

**Programming Exercise**

Topic: Infinite Horizon Problems

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**Policy Iteration, Value Iteration, and Linear Programming**

The goal of this programming exercise is to deliver a package with a drone as quickly as possible. To achieve this, the drone must first fly to a pick-up station to collect a package and then reach a delivery station to discharge it. Along the way, the drone must avoid hazards such as trees or angry residents who try to shoot it down.

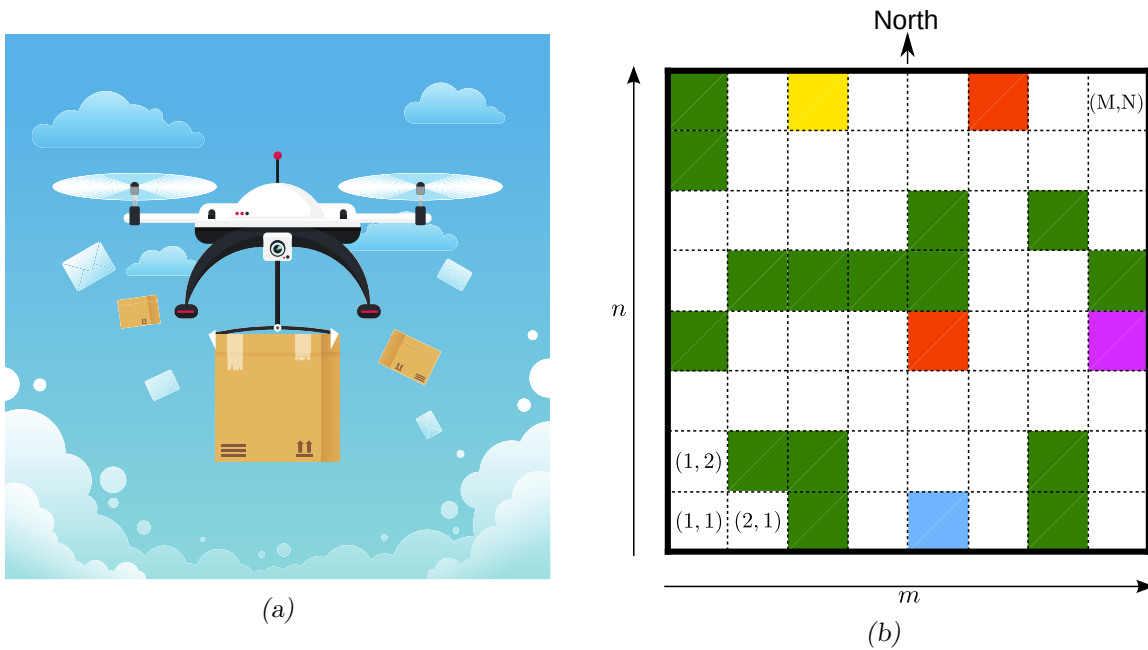


Figure 1: (a) Drone delivering a package (image source: Freepik.com). (b) Top-down view of an example world. The **purple** cell represents the **pick-up station**, the **yellow** cell the **base station**, the **blue** cell the **delivery station**, the **green** cells the **trees**, and the **red** cells the **angry residents**.

**Problem set up**

The drone operates in a world that is discretized into  $M \times N$  cells (Fig. 1b), where  $M$  is the width of the world (from west to east) and  $N$  is the length (from south to north). The state of the drone at time step  $k$  is described by  $x_k = (m, n, \psi)$ , where  $m \in \{1, \dots, M\}$  and  $n \in \{1, \dots, N\}$  describe the position of the drone along the west to east and south to north axes, respectively, and  $\psi \in \{0, 1\}$ , where **1** indicates that the drone is carrying a package and **0** indicates that it has no package.

At time step  $k$ , the system evolves in the following way:

1. One of the allowable control inputs  $u_k$  is applied. The drone is able to move north, west, south, or east by one cell or hover (stay). However, if an input would move the drone to a cell with a tree or reach out of the bounds of the world, that input is not allowed.

2. From the new position, a gust of wind can occur with probability  $p_{wind}$ . This moves the drone either north, west, south, or east, all with equal likelihood.
3. If the drone ends up in a cell with a tree or leaves the bounds of the world, the drone crashes.
4. If the drone has not crashed by this point, the angry residents will attempt to shoot it down. The probability of being hit by a resident  $i$  is

$$p_{r_i} = \begin{cases} \gamma/(d_i + 1) & \text{if } 0 \leq d_i \leq R \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases},$$

where  $d_i$  is the  $L_1$  distance (measured in number of cells) from the drone to resident  $i$ , and  $R$  is the maximum shooting range of the residents. All residents shoot simultaneously so that the drone can be hit multiple times. Being hit results in a crash.

5. If the drone has not crashed by this point and is at a pick-up station carrying no package, it collects one. If the drone has not crashed by this point and is at a delivery station carrying a package, the task terminates.

Whenever the drone crashes, it is brought to the base station and starts the next time step there without a package. This procedure takes a total of  $N_c$  time steps.

**Note 1:** The events take place in this exact order, 1 to 5.

**Note 2:** The drone does not collide with residents and can thus find itself in a cell with a resident without crashing. Trees do not affect the residents' shooting capabilities.

## Tasks

Find the policy **minimizing the expected number of time steps** required to successfully deliver a package by

- a) finding the index of the terminal state in the state space matrix. As you will see in `main.m`, the state space matrix has  $K$  rows, where each row corresponds to a possible value  $x$  can take.  
**Use the `ComputeTerminalStateIndex.m` file provided as a template for your implementation.**
- b) creating a transition probability matrix  $P \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times K \times L}$ , where  $K$  is the number of possible states and  $L$  is the number of control inputs. To compute  $P$ , each entry in the state space is assigned a unique index  $i = 1, 2, \dots, K$ .  
**Use the `ComputeTransitionProbabilities.m` file provided as a template for your implementation.**  
**This part counts 30% towards the grade.**
- c) creating a stage cost matrix  $G \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times L}$ .  
**Use the `ComputeStageCosts.m` file provided as a template for your implementation.**  
**This part counts 25% towards the grade.**
- d) applying Value Iteration<sup>1</sup>, Policy Iteration and Linear Programming<sup>2</sup> to compute  $J \in \mathbb{R}^K$  and the optimal policy  $\mu(i)$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, K$ , that solves the stochastic shortest path problem.  
**Use the `ValueIteration.m`, `PolicyIteration.m` and `LinearProgramming.m` files provided as a template for your implementation.**  
**Each algorithm contributes 15% of the grade.**

During the evaluation of your code, we will randomize the following parameters:  $M$ ,  $N$ , the position of the elements in the map,  $p_{wind}$ ,  $R$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $N_c$ . We will not produce edge cases such as  $M = N = 1$ , or no pick-up and delivery stations.

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<sup>1</sup>You can terminate the algorithm if all  $J(i)$ ,  $i = 1, \dots, K$ , do not change by more than  $10^{-5}$  within one iteration step.

<sup>2</sup>You can use the function `linprog`.

## Matlab files provided

A set of MATLAB files is provided on the class website. Use them to solve the above problem. Follow the structure strictly as grading is automated.

<code>main.m</code>	Matlab script that has to be used to generate the world, execute the stochastic shortest path algorithms and display the results.
<code>GenerateWorld.p</code>	Matlab function that generates a random world.
<code>MakePlots.p</code>	Matlab function that can plot a map of the world, and the cost and control action for each accessible cell.
<code>ComputeTerminalStateIndex.m</code>	Matlab function template to be used to compute the index of the terminal state in the state space matrix.
<code>ComputeTransitionProbabilities.m</code>	Matlab function template to be used for creating the transition probability matrix $P \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times K \times L}$ .
<code>ComputeStageCosts.m</code>	Matlab function template to be used for creating the stage cost matrix $G \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times L}$ .
<code>ValueIteration.m</code>	Matlab function template to be used for your implementation of the Value Iteration algorithm for the stochastic shortest path problem.
<code>PolicyIteration.m</code>	Matlab function template to be used for your implementation of the Policy Iteration algorithm for the stochastic shortest path problem.
<code>LinearProgramming.m</code>	Matlab function template to be used for your implementation of the Linear Programming algorithm for the stochastic shortest path problem.
<code>exampleWorld.mat</code>	A pre-generated world to be used for testing your implementations of the above functions.
<code>exampleP.mat</code>	The transition probability matrix $P \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times K \times L}$ for the example world.
<code>exampleG.mat</code>	The stage cost matrix $G \in \mathbb{R}^{K \times L}$ for the example world.

## Deliverables

Please hand in by e-mail

- your MATLAB implementation of the following files:  
ComputeTerminalStateIndex.m,  
ComputeTransitionProbabilites.m,  
ComputeStageCosts.m,  
ValueIteration.m,  
PolicyIteration.m,  
LinearProgramming.m.  
Only submit the above mentioned files. Your code should not depend on any other non-standard MATLAB functions.
- A scanned declaration of originality in a PDF-file, signed by each student to confirm that the work is original and has been done by the author(s) independently:  
<https://www.ethz.ch/content/dam/ethz/main/education/rechtliches-abschluesse/leistungskontrollen/declaration-originality.pdf>.

Up to three students are allowed to work together in a team and need to submit only once. They will all receive the same grade.

Please include all files into one zip-archive, named DPOCEX.Names.zip, where Names is a list of the full names of all students who have worked on the solution.

(e.g DPOCEX.DoeJohn.HoellerDavid.zip)

Send your files to [dhoeller@ethz.ch](mailto:dhoeller@ethz.ch) with subject [programming exercise submission] by the due date indicated above. We will send a confirmation e-mail upon receiving your e-mail. You are ultimately responsible that we receive your solution in time.

**Important:** Each work submitted will be tested for plagiarism.

### Submission Checklist

- ☐ Your code runs with the original main.m script
- ☐ You did not modify the function signatures (name and arguments) in submission files (ComputeTerminalStateIndex.m, ComputeTransitionProbabilites.m, ComputeStageCosts.m, ValueIteration.m, PolicyIteration.m, LinearProgramming.m)
- ☐ You only submit the files ComputeTerminalStateIndex.m, ComputeTransitionProbabilites.m, ComputeStageCosts.m, ValueIteration.m, PolicyIteration.m, LinearProgramming.m
- ☐ You signed and added the declaration of originality form to the submission