**（十五）**

1. 我们对他的不辞而别感到很惊讶。(without)

We **were greatly** **surprised that** he **had left** without saying goodbye.

We **were greatly** **surprised at** his **leaving** without saying goodbye.

**\*be surprised at/to do/that...**

注意时态

leave n. 休假

2. 当你难以与父母交流时会感到苦恼吗？(when)

Will you feel upset when you **find it hard to** communicate with your parents?

**\*find it hard to do sth //have difficulty (in) doing sth**

注意标点符号

3. 为追求时尚付出高昂代价的人应该尽早改变这种生活方式。(Those)

Those who **pay a high/heavy price for following the fashion** should change their **lifestyle** as soon as possible. //Those who follow the fashion **at a high/heavy price**...

\*为...付出昂贵/沉重的代价 **pay a high/heavy price for**

\*追求时尚/赶时髦

follow the fashion // keep up/pace with the latest fashions

生活方式 lifestyle

4 在竞争压力的驱使下，他在学习上取得了很大的进步。(as a result)

He **made great/considerable progress** **in** his study as a result of **the pressure of competition**.

progress n. [U]

竞争压力

the pressure of competition/competitive pressure

5 考虑到他的年龄，我们没派他去那个偏远的山区。(consider)

Considering his age, we didn’t send him to **the remote mountain/mountainous area/region**.

6 尽管天气不好，但他们的假日还是过得很愉快。(despite)

Despite **the** bad weather, **they still had a good holiday**.

注意后半句英文表达习惯（避免中式翻译）

7 这些票能让你免费乘坐三天地铁。(enable)

The tickets enable you to **ride free on the underground** for three days.

enable sb to do sth 让某人能做某事

（can enable you... -0.5’）

乘地铁 ride on the underground/subway

(take the underground/subway也可以)

乘汽车 ride in a car

8 玛丽用五个苹果向安妮换了五个鸡蛋。(exchange)

Mary exchanged five apples for five eggs with Anne.

**\*exchange A for B 用A换B**

9 我们所面临的是有史以来最大的自然灾难。(face)

What we are facing is **the most serious natural disaster** **in history**.

in history // in the history of...

10 令我们宽慰的是，爆炸发生的时候，碰巧房间里没有人。(happen)

To our relief, nobody happened to be in the room when the **explosion** occurred.

... there happened to be no one in the room when...

... it happened that nobody was in the room when...