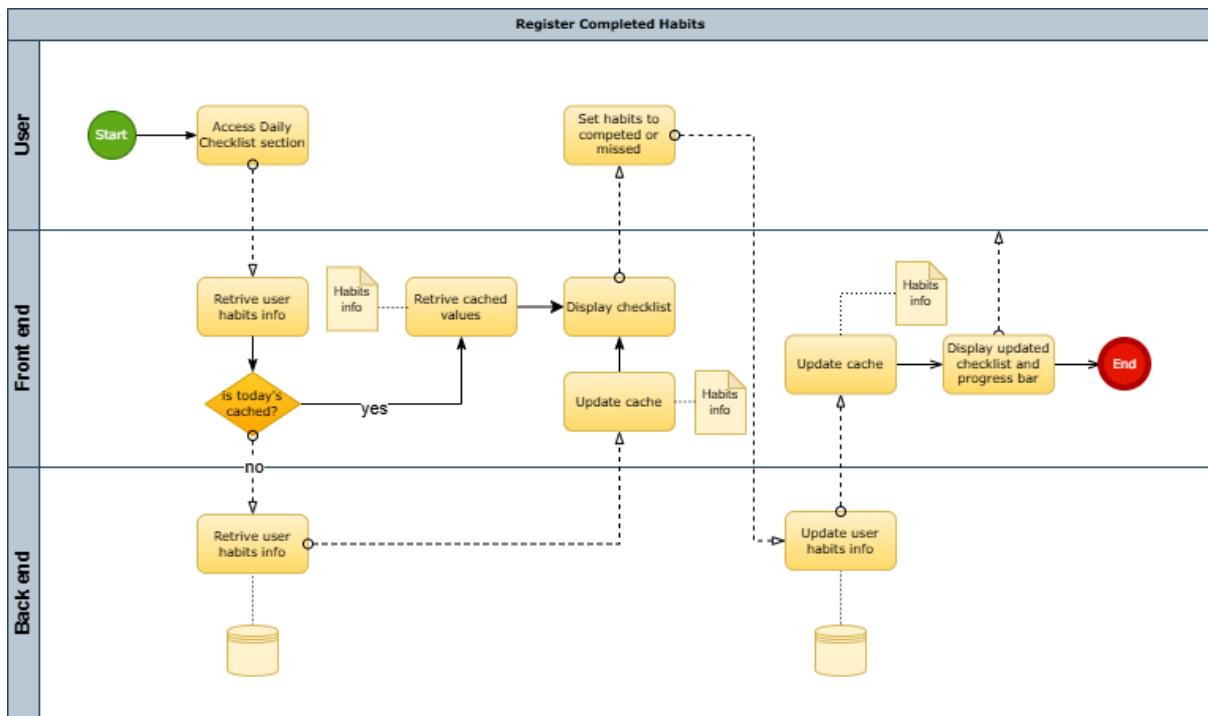
It displays the **weekly completion rate, current streak**, and a **7-day trend chart** to visualize consistency over time.

Additionally, it showcases **symbolic achievements**—badges such as *First Habit Master*, *Consistent Builder*, or *Daily Achiever*—to celebrate milestones and motivate continuous engagement.

Its purpose is to **encourage reflection and reward progress**, helping users maintain motivation through clear and positive visual feedback.

### 3. Business Model Process of Daily Check-In

#### BPMN Diagram:



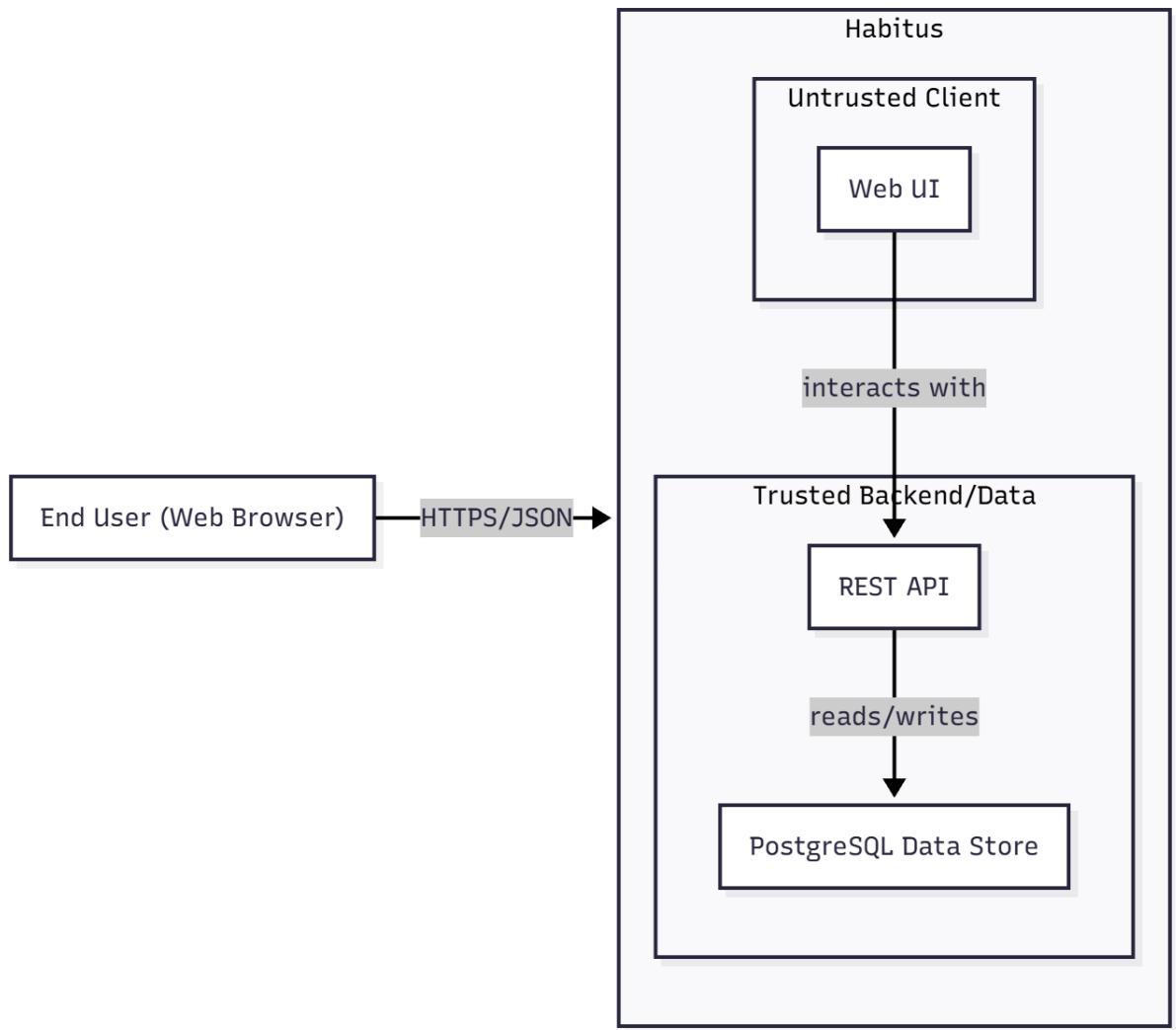
### Process description:

This process allows the user to register the habits they have completed through the day, based on the habits they have decided to follow. With this information the system may track the users progress and award rewards based on their performance.

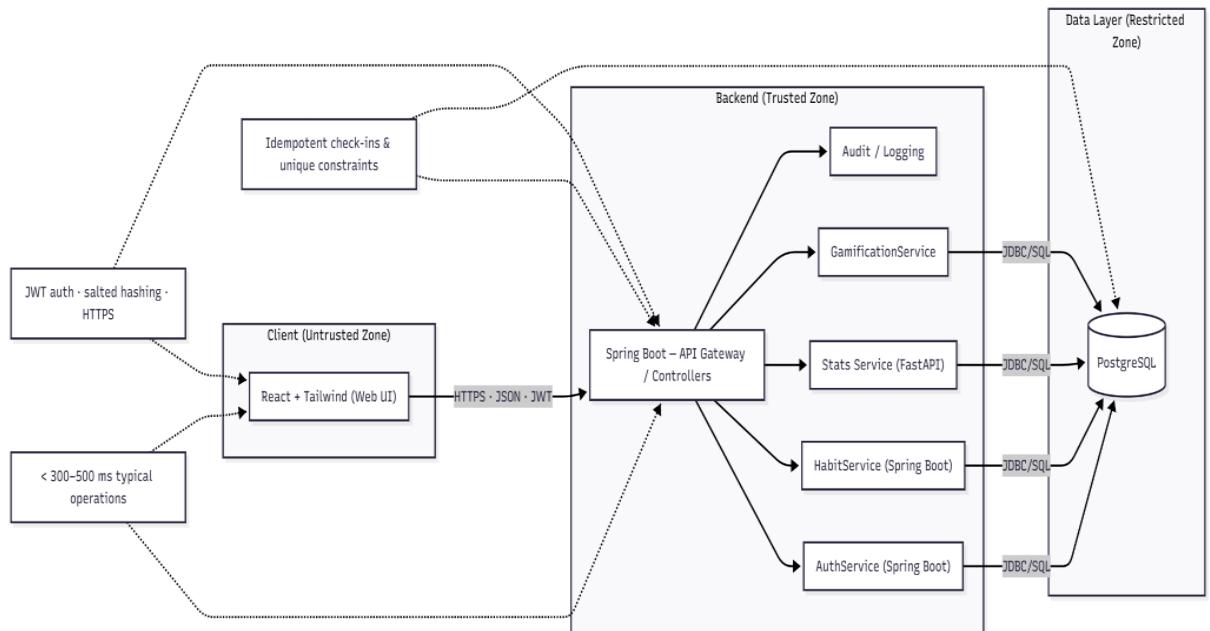
It essentially operates to capture the user's progress by giving them a checklist. This allows for an intuitive interface with the user, and easy parsing of information for the system.

## 4. Architecture Diagram

### 4.1 Context (C1)



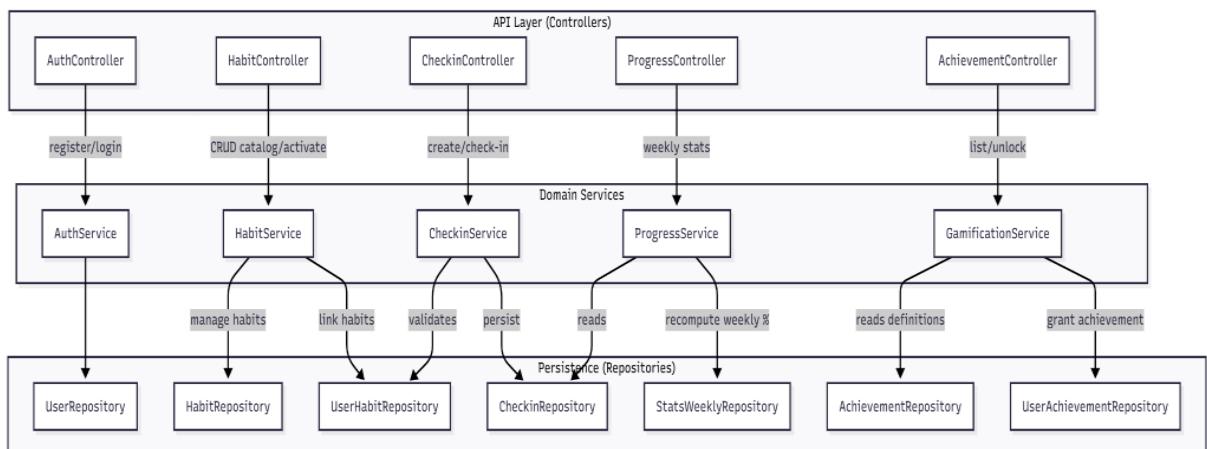
## 4.2 Container / Layered View



**Notes.**

- API Gateway/Controllers terminate TLS, validate JWT, and route to domain services.
- AuthService handles registration/sign-in, password hashing (salted), and token issuance.
- HabitService manages the catalog and user activations; enforces uniqueness.
- Stats Service (FastAPI) computes weekly completion % and streaks (simple CPU-bound calc).
- GamificationService evaluates rules (7-day streak,  $\geq 70\%$  weekly, etc.) and stores badges.
- PostgreSQL stores users, habits, check-ins, weekly stats, and achievements.
- Audit/Logging centralizes request logs, security events, and domain audits.

### 4.3 Component View (C3 — backend slice)



### 4.4 Security & Quality Alignment

**Security:** HTTPS end-to-end; JWT for auth; salted password hashing; least-privilege DB roles.

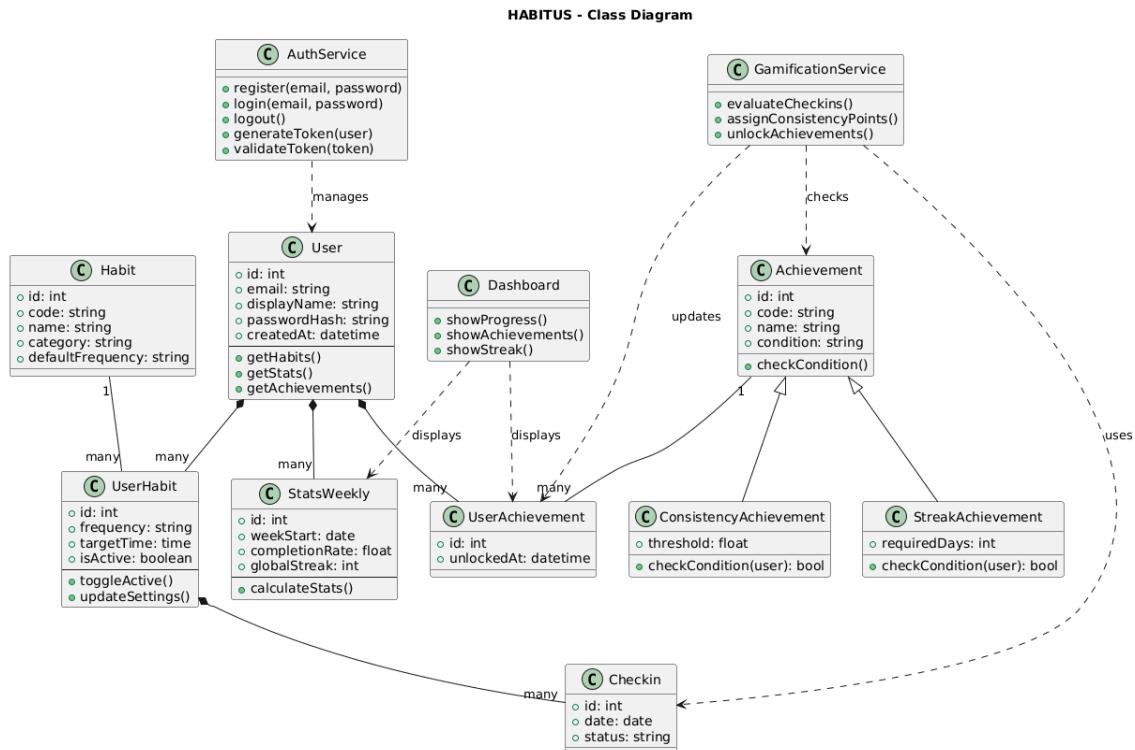
**Reliability:** idempotent check-ins; unique constraints per (user\_habit, date); transactions around write flows.

**Performance:** cache weekly stats; target <300–500 ms for common operations; lightweight services.

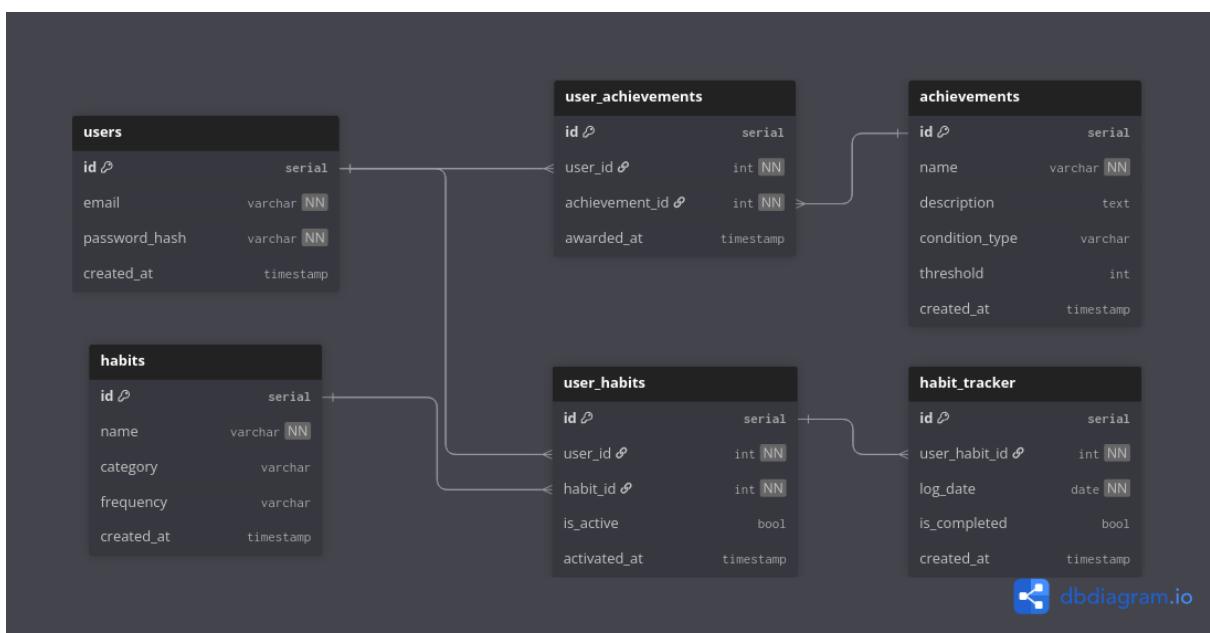
**Scalability:** stateless API (horizontal scaling); DB normalized with proper indexes.

**Maintainability:** layered boundaries enable unit tests and independent evolution (services).

## 5. Class Diagram



## 6. Relation Database Model



**User:** Represents each registered person who uses the Habitus system.

Stores authentication and basic account data.

**User\_achievements:** Represents the achievements that a user has already unlocked.

Acts as a junction table linking users and achievements.

**Achievements:** Defines all possible achievements that can be unlocked in the system.

Each one specifies a condition (like “7-day streak” or “70% weekly consistency”).

**Habits:** Stores the catalog of predefined habits that users can choose from. Each habit includes its category (e.g., health, academic, productivity) and frequency (daily or weekly).

**User Habits:** Links a user to a habit they decided to follow.

It indicates which predefined habits each user is actively tracking.

**Habit\_tracker:** Records whether a user completed a habit on a specific day (or week). Used to calculate progress, streaks, and achievement conditions.