**语法词汇专项练习1**

Inspired by Kobe

Although Kobe Bryant is no longer with us, his unbreakable will on and off the basketball court lives on. This month, it \_\_\_\_1 was announced\_\_\_ (announce) ***that*** the late superstar would be inducted (入选)  into the Naismith Memorial Basketball Hall of Fame, a prestigious honor for basketball’s best. Alongside Bryant, eight others will be inducted at a ceremony on Aug 29.  
 “His fierce competitiveness, work ethic and drive were unmatched,” Jeanie Buss, owner of the Los Angles Lakes, told ESPN. “Those qualities helped Bryant lead us to five titles – and have now brought him to the Hall of Fame, \_\_\_\_2 where\_\_\_\_ *he will be enshrined (铭记) with the greatest to have ever played the game*. No one deserves it more.”

enshrine sth in... 把...庄严载入... These rights are enshrined in the country's constitution.   
 Indeed, \_\_\_\_3\_what\_\_\_ elevated Bryant above his peers was his unmatchable commitment \_\_\_\_4\_to be\_\_\_ (be) the best. He was ruthless in his pursuit to dominate his opponents. He called it the “mamba mentality (曼巴精神)” after the black mamba, one of the world’s deadliest snakes – and also after the top killer from the 2003 movie Kill Bill, according to The New Yorker.

make a commitment to do sth 承诺/投身于做某事

commit oneself to doing sth/be committed to doing sth   
 The mamba mentality became so popular that Bryant \_\_\_\_5\_detailed\_\_\_ (detail) his process in his book The Mamba Mentality: How I Play. In it, he revealed his famously detailed approach \_6\_as well as\_\_\_\_his physical and mental preparation to not just succeed at the game, but to excel.  
 “Mamba mentality is all about focusing \_\_\_\_7\_\_on\_\_ the process and trusting in the hard work when it matters most,” he wrote in the book. “It’s the ultimate mantra (准则) for the competitive spirit. It started just as a hashtag that came to me one day, and it’s grown into something athletes – and even non-athletes – embrace as a mindset.”  
 Bryant took after one of basketball’s most legendary players, Michael Jordan, not only with regard to Jordan’s playing style, but his competitive nature.  
 “I liked challenging people and making them uncomfortable,” Bryant wrote in an excerpt \_\_\_\_8\_\_published\_\_ (publish) on the Players’ Tribune. “That’s ***what*** leads to introspection and that’s what leads to improvement. You \_\_\_\_9\_ can/could \_\_\_ say I dared people to be their best selves.”  
 Though many were shocked and sad when the Los Angles great died in a helicopter crash in January, all signs point to Bryant’s legacy persisting for generations to come. \_\_\_\_10\_Whether\_\_\_ you’re a basketball player or not, you can’t deny the Kobe’s power to inspire you to be your best self.

A. halting B. vulnerable C. accelerate D. boosts E. distinguishes F. sought

G. associating H. recognized I. unity J. accused K. regions

The virus knows no borders, and the pandemic \_\_\_\_1[E]distinguishes\_\_\_\_ no races. ***As*** countries struggle to control the spread of the virus, a minority of politicians are “sticking with the outdated script”, noted Nature, one of the world’s top scientific journals.

On April 7, Nature published an article named Stop the Coronavirus Stigma (污名) Now and apologized for \_\_\_\_2[G]associating\_\_\_\_ the virus with Wuhan and China in their news coverage. However, the calling hasn’t been listened to by all.

The same day, US President Donald Trump blamed the World Health Organization (WHO) for getting “every aspect” of the novel coronavirus pandemic wrong and on April 14, Trump announced the US is \_\_\_\_3[A]halting\_\_\_\_ funding for the organization. fund n./v.

He said the WHO “missed the call” and implied it knew about the dangers of the coronavirus months before taking any action. He also \_\_\_\_4[J]accused\_\_\_\_ the organization of being “China-centric”. Incidentally, his statement came after the US suffered its then highest daily death tolls on April 6 and 7. charge ...with ...

According to the Guardian, the US president has repeatedly denied responsibility and \_\_\_\_5[F]sought\_\_ to blame China, the Obama administration, the media and now the WHO. In fact, the WHO first noted “pneumonia of unknown cause” in Wuhan in late December. It declared a global health emergency on Jan 30 and on March 11 declared the coronavirus outbreak a pandemic.

seek to do sth 力图/设法做某事

seek to bring the conflict to an end

CNBC pointed out that the WHO’s global emergency declaration on Jan 30 was nearly a month before Trump tweeted that “the coronavirus is very much under control in the USA”, and six weeks before he declared a national emergency on March 13.

On April 8, WHO Director-General Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus criticized the US for politicizing the pandemic. “We don’t do politics at the WHO,” he said. “We care for the poor. We care for those who are \_\_\_\_6[B]vulnerable\_\_\_\_.”

According to Xinhua, the WHO has published 50 pieces of technical guidance providing evidence-based advice on every element of the response. By April 8, the WHO had shipped more than 2 million items of personal protective equipment to 133 countries and \_\_\_\_7[K]regions\_\_\_\_ and is preparing to ship another 2 million items in the coming weeks. Since February, it has brought more than 400 of the world’s leading researchers together to identify research priorities and \_\_\_\_8[C]accelerate\_\_\_\_ research.

The WHO’s important role has been \_\_\_\_9[H]recognized\_\_\_\_ and commended by the international community. United Nations Secretary-General Antonio Guterres lent his support too. “Now is the time for\_\_\_\_10[I]unity\_\_\_\_ , for the international community to work together in solidarity to stop this virus and its shattering consequences,” he said.

commend vt. commendatory adj. (derogatory adj.)

**语法词汇专项练习2**

## Spirit of a hero

In the fight against the SARS epidemic 17 years ago, Zhong Nanshan became a hero in the hearts of many Chinese people for his courage in assuming responsibility. Today, this hero comes to the fore once again and continues to reassure people (1)\_\_\_while\_\_\_ the nation is battling the novel coronavirus pneumonia (NCP). While后面跟进行时态或延续性动词表持续

When the NCP was first reported in late December, the National Health Commission enlisted high-level experts to investigate the novel coronavirus. As a leading Chinese respiratory expert, Zhong (2)\_\_was appointed\_\_\_(appoint) the head of the expert team. (3)\_\_\_\_Despite\_\_\_ being 84, he took on the task without any hesitation and headed to Wuhan, the epicenter of the disease.

Due to the huge number of travelers caused by the upcoming Spring Festival, Zhong failed to book any airline or high-speed train tickets. Instead, he (4)\_\_had\_\_ \_\_to\_\_ settle for a temporary seat in the dining cab of an overnight train. Even so, he didn’t take a rest that day and studied the information of infected patients (5)\_\_until\_\_ he arrived in Wuhan at 11 pm.

Over the next two days, he maintained his busy schedule. (6)\_\_Apart\_\_\_ \_\_\_from\_\_\_ numerous meetings, Zhong also worked as a messenger to inform the public of the situation. During those days, Zhong only got four hours to sleep each night, Guangzhou Daily reported.

apart from （2种含义）

I've finished apart from the last question. (=except for)  
Apart from their house in London, they also have a villa in Spain. (=beside(s))

 “Zhong showed us his relentless and unflappable spirit in this incident,” Zheng Jinping, deputy director of the research center for respiratory diseases in Guangzhou, told China.org.cn.

While seeking effective measures (7)\_\_to prevent\_\_ (prevent) and control the disease’s spread, Zhong also tried his best to stop the public’s panic amid the NCP outbreak.

When many couldn’t get N95 face masks, which were believed to be the best to prevent the virus, Zhong wore a surgical mask in an interview to show people that surgical masks can also work well.

In 2003, Zhong became a trusted expert due to his devotion to truth in the fight against SARS. (8)\_\_Many\_ were calmed by his words and listened to his advice.

some/others/that/those/much/many...代词

Still (9)\_leading\_ (lead) the fight against the novel coronavirus, Zhong maintains his role of telling the truth and reassuring the public. (10)\_\_As\_\_\_ he told Beijing Television, in this critical situation, “morale, solidarity and cooperation are very important.”

## Science turns the tide against virus

## A. accelerating B. clinical C. actively D. curbed E. racing F. map

## G. examine H. sharp I. approved J. jointly K. inspection

Thanks to concerted efforts throughout China, the spread of COVID-19 has been effectively \_\_\_\_1[D]curbed\_\_\_\_. As of March 10, the number of newly confirmed and suspected cases across the country had been in \_\_\_\_2[H]sharp\_\_\_\_ decline. However, the virus knows no borders. To face the grim situation of the COVID-19 outbreak, scientific researchers have been urged to step up.

During a(n) \_\_\_\_3[K]inspection\_\_\_\_ in Beijing on March 2, President Xi Jinping stressed that the COVID-19 research must be taken as a major and pressing task, calling for \_\_\_\_4[A]accelerating\_\_\_ its progress and overcoming major difficulties at the earliest date.

“Science and technology are the most powerful weapon in humanity’s battle against diseases,” Xi said. “Mankind cannot defeat a major disaster or epidemic without scientific development and technological innovation.”

Ever since the start of the outbreak, Chinese scientists have been \_\_\_\_5[E]racing\_\_\_\_ to do research on the virus and looking for possible treatment. Some vaccines (疫苗) against COVID-19 are expected to enter \_\_\_\_6[B]clinical\_ trials by mid-April or even earlier, Xinhua reported.

China has adopted treatment methods that combine traditional Chinese medicine and Western medicine. Clinical trials and studies on different types of patients have been carried out with more than 5,000 kinds of drugs, said Ding Xiangyang, deputy secretary-general of the State Council, on March 6.

Public health security is a common challenge faced by humanity, as President Xi pointed out. He called on countries to share research data and \_\_\_\_7[J] jointly\_\_\_\_ work out response strategies.

Ever since the start of the outbreak, Chinese researchers have been \_\_\_\_8[C]actively\_\_\_\_ sharing their latest studies and participating in international cooperation on diagnosis and effective treatments.

After receiving the genome sequence of the virus, researchers in the US were able to \_\_\_\_9[F]map\_绘制vt.\_\_\_the first 3D atomic-scale structure of a key novel coronavirus protein, making a breakthrough toward developing vaccines, therapeutic antibodies (治疗性抗体) and diagnostics (诊断法), according to Xinhua.

“Early data sharing really helps save lives,” said Soumya Swaminathan, the World Health Organization’s chief scientist.

Around Jan 14, several companies created nucleic acid testing kits (核酸检测盒) to help identify suspected infections. The kits take 1.5 to 3 hours to provide results from samples taken from patients. Now 10 companies are making 1.7 million testing kits every day, according to the National Medical Products Administration. A faster testing kit with results available in 29 minutes has been \_\_\_\_10[I]approved\_批准/认可\_\_ by the National Medical Products Administration, China Daily reported on March 7. One of the genomic sequencing companies, BGI, has received international orders of more than 310,000 detection kits from more than 26 countries and regions.

1. while 2. was appointed 3. Despite 4. had to 5. until 6. Apart from 7. to prevent 8. Many 9. leading 10. As

1-5 DHKAE 6-10 BJCFI

## 语法词汇专项练习3

Heroic homestay

Just as Tarun Betala, the author of the book The Things We Don’t Know, said: “We ought to, as human beings, have the courage \_\_\_\_1\_to seek\_\_\_(seek) a collective ‘truth’ that benefits our species the most.” collective adj. 集体的；共同的 shared by every member of a group

During the outbreak of novel coronavirus pneumonia (NCP), it’s obvious \_\_\_\_2\_that\_\_\_ medical staff deserve our respect and admiration. However, ordinary people are making contributions in their own way.

Since the outbreak of the disease in mid-January, provinces and municipalities (直辖市) across the country \_\_\_3\_have launched\_\_(launch) emergency measures calling on citizens to stay at home.

\_\_\_\_4\_Following\_\_\_(follow) the government’s rules, most Chinese people have given up their Spring Festival family gatherings to stay at home. They dutifully wear masks when they have to go out. It’s not easy, especially for teenagers.

“Staying at home for more than 25 days is quite challenging, \_\_\_\_5\_which\_\_\_ means I can’t have fun with my friends face to face and I feel quite bored and lonely,” Zeng Jingxian, a senior high student from Longcheng High School in Shenzhen, Guangdong province, told TEENS. “But as a citizen, I have the duty to do so to protect myself and contribute to \_\_\_\_6\_slowing\_\_\_(slow) the spread of the virus.”

In an interview with Xinhua News Agency on Jan 28, Chinese respiratory (呼吸科的) expert Zhong Nanshan suggested that people should not wander around their cities. This way, it \_\_\_\_7\_will reduce\_\_\_(reduce) the risk of infection. Chinese internet users launched a hashtag on Sina Weibo, which translates to “Stay at home until Zhong allows us to go out”.

Actually, following the rules not only contains the spread of virus, but also helps people develop a \_\_\_\_8\_healthier\_\_\_(healthy) habit in daily life.

\_\_\_\_9\_\_Since\_\_ we were very young, our parents and teachers have told us to wash our hands frequently. In truth, many people forget or don’t bother to wash their hands before eating.

With the outbreak of the virus, they have started to keep it in mind and practice it with more enthusiasm.

“I’m happy that more Chinese people \_\_\_\_10\_\_can\_\_\_ develop good health habits now. That will make them stronger,” Zeng said.

Indeed, the individual is the collective, and the collective is the individual. As we deal with a public crisis, each individual should follow the advice of medical organizations and professionals.

1. to seek 2. that 3. have launched 4. Following 5. which 6. slowing

7. will reduce 8. healthier 9. Since 10. can

|  |
| --- |
| A. affects B. inspiring C. contain D. potentially E. winning F. shutdown  G. moderately H. strain I. return J. sustaining K. targets |

***(The impact of novel coronavirus on economy)***

The outbreak of COVID-19 has done more than just making a depressing winter holiday. The epidemic (疫情), as one China Daily editorial puts it, also poses (造成) the most severe (严峻的) challenge to Chinese economy in years. “Economists estimate they could \_\_1\_[D]potentially\_\_\_\_ rip 2 percentage points off (下降) the country’s GDP growth in the first quarter,” said China Daily.  
It is not hard to see why.

（Q: What are the three main sectors that are mostly affected?）  
 The novel coronavirus epidemic directly \_\_\_\_2\_[A]affects\_\_\_\_ three main sectors of the economy: the service sector – especially tourism – catering (餐饮业) and entertainment. This would normally have been their peak season, but instead they are basically shut down. And since the epidemic broke out in January, the manufacturing sector delayed (延迟) a(n) \_\_\_\_3\_[I]return\_\_\_\_ *to* normal operations(正常运营). Likewise, the trade sector will be influenced due to potential cuts or even the \_\_\_\_4\_[F]shutdown\_\_\_\_ of airlines, sea routes and borders by some countries.

sector n. (尤指一国经济的) 部门，领域，行业 shut down v. // shutdown n.   
 While the disease and related control measures are dragging on growth, it is not the first time China has faced such a daunting (使人畏惧的) situation. “The Chinese government is taking timely and forceful measures to bring the pandemic to an end as soon as possible, \_\_\_\_5\_[B]inspiring\_\_\_ confidence that the economy will be able to rebound (反弹) quickly,” commented China Daily.  
 According to Li Feng, co-dean of Shanghai Advanced Institute of Finance, the epidemic will not change the country’s situation and development progress.  
 The year 2020 marks the conclusion of China’s efforts to build a(n) \_\_\_\_6\_[G]moderately\_\_\_\_ prosperous society in all respects (全面建成小康社会). On Feb 12, President Xi Jinping urged resolute (坚定不移的) measures to win the battle against the virus and meet the year’s \_\_\_\_7\_[K]targets\_\_\_\_ for social and economic development. moderate adj. moderation n.  
 The country will increase funding and roll out(实行) targeted (针对性的) tax and fee reduction measures to ease the \_\_8\_[H]strain\_\_\_\_ on firms, according to a statement issued after the meeting.  
 Kristalina Georgieva, IMF Managing Director and Chair of the Executive Board, said it is mostly expecting a V-shaped economic recovery for China, adding that a sharp decline and rapid recovery would help \_\_\_\_9\_[C]contain\_\_\_\_ the impact on both China and the world economy.

contain：有...在里面（容器式包含）；含有；控制

The book contains six chapters. / The envelope contained a Christmas card.

Sea water contains salt. /This drink doesn't contain any alcohol.

I couldn’t contain my anger.  
 The epidemic will eventually come to an end, just like the winter eventually fades away (离开). “With its strong resilience (韧性), potential and vitality (活力), the Chinese economy is well positioned to overcome all risks and challenges. The fundamentals \_\_\_\_10\_[J]sustaining\_\_\_\_ sound economic growth have not changed and will not change,” said State Councilor and Foreign Minister Wang Yi on Feb 15.

sustain vt. 支撑；承受；维持；持续 ~ the weight //~ life 持续的努力~ed hardwork

sustainable adj. 支撑得住的；可承受的；可持续的；能保持的 ~ development

1-10 D A I F B G K H C J

## 语法词汇专项练习4

**Polar Heatwave**

Antarctica is known for being a vast land of ice and snow, a place too cold for most life. Despite this, the continent is slowly starting to turn warm. According to the Guardian, the Antarctic has registered a new high temperature for the first time on record, prompting fears of climate instability in the world’s 1\_\_\_iciest\_\_\_(icy) place.  
 On Feb 9, Brazilian researchers at Seymour Island reported a temperature of 20.75 C on the icy continent of Antarctica. It was almost a full degree higher than the previous record of 19.8 C, 2\_\_\_taken\_\_\_ (take) on Signy Island in January 1982. take a/sb’s temperature  
 This record-breaking reading was taken at a monitoring station in the northern part of Antarctica. According to Brazilian soil scientist Carlos Schaefer, the temperature 3. \_\_\_\_was documented\_\_(document) during a 20-year-long research project. The focus of this project is to study the effect that climate change has 4\_\_on\_\_\_\_ the permafrost within the region. Permafrost is soil that stays frozen for at least two years. 5\_\_\_Althouth/Though/While\_\_\_ this is a first record high for Antarctica, Schaefer stressed that “We can’t use this to anticipate climatic changes in the future. It’s simply a signal 6\_\_\_that\_\_\_ something different is happening in that area.”

have a/ an+ adj + effect/ influence/impact on... 对...有影响  
 But in fact, the last high temperature reading was in the 19 C range. These higher temperatures 7\_\_\_can\_\_\_ cause ice and glaciers in Antarctic regions to melt. The Antarctic peninsula – the long finger of land that stretches towards Argentina – is most dramatically affected. Scientists saw glaciers that have retreated by more than 100 meters in Discovery Bay where the snow melted in little more than a week, 8\_\_\_leaving\_\_\_(leave) dark exposed rock. This melted ice leads to a rise in sea levels that can threaten the safety of coastal areas. It’s believed to be behind an alarming decline of more than 50 percent in chinstrap penguin colonies, 9\_\_\_which\_\_\_ are dependent on sea ice.  
 Like American writer Ernest Hemingway once said, “The Earth is a fine place and worth fighting for.” We should do 10\_\_\_whatever/everything\_\_\_ we can to help save our planet. Otherwise, it may become too hot for us to fix.

\*南极洲 Antarctica/the Antarctic 南极 the South/Antarctic Pole

\*document n.文档 /v. 记录，记载

\*effect n. [C, U] 影响 (on...)；效果；结果

1) have a/ an+ adj + effect/ influence/impact on... 对...有影响

2) come into effect/force （法规等）生效，开始实施

New controls come into effect next month. 下月开始实施新的管制措施。

3) take effect （法规等）生效，开始实施；开始起作用，见效

The new law takes effect from tomorrow. 新法令明日起生效。

The aspirins soon take effect. 阿司匹林药片很快见效。

4) bring/put sth into effect使生效，实施

The recommendations will soon be put into effect. 这些建议即将付诸实施。

1. iciest 2. taken 3. was documented 4. on 5. Although/Though/While 6. that

7. can 8. leaving 9. which 10. everything

**Take care of your mental health**

|  |
| --- |
| A. psychological B. mindset C. fight D. strain E. follow F. stuck  G. appropriate H. transportation I. response J. interrupted K. reassure |

You may be able to care for your physical health by wearing a mask, washing your hands, and doing regular exercise during the coronavirus epidemic, but how do you treat your mental health? Millions of people are facing fear, anxiety and depression as lockdowns(防范禁闭), 1\_\_[H]transportation\_\_ bans and quarantines continue.  
 As part of the government’s “first level 2\_[I]response\_\_\_”, the National Health Commission said more than 300 hotlines are now available throughout China. Callers can talk with counseling services and people from university psychology departments, Reuters reported. Depending on your location, you can call one of these 24-hour hotlines for psychological support and general advice if you’re experiencing anxiety, depression or panic attacks –whether you’re a patient, medical worker or just someone 3\_\_\_[F]stuck\_ at home.  
 A survey conducted by the Chinese Psychology Society found that of the 18,000 people tested for coronavirus-related anxiety, 42.6 percent were anxious, according to NBC News.   
 “A stable state of mind can help reduce irritability and agitation, which is helpful for treatment. Providing psychological counseling and 4\_\_[G]appropriate\_\_\_\_ medicine, psychiatry(精神病学) can play an important role in the battle against the epidemic,” said Chen Jun, an expert from the Shanghai Mental Health Center, on CCTV.

irritable adj. 易怒的 agitated adj. 焦虑不安的 counsellor n.  
 A healthy mind supports a healthy body. Stress weakens the immune system, according to the American Psychological Association. Managing stress may help people 5\_\_[C]fight\_\_ off a virus.   
 In addition to hotlines, online platforms and social media have also offered support to those dealing with the mental 6\_\_\_[D]strain\_\_\_ of worrying about the virus. One virus-related hashtag, which translates as “how to deal with feeling very anxious at home,” has been viewed by hundreds of millions of Sina Weibo users.  
 Universities have set up support groups on QQ, while thousands of doctors provide counseling for users on JD.com. KnowYourself, a public WeChat account, hopes to reduce panic attacks to frontline medical workers, patients and their families.  
 “People are scared, their lives are being 7\_\_[J]interrupted\_\_\_\_, so to have a voice that helps to 8\_\_\_[K]reassure\_\_\_ them and calm them and kind of guide them through this process can be very helpful,” Paul Yin, a psychologist in Beijing, said.

reassure vt. 使安心，使消除疑虑 reassuring adj.   
 Keeping a positive 9\_\_\_[B]mindset\_\_\_ is key during this difficult time. Remember to keep things in perspective and maintain social networks with your family and friends. Treat your mind well, and your body will 10\_\_\_[E]follow\_\_\_. 1-10 HIFGC DJKBE

maintain

**1) 保持，维持(maintain + n.)**

maintain eye contact

maintain the speed/friendly relations with.../law and order(维持法治)

**\*maintain good health=remain healthy, maintain silence=remain silent**

2) 维修，保养 ~ a house/car

3) 主张，断言

The men maintained (that) they were out of the country when the crime was committed.

n. maintenance 保持；保养

## 语法词汇专项练习5

**Science stops more fatalities**

fatality n. fatal adj.

When treating a disease, doctors are the key. It’s plain and simple. When treating an unknown disease, however, doctors have to reach out for more scientific assistance, like that of virologists (病毒学家), who (1) \_\_have been studying\_\_ (study) the latest epidemic. When the virus is both unknown and highly infectious – like COVID-19 – things are much more complicated. There is more science (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_involved\_\_\_\_ (involve) than you can imagine.

The first step was to understand the virus. Only one month after the outbreak, virologists in China managed to sequence the DNA of the virus. They then shared the sequences with scientists from around the world (3) \_so\_ \_that\_ collective efforts could be made to speed up the development of an effective vaccine.

The new DNA platform technology is making the process easier than it used to be. “We downloaded those sequences, immediately (4) \_\_ran\_(run) them through our computer algorithm (算法), and about three hours later, we had a fully designed DNA vaccine (5) \_\_\_against\_\_\_\_\_ the novel coronavirus,” Kate Broderick, a researcher at the US-based Inovio Pharmaceuticals, told Al Jazeera. vaccine against...

In the meantime, the efforts of developing faster testing kits are underway. According to Zhong Nanshan, China’s leading infectious disease expert, the latest testing kits can reduce (6) \_\_\_\_***what***\_\_\_used to be at least a 1.5-hour testing time to within 15 minutes, which has greatly improved the efficiency of testing for suspected cases.

Possible drugs and treatments are also being tested. For example, patients who have recovered from COVID-19 were found to have antibodies in their plasma (血浆). The China National Biotec Group has used the plasma (7) \_\_\_to treat\_\_\_\_\_ (treat) 10 severely infected patients and successfully reduced their symptoms. “It is a very valid way to explore therapeutics (疗法), especially (8) \_\_\_\_when\_\_\_\_\_ we don’t have vaccines and specific antivirals,” Mike Ryan, head of World Health Organization’s Health Emergencies Program, told Reuters.

That said, the science that helps deal with the outbreak doesn’t just happen in hospitals and labs. After all, COVID-19 is an infectious disease, which means cutting off its spread is just as important as treating it. This is (9) \_\_\_\_where\_\_\_\_ technologies like the internet, big data and facial recognition come in to help with tracking population flow, as well as making sure people (10) \_\_\_\_\_are supplied\_\_\_\_ (supply) with life necessities during isolation periods.

名词性从句中where表示抽象地点意义的情况：

I’m sorry to say that’s *where* you’re wrong. I couldn’t see him *from where* I am.

So in times of an epidemic, medical workers are not the only ones who have our backs. It’s also the collective efforts from all fields of science.

\*track

n. 轨道；足迹，踪迹；小道 keep track of 跟上...进展；掌握...线索 （lose track of）

vt. 追踪；跟踪（调查）

vi. 留下足迹

\*分别写出supply/provide/give/offer的用法

1.have been studying 2. involved 3. so that 4. ran 5. against 6. what 7. to treat

8. when 9. where 10. are supplied

|  |
| --- |
| A. trending B. additional C. mobility D. initiatives E. recovering F. unprecedented  G. upgrade H. pool I. materialized J. exemptions K. stabilize |

***(Why has China done so well in fighting the coronavirus?为何如此优秀~)***

China has bought the world time in the fight against the novel coronavirus pneumonia outbreak, according to Paul Hunter, an internationally famous virologist (病毒学家).

With its quick response to the outbreak, the country has used (1) \_[F]unprecedented\_\_ controls over movement and activity, in Wuhan and across the nation to control COVID-19 and stop its spread.

The situation in China is improving. According to the data released by the National Health Commission on March 1, the recovery rate has been increasing, with the national average reaching 52.1 percent. “This signifies (表明) the epidemic situation is (2) \_\_[A]trending\_\_\_\_\_\_ positively,” said the commission spokesman Mi Feng. trend n./v.

These good results could not have been achieved without the quick and decisive measures taken by authorities to reduce population (3) \_[C]mobility\_ and concentrate medical resources in the hardest-hit region at an early date, commented China Daily, “China is able to (4) \_\_[H]pool\_\_\_ its resources together to focus on one major mission. All resources can be arranged and deployed (部署) in a unified and orderly manner.” pool n./v. mobility n. in a ... manner

To start with, China has implemented a large scale, long-duration quarantine across the country. Officials, meeting soon after the outbreak, quickly decided to (5) \_\_[G]upgrade\_\_ health care and emergency response systems in China. mobilize vt.

Not only has the government mobilized medical workers and resources nationwide to support Wuhan, the hardest-hit city, but more support and protection has been given to frontline medical workers in Hubei province with (6) \_\_\_[B]additional\_ allowances and a tripled salary.

To meet the challenges in the economic sector, the government has lowered taxes and provided (7) \_\_[J]exemptions\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to protect and support startups and small and medium enterprises.

exemption n. （指部分收入）免税

Due to these government efforts, the number of infected people and fatalities (死亡率) has been reduced significantly, while economic and social development is rapidly (8)\_\_[E]recovering\_\_.

Robert Dingwall, a leading medical sociologist and professor at the School of Social Sciences at Nottingham Trent University in the UK, said China has taken extraordinary steps that would not be (9) \_\_\_[I]materialized\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the West. materialize v.

“It has done many things that are only possible in a society with a strong central government able to take rapid (10) \_\_\_\_[D]initiatives\_\_\_\_\_ once decisions have been made,” he said.

initiative

n. 主动的行动；倡议；主动性/权；首创精神

a peace ~ 和平倡议

have/lose the ~ 拥有/丧失主动权

take the ~ 采取主动

stabilize vt/vi (使)稳定 stable adj.

The patient's condition stabilized. / Doctors stabilized the patient's condition.

mobilize v 动员，调动

1-10 F, A, C, H, G, B, J, E, I, D

**21st Teens 3月23日**

## 语法词汇专项练习6

Space-grown lettuce

Experiencing weightlessness, traveling at 20,000 mph and looking down at Earth’s beauty from space – life as an astronaut includes many unique and unforgettable experiences.

The food, however, is not 1 \_among\_\_ ***them***. (them指什么?) Space travelers aboard the International Space Station (ISS) 2 \_have\_ \_to\_ deal with pre-packaged food, including dehydrated (脱水的) fruits, liquid salt and freeze-dried ice-cream. But with the latest advances, life might become a whole lot more palatable (可口的) for 3 \_\_those\_\_ on board the ISS. be among...=be one of...

Following years of growing lettuce in test batches (批次) between 2014 and 2016, a study has proven that space-grown lettuce is just ***as*** safe, tasty and nutritious ***as*** similar plants 4 \_\_grown\_\_ (grow) on Earth. It found no trace of dangerous bacteria like E. coli (大肠杆菌) and Salmonella.

Astronauts grew these batches on the ISS 5\_\_using\_\_ (use) a special vegetable production system –known as Veggie – comprised of (包括) plant pillows (small sealed packages which act like anti-gravity plant pots), LED lighting and a tubular (管状的) watering system. 6 \_\_Once/After\_\_ successfully grown, these samples were then frozen and sent back to Earth for testing.

The study was conducted by researchers from the Kennedy Space Center in Florida, US, 7 \_\_who\_\_, as a control, used the Veggie system to grow lettuce in exactly the same conditions as the ISS. (找先行词，人还是物？)

“The ability to grow food in a sustainable system that is safe for crew consumption will become critical as NASA moves toward 8 \_\_longer\_\_ (long) missions,” the study’s lead author Christina Khodadad said. “Salad-type, leafy greens can be grown and consumed fresh with few resources.”

It might be a while 9 \_\_before\_\_ astronauts can enjoy a full three-course meal aboard the ISS, but who’s to say 10 \_\_that\_\_ in 50 years space bases won’t feel more like a home from home for the world’s space explorers?

1.among 2. have to 3. Those 4. grown 5. using 6. Once

7. who 8. longer 9. before 10. That

|  |
| --- |
| A. latter B. admitted C. charity D. journey E. confirmed F. general  G. distinctly H. immediate I. accident J. diagnosed K. initially |

***My experience of Britain’s NHS***

In the UK, we benefit from free healthcare, which is funded by the government through taxes. For non-emergencies, Brits usually go to GP (general practitioner，全科医生) surgeries (诊室) to get \_\_1[J]diagnosed\_\_\_ or to access prescription medication (处方药). It usually takes two days to get an appointment, so in more critical situations, you can go to a hospital’s accident and emergency (A&E) department for \_2[H]immediate\_\_ attention.

diagnose vt./vi. diagnosis n. the ~ of lung cancer

***The*** \_\_3[A]***latter***\_\_ was my experience while skiing in Glenshee, Scotland. As I reached a ski jump, I went sideways in the air and did anything but stick the landing. Not \_\_4[K]initially\_\_ feeling any pain, I got up but couldn’t even reach for my ski poles. I started to rub my shoulder and felt a lump (肿块), which turned out to be my displaced (移位的) collar bone.

One of my friends called for an ambulance, which took me to the nearest hospital’s A&E ward. After 30 minutes of sitting in a waiting room, I was seen by a doctor who \_\_5[E]confirmed\_\_ I had a broken collar bone and that I’d need surgery. After being \_\_6[B]admitted \_\_ , I was told my operation would be in 24 hours and that I wouldn’t be able to eat anything after that evening’s dinner, which I \_\_7[G]distinctly\_\_ remember was a tasty lasagna (意式千层面) – a pleasant surprise for hospital food. distinct adj. 清楚的；有区别的 admit v. 承认；接收（入院）

The next day, I was taken to an operating theater and was put under \_8[F]general\_ anesthetic (麻醉) for three hours. I awoke in a slightly delirious (神志不清的) state, proved by a text I sent to my friends, which read“think in good boys day”. I ended up with a 10-centimeter bar and six metal screws in my shoulder. Back home, I had nine weeks of my arm in a sling (悬带), but thanks to the National Health Service (NHS), my \_\_9[I]journey\_\_ cost me less than a McDonald’s takeaway.

When the NHS was founded in 1948, a leaflet was sent around which read, “Everyone – rich or poor, man, woman or child – can use it or any part of it. But it is not a(n) ‘\_\_10[C]charity\_\_’. You are all paying for it, mainly as taxpayers, and it will relieve your money worries in time of illness.”

For me, and many others, it has done just that for over 70 years.

1-5\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6-10\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**21st Teens 3月30日**

## 语法词汇专项练习7

Chances amid hard times

★Intelligent logistics(智能物流) helps \_\_\_\_1 isolated\_\_\_\_(isolate) towns.

A robot was sent to deliver medical supplies in Wuhan on Feb 6 by the logistics unit of JD, one of the biggest e-commerce companies. From the station, the robot made a successful delivery to its designated location – the No 9 Hospital of Wuhan. It was the first time that a smart unmanned delivery \_\_\_\_2\_had been applied\_\_\_(apply) since the outbreak of COVID-19, noted China Daily (什么句型？).

It/This is the first/-est/only…+n. that + 现在完成时//*\* It/This* ***was*** *the first/-est/only…+n. that + 过去完成时*

It is the first time that I have seen such a wonderful building.

It is the best film that I have ever seen.

Automated services from such robots have also been applied in hospitals. According to Fu Sheng, from Cheetah Mobile, a Chinese tech company, these robots can offer medical advice, \_\_\_\_3\_deliver\_\_\_(deliver) drugs, guide routes or measure patients’ temperatures, which can help improve efficiency and reduce cross-infection among medical workers.

In fact, intelligent logistics has been applied for several years in warehouse (仓库) and information management. In 2017, JD used intelligent sorting robots in their warehouses, \_\_\_\_4\_which\_\_\_ made the delivery process more efficient and accurate.

Logistic robots will further speed up the shift to intelligent logistics. Wu Hequan, an academic with the Chinese Academy of Engineering, said: “The digital logistics, which includes the application of artificial intelligence, robotics, cloud computing and blockchain technologies, will make \_\_\_\_5\_a\_\_\_ huge contribution to the industry and society.”

★Teleworking(远程工作) tools aid productivity productive adj.

Telecommuting(远程办公) tools \_\_\_\_6\_\_such\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_as\_\_\_\_ video conferences and online office software make working from home more feasible, especially for white-collar workers. According to China Daily, Alibaba’s all-in-one mobile workplace DingTalk has served more than 10 million enterprises (企业) and over 200 million people. Tencent Meeting can provide over 300 participants \_\_\_\_7\_with\_\_\_ free use per audio or video conference.

给某人提供某物(2种) provide\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (联想supply/give/offer用法)

Working from home also brings a “spring season” for a lot of remote working service suppliers, said Sun Mengzi, a senior analyst at Analysys, according to the South China Morning Post. “Once business clients’ habit of operating online is cultivated, it’s much \_\_\_\_8\_less possible\_\_\_ (possible) for them to move offline, compared to individual consumers,” Sun said.

cultivate vt. 开垦（土地）；种植（作物）；培养

你认为培养独立思考的习惯难吗?

Do you think **it** difficult to **cultivate the habit of** thinking independently?

According to iResearch Consulting Group, online classroom service provider EEO’s platform, ClassIn, \_\_\_\_9\_\_used\_\_ \_\_to\_\_\_\_ host about 200,000 students daily before the epidemic but now sees an average of two million students a day.

However, online education cannot replace offline education, EEO founder Song Junbo told the South China Morning Post. The outbreak gave online education providers an opportunity \_\_\_\_10\_to attract\_\_\_(attract) more users but the supply of quality educational resources remains more important.

线上教育无法代替线下教育。Online education cannot \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_offline education

用线上教育代替线下教育(replace)

用线上教育代替线下教育(substitute)

1. isolated 2. had been applied 3. deliver 4. which 5. a 6. such as

7. with 8. less possible 9. used to 10. to attract

|  |
| --- |
| A. sort B. announced C. concern D. therapists E. respectively F. accessible  G. assemble H. erecting I. shock J. resembling K. possessed |

Many of us grow up with dreams of becoming a scientist, teacher, doctor or lawyer. Now, there are more career choices for young people.

Earlier this month, the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security \_\_\_\_1\_[B]announced\_\_\_ 16 new professions. Some of these professions have made great contributions in the fight against the novel coronavirus pneumonia (NCP). Let’s take a look.

**Respiratory(呼吸的) \_\_\_\_2\_[D]therapists\_\_\_ therapist（尤指心理疗法的）治疗师 （注意要会读）**

Since the outbreak of the NCP, respiratory diseases have become a great \_\_3 [C]concern\_\_\_. ***This is where professionals come in (where引导什么从句？)***. According to US News, a respiratory therapist cares for patients who have trouble breathing or suffer from heart attacks, or \_\_\_\_4[I]shock\_\_\_\_. Due to their frequent communication with patients, they need to be adept at socializing, helping others, and teaching.

**Artificial intelligence (AI) trainers**

From Siri to robots on the assembly line, AI has become an important part of our lives. To improve on this technology, AI trainers regularly \_\_\_\_5[A] sort\_\_\_\_ and add data to AIs to optimize their analysis process, which helps AIs to better meet people’s needs. Amid the NCP outbreak, AI trainers in the US, for example, used artificial intelligence to look for social posts that mentioned specific symptoms \_\_\_\_6\_[J]resembling\_\_\_ NCP. Then, the AI created a publicly \_\_7[F]accessible\_\_\_\_map that attempted to live-track the virus.

meet/satisfy one’s needs/demands/requirements

people’s needs/demands \_\_\_\_\_\_ private cars (对...的需求)

be accessible to vehicles 通车

游客只有乘坐直升飞机才能到达山顶。\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Prefabricated(预制的) building constructors**

\_\_\_\_8\_[H] Erecting \_\_\_ a building is quite common, but finishing its construction in a short period, even within a week, is highly unusual. However, prefabricated building constructors can make that a reality. According to Forbes magazine, they can quickly \_\_\_\_9[G]assemble\_\_\_\_ a variety of components of a structure at a manufacturing site and then transport those sub-assemblies to the location of the construction site. During the NCP outbreak, Leishenshan Hospital and Huoshenshan Hospital were built in 14 days and 10 days \_\_\_\_10[E]respectively\_\_\_\_, thanks to the efforts of such skilled constructors.

respectively adv. 各自地；分别地 Tom, Jack and Jim ranked first second and third respectively.

respective adj. 各自的，分别的 the respective roles of men and women in society 男女在社会中各自的角色

1-5\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6-10\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1-10 B D C I A J F H G E

**21st Teens 4月6日**

## 语法词汇专项练习8

## Photographing life

photograph n. (=photo)/vt. 派生词：photographer n. // photography n.//photographic adj.

Photography is one of her hobbies.  
photographic（摄影的）equipment/film摄影设备╱胶片

His paintings are almost photographic（逼真的）.

What will you get if you ask middle schoolers to show you their city through a camera lens?

There may be images of flowers and friends, street scenes and sneakers, and trees and trains. It can also include a colorful mosaic (马赛克) of images (1)\_\_featuring\_\_(feature) their favorite people, places and things. Such photographs made up an exhibition that was (2)\_\_the\_\_\_ end result of a special citywide photography lesson called “Everyday DC”.

“DC is a place where people can all come together and be free and be with everyone (3)\_\_that/whom\_\_\_ they love,” said Lauryn Tharpe, one of the four student curators (馆长) who worked with their art teacher at Brookland Middle School (4)\_ to put\_(put) the exhibition together***(划线部分是什么成分？)***. “There’s more to DC than big buildings and important people.”

As part of the “Everyday DC” unit, students across the city learned basic photography and investigative reporting skills, (5)\_\_thanks\_ \_\_to\_\_ a program that started last year.

“Everyday DC” was inspired by a popular Instagram feed called Everyday Africa, which was started by two professional photographers who noticed that their personal photos of Africa showed a different story than their professional work. The goal of the online photo “exhibition” was to show viewers ***what*** it’s like to live in Africa, as opposed to (6)\_***what***\_\_ people outside of Africa see in the news ***(两个what分别引导什么从句？)***. let ❌

In Washington DC, students took photos to reflect their lives there. Twelve middle schools each submitted about 10 student photographs, from beautiful portraits to abstract close-ups (特写), action shots and images of the students’ favorite foods. Tharpe and another three students (7)\_\_were selected\_\_(select) to be curators by their art teacher, Maame Bawuah, who coordinated the project for DC Public Schools. but强调后面，although/though强调前面

“I have a lot of amazing students, (8)\_\_although/though\_\_ the four of them are quite exceptional,” said Bawuah, who chose the students to be curators because of their interest in both photography and museum curation.

对...感兴趣 have/take/show interest in；对...失去兴趣lose interest in

引起某人的兴趣 arouse/raise one’s interest

A curator is (9)\_someone\_\_ who collects, organizes, cares for and displays anything in a collection. To get ready for the exhibition, the curators had to take care of many tasks, including taking their own photographs, helping their teacher gather and (10)\_\_evaluate\_\_(evaluate) the submitted images and grouping the photos according to different themes. （看清楚evaluate和哪个词并列）

1. featuring 2. the 3. that 4. to put 5. thanks to

6. what 7. were selected 8. although 9. someone 10. evaluate

拓展：

\*feature

vt. 以...为特色，以...为主要组成 The exhibition features four of his works.

vi. **~ in sth** (a show/exhibition/magazine) 担任主演；是（展览、杂志等的）重要内容

Four of his works featured in the exhibition.

\* make up 构成；编造

be made up of= be composed of = consist of 由...组成

由150医务人员组成的医疗队

the medical team consisting of / (which was) composed of / (which was) made up of 150 doctors

当先行词为指物的不定代词如all, much, little, few, everything, nothing, some, any, anything等时，定语从句只能由that引导

That is all (that) I want to say. Have you taken down everything (that) Mr. Li said?

There seems to be nothing that is impossible to him in the world.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. stretching | B. degraded | C. distinct | D. sources | E. maximum | F. glimpse |
| G. satellite | H. shifted | I. suggesting | J. mixture | K. properties |  |

## Deep-dive into the moon

A little over a year ago on Jan 3rd, 2019, China’s Chang’e 4 spacecraft did something that had never been done before – landing on the moon’s far side. Ever since then, the rover it carried – Yutu 2 – has been sending back pictures of the lesser-seen side of our neighboring \_\_\_\_1\_[G]satellite\_\_\_.

Now, the rover has \_\_2 [H]shifted\_\_ its sight from horizontal to vertical. In a paper published in the journal Science Advances on Feb 26th, Chinese scientists revealed the underground structure of the Von Karman crater(火山口) – the area where Yutu 2 touched down. Using ground-penetrating radar, Yutu 2 was able to detect three \_\_3\_[C]distinct\_\_ layers in the 40 meters beneath the floor of the crater, which Science News compares to “layers of a cake”. distinct adj. （2个中文含义）

The top 12-meter layer is made up of fine dust and soil – a bit like the frosting on a cake. The second layer, \_\_\_\_4\_[A]stretching\_\_\_ another 12 meters below, contains a great number of large stones that are like “cherries in a fruitcake”, wrote Science News. And the next layer – which runs from 24 meters down to 40 meters – is a \_\_5\_[J]mixture\_\_ of both large and fine materials, just like the whole-wheat bread base of a cake.

This “layered cake” provides us with a \_\_6\_[F]glimpse\_\_ into moon’s four billion-year history – and it was likely to be a violent one. glimpse n. 一瞥；短暂的感受/体验/领会 ~ into/of sth

According to the study’s leader, Su Yan, based at the Chinese Academy of Sciences, the rocks in the layers are possibly leftover debris from past impacts, \_\_\_\_7\_[I]suggesting\_\_\_ asteroid collisions. The finer soil is the sign of smaller meteorite (陨石) collisions, breaking down the rocks into smaller pieces, which were then gradually \_\_\_\_8\_[B]degraded\_\_\_ by the radiation from the sun. （suggest常用三个中文含义）

But quite unlike a cake, the moon floor doesn’t just stop at the third layer. Instead, it stretches miles deeper. The reason that Yutu 2’s data stopped at 40 meters was that it reached its \_9[E]maximum\_ range（达到最大探测距离）. It may seem like a pity ***that*** it couldn’t go any farther for now, but the truth is ***that*** the technology has improved a lot ***since*** it was first used in 1972 by America’s Apollo 17 orbiter to map the structure of the moon***(分析从句类型)***.

“The previous measurements indicated different layers, but they don’t seem to have come up with the level of detail about the physical \_10\_[K]properties\_\_\_ of the subsurface that Chang’e 4 is producing,” Gretchen Benedix, a planetary scientist at Curtin University, Australia, told ABC News. Forty meters down is just the beginning of our research into the moon’s far side. With the aid of new technology, who knows what we could discover if we delved(挖掘) even deeper?

property n. [U]财产；[C]物质、物体的特性

开发一种有着相似特性的材料 develop a material with similar properties

1.G 2.H 3.C 4.A 5.J 6.F 7.I 8.B 9.E 10.K

拓展：

\*stretch

vt. 1）伸展 ~ one’s arms/legs/onself 2）撑大，拉长 ~ a pair of shoes/a rope

vi. 伸展；被拉长

The waters of the sea stretched round them as far as the eyes could see.

大海的水域在他们四周延伸，一望无际。

The sweater stretched when I washed it.

\*contain

写出contain的三个中文含义：有...在里面（容器式包含）；含有；控制

The book contains six chapters. / The envelope contained a Christmas card.

Sea water contains salt. /This drink doesn't contain any alcohol.

I couldn’t contain my anger.

\*glimpse n. 一瞥；短暂的感受/体验/领会 ~ into/of sth

a fascinating glimpse into life in the ocean 对海洋生物的一次短暂而动人心魄的感受

University life offers a glimpse of the challenges we will face in the society.

联想：insight n. 洞悉，了解 ~ into sth

The book gives us fascinating insights into life in Mexico. 这本书生动地表现了墨西哥的生活。

\*range （范围；幅度；排；山脉）

n. 广泛的爱好 *a wide range of* interests

v.（在...方面）从...到...不等range (in...) from... to ...

**range from... to ...从...到...不等**

Their ages range from 10 to 25. 他们的年龄从10到25岁不等。

**range in... from... to ... 在...方面从...到...不等**

这本小说是专门写给年龄在7至12岁之间的孩子们的。(range)

The novel is specially written for the children ranging in age from 7 to 12.

任何身高在1.70m至1.80m的女孩都有机会被选入我们的球队。(range v.)

Any girl ranging in height from 1.70 m to 1.80 m will have a chance to join our team.

**21st teens 4月13日**

## 语法词汇专项练习9

The Qingming Festival, also known as Tomb Sweeping Day, is traditionally a time ***when*** Chinese people visit the graves of their ancestors, 1 remembering (remember) their loved ones **(when引导\_\_\_\_\_\_)**. But this year, the day also included a national mourning, which offered people a chance to remember those who lost their lives in the fight 2 against the novel coronavirus. ***This is the first time that*** China 3 has launched ( launch) national mourning due to a major public health emergency, noted Xinhua***(句型对应时态)***. 发起捐款/筹款活动 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Starting at 10 am on April 4, Chinese people – from the leaders of the Communist Party of China to schoolchildren and from Wuhan to every corner of the country – 4 observed (observe) a three-minute silence to mourn the deceased (逝者).With all national flags 5 lowered (lower) to half-mast (半旗), all public entertainment suspended and air raid sirens (警报) – and horns of automobiles, trains and ships – wailing (痛哭) in grief, “China paused for three minutes, making the world see the unity and strength behind the 1.4 billion Chinese people,” People’s Daily reported.

According to Xinhua, more than 3,300 lives were lost due to COVID-19 on the Chinese mainland. On April 3, 14 people who died on the frontline of fighting the virus in Hubei province, including Li Wenliang and Liu Zhiming, have been identified 6 as the first batch (批) of martyrs (烈士).

“The national mourning makes people deeply realize that the good results of fighting against COVID-19 don’t come easily. Everyone 7 should treasure life, and understand the significance of those hard struggles,” People’s Daily commented. treasure n./vt.

As Zhang Xiang, associate dean of the School of Law, Renmin University of China, pointed out, “People can mourn the loss of compatriots (同胞) and pay tribute (致敬) to those brave fighters. The national mourning can soothe (安慰) the public, and 8 more importantly (importantly), it encourages people alive to forge ahead (前行) ,” said Zhang.

Chinese people treasured the chance to show their respect for the heroes in harm’s way(最美逆行者). “Today, I’m bidding (道别) in my heart a final farewell to the deceased,” said community worker Deng Linghao from Wuhan. “We, who are alive, must stay strong.” bid farewell to 和...告别

Meanwhile, many teachers took the chance to teach their students about the meaning of death. Huang Xi, 16, from Liyang High School of Jiangsu province, and her classmates were asked to write an obituary (悼文). She hoped that 9 those no longer with us can rest in peace, the living can keep a brave and positive attitude, and the world can get back to normal as soon as possible. “We mourned to soothe the sorrow inside, and 10 by mourning, we can move forward with a grateful mind(感激之心) and awe to life（对生命的敬畏）,” she said.

be grateful/thankful/obliged to sb for sth 因...感激某人

1.remembering 2. against 3. has launched 4.observed 5. lowered

6. as 7.should 8.more importantly 9. those 10. by

|  |
| --- |
| 1. cast B. limited C. prides D. excerpt E. affectionate F. explores   G. existence H. specialty I. fitting J. abstract K. attempts |

Are you good at finding a perfect match for a friend? According to Emma Woodhouse, this is her 1[H]specialty .Woodhouse is the main character of the novel Emma, written by UK author Jane Austen and published in 1815.

Woodhouse is a rich 20-year-old who lives outside London, England, and \_\_2\_[C]prides\_\_ herself on her ability to connect men and women romantically. However, she does not believe she herself will ever get married. She befriends a young woman named Harriet Smith and \_3\_[K]attempts\_ to find her a husband. After this, she becomes involved with a(n) 4[A]cast of characters with conflicting love interests – and eventually finds a love of her own.

cast n. 投；抛；撒网；演员表；一组演员

In the novel, Austen \_\_\_\_5[F]explores\_\_\_ the relationship between marriage and social status in the 19th century. In addition to similar personalities, Austen suggests social status should be taken into account when considering a(n) \_\_\_6[I]fitting\_\_\_ match for marriage. During this time, marriage was seen as a method of moving up the social ladder. This was especially true for women, as other opportunities to raise their social status were 7 [B]limited .

In this paragraph from the novel, we’re introduced to the main character, Emma Woodhouse.

8[D]excerpt from the book: abstract n. 摘要

Emma Woodhouse, handsome, clever, and rich, with a comfortable home and happy disposition (性格) seemed to unite some of the best blessings of 9 [G]existence ; and had lived nearly twenty-one years in the world with very little to distress or vex her. She was the youngest of the two daughters of a most \_10\_[E]affectionate\_\_, indulgent (宽容的) father; and had, in consequence of her sister’s marriage, been mistress of his house from a very early period. …

blessing n. 幸事

bless vt. 祝福

**\*be blessed with sth/sb 有幸拥有...**

be blessed with good health // be blessed with five lovely grandchildren

affectionate adj. 深情的；充满爱的

1-5\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6-10\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1.H 2.C 3.K 4.A 5.F 6.I 7.B 8.D 9.G 10.E