让皮肤长时间晒太阳是有害的。（expose）（文来寒假六）

It is harmful to expose one’s skin to the sunlight for long.

据估计，伦敦奥运会有10000多人报名参加志愿者工作。(estimate, enter for)

It is estimated that  more than 10000 entered for the volunteer work.

采取有效措施保护环境能使所有人受益匪浅。（enable）（文来寒假六）

Taking effective action to protect the environment enables everyone /all the people to benefit a lot from it.

我们高考是否能成功在很大程度上取决于不是我们的智力而是我们的努力。

Whether we can succeed in the college entrance examination, to a great extent , depends on not our intelligence but our efforts.

为了与时俱进，我们所需要做的是努力用知识武装自己以便将来进入理想的大学。（effort, equip）（文来寒假六）

To keep pace with the times, what we need to do is to make great efforts to equip ourselves with knowledge so as to enter our ideal universities.

1.not … until… / Not until… / It was not until… that

直到二十世纪初人们才学会怎样防止这种疾病的蔓延。 (prevent)

Not until the beginning of the 20th century did people learn how to prevent the disease from spreading.

2. It is (generally) believed / thought that…

大家普遍相信没有必要个学生太多的作业。(assign, need) （文来寒假六）

It is generally believed that there is no need to assign too much homework to students.

3. Adj. / adv. / n. / v. + as / though + S + V

虽然他是个孩子，但对于这个世界他了解很多。

Child as he is, he knows a lot about the world.

4. It will (not) be …before… （It won’t be long before…）

It was (not) …before…

不久我们就要从高中毕业了。

It won’t be long before we graduate from Senior High School.

5. It is (has been)…since …

自从我们上次互相见面，几乎已经五年了

It is almost five years since we saw each other last time.

6. Only + 状语， 倒装

只有不断学习新事物，我们才能与时共进。

Only by learning the new constantly can we keep up with the times.

7. 遇到困难时，我们需要的不是彼此埋怨，而是相互帮助。(not …but) （文来寒假六）

When we meet with difficulties, what we need is not to complain to each other but to help each other.

8.bear / keep sth in mind bear / keep in mind that…

我们必须牢记年轻人不经历风雨就不能见彩虹。

We must keep in mind that young people will achieve nothing without experiencing difficulties.

我们觉得很难赶上现代科技的迅速发展。

We feel / felt it difficult to keep up with the rapid development of modern science and technology.

2.Make it a rule to do / that …

这所学校规定：学生不许将手机带进校园。

The school makes it a rule that students are not allowed to take mobile phones to the campus / school

3.What (really) matters (to sb) is …

对我们来说，重要的不是赢，而是参与。

What matters to us is not to win but to take part.

4. Contrary to one’s expectation / wish

Contrary to what sb expected / thought,

与我们的愿望相反，我们篮球队昨天没有赢得比赛。

Contrary to our wish, our basketball team failed to win the game yesterday.

5.It is / was (in)convenient (for sb) to do sth

If it is convenient to sb,

如果你方便的话，请帮我把包裹从邮局取回来。(fetch)

If it is convenient to you, please fetch the parcel for me from the post office.

The more… the more..

1你练习讲英语越多，就越对你有好处。 (do sb good)

The more you practise speaking English, the more good it will do you.

2 What delighted sb (most) was …

使我最高兴的是她的礼物正好就是我正想着要买的东西。

What delighted me most was that her present was just what I was thinking of buying myself.

3.There is no doubt that…

毫无疑问，每个人都有选择自己生活方式的权利 文来寒假五

There is no doubt that everybody has a right to choose his own way of living/ life.

4.It is no /not any good /use doing

世界上没有后悔药，你应该知道重要的是你要全力避免再犯同样的错误。

It is no use crying over the spilt milk and you should know what’s important is to try your best to avoid making the same mistakes once again.

5.There is no denying that …

不可否认，他们的生活质量每况愈下。

There is no denying that the quality of their life has gone form bad to worse.

1. .她下定决心不惜一切代价不让父母失望。（determined）

She was determined at all costs not to let her parents down.

2. 他把毕生精力花在医学研究上并且取得了很大的成就。（devote）

He devoted all his energy to medical research and made great achievements

3. With the development / increase / help / rise / improvement of…

随着超市的兴起，购物对我们来说变得越来越方便。

With the rise of supermarkets, it is becoming more and more convenient for us to do shopping.

4 It (so) happened/s that

昨天在晚会上我碰巧碰到了你上次提到的那位著名的科学家。

It happened that at the evening party yesterday I met the famous scientist (whom) you mentioned last time.

5. Not necessarily

一般说来，价格越高，质量越好，但这并不一定对，

Generally speaking, the higher the price is, the better the quality will be , but this is not necessarily true.

1他的父母对他的前途有信心。（confident）

His parents are very confident of his future.

2在你决定考哪所大学之前，最好咨询一下专家的意见。（consult, before）

You’d better consult a specialist first before you decide which university to apply.

3. chances are that … 可能……

如果他能得到及时的治疗，很可能在一个星期内康复。

If he can be treated timely, chances are that he will recover from the illness in a week.

4. cannot /never …too + adj. / adv.

在交网络朋友时，你怎么小心也不为过。

You cannot be too careful when making net friends.

5.既然你不想错过去美国留学的机会，请尽快与那所大学取得联系。（contact）

Now that you don’t want to miss the chance to further your study /study in American, please contact/make contact with that university as soon as possible.

She didn’t find she had left the key to the bicycle in her office until she went back home.

Only then did Tom admit that he was wrong..

They promise that whatever has happened, they will finish this difficult task.

The reason why they succeed is that they can learn a lot from their mistakes

The reason for his poor health was that he didn’t pay enough attention to his diet and rest.

No sooner had he boarded the plane than he found his watch missing.

中国是一个历史悠久的大国，很多名胜值得一游。(worth) 3%

China is a large country with a long history and many places of interest are worth visiting.

你尝试地越多，就越有可能提前取得成功，这证明是真的。(the more…)

The more you try, the more likely you are to achieve success in advance, which has proved true.

我们听到他获奖的消息但并不感到惊奇，因为他的成功是意料之中的。 (award)

We were not surprised at the news that he had been awarded the prize because his success was within expectation.

尽管前途未卜，为了不让人生留有遗憾，他习惯尽力做好每一件事。(despite)

Despite the unpredictable future, he is used to trying his best to do everything well to leave no regrets in life.

二十一世纪以来，许多发达国家采取措施吸引中国游客以促进经济增长。(promote)

Many countries have been taking measures to attract Chinese tourists to promote economic growth since the beginning of the 21st century.

**IV. Translation (20分, 每句4分) 向明中学2017-2018学年第一学期期末考试题**

1. 那时候他意识到充分利用时间的重要性。（aware）

2. 在会议室里就坐的这些学生被认为是学校里的顶尖学生。(seat)

3. 明辨是非，如果你不想卷入这类大麻烦之中的话。（unless）

4. 教师想要培养学生解决问题的能力，这对他们的成长很重要。(which)

5. 正是因为科技的发展，越来越多的学生才从各种各样的教学方法中获益。（强调句）

1. At that time he became aware of the importance of making the best use of time.

2. The students （who are） seated in the meeting-room (are those who) are regarded as the top students in the school.

3. Tell right from wrong, unless you would like to get involved into this kind of serious trouble.

4. The teachers mean to develop the students’ ability to solve problems, which is very important to their growth.

5. It is because of the development/advances/progress of science and technology that more and more students have benefit(t)ed from a great variety of teaching methods.

高三翻译练习

1. 仅此一天不足以表达我们的感激之情。(gratitude)

We cannot express our gratitude within one day.

1. 一夜间解决这个问题你觉得可能吗？(…it…)

Do you think it possible to solve the problem overnight?

1. 你知道这一带还有两层楼的公寓出租吗？(available)

Do you know if there are any two-storied/two-story apartments available in this area?

1. 只有你参加了疯狂英语夏令营，我相信你的收获才会比你预计的多。(Only if)

Only if you attend the Crazy English Camp, I am sure you will get more than you expected.

1. 在一个物欲横流的时代，人们仍然坚信：金钱是重要的，但它不是万能的。(belief)

In a materialistic times, people still hold the belief that money is something but not everything.

1. 民调结果不尽如人意。(turn)

They survey has turned out to be far from satisfactory.

1. 他认为被称作“才子”是对他的一种赞赏。(consider)

He considers it a compliment to be called a “gifted scholar”.

1. 在世界其它地方我们找不到比亚马逊更美的热带雨林了。(Nowhere)

Nowhere else in the world can we find a more beautiful tropical rainforest than in Amazon.

1. 她之所以彻底搞砸了一个重大项目是因为她不够上心。(lack v.)

The reason why she completely mishandled an important project was that she lacked attention.

1. 在音乐会上当听到这么美妙的歌曲时，我简直不敢相信它是出自一个高中生之手。(compose)

When hearing such an excellent song at the concert, I couldn’t believe it was composed by a high school student.

1. 我们必须从这场危机中吸取教训，否则这个悲剧将重演。(lesson)

We must learn a lesson from the crisis , or the tragedy will happen again.

1. 考虑到成本问题，他们不得不拒绝我们这个独具匠心的提议。(alternative)

Considering the cost, they had no alternative but to turn down our unique proposal.

1. 那些充满热情的人更可能战胜通往成功路上的各种困难。(likely)

Those who are full of passion are more likely to overcome various difficulties in the path leading to success.

1. 正是直到他学习了这门课程他才知道如何恰当处理这些复杂而又有争议的问题。(tackle)

It was not until he participated in the course that he learnt how to tackle the complex and controversial problems properly.

1. 如何更有效地利用有限的水资源，推进水资源的可持续发展，已经成为世界各国共同面临的紧迫问题。(make)

How to make use of the water resource more effectively and promote its sustainable development has become an urgent issue which should be faced together by all countries in the world.

1. 把新的科学发现应用于工业生产要花几年的时间。(before)\

It will be several years before new scientific discoveries are applied to industrial production.

1. 重要的不是你在考试中得了几分，而是你是否努力了。(matter v.)

What matters is not what score you have got in the exam, but whether you have studied hard.

1. 这位百万富翁从来没想到有朝一日他不得不向银行申请贷款。(occur)

It never occurred to the millionaire that he had no alternative but to apply to the bank for loans some day.

1. 掌握相关风俗对于商人来说是必须的，否则他们的公司很难在海外占据一定的市场份额。(difficulty)

It is essential for businessmen to learn some related customs, or their companies will have difficulty claiming a certain market share in foreign countries.

1. 只有那些能适应各种艰难环境的人才能胜任消防员一职，因为你永远无法预测大火发生时会带来什么。(adapt)

Only those who can adapt themselves to various tough situations are qualified as firemen because you can never predict what may happen when a fire breaks out.