My library

Generated by Doxygen 1.9.1

1 myLibrary homepage	1
1.1 Hil	1
2 Data Structure Index	3
2.1 Data Structures	3
3 File Index	5
3.1 File List	5
4 Data Structure Documentation	7
4.1 ArrayList Struct Reference	7
4.1.1 Detailed Description	7
4.1.2 Field Documentation	7
4.1.2.1 body	7
4.1.2.2 size	8
4.1.2.3 type	8
4.2 LinkedList Struct Reference	8
4.2.1 Detailed Description	9
4.2.2 Field Documentation	9
4.2.2.1 head	9
4.2.2.2 size	9
4.2.2.3 tail	9
4.2.2.4 type	9
4.3 node Struct Reference	10
4.3.1 Detailed Description	10
4.3.2 Field Documentation	10
4.3.2.1 data	10
4.3.2.2 linked	11
4.4 Queue Struct Reference	11
4.4.1 Detailed Description	11
4.4.2 Field Documentation	12
4.4.2.1 head	12
4.4.2.2 size	12
4.4.2.3 tail	12
4.4.2.4 type	12
4.5 Stack Struct Reference	13
4.5.1 Detailed Description	13
4.5.2 Field Documentation	13
4.5.2.1 head	13
4.5.2.2 type	14
5 File Documentation	15
5.1 arrayList.h File Reference	15
5.1.1 Detailed Description	17

5.1.2 Function Documentation	. 1/
5.1.2.1 appendToAL()	. 17
5.1.2.2 areALEqual()	. 17
5.1.2.3 bubbleSortAL()	. 18
5.1.2.4 chooseNewALFromArray()	. 18
5.1.2.5 deleteAL()	. 18
5.1.2.6 getALLength()	. 19
5.1.2.7 getFromAL()	. 19
5.1.2.8 insertToAL()	. 19
5.1.2.9 isALEmpty()	. 21
5.1.2.10 isInAL()	. 21
5.1.2.11 linearSearchAL()	. 22
5.1.2.12 mergeAL()	. 22
5.1.2.13 newAL()	. 23
5.1.2.14 newALFromAL()	. 23
5.1.2.15 newALFromByteArray()	. 23
5.1.2.16 newALFromCharArray()	. 24
5.1.2.17 newALFromDoubleArray()	. 24
5.1.2.18 newALFromFloatArray()	. 24
5.1.2.19 newALFromIntArray()	. 24
5.1.2.20 newALFromPtrArray()	. 24
5.1.2.21 printAL()	. 24
5.1.2.22 quickSortAL()	. 25
5.1.2.23 removeFromAL()	. 25
5.1.2.24 reverseAL()	. 25
5.1.2.25 setALItem()	. 26
5.1.2.26 sliceAL()	. 26
5.2 arrays.h File Reference	. 26
5.2.1 Detailed Description	. 28
5.2.2 Function Documentation	. 28
5.2.2.1 charBubbleSort()	. 28
5.2.2.2 charLinearSearch()	. 29
5.2.2.3 charQuickSort()	. 29
5.2.2.4 chooseBubbleSortArr()	. 29
5.2.2.5 chooseLinearSearch()	. 29
5.2.2.6 chooseQuickSortArr()	. 30
5.2.2.7 doubleBubbleSort()	. 30
5.2.2.8 doubleLinearSearch()	. 31
5.2.2.9 doubleQuickSort()	
5.2.2.10 floatBubbleSort()	. 31
5.2.2.11 floatLinearSearch()	
5.2.2.12 floatQuickSort()	

5.2.2.13 intBubbleSort()	32
5.2.2.14 intLinearSearch()	32
5.2.2.15 intQuickSort()	32
5.2.2.16 printMatrix()	32
5.2.2.17 ptrBubbleSort()	33
5.2.2.18 ptrLinearSearch()	33
5.2.2.19 ptrQuickSort()	33
5.3 constants.h File Reference	33
5.3.1 Detailed Description	34
5.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation	34
5.3.2.1 EQUAL	34
5.3.2.2 FALSE	34
5.3.2.3 GREATER	34
5.3.2.4 KEY_NOT_FOUND	35
5.3.2.5 SMALLER	35
5.3.2.6 TRUE	35
5.4 linkedList.h File Reference	35
5.4.1 Detailed Description	37
5.4.2 Function Documentation	37
5.4.2.1 appendToLL()	37
5.4.2.2 appendToLLFromPtr()	37
5.4.2.3 areLLEqual()	38
5.4.2.4 chooseNewLLFromArray()	38
5.4.2.5 deleteLL()	38
5.4.2.6 getFromLL()	39
5.4.2.7 getLLLength()	39
5.4.2.8 insertToLL()	39
5.4.2.9 isInLL()	40
5.4.2.10 isLLEmpty()	40
5.4.2.11 linearSearchLL()	41
5.4.2.12 linearSearchLLPtr()	41
5.4.2.13 mergeLL()	42
5.4.2.14 newLL()	42
5.4.2.15 newLLFromCharArray()	43
5.4.2.16 newLLFromDoubleArray()	43
5.4.2.17 newLLFromFloatArray()	43
5.4.2.18 newLLFromIntArray()	43
5.4.2.19 newLLFromLL()	43
5.4.2.20 newLLFromPtrArray()	44
5.4.2.21 printLL()	44
5.4.2.22 removeFromLL()	44
5.4.2.23 setLLItem()	45

5.4.2.24 sliceLL()	45
5.5 macros.h File Reference	45
5.5.1 Detailed Description	47
5.5.2 Macro Definition Documentation	48
5.5.2.1 append	48
5.5.2.2 areEqual	48
5.5.2.3 bubbleSortArr	49
5.5.2.4 cmpVal	49
5.5.2.5 delete	50
5.5.2.6 deleteHead	50
5.5.2.7 getHeadData	50
5.5.2.8 getItem	51
5.5.2.9 getLength	51
5.5.2.10 insert	52
5.5.2.11 isEmpty	52
5.5.2.12 isln	53
5.5.2.13 linearSearch	53
5.5.2.14 merge	54
5.5.2.15 newALFromArray	54
5.5.2.16 newLLFromArray	55
5.5.2.17 newQueueFromArray	55
5.5.2.18 newStackFromArray [1/2]	56
5.5.2.19 newStackFromArray [2/2]	56
5.5.2.20 print	57
5.5.2.21 quickSortArr	57
5.5.2.22 removeItem	58
5.5.2.23 set	58
5.5.2.24 slice	59
5.6 myLibrary.h File Reference	59
5.6.1 Detailed Description	60
5.7 queue.h File Reference	60
5.7.1 Detailed Description	61
5.7.2 Function Documentation	61
5.7.2.1 areQueuesEqual()	61
5.7.2.2 chooseNewQueueFromArray()	62
5.7.2.3 deleteHeadFromQueue()	62
5.7.2.4 deleteQueue()	63
5.7.2.5 dequeue()	63
5.7.2.6 enqueue()	63
5.7.2.7 enqueueFromPtr()	64
5.7.2.8 getHeadDataFromQueue()	64
5.7.2.9 getQueueLength()	64

5.7.2.10 isInQueue()	. 65
5.7.2.11 isQueueEmpty()	65
5.7.2.12 newQueue()	. 65
5.7.2.13 newQueueFromCharArray()	. 66
5.7.2.14 newQueueFromDoubleArray()	. 66
5.7.2.15 newQueueFromFloatArray()	. 66
5.7.2.16 newQueueFromIntArray()	. 67
5.7.2.17 newQueueFromPtrArray()	. 67
5.7.2.18 printQueue()	. 67
5.8 stack.h File Reference	. 67
5.8.1 Detailed Description	. 69
5.8.2 Function Documentation	. 69
5.8.2.1 areStacksEqual()	. 69
5.8.2.2 chooseNewStackFromArray()	. 70
5.8.2.3 deleteHeadFromStack()	. 70
5.8.2.4 deleteStack()	. 70
5.8.2.5 getHeadDataFromStack()	. 71
5.8.2.6 getStackLength()	. 71
5.8.2.7 isInStack()	. 71
5.8.2.8 isStackEmpty()	. 72
5.8.2.9 newStack()	. 72
5.8.2.10 newStackFromCharArray()	. 73
5.8.2.11 newStackFromDoubleArray()	. 73
5.8.2.12 newStackFromFloatArray()	. 73
5.8.2.13 newStackFromIntArray()	. 73
5.8.2.14 newStackFromPtrArray()	. 74
5.8.2.15 pop()	. 74
5.8.2.16 printStack()	. 74
5.8.2.17 push()	. 74
5.8.2.18 pushFromPtr()	. 75
5.9 strings.h File Reference	. 75
5.9.1 Detailed Description	. 76
5.9.2 Function Documentation	. 76
5.9.2.1 changeLastCharacter()	. 76
5.9.2.2 copyOf()	. 77
5.9.2.3 endsWith()	. 77
5.9.2.4 getString()	. 78
5.10 types.h File Reference	. 78
5.10.1 Detailed Description	. 79
5.10.2 Typedef Documentation	. 79
5.10.2.1 byte	. 79
5.10.2.2 Node	. 79

5.10.2.3 spec_t	80
5.10.2.4 string	80
5.11 utility.h File Reference	80
5.11.1 Detailed Description	81
5.11.2 Function Documentation	81
5.11.2.1 byteCmp()	81
5.11.2.2 charCmp()	81
5.11.2.3 chooseCmp()	82
5.11.2.4 doubleCmp()	82
5.11.2.5 floatCmp()	82
5.11.2.6 intCmp()	83
5.11.2.7 ptrCmp()	83
5.11.2.8 saferMalloc()	83
5.11.2.9 saferRealloc()	83
Index	85

## **Chapter 1**

# myLibrary homepage

## 1.1 Hi!

Actually I don't know what I should put here, so at the moment I just suggest you to go to the files section. The source code and binaries are available here. Here there is a PDF version of the docs.

# **Chapter 2**

# **Data Structure Index**

## 2.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

ArrayList	t end of the control	
	ArrayList type	7
LinkedLi	st	
	LinkedList type	8
node		
	Node type	10
Queue		
	Queue type	11
Stack		
	Stack type	13

4 Data Structure Index

# **Chapter 3**

# File Index

## 3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

arrayList.h	
Functions for working with ArrayList type	15
arrays.h	
Common tasks with arrays: sorting, searching, printing etc	26
constants.h	
Definition of symbolic constants used by the library	33
linkedList.h	
Functions for working with LinkedList type	35
macros.h	
Macros for emulated overloading	45
myLibrary.h	
Includes all other headers. Useful for rapid import	59
queue.h	
Functions for working with Queue type	60
stack.h	
Functions for working with Stack type	67
strings.h	
Common tasks with strings	75
types.h	
Collection of useful types	78
utility.h	
Common tasks such as comparing variables, allocate memory	80

6 File Index

## **Chapter 4**

## **Data Structure Documentation**

## 4.1 ArrayList Struct Reference

## ArrayList type

```
#include <types.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

• spec\_t type

The type of the elements contained by the ArrayList. Refer to spec\_t.

void \* body

Void pointer to the first element of the ArrayList.

• unsigned int size

The number of elements contained by the ArrayList.

## 4.1.1 Detailed Description

## ArrayList type

Note

All the parameters in this structure must be intended as read-only. Manually modifying them can cause unknown and unwanted behavior

## 4.1.2 Field Documentation

## 4.1.2.1 body

```
void* ArrayList::body
```

Void pointer to the first element of the ArrayList.

## 4.1.2.2 size

```
unsigned int ArrayList::size
```

The number of elements contained by the ArrayList.

#### 4.1.2.3 type

```
spec_t ArrayList::type
```

The type of the elements contained by the ArrayList. Refer to spec\_t.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

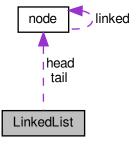
· types.h

## 4.2 LinkedList Struct Reference

## LinkedList type

```
#include <types.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for LinkedList:



#### **Data Fields**

• spec\_t type

The type of the elements contained by the LinkedList. Refer to spec\_t.

Node head

Head of the LinkedList.

Node tail

Tail of the LinkedList.

• unsigned int size

The number of elements contained by the LinkedList.

## 4.2.1 Detailed Description

LinkedList type

Note

All the parameters in this structure must be intended as read-only. Manually modifying them can cause unknown and unwanted behavior

## 4.2.2 Field Documentation

#### 4.2.2.1 head

Node LinkedList::head

Head of the LinkedList.

#### 4.2.2.2 size

unsigned int LinkedList::size

The number of elements contained by the LinkedList.

#### 4.2.2.3 tail

Node LinkedList::tail

Tail of the LinkedList.

#### 4.2.2.4 type

spec\_t LinkedList::type

The type of the elements contained by the LinkedList. Refer to spec\_t.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

types.h

## 4.3 node Struct Reference

## Node type

#include <types.h>

Collaboration diagram for node:



## **Data Fields**

void \* data

Pointer to the value contained.

struct node \* linked

The Node this Node is linked to.

## 4.3.1 Detailed Description

Node type

Base component of every linked data type

Note

All the parameters in this structure must be intended as read-only. Manually modifying them can cause unknown and unwanted behavior

## 4.3.2 Field Documentation

#### 4.3.2.1 data

void\* node::data

Pointer to the value contained.

#### 4.3.2.2 linked

struct node\* node::linked

The Node this Node is linked to.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

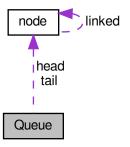
• types.h

## 4.4 Queue Struct Reference

#### Queue type

#include <types.h>

Collaboration diagram for Queue:



## **Data Fields**

spec\_t type

The type of the elements contained by the Queue. Refer to spec\_t.

Node head

Head of the Queue.

· Node tail

Tail of the Queue.

· unsigned int size

The number of elements contained by the Queue.

## 4.4.1 Detailed Description

## Queue type

Note

All the parameters in this structure must be intended as read-only. Manually modifying them can cause unknown and unwanted behavior

## 4.4.2 Field Documentation

#### 4.4.2.1 head

Node Queue::head

Head of the Queue.

## 4.4.2.2 size

unsigned int Queue::size

The number of elements contained by the Queue.

#### 4.4.2.3 tail

Node Queue::tail

Tail of the Queue.

## 4.4.2.4 type

```
spec_t Queue::type
```

The type of the elements contained by the Queue. Refer to spec\_t.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• types.h

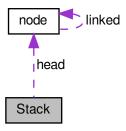
4.5 Stack Struct Reference

## 4.5 Stack Struct Reference

## Stack type

#include <types.h>

Collaboration diagram for Stack:



#### **Data Fields**

• spec\_t type

The type of the elements contained by the Stack. Refer to spec\_t.

Node head

Head of the Stack.

## 4.5.1 Detailed Description

Stack type

Note

All the parameters in this structure must be intended as read-only. Manually modifying them can cause unknown and unwanted behavior

## 4.5.2 Field Documentation

#### 4.5.2.1 head

Node Stack::head

Head of the Stack.

## 4.5.2.2 type

```
spec_t Stack::type
```

The type of the elements contained by the Stack. Refer to spec\_t.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• types.h

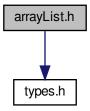
## **Chapter 5**

# **File Documentation**

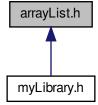
## 5.1 arrayList.h File Reference

Functions for working with ArrayList type.

#include "types.h"
Include dependency graph for arrayList.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Functions**

ArrayList newAL (const spec t spec)

Allocate a new ArrayList of specified type.

ArrayList newALFromAL (const ArrayList list)

Get a copy of an ArrayList.

void appendToAL (ArrayList list,...)

Insert an item at the end of an ArrayList.

void insertToAL (ArrayList list, unsigned int index,...)

Insert an item at a specified position of an ArrayList.

void setALItem (ArrayList list, unsigned int index,...)

Set value of an item of an ArrayList.

void mergeAL (ArrayList list1, const ArrayList list2)

Merge two ArrayList.

void sliceAL (ArrayList list, unsigned int begin, unsigned int end)

Slice an ArrayList.

void printAL (const spec t spec, const ArrayList list)

Print contents from an ArrayList.

void removeFromAL (ArrayList list, unsigned int index)

Remove an item from an ArrayList.

void getFromAL (const ArrayList list, unsigned int index, void \*dest)

Get an item from an ArrayList.

void deleteAL (ArrayList list)

Delete an ArrayList.

byte areALEqual (const ArrayList list1, const ArrayList list2)

Compare two ArrayList.

void reverseAL (ArrayList list)

Reverse an ArrayList.

void bubbleSortAL (ArrayList list)

Bubble sort for ArrayList.

• void quickSortAL (ArrayList list)

Quicksort for ArrayList.

byte isInAL (ArrayList list,...)

Detect if an item is inside an ArrayList.

int linearSearchAL (ArrayList list,...)

Linear search for ArrayList.

ArrayList chooseNewALFromArray (const spec t spec, const void \*list, unsigned int size)

Create an ArrayList from a static array.

ArrayList newALFromCharArray (const char list[], unsigned int size)

Create ArrayList from a list of chars.

• ArrayList newALFromByteArray (const char list[], unsigned int size)

Create ArrayList from a list of bytes.

ArrayList newALFromIntArray (const int list[], unsigned int size)

Create ArrayList from a list of ints.

ArrayList newALFromFloatArray (const float list[], unsigned int size)

Create ArrayList from a list of floats.

• ArrayList newALFromDoubleArray (const double list[], unsigned int size)

Create ArrayList from an list of doubles.

ArrayList newALFromPtrArray (const void \*list, unsigned int size)

Create ArrayList from an list of pointers.

· unsigned int getALLength (const ArrayList list)

Get the size of an ArrayList.

byte isALEmpty (ArrayList list)

Check if ArrayList is empty.

## 5.1.1 Detailed Description

Functions for working with ArrayList type.

Author

```
Pietro Firpo ( pietro.firpo@pm.me)
```

## 5.1.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.1.2.1 appendToAL()

Insert an item at the end of an ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

	list	The ArrayList you want to append an item to
ĺ		The item you want to append to list

## Note

Even though appending more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only appending one item is supported. Other items are ignored and are not appended to list. If you don't specify any item to be appended, still no errors occur but the content of your ArrayList can be messed up

#### 5.1.2.2 areALEqual()

Compare two ArrayList.

## **Parameters**

list1	The first ArrayList you want to compare
list2	The second ArrayList you want to compare

#### Returns

The result of the comparison

#### Return values

TRUE	list1 and list2 have equal type, equal length and equal contents
FALSE	list1 and list2 do not have equal type, equal length or equal contents

## 5.1.2.3 bubbleSortAL()

Bubble sort for ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

list The ArrayList you want to bubble	sort
---------------------------------------	------

## 5.1.2.4 chooseNewALFromArray()

Create an ArrayList from a static array.

#### **Parameters**

spec	The type specifier of the array passed. Refer to spec_t
list	The list you want to create the ArrayList from
size	The number of items in list

#### Returns

An ArrayList containing the items in list in the same order

## 5.1.2.5 deleteAL()

Delete an ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

list The ArrayList you want to delete

## 5.1.2.6 getALLength()

```
unsigned int getALLength ( {\tt const~ArrayList~\it list}~)
```

Get the size of an ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

list The ArrayList you want to evaluate

#### Returns

The number of items in list

## 5.1.2.7 getFromAL()

Get an item from an ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The ArrayList you want to get an item from
index	The index of the item you want to get
dest	The address of the variable you want to store the item in

## 5.1.2.8 insertToAL()

```
unsigned int index,
... )
```

Insert an item at a specified position of an ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The ArrayList you want to insert an item into
index	The position you want to insert an item at
	The item you want to insert into list

#### Note

Even though inserting more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only inserting one item is supported. Other items are ignored and are not inserted into list. If you don't specify any item to be inserted, still no errors occur but the content of your ArrayList can be messed up

## 5.1.2.9 isALEmpty()

Check if ArrayList is empty.

#### **Parameters**

list	The ArrayList to be checked
------	-----------------------------

#### **Return values**

TRUE	list is empty
FALSE	list is not empty

## 5.1.2.10 isInAL()

Detect if an item is inside an ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

lis	The ArrayList you want se	arch in
	The item you want to sear	rch

#### Note

Even though searching more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only searching one item is supported. Other items are ignored. If you don't specify any item to be searched, still no errors occur but the return value of the function can be unpredictable

#### **Return values**

TRUE	Given item is contained in list
FALSE	Given item is not contained in list

## 5.1.2.11 linearSearchAL()

Linear search for ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The ArrayList to be inspected
	The key to be searched

### Note

This function does not support float and double ArrayList types

Even though passing more than one key does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only searching one key is supported. Other items are ignored. If you don't specify any item to be searched, still no errors occur but the return value of the function can be unpredictable

#### Returns

The index of the first occurence of the key in the list or the return code of the function

## Return values

```
KEY_NOT_FOUND The key was not found
```

#### 5.1.2.12 mergeAL()

Merge two ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

list1	The first ArrayList to be merged, where the merged ArrayList is saved
list2	The second ArrayList to be merged

## 5.1.2.13 newAL()

```
ArrayList newAL ( const spec_t spec )
```

Allocate a new ArrayList of specified type.

#### **Parameters**

spec Type specifier of the ArrayList you want to create

#### Returns

An empty ArrayList

## 5.1.2.14 newALFromAL()

```
ArrayList newALFromAL (

const ArrayList list )
```

Get a copy of an ArrayList.

## **Parameters**

```
list The ArrayList you want to copy
```

#### Returns

A copy of list

## 5.1.2.15 newALFromByteArray()

Create ArrayList from a list of bytes.

Alias for newALFromCharArray(). Used to create ArrayList from byte list. Refer to newALFromCharArray()

#### 5.1.2.16 newALFromCharArray()

Create ArrayList from a list of chars.

Equivalent to chooseNewALFromArray("%c", list, size). Refer to chooseNewALFromArray()

#### 5.1.2.17 newALFromDoubleArray()

Create ArrayList from an list of doubles.

Equivalent to chooseNewALFromArray("%lf", list, size). Refer to chooseNewALFromArray()

#### 5.1.2.18 newALFromFloatArray()

Create ArrayList from a list of floats.

Equivalent to chooseNewALFromArray("%f", list, size). Refer to chooseNewALFromArray()

#### 5.1.2.19 newALFromIntArray()

Create ArrayList from a list of ints.

Equivalent to chooseNewALFromArray("%i", list, size). Refer to chooseNewALFromArray()

## 5.1.2.20 newALFromPtrArray()

```
ArrayList newALFromPtrArray ( {\tt const\ void\ *\ list,} {\tt unsigned\ int\ } size\ )
```

Create ArrayList from an list of pointers.

Equivalent to chooseNewALFromArray("%p", list, size). Refer to chooseNewALFromArray()

#### 5.1.2.21 printAL()

Print contents from an ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

spec	The type and format specifier you want to use to print the single item of the ArrayList. Use the printf()
	conventions
list	The ArrayList you want to print

## 5.1.2.22 quickSortAL()

Quicksort for ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The ArrayList you want to quicksort
------	-------------------------------------

## 5.1.2.23 removeFromAL()

Remove an item from an ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The ArrayList you want to delete an item from
index	The index of the item you want to delete

## 5.1.2.24 reverseAL()

Reverse an ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

list The ArrayList you want to reverse

#### 5.1.2.25 setALItem()

Set value of an item of an ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The ArrayList you want to edit
index	The index of the item you want to change
	The item you want to set the index-th item of list to

#### Note

Even though changing more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only setting one item is supported. Other items are ignored. If you don't specify any item to be inserted, still no errors occur but the content of your ArrayList can be messed up

## 5.1.2.26 sliceAL()

Slice an ArrayList.

#### **Parameters**

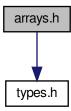
list	The ArrayList you want to slice, where the sliced ArrayList is saved
begin	The index of the beginning of the slice
end	The index of the end of the slice

## 5.2 arrays.h File Reference

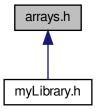
Common tasks with arrays: sorting, searching, printing etc.

#include "types.h"

Include dependency graph for arrays.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Functions**

• void chooseBubbleSortArr (const spec\_t spec, void \*arr, unsigned int size)

Bubble sort for arrays.

void chooseQuickSortArr (const spec\_t spec, void \*arr, int size)

Quick sort for arrays.

• int chooseLinearSearch (const spec\_t spec, void \*arr, int size,...)

Linear search for arrays.

void printMatrix (const spec\_t spec, const void \*matrix, const unsigned int nRows, const unsigned int n← Columns)

Print a matrix of specified size with specified formatting.

• void charBubbleSort (char \*arr, unsigned int size)

Bubblesort for arrays of chars.

• void intBubbleSort (int \*arr, unsigned int size)

Bubblesort for arrays of ints.

void floatBubbleSort (float \*arr, unsigned int size)

Bubblesort for arrays of floats.

• void doubleBubbleSort (double \*arr, unsigned int size)

Bubblesort for arrays of doubles.

void ptrBubbleSort (void \*\*arr, unsigned int size)

Bubblesort for arrays of pointers.

void charQuickSort (char \*arr, int size)

Quicksort for arrays of chars.

void intQuickSort (int \*arr, int size)

Quicksort for arrays of ints.

void floatQuickSort (float \*arr, int size)

Quicksort for arrays of floats.

• void doubleQuickSort (double \*arr, int size)

Quicksort for arrays of doubles.

void ptrQuickSort (void \*\*arr, int size)

Quicksort for arrays of pointers.

• int charLinearSearch (const char \*arr, int size, char key)

Linear search for arrays of chars.

int intLinearSearch (const char \*arr, int size, int key)

Linear search for arrays of integers.

• int floatLinearSearch (const char \*arr, int size, float key)

Linear search for arrays of floats.

• int doubleLinearSearch (const char \*arr, int size, double key)

Linear search for arrays of doubles.

int ptrLinearSearch (const char \*\*arr, int size, void \*key)

Linear search for arrays of pointers.

## 5.2.1 Detailed Description

Common tasks with arrays: sorting, searching, printing etc.

**Author** 

```
Pietro Firpo ( pietro.firpo@pm.me)
```

#### 5.2.2 Function Documentation

#### 5.2.2.1 charBubbleSort()

Bubblesort for arrays of chars.

Equivalent to chooseBubbleSortArr("%c", arr, size). Refer to chooseBubbleSortArr()

# 5.2.2.2 charLinearSearch()

Linear search for arrays of chars.

Equivalent to chooseLinearSearch ("%c", arr, size, key). Refer to chooseQuickSortArr()

# 5.2.2.3 charQuickSort()

Quicksort for arrays of chars.

Equivalent to chooseQuickSortArr("%c", arr, size). Refer to chooseQuickSortArr()

# 5.2.2.4 chooseBubbleSortArr()

Bubble sort for arrays.

# Parameters

spec	Type specifier of the array to be sorted. Refer to spec_t for supported types
arr	Pointer to the first element of the array to be sorted
size	Number of elements of the array to be sorted

### 5.2.2.5 chooseLinearSearch()

Linear search for arrays.

#### **Parameters**

spec	Type specifier of the array to be sorted. Refer to spec_t for supported types	
arr	Pointer to the first element of the array to be inspected	
size	Number of elements of the array to be inspected	
	The key to be searched	

# Note

Even though passing more than one key does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only searching one key is supported. Other items are ignored. If you don't specify any key to be searched, still no errors occur but the return value of the function can be unpredictable

#### Returns

The index of the first occurence of the key in the array or the return code of the function

#### Return values

# 5.2.2.6 chooseQuickSortArr()

Quick sort for arrays.

# **Parameters**

spec	Type specifier of the array to be sorted. Refer to spec_t for supported types
arr	Pointer to the first element of the array to be sorted
size	Number of elements of the array to be sorted

# 5.2.2.7 doubleBubbleSort()

# Bubblesort for arrays of doubles.

Equivalent to chooseBubbleSortArr("%lf", arr, size). Refer to chooseBubbleSortArr()

### 5.2.2.8 doubleLinearSearch()

Linear search for arrays of doubles.

Equivalent to chooseLinearSearch ("%1f", arr, size, key). Refer to chooseLinearSearch()

#### 5.2.2.9 doubleQuickSort()

Quicksort for arrays of doubles.

Equivalent to chooseQuickSortArr("%lf", arr, size). Refer to chooseQuickSortArr()

# 5.2.2.10 floatBubbleSort()

Bubblesort for arrays of floats.

Equivalent to chooseBubbleSortArr("%f", arr, size). Refer to chooseBubbleSortArr()

### 5.2.2.11 floatLinearSearch()

Linear search for arrays of floats.

Equivalent to chooseLinearSearch("%f", arr, size, key). Refer to chooseLinearSearch()

# 5.2.2.12 floatQuickSort()

```
void floatQuickSort (
    float * arr,
    int size )
```

Quicksort for arrays of floats.

Equivalent to chooseQuickSortArr("%f", arr, size). Refer to chooseQuickSortArr()

# 5.2.2.13 intBubbleSort()

Bubblesort for arrays of ints.

Equivalent to chooseBubbleSortArr("%i", arr, size). Refer to chooseBubbleSortArr()

# 5.2.2.14 intLinearSearch()

Linear search for arrays of integers.

Equivalent to chooseLinearSearch("%i", arr, size, key). Refer to chooseLinearSearch()

# 5.2.2.15 intQuickSort()

```
void intQuickSort (
    int * arr,
    int size )
```

Quicksort for arrays of ints.

Equivalent to chooseQuickSortArr("%i", arr, size). Refer to chooseQuickSortArr()

# 5.2.2.16 printMatrix()

Print a matrix of specified size with specified formatting.

# **Parameters**

spec

Type and format specifier used to print a cell. The printf() identifier and formatting convention is supported. See spec\_t for details. Additional supported specifiers: "%hi" (numerical output for char)

#### Note

The format specifier must end with the letter of the type specifier. For example, "\$5.3lf" is supported, "\$5.3lf" or "\$5.3lf" is not supported and nothing is printed

#### **Parameters**

matrix	Pointer to the first element of the matrix
nRows	Number of rows of the matrix
nColumns	Number of rows of the matrix

# 5.2.2.17 ptrBubbleSort()

```
void ptrBubbleSort (
     void ** arr,
     unsigned int size )
```

Bubblesort for arrays of pointers.

Equivalent to chooseBubbleSortArr("%p", arr, size). Refer to chooseBubbleSortArr()

# 5.2.2.18 ptrLinearSearch()

Linear search for arrays of pointers.

Equivalent to chooseLinearSearch("%p", arr, size, key). Refer to chooseLinearSearch()

# 5.2.2.19 ptrQuickSort()

```
void ptrQuickSort (
     void ** arr,
     int size )
```

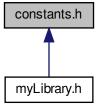
Quicksort for arrays of pointers.

Equivalent to chooseQuickSortArr("%p", arr, size). Refer to chooseQuickSortArr()

# 5.3 constants.h File Reference

Definition of symbolic constants used by the library.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Macros**

• #define GREATER 1

Returned by typeCmp() functions when first argument is grater than the second.

• #define EQUAL 0

Returned by typeCmp() functions when first argument is equal to the second.

• #define SMALLER -1

Returned by typeCmp() functions when first argument is smaller than the second.

• #define TRUE 0xFF

Bool value definition.

• #define FALSE 0

Bool value definition.

• #define KEY NOT FOUND -1

Returned by search functions of the library when key was not found.

# 5.3.1 Detailed Description

Definition of symbolic constants used by the library.

**Author** 

```
Pietro Firpo ( pietro.firpo@pm.me)
```

#### 5.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 5.3.2.1 EQUAL

```
#define EQUAL 0
```

Returned by typeCmp() functions when first argument is equal to the second.

# 5.3.2.2 FALSE

#define FALSE 0

Bool value definition.

# **5.3.2.3 GREATER**

```
#define GREATER 1
```

Returned by typeCmp() functions when first argument is grater than the second.

# 5.3.2.4 KEY\_NOT\_FOUND

```
#define KEY_NOT_FOUND -1
```

Returned by search functions of the library when key was not found.

# 5.3.2.5 SMALLER

```
#define SMALLER -1
```

Returned by typeCmp() functions when first argument is smaller than the second.

# 5.3.2.6 TRUE

#define TRUE 0xFF

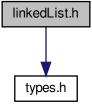
Bool value definition.

# 5.4 linkedList.h File Reference

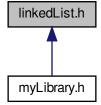
Functions for working with LinkedList type.

```
#include "types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for linkedList.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Functions**

• LinkedList newLL (const spec\_t spec)

Allocate a new LinkedList of specified type.

LinkedList chooseNewLLFromArray (const spec\_t spec, const void \*arr, unsigned int size)

Create a LinkedList from an array.

void printLL (const spec\_t spec, const LinkedList list)

Print contents from a LinkedList.

• void appendToLL (LinkedList list,...)

Insert an item at the end of a LinkedList.

• void appendToLLFromPtr (LinkedList list, const void \*element)

Insert an item at the end of a LinkedList.

void insertToLL (LinkedList list, unsigned int index,...)

Insert an element at a specified position of a LinkedList.

void deleteLL (LinkedList list)

Delete a LinkedList.

void getFromLL (LinkedList list, unsigned int index, void \*dest)

Get an item from a LinkedList.

• void setLLItem (LinkedList list, unsigned int index,...)

Set value of an element of a LinkedList.

· void removeFromLL (LinkedList list, unsigned int index)

Remove an item from a LinkedList.

void mergeLL (LinkedList list1, const LinkedList list2)

Merge two LinkedList.

LinkedList newLLFromLL (const LinkedList list)

Get a copy of a LinkedList.

void sliceLL (LinkedList list, unsigned int begin, unsigned int end)

Slice a LinkedList.

• int linearSearchLL (LinkedList list,...)

Linear search for LinkedList.

void \* linearSearchLLPtr (LinkedList list,...)

Linear search for LinkedList.

• byte areLLEqual (const LinkedList list1, const LinkedList list2)

Compare two LinkedList.

byte isInLL (LinkedList list,...)

Detect if an element is inside a LinkedList.

unsigned int getLLLength (const LinkedList list)

Get the size of a LinkedList.

LinkedList newLLFromCharArray (const char arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a LinkedList from a array of chars.

• LinkedList newLLFromIntArray (const int arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a LinkedList from a array of ints.

• LinkedList newLLFromFloatArray (const float arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a LinkedList from a array of floats.

• LinkedList newLLFromDoubleArray (const double arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a LinkedList from an array of doubles.

• LinkedList newLLFromPtrArray (const void \*arr, unsigned int size)

Create a LinkedList from an array of pointers.

• byte isLLEmpty (LinkedList list)

Check if LinkedList is empty.

# 5.4.1 Detailed Description

Functions for working with LinkedList type.

Author

```
Pietro Firpo ( pietro.firpo@pm.me)
```

# 5.4.2 Function Documentation

# 5.4.2.1 appendToLL()

Insert an item at the end of a LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The LinkedList you want to append an item to
	The item you want to append to list

#### Note

Even though appending more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only appending one item is supported. Other items are ignored and are not appended to list. If you don't specify any item to be appended, still no errors occur but the content of your LinkedList can be messed up

# 5.4.2.2 appendToLLFromPtr()

Insert an item at the end of a LinkedList.

# **Parameters**

list	The LinkedList you want to append an item to
element	Pointer to the item you want to append to list

# 5.4.2.3 areLLEqual()

Compare two LinkedList.

# **Parameters**

list1	The first LinkedList you want to compare
list2	The second LinkedList you want to compare

#### Returns

The result of the comparison

#### Return values

TRUE	list1 and list2 have equal type, equal length and equal contents
FALSE	list1 and list2 do not have equal type, equal length or equal contents

# 5.4.2.4 chooseNewLLFromArray()

Create a LinkedList from an array.

# **Parameters**

spec	The type specifier of the array passed. Refer to spec_t for supported types	
arr	The array you want to create the LinkedList from	
size	The number of items of list	

# Returns

A LinkedList containing the elements in list in the same order

# 5.4.2.5 deleteLL()

Delete a LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

list The LinkedList you want to delete

# 5.4.2.6 getFromLL()

Get an item from a LinkedList.

### **Parameters**

list	The LinkedList you want to get an item from
index	The index of the item you want to get
dest	The address of the variable you want to store the item in

# 5.4.2.7 getLLLength()

Get the size of a LinkedList.

# **Parameters**

list | The LinkedList you want to evaluate

#### Returns

The number of elements in list

# 5.4.2.8 insertToLL()

Insert an element at a specified position of a LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The LinkedList you want to insert an element into
index	The position you want to insert an element at
	The item you want to insert into list

#### Note

Even though inserting more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only inserting one item is supported. Other items are ignored and are not inserted into list. If you don't specify any item to be inserted, still no errors occur but the content of your LinkedList can be messed up

# 5.4.2.9 isInLL()

Detect if an element is inside a LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The LinkedList you want search in
	The element you want to search

### Note

Even though checking more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only checking one item is supported. Other items are ignored. If you don't specify any item to be checked, still no errors occur but the return value of the function can be unpredictable

### **Return values**

TRUE	Given element is contained in list
FALSE	Given element is not contained in list

# 5.4.2.10 isLLEmpty()

Check if LinkedList is empty.

#### **Parameters**

list	The LinkedList to be checked
------	------------------------------

#### **Return values**

TRUE	list is empty
FALSE	list is not empty

### 5.4.2.11 linearSearchLL()

Linear search for LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The LinkedList to be inspected
	The key to be searched

#### Note

This function does not support float and double LinkedList types

Even though passing more than one key does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only searching one item is supported. Other items are ignored. If you don't specify any item to be searched, still no errors occur but the return value of the function can be unpredictable

# Returns

The index of the first occurence of the key in the list or the return code of the function

# Return values

```
KEY_NOT_FOUND The key was not found
```

# 5.4.2.12 linearSearchLLPtr()

Linear search for LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The LinkedList to be inspected
	The key to be searched

#### Note

This function does not support float and double LinkedList types

Even though passing more than one key does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only searching one item is supported. Other items are ignored. If you don't specify any item to be searched, still no errors occur but the return value of the function can be unpredictable

# Returns

A void pointer of the first occurence of the key in the list or the return code of the function

#### Return values

NULL	The key was not found
------	-----------------------

# 5.4.2.13 mergeLL()

Merge two LinkedList.

# **Parameters**

list1	The first LinkedList to be merged, where the merged LinkedList is saved
list2	The second LinkedList to be merged

# 5.4.2.14 newLL()

```
LinkedList newLL (

const spec_t spec )
```

Allocate a new LinkedList of specified type.

### **Parameters**

spec Type specifier of the LinkedList you want to create. Refer to spec\_t for supported types

Returns

An empty LinkedList

#### 5.4.2.15 newLLFromCharArray()

Create a LinkedList from a array of chars.

Equivalent to chooseNewLLFromArray("%c", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewLLFromArray()

# 5.4.2.16 newLLFromDoubleArray()

Create a LinkedList from an array of doubles.

Equivalent to chooseNewLLFromArray("%lf", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewLLFromArray()

# 5.4.2.17 newLLFromFloatArray()

```
LinkedList newLLFromFloatArray (
const float arr[],
unsigned int size)
```

Create a LinkedList from a array of floats.

Equivalent to chooseNewLLFromArray("%f", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewLLFromArray()

# 5.4.2.18 newLLFromIntArray()

```
LinkedList newLLFromIntArray (

const int arr[],

unsigned int size)
```

Create a LinkedList from a array of ints.

Equivalent to chooseNewLLFromArray("%i", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewLLFromArray()

# 5.4.2.19 newLLFromLL()

```
LinkedList newLLFromLL (

const LinkedList list )
```

Get a copy of a LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

```
list The LinkedList you want to copy
```

# Returns

A copy of list

# 5.4.2.20 newLLFromPtrArray()

```
LinkedList newLLFromPtrArray (

const void * arr,

unsigned int size )
```

Create a LinkedList from an array of pointers.

Equivalent to chooseNewLLFromArray("%p", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewLLFromArray()

# 5.4.2.21 printLL()

Print contents from a LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

spec	The type and format specifier you want to use to print the single element of the LinkedList. Use the
	printf() conventions
list	The LinkedList you want to print

# 5.4.2.22 removeFromLL()

Remove an item from a LinkedList.

### **Parameters**

list	The LinkedList you want to delete an item from
index	The index of the item you want to delete

#### 5.4.2.23 setLLItem()

Set value of an element of a LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The LinkedList you want to edit
index	The index of the element you want to change
	The item you want to set the index-th element of list to

#### Note

Even though changing more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only setting one item is supported. Other items are ignored. If you don't specify any item to be inserted, still no errors occur but the content of your LinkedList can be messed up

# 5.4.2.24 sliceLL()

Slice a LinkedList.

# **Parameters**

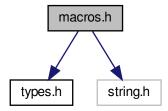
list	The LinkedList you want to slice, where the sliced LinkedList is saved
begin	The index of the beginning of the slice
end	The index of the end of the slice

# 5.5 macros.h File Reference

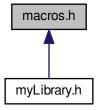
Macros for emulated overloading.

```
#include "types.h"
#include <string.h>
```

Include dependency graph for macros.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Macros**

• #define cmpVal(a, b)

Compare two values.

• #define bubbleSortArr(arr, size)

BubbleSort for arrays.

• #define quickSortArr(arr, size)

Quicksort for arrays.

• #define newALFromArray(arr, size)

Create an ArrayList from a static array.

• #define newLLFromArray(arr, size)

Create a LinkedList from a static array.

#define newStackFromArray(arr, size)

Create a Stack from a static array.

• #define newQueueFromArray(arr, size)

Create a Queue from a static array.

• #define newStackFromArray(arr, size)

Create a Stack from a static array.

• #define print(spec, collection)

Print contents from an ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue.

#define areEqual(collection1, collection2)

Compare two ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue.

• #define append(list, item)

Insert an item at the end of an ArrayList or LinkedList.

• #define insert(list, index, item)

Insert an element at a specified position of an ArrayList or LinkedList.

#define set(list, index, newItem)

Set value of an element of an ArrayList or LinkedList.

• #define merge(list1, list2)

Merge two ArrayList or LinkedList.

· #define slice(list, begin, end)

Slice an ArrayList or LinkedList.

• #define removeItem(list, index)

Remove an item from an ArrayList or LinkedList.

#define getItem(list, index, dest)

Get an item from an ArrayList or LinkedList.

• #define delete(collection)

Delete an ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue.

• #define isIn(collection, item)

Detect if an item is inside an ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue.

• #define getLength(collection)

Get the number of elements in an ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack, Queue or string.

#define linearSearch(list, key)

Linear search for an ArrayList or LinkedList.

• #define deleteHead(collection)

Delete current Stack or Queue head.

#define isEmpty(collection)

Check if an ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue is empty.

• #define getHeadData(collection, dest)

Get the item at the head of a Stack or Queue without popping/dequeueing it.

# 5.5.1 Detailed Description

Macros for emulated overloading.

**Author** 

Pietro Firpo ( pietro.firpo@pm.me)

Note

Many of these macros work on C11 or newer compilers only. If they are not supported by your compiler you have to use the function the macro expands to in your case. For example, if you want to bubblesort an array of floats and the macro bubbleSort() is not supported by your compiler, you have to call floatBubbleSort() or chooseBubbleSortArr()

In some development environments, for example Vscode, calls to these macros can be reported as errors even if they are correct. If you use Vscode you have to set "C\_Cpp.default.cStandard": "c17" in your settings.json file in order to avoid these error reportings

# 5.5.2 Macro Definition Documentation

# 5.5.2.1 append

Insert an item at the end of an ArrayList or LinkedList.

# **Parameters**

list	The list you want to append an item to
item	The item you want to append to list

# 5.5.2.2 areEqual

# Value:

```
_Generic(collection1, ArrayList \
: areALEqual, LinkedList \
: areLLEqual, Stack \
: areStacksEqual, Queue \
: areQueuesEqual)(collection1, collection2)
```

Compare two ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue.

#### **Parameters**

collection1	The first ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue you want to compare
collection2	The second ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue you want to compare

# Note

Passing two different types (for example, an ArrayList and a Stack) does not throw errors but does not work and the result can be unpredictable

# 5.5.2.3 bubbleSortArr

Value:

```
_Generic(arr, char *
: charBubbleSort, int *
: intBubbleSort, float *
: floatBubbleSort, double *
: doubleBubbleSort, void **
: ptrBubbleSort)(arr, size)
```

BubbleSort for arrays.

# Returns

The return code of the function called

# **Parameters**

arr	Pointer to the array to be sorted
size	Number of elements in the array to be sorted

# 5.5.2.4 cmpVal

```
#define cmpVal(
          a,
          b )
```

Value:

```
_Generic((a, b), char *
: charCmp, int *
: intCmp, float *
: floatCmp, double *
: doubleCmp, void **
: ptrCmp)(a, b)
```

Compare two values.

#### **Parameters**

	Pointer to the first value to be compared
b	Pointer to the second value to be compared

# Returns

The return code of the function called

#### **Return values**

GREATER	First element is grater than the second
---------	-----------------------------------------

#### Return values

EQUAL	First element is equal to the second
SMALLER	First element is smaller than the second

#### 5.5.2.5 delete

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \# define \ delete( & collection ) \end{tabular}
```

#### Value:

```
_Generic(collection, ArrayList
: deleteAL, LinkedList \
: deleteLL, Stack \
: deleteStack, Queue \
: deleteQueue) (collection)
```

Delete an ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue.

#### **Parameters**

# 5.5.2.6 deleteHead

#### Value:

```
_Generic(list, Stack
: deleteHeadFromStack, Queue \
: deleteHeadFromQueue) (collection)
```

Delete current Stack or Queue head.

# **Parameters**

```
stack The Stack or Queue you want to delete the head from
```

# 5.5.2.7 getHeadData

Value:

```
_Generic(list, Stack \
: getHeadDataFromStack, Queue \
: getHeadDataFromQueue) (collection)
```

Get the item at the head of a Stack or Queue without popping/dequeueing it.

#### **Parameters**

collection	The Stack or Queue you want to get the item from
dest	The address of the variable you want to store the item in

# 5.5.2.8 getItem

Value:

```
_Generic(list, ArrayList \
: getFromAL, LinkedList \
: getFromLL)(list, index, dest)
```

Get an item from an ArrayList or LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The list you want to get an item from
index	The index of the item you want to get
dest	The address of the variable you want to store the item in

# 5.5.2.9 getLength

# Value:

```
_Generic(collection, ArrayList \
: getALLength, LinkedList \
: getLLLength, Stack \
: getStackLength, Queue \
: getQueueLength, string \
: strlen)(collection)
```

Get the number of elements in an ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack, Queue or string.

#### **Parameters**

#### Returns

The number of elements in collection

# 5.5.2.10 insert

# Value:

```
_Generic(list, ArrayList
: insertToAL, LinkedList \
: insertToLL) (list, index, item)
```

Insert an element at a specified position of an ArrayList or LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The list you want to insert an element into
index	The position you want to insert an item at
item	The item you want to insert into list

# 5.5.2.11 isEmpty

#### Value:

```
_Generic(collection, ArrayList
: isALEmpty, LinkedList \
: isLLEmpty, Stack \
: isStackEmpty, Queue \
: isQueueEmpty)(collection, item)
```

Check if an ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue is empty.

### **Parameters**

collection	The ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue to be checked
------------	---------------------------------------------------------

### Return values

TRUE	collection is empty
FALSE	collection is not empty

# 5.5.2.12 isln

Value:

```
_Generic(collection, ArrayList \
: isInAL, LinkedList \
: isInLL, Stack \
: isInStack, Queue \
: isInQueue)(collection, item)
```

Detect if an item is inside an ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue.

# **Parameters**

collection	The ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue you want search in
item	The item you want to search

#### Note

Passing float or double ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue is not supported

#### Return values

TRUE	Given item is contained in collection
FALSE	Given item is not contained in collection

# 5.5.2.13 linearSearch

Value:

```
_Generic(list, ArrayList \
: linearSearchAL, LinkedList \
: linearSearchLL)(list, key)
```

Linear search for an ArrayList or LinkedList.

# **Parameters**

list	The ArrayList or LinkedList to be inspected
ley	The key to be searched

### Note

This function does not support float and double LinkedList or ArrayList types

#### Returns

The index of the first occurence of the key in the list or the return code of the function called

#### Return values

```
KEY_NOT_FOUND The key was not found
```

# 5.5.2.14 merge

#### Value:

```
_Generic(list1, ArrayList \
: mergeAL, LinkedList \
: mergeLL)(list1, list2)
```

Merge two ArrayList or LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

list1	The first list to be merged, where the merged list is saved
list2	The second list to be merged

# Note

Passing an ArrayList and a LinkedList does not throw errors but does not work and list1 is messed up

# 5.5.2.15 newALFromArray

```
#define newALFromArray( arr, size)
```

#### Value:

```
_Generic(arr, char *
: newALFromCharArray, int *
: newALFromIntArray, float *
: newALFromFloatArray, double *
: newALFromDoubleArray, void **
: newALFromPtrArray) (arr, size)
```

Create an ArrayList from a static array.

### **Parameters**

arr	The array you want to create an ArrayList from
size	The size of arr

#### Returns

An ArrayList containing all the elements of arr

# 5.5.2.16 newLLFromArray

#### Value:

```
_Generic(arr, char *
: newLLFromCharArray, int *
: newLLFromIntArray, float *
: newLLFromFloatArray, double *
: newLLFromDoubleArray, void **
: newLLFromPtrArray) (arr, size)
```

Create a LinkedList from a static array.

#### **Parameters**

arr	The array you want to create a LinkedList from
size	The size of arr

### Returns

A LinkedList containing all the elements of arr in the same order

# 5.5.2.17 newQueueFromArray

# Value:

```
_Generic(arr, char *
: newQueueFromCharArray, int *
: newQueueFromIntArray, float *
: newQueueFromFloatArray, double *
: newQueueFromDoubleArray, void **
: newQueueFromPtrArray)(arr, size)
```

Create a Queue from a static array.

# **Parameters**

arr	The array you want to create a Queue from
size	The size of arr

#### Returns

A Queue containing all the elements of arr with the first element of arr as head

# 5.5.2.18 newStackFromArray [1/2]

#### Value:

```
_Generic(arr, char *
: newStackFromCharArray, int *
: newStackFromIntArray, float *
: newStackFromFloatArray, double *
: newStackFromDoubleArray, void **
: newStackFromPtrArray) (arr, size)
```

Create a Stack from a static array.

#### **Parameters**

arr	The array you want to create a Stack from
size	The size of arr

#### Returns

A Stack containing all the elements of arr with the last element of arr as head

### **Parameters**

arr	The array you want to create a Stack from
size	The size of arr

#### Returns

A Stack containing all the elements of arr with the first element of arr as head

# 5.5.2.19 newStackFromArray [2/2]

### Value:

```
_Generic(arr, char *
: newStackFromCharArray, int *
: newStackFromIntArray, float *
: newStackFromFloatArray, double *
: newStackFromDoubleArray, void **
: newStackFromPtrArray)(arr, size)
```

Create a Stack from a static array.

#### **Parameters**

arr	The array you want to create a Stack from
size	The size of arr

# Returns

A Stack containing all the elements of arr with the last element of arr as head

# **Parameters**

arr	The array you want to create a Stack from
size	The size of arr

#### Returns

A Stack containing all the elements of arr with the first element of arr as head

# 5.5.2.20 print

#### Value:

```
_Generic(collection, ArrayList
: printAL, LinkedList \
: printLL, Stack
: printStack, Queue \
: printQueue) (spec, collection)
```

Print contents from an ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue.

# Parameters

spec	The type and format specifier you want to use to print the single element. Use the printf() conventions
	Conventions
collection	The ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack or Queue you want to print

# 5.5.2.21 quickSortArr

# Value:

```
_Generic(arr, char *
: charQuickSort, int *
: intQuickSort, float *
: floatQuickSort, double *
: doubleQuickSort, void **
: ptrQuickSort) (arr, size)
```

Quicksort for arrays.

#### Returns

The return code of the function called

#### **Parameters**

arr	Pointer to the array to be sorted
size	Number of elements in the array to be sorted

# 5.5.2.22 removeltem

### Value:

```
_Generic(list, ArrayList
: removeFromAL, LinkedList \
: removeFromLL)(list, index)
```

Remove an item from an ArrayList or LinkedList.

### **Parameters**

list	The list you want to delete an item from
index	The index of the item you want to delete

### 5.5.2.23 set

# Value:

```
_Generic(list, ArrayList
: setALItem, LinkedList \
: setLLItem)(list, index, newItem)
```

Set value of an element of an ArrayList or LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

list	The list you want to edit
index	The index of the item you want to change
newItem	The item you want to set the index-th element of list to

# 5.5.2.24 slice

#### Value:

```
_Generic(list, ArrayList \
: sliceAL, LinkedList \
: sliceLL)(list, begin, end)
```

Slice an ArrayList or LinkedList.

#### **Parameters**

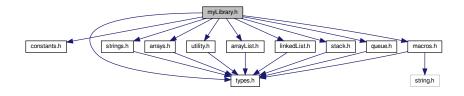
	list	The list you want to slice, where the sliced list is saved
begin The ind		The index of the beginning of the slice
	end	The index of the end of the slice

# 5.6 myLibrary.h File Reference

Includes all other headers. Useful for rapid import.

```
#include "constants.h"
#include "macros.h"
#include "types.h"
#include "strings.h"
#include "arrays.h"
#include "utility.h"
#include "arrayList.h"
#include "linkedList.h"
#include "stack.h"
#include "queue.h"
```

Include dependency graph for myLibrary.h:



# 5.6.1 Detailed Description

Includes all other headers. Useful for rapid import.

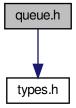
Author

Pietro Firpo ( pietro.firpo@pm.me)

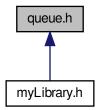
# 5.7 queue.h File Reference

Functions for working with Queue type.

```
#include "types.h"
Include dependency graph for queue.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Functions**

- Queue newQueue (const spec\_t spec)
   Allocate a new Queue of specified type.
- void enqueue (Queue queue,...)

Enqueue an item into a Queue.

void dequeue (Queue queue, void \*dest)

Dequeue an item from a Queue.

void printQueue (const spec\_t spec, const Queue queue)

Print contents from a Queue.

unsigned int getQueueLength (const Queue queue)

Get the size of a Queue.

• void deleteHeadFromQueue (Queue queue)

Delete current Queue head.

void getHeadDataFromQueue (const Queue queue, void \*dest)

Get the item in the head of a Queue without dequeueing it.

void deleteQueue (Queue queue)

Delete a Queue.

• byte isInQueue (Queue queue,...)

Detect if an item is inside a Queue.

Queue chooseNewQueueFromArray (const spec\_t spec, const void \*arr, unsigned int size)

Create a Queue from an array.

• void enqueueFromPtr (Queue queue, const void \*element)

Enqueue an item into a Queue.

byte isQueueEmpty (Stack stack)

Check if Queue is empty.

Queue newQueueFromCharArray (const char arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a Queue from an array of chars.

• Queue newQueueFromIntArray (const int arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a Queue from an array of integers.

• Queue newQueueFromFloatArray (const float arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a Queue from an array of floats.

• Queue newQueueFromDoubleArray (const double arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a Queue from an array of doubles.

• Queue newQueueFromPtrArray (const void \*arr, unsigned int size)

Create a Queue from an array of pointers.

• byte areQueuesEqual (const Queue queue1, const Queue queue2)

Compare two Queue.

# 5.7.1 Detailed Description

Functions for working with Queue type.

**Author** 

```
Pietro Firpo ( pietro.firpo@pm.me)
```

### 5.7.2 Function Documentation

### 5.7.2.1 areQueuesEqual()

Compare two Queue.

# **Parameters**

queue1	The first Queue you want to compare
queue2	The second Queue you want to compare

# Returns

The result of the comparison

# Return values

TRUE	Queue1 and Queue2 have equal type and equal contents
FALSE	Queue1 and Queue2 do not have equal type or equal contents

# 5.7.2.2 chooseNewQueueFromArray()

Create a Queue from an array.

# **Parameters**

spec	The type specifier of the array passed. Refer to spec_t for supported types
arr	The array you want to create a Queue from
size	The number of items in arr

# Returns

A Queue containing the elements in arr, having the first element of arr as head

# 5.7.2.3 deleteHeadFromQueue()

Delete current Queue head.

# **Parameters**

queue The Queue you want	to delete the head from
--------------------------	-------------------------

# 5.7.2.4 deleteQueue()

```
void deleteQueue (
          Queue queue )
```

Delete a Queue.

#### **Parameters**

```
queue The Queue you want to delete
```

# 5.7.2.5 dequeue()

Dequeue an item from a Queue.

#### **Parameters**

queue	The Queue you want to dequeue from
dest	The address of the variable you want to store the dequeued item in

# 5.7.2.6 enqueue()

Enqueue an item into a Queue.

#### **Parameters**

queue	The Queue you want to enqueue an item into
	The item you want to enqueue into queue

# Note

Even though enqueueing more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only enqueueing one item is supported. Other items are ignored and are not enqueued into queue. If you don't specify any item to be enqueued, still no errors occur but the content of your Queue can be messed up

# 5.7.2.7 enqueueFromPtr()

```
void enqueueFromPtr (
          Queue queue,
          const void * element )
```

Enqueue an item into a Queue.

### **Parameters**

queue	The Queue you want to enqueue an item into
element	Pointer to the item you want to enqueue into queue

# 5.7.2.8 getHeadDataFromQueue()

```
void getHeadDataFromQueue (  {\tt const\ Queue}\ queue, \\  {\tt void\ *\ dest\ )}
```

Get the item in the head of a Queue without dequeueing it.

### **Parameters**

queue	The Queue you want to get the item in the head from
dest	The address of the variable you want to store the item in

# 5.7.2.9 getQueueLength()

Get the size of a Queue.

# **Parameters**

queue	The Queue you want to evaluate

#### Returns

The number of elements in queue

# 5.7.2.10 isInQueue()

Detect if an item is inside a Queue.

### **Parameters**

queue	The Queue you want search in	
	The element you want to search	

### Note

This function does not support float and double Queue types

Even though specifying more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only searching one item is supported. Other items are ignored. If you don't specify any item to be searched, still no errors occur but the return value of the function can be unpredictable

### Return values

TRUE	Given element is contained in queue
FALSE	Given element is not contained in queue

# 5.7.2.11 isQueueEmpty()

Check if Queue is empty.

# **Parameters**

stack	The Queue to be checked

### Return values

TRUE	queue is empty
FALSE	queue is not empty

### 5.7.2.12 newQueue()

Allocate a new Queue of specified type.

**Parameters** 

```
spec Type specifier of the Queue you want to create. Refer to spec_t for supported types
```

Returns

An empty Queue

# 5.7.2.13 newQueueFromCharArray()

Create a Queue from an array of chars.

Equivalent to chooseNewQueueFromArray("%c", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewQueueFromArray()

# 5.7.2.14 newQueueFromDoubleArray()

```
Queue newQueueFromDoubleArray (

const double arr[],

unsigned int size)
```

Create a Queue from an array of doubles.

Equivalent to chooseNewQueueFromArray("%lf", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewQueueFromArray()

### 5.7.2.15 newQueueFromFloatArray()

Create a Queue from an array of floats.

Equivalent to chooseNewQueueFromArray("%f", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewQueueFromArray()

5.8 stack.h File Reference 67

# 5.7.2.16 newQueueFromIntArray()

Create a Queue from an array of integers.

Equivalent to chooseNewQueueFromArray("%i", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewQueueFromArray()

### 5.7.2.17 newQueueFromPtrArray()

Create a Queue from an array of pointers.

Equivalent to chooseNewQueueFromArray("%p", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewQueueFromArray()

### 5.7.2.18 printQueue()

Print contents from a Queue.

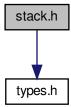
### **Parameters**

spec	Dec The type and format specifier you want to use to print the single element of the Queue. Use the	
	<pre>printf() conventions</pre>	
queue	The Queue you want to print	

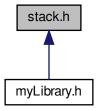
# 5.8 stack.h File Reference

Functions for working with Stack type.

#include "types.h"
Include dependency graph for stack.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Functions**

• Stack newStack (const spec\_t spec)

Allocate a new Stack of specified type.

• void push (Stack stack,...)

Push an item into a Stack.

void printStack (const spec\_t spec, const Stack stack)

Print contents from a Stack.

void pop (Stack stack, void \*dest)

Pop an item from a Stack.

void deleteHeadFromStack (Stack stack)

Delete current Stack head.

• byte isStackEmpty (Stack stack)

Check if Stack is empty.

• void deleteStack (Stack stack)

Delete a Stack.

void getHeadDataFromStack (Stack stack, void \*dest)

Get the item at the head of a Stack without popping it.

5.8 stack.h File Reference 69

byte isInStack (Stack stack,...)

Detect if an item is inside a Stack.

• Stack chooseNewStackFromArray (const spec\_t spec, const void \*arr, unsigned int size)

Create a Stack from an array.

void pushFromPtr (Stack stack, const void \*element)

Push an item into a Stack.

unsigned int getStackLength (const Stack stack)

Get the size of a Stack.

Stack newStackFromCharArray (const char arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a Stack from an array of chars.

• Stack newStackFromIntArray (const int arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a Stack from an array of integers.

• Stack newStackFromFloatArray (const float arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a Stack from an array of floats.

• Stack newStackFromDoubleArray (const double arr[], unsigned int size)

Create a Stack from an array of doubles.

• Stack newStackFromPtrArray (const void \*arr, unsigned int size)

Create a Stack from an array of pointers.

byte areStacksEqual (const Stack stack1, const Stack stack2)

Compare two Stack.

# 5.8.1 Detailed Description

Functions for working with Stack type.

Author

```
Pietro Firpo ( pietro.firpo@pm.me)
```

# 5.8.2 Function Documentation

### 5.8.2.1 areStacksEqual()

Compare two Stack.

### **Parameters**

stack1	The first Stack you want to compare
stack2	The second Stack you want to compare

### Returns

The result of the comparison

### Return values

TRUE	stack1 and stack2 have equal type and equal contents
FALSE	stack1 and stack2 do not have equal type or equal contents

# 5.8.2.2 chooseNewStackFromArray()

Create a Stack from an array.

### **Parameters**

spec	The type specifier of the array passed. Refer to spec_t for supported types
arr	The array you want to create the Stack from
size	The number of items in arr

### Returns

A Stack containing the elements in arr, having the last element of arr as head

### 5.8.2.3 deleteHeadFromStack()

Delete current Stack head.

### **Parameters**

stack	The Stack you want to delete the head from
-------	--------------------------------------------

# 5.8.2.4 deleteStack()

5.8 stack.h File Reference 71

Delete a Stack.

### **Parameters**

stack	The Stack you want to delete
-------	------------------------------

# 5.8.2.5 getHeadDataFromStack()

Get the item at the head of a Stack without popping it.

### **Parameters**

stack	The Stack you want to get the item
dest	The address of the variable you want to store the item in

# 5.8.2.6 getStackLength()

Get the size of a Stack.

### **Parameters**

stack	The Stack you want to evaluate

# Returns

The number of elements in stack

# 5.8.2.7 isInStack()

Detect if an item is inside a Stack.

### **Parameters**

stack	The Stack you want search in
	The element you want to search

### Note

This function does not support float and double Stack types

Even though specifying more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only searching one item is supported. Other items are ignored. If you don't specify any item to be searched, still no errors occur but the return value of the function can be unpredictable

### Return values

TRUE	Given element is contained in stack
FALSE	Given element is not contained in stack

# 5.8.2.8 isStackEmpty()

Check if Stack is empty.

### **Parameters**

stack	The Stack to be checked

### Return values

TRUE	stack is empty
FALSE	stack is not empty

### 5.8.2.9 newStack()

Allocate a new Stack of specified type.

### **Parameters**

spec	Type specifier of the Stack you want to create. Refer to spec_t for supported types

5.8 stack.h File Reference 73

Returns

An empty Stack

### 5.8.2.10 newStackFromCharArray()

Create a Stack from an array of chars.

Equivalent to chooseNewStackFromArray("%c", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewStackFromArray()

### 5.8.2.11 newStackFromDoubleArray()

Create a Stack from an array of doubles.

Equivalent to chooseNewStackFromArray("%1f", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewStackFromArray()

### 5.8.2.12 newStackFromFloatArray()

Create a Stack from an array of floats.

Equivalent to chooseNewStackFromArray() "%f", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewStackFromArray()

### 5.8.2.13 newStackFromIntArray()

Create a Stack from an array of integers.

Equivalent to chooseNewStackFromArray("%i", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewStackFromArray()

### 5.8.2.14 newStackFromPtrArray()

```
Stack newStackFromPtrArray ( {\tt const\ void\ *\ arr,} {\tt unsigned\ int\ } size\ )
```

Create a Stack from an array of pointers.

Equivalent to chooseNewStackFromArray("%p", arr, size). Refer to chooseNewStackFromArray()

# 5.8.2.15 pop()

Pop an item from a Stack.

### **Parameters**

stack	The Stack you want to pop an item from
dest	The address of the variable you want to store the popped item in

# 5.8.2.16 printStack()

Print contents from a Stack.

### **Parameters**

spec	The type and format specifier you want to use to print the single element of the Stack. Use the printf() conventions
stack	The Stack you want to print

### 5.8.2.17 push()

Push an item into a Stack.

### **Parameters**

stack	The Stack you want to push into
	The item you want to push into stack

### Note

Even though pushing more than one item for single call does not throw a compiler nor runtime error, only pushing one item is supported. Other items are ignored and are not pushed into stack. If you don't specify any item to be pushed, still no errors occur but the content of your Stack can be messed up

### 5.8.2.18 pushFromPtr()

Push an item into a Stack.

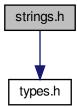
### **Parameters**

stack	The Stack you want to push an item into
element	Pointer to the item you want to push into stack

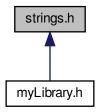
# 5.9 strings.h File Reference

Common tasks with strings.

```
#include "types.h"
Include dependency graph for strings.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Functions**

• string getString ()

Reads from terminal a string of arbitrary length.

byte endsWith (const string str, const string suffix)

Check if a string ends with the specified substring.

• string changeLastCharacter (const string str, char newCharacter)

Get a tring with different last character.

• string copyOf (const string src)

Get a copy of the given string.

# 5.9.1 Detailed Description

Common tasks with strings.

**Author** 

```
Pietro Firpo ( pietro.firpo@pm.me)
```

### 5.9.2 Function Documentation

# 5.9.2.1 changeLastCharacter()

```
string changeLastCharacter ( {\tt const\ string\ } str, {\tt char\ } newCharacter\ )
```

Get a tring with different last character.

### **Parameters**

str	The string you want to change the last character
newCharacter	The character you want to set as last character

### Returns

A pointer to a string with the same characters of str and newCharacter as last character or the return code of the function

# Return values

NULL	Errors occurred during the execution of the function
------	------------------------------------------------------

# 5.9.2.2 copyOf()

Get a copy of the given string.

### **Parameters**

```
src The string to be copied
```

### Returns

A pointer to the copy of the given string

# 5.9.2.3 endsWith()

```
byte endsWith (  {\rm const\ string\ } str,   {\rm const\ string\ } suffix\ )
```

Check if a string ends with the specified substring.

# **Parameters**

str	The string to be inspected
suffix	The string you want to check if string ends with

### Returns

The return code of the function

### Return values

TRUE	str <b>ends with</b> suffix
FALSE	str does not end with suffix

### 5.9.2.4 getString()

```
string getString ( )
```

Reads from terminal a string of arbitrary length.

# Returns

A char pointer to the first character of the string or the return code of the function

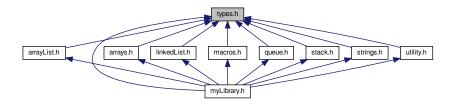
### Return values

NULL Errors occurred during the execution of the func	tion
-------------------------------------------------------	------

# 5.10 types.h File Reference

Collection of useful types.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Data Structures**

- struct ArrayList
  - ArrayList type
- struct node

Node type

struct LinkedList

LinkedList type

struct Stack

Stack type

struct Queue

Queue type

# **Typedefs**

· typedef char byte

Alias for char, just to avoid confusion with 8 bit numbers and ASCII characters.

• typedef char \* spec\_t

Used to specify type of argument passed in functions that require a type specifier.

• typedef char \* string

Alias for char \*, used when an array of char is actually used as a string.

• typedef struct node \* Node

Node type

# 5.10.1 Detailed Description

Collection of useful types.

Author

```
Pietro Firpo ( pietro.firpo@pm.me)
```

# 5.10.2 Typedef Documentation

### 5.10.2.1 byte

```
typedef char byte
```

Alias for char, just to avoid confusion with 8 bit numbers and ASCII characters.

### 5.10.2.2 Node

```
typedef struct node * Node
```

Node type

Base component of every linked data type

Note

All the parameters in this structure must be intended as read-only. Manually modifying them can cause unknown and unwanted behavior

### 5.10.2.3 spec\_t

```
typedef char* spec_t
```

Used to specify type of argument passed in functions that require a type specifier.

```
Supported specifiers: "%c" (char), "%i" (int), "%f" (float), "%lf" (double), "%p" (pointer)
```

Note

Some functions may not support some identifiers or may support additional identifiers. In those cases refer to that function documentation

### 5.10.2.4 string

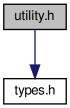
```
typedef char* string
```

Alias for char \*, used when an array of char is actually used as a string.

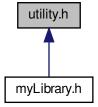
# 5.11 utility.h File Reference

Common tasks such as comparing variables, allocate memory.

```
#include "types.h"
Include dependency graph for utility.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### **Functions**

• byte chooseCmp (const spec\_t spec, const void \*a, const void \*b)

Compare two chars.

byte charCmp (const void \*a, const void \*b)

Compare two chars.

byte byteCmp (const void \*a, const void \*b)

Compare two bytes.

byte intCmp (const void \*a, const void \*b)

Compare two ints.

byte floatCmp (const void \*a, const void \*b)

Compare two floats.

byte doubleCmp (const void \*a, const void \*b)

Compare two doubles.

byte ptrCmp (const void \*a, const void \*b)

Compare two pointers.

void \* saferMalloc (unsigned int bytes)

Return a pointer to a space in memory of specified size.

void \* saferRealloc (void \*pointer, unsigned int bytes)

Reallocate a space in memory.

# 5.11.1 Detailed Description

Common tasks such as comparing variables, allocate memory.

Author

```
Pietro Firpo ( pietro.firpo@pm.me)
```

### 5.11.2 Function Documentation

### 5.11.2.1 byteCmp()

Compare two bytes.

Equivalent to charCmp(a, b). Refer to charCmp().

### 5.11.2.2 charCmp()

Compare two chars.

Equivalent to chooseCmp("%c", a, b). Refer to chooseCmp()

# 5.11.2.3 chooseCmp()

Compare two chars.

### **Parameters**

spec	Type specifier of the values to be sorted. Refer to spec_t for supported types.
а	Pointer to the first element to be compared
b	Pointer to the second element to be compared

### Returns

Constant for the corresponding comparation result

### Return values

GREATER	First element is grater than the second
EQUAL	First element is equal to the second
SMALLER	First element is smaller than the second

# 5.11.2.4 doubleCmp()

```
byte doubleCmp (  \mbox{const void} \ * \ a, \\ \mbox{const void} \ * \ b \ )
```

Compare two doubles.

Equivalent to chooseCmp("%lf", a, b). Refer to chooseCmp()

# 5.11.2.5 floatCmp()

```
byte floatCmp (  {\rm const\ void\ *\ a,}   {\rm const\ void\ *\ b\ )}
```

Compare two floats.

Equivalent to chooseCmp("%f", a, b). Refer to chooseCmp()

### 5.11.2.6 intCmp()

Compare two ints.

Equivalent to chooseCmp("%i", a, b). Refer to chooseCmp()

# 5.11.2.7 ptrCmp()

```
byte ptrCmp (  {\rm const\ void\ *\ a,}   {\rm const\ void\ *\ b\ )}
```

Compare two pointers.

Equivalent to chooseCmp("%p", a, b). Refer to chooseCmp()

### 5.11.2.8 saferMalloc()

```
void* saferMalloc ( \label{eq:constraint} \mbox{unsigned int } \mbox{$bytes$ )}
```

Return a pointer to a space in memory of specified size.

Calls malloc(bytes) for a maximum of 10 times until it returns a not null pointer. If in 10 calls does not manage to obtain a not null pointer makes the program terminate

### **Parameters**

```
bytes Number of bytes to allocate
```

### Returns

A pointer to the allocated memory

### 5.11.2.9 saferRealloc()

Reallocate a space in memory.

Calls realloc (pointer, bytes) for a maximum of 10 times until it returns a not null pointer. If in 10 calls does not manage to obtain a not null pointer makes the program terminate

# **Parameters**

pointer	Pointer to the memory to be reallocated
bytes	Number of bytes to allocate

# Returns

A pointer to the allocated memory

# Index

append	arrays.h, 26
macros.h, 48	charBubbleSort, 28
appendToAL	charLinearSearch, 28
arrayList.h, 17	charQuickSort, 29
appendToLL	chooseBubbleSortArr, 29
linkedList.h, 37	chooseLinearSearch, 29
appendToLLFromPtr	chooseQuickSortArr, 30
linkedList.h, 37	doubleBubbleSort, 30
areALEqual	doubleLinearSearch, 30
arrayList.h, 17	doubleQuickSort, 31
areEqual	floatBubbleSort, 31
macros.h, 48	floatLinearSearch, 31
areLLEqual	floatQuickSort, 31
linkedList.h, 37	intBubbleSort, 31
areQueuesEqual	intLinearSearch, 32
queue.h, 61	intQuickSort, 32
areStacksEqual	printMatrix, 32
stack.h, 69	ptrBubbleSort, 33
ArrayList, 7	ptrLinearSearch, 33
body, 7	ptrQuickSort, 33
size, 7	pir dalokoort, oo
type, 8	body
arrayList.h, 15	ArrayList, 7
appendToAL, 17	bubbleSortAL
areALEqual, 17	arrayList.h, 18
bubbleSortAL, 18	bubbleSortArr
chooseNewALFromArray, 18	macros.h, 48
deleteAL, 18	byte
getALLength, 19	types.h, 79
getFromAL, 19	byteCmp
insertToAL, 19	utility.h, 81
isALEmpty, 21	• ,
isInAL, 21	changeLastCharacter
linearSearchAL, 22	strings.h, 76
mergeAL, 22	charBubbleSort
newAL, 23	arrays.h, <mark>28</mark>
newALFromAL, 23	charCmp
newALFromByteArray, 23	utility.h, <mark>81</mark>
newALFromCharArray, 23	charLinearSearch
newALFromDoubleArray, 24	arrays.h, <mark>28</mark>
newALFromFloatArray, 24	charQuickSort
newALFromIntArray, 24	arrays.h, <mark>29</mark>
newALFromPtrArray, 24	chooseBubbleSortArr
printAL, 24	arrays.h, 29
quickSortAL, 25	chooseCmp
removeFromAL, 25	utility.h, 81
reverseAL, 25	chooseLinearSearch
setALItem, 26	arrays.h, 29
sliceAL, 26	chooseNewALFromArray
,	arrayList.h, 18

chooseNewLLFromArray	constants.h, 34
linkedList.h, 38	floatBubbleSort
chooseNewQueueFromArray	arrays.h, 31
queue.h, 62	floatCmp
chooseNewStackFromArray	utility.h, 82
stack.h, 70	floatLinearSearch
chooseQuickSortArr	arrays.h, 31
arrays.h, 30	floatQuickSort
cmpVal	arrays.h, 31
macros.h, 49	anajom, or
constants.h, 33	getALLength
EQUAL, 34	arrayList.h, 19
FALSE, 34	getFromAL
GREATER, 34	arrayList.h, 19
	getFromLL
KEY_NOT_FOUND, 34	linkedList.h, 39
SMALLER, 35	getHeadData
TRUE, 35	•
copyOf	macros.h, 50
strings.h, 77	getHeadDataFromQueue
	queue.h, 64
data	getHeadDataFromStack
node, 10	stack.h, 71
delete	getItem
macros.h, 50	macros.h, 51
deleteAL	getLength
arrayList.h, 18	macros.h, 51
deleteHead	getLLLength
macros.h, 50	linkedList.h, 39
deleteHeadFromQueue	getQueueLength
queue.h, 62	queue.h, 64
deleteHeadFromStack	getStackLength
stack.h, 70	stack.h, 71
deleteLL	getString
linkedList.h, 38	strings.h, 78
deleteQueue	GREATER
queue.h, 63	constants.h, 34
deleteStack	oonotanto.n, or
stack.h, 70	head
dequeue	LinkedList, 9
queue.h, 63	Queue, 12
doubleBubbleSort	Stack, 13
	Stack, 10
arrays.h, 30	insert
doubleCmp	macros.h, 52
utility.h, 82	insertToAL
doubleLinearSearch	arrayList.h, 19
arrays.h, 30	insertToLL
doubleQuickSort	linkedList.h, 39
arrays.h, 31	intBubbleSort
endsWith	arrays.h, 31
strings.h, 77	intCmp
enqueue	utility.h, 82
queue.h, 63	intLinearSearch
enqueueFromPtr	arrays.h, 32
queue.h, 64	intQuickSort
EQUAL	arrays.h, 32
constants.h, 34	isALEmpty
	arrayList.h, 21
FALSE	isEmpty

macros.h, 52	setLLItem, 45
isIn	sliceLL, 45
macros.h, 52	
isInAL	macros.h, 45 append, 48
arrayList.h, 21	areEqual, 48
isInLL	bubbleSortArr, 48
linkedList.h, 40	cmpVal, 49
isInQueue	delete, 50
queue.h, 64 isInStack	deleteHead, 50
	getHeadData, 50
stack.h, 71	getItem, 51
isLLEmpty	getLength, 51
linkedList.h, 40	insert, 52
isQueueEmpty	isEmpty, 52
queue.h, 65 isStackEmpty	isIn, 52
stack.h, 72	linearSearch, 53
SIdUK.II, 12	merge, 54
KEY NOT FOUND	newALFromArray, 54
constants.h, 34	newLLFromArray, 55
, ,	newQueueFromArray, 55
linearSearch	newStackFromArray, 56
macros.h, 53	print, 57
linearSearchAL	quickSortArr, 57
arrayList.h, 22	removeltem, 58
linearSearchLL	set, 58
linkedList.h, 41	slice, 59
linearSearchLLPtr	merge
linkedList.h, 41	macros.h, 54
linked	mergeAL
node, 10	arrayList.h, 22
LinkedList, 8	mergeLL
head, 9	linkedList.h, 42
size, 9	myLibrary.h, 59
tail, 9	
type, 9	newAL
linkedList.h, 35	arrayList.h, 23
appendToLL, 37	newALFromAL
appendToLLFromPtr, 37	arrayList.h, 23
areLLEqual, 37	newALFromArray
chooseNewLLFromArray, 38	macros.h, 54
deleteLL, 38	newALFromByteArray
getFromLL, 39	arrayList.h, 23
getLLLength, 39	newALFromCharArray
insertToLL, 39	arrayList.h, 23
isInLL, 40	newALFromDoubleArray
isLLEmpty, 40	arrayList.h, 24
linearSearchLL, 41	newALFromFloatArray
linearSearchLLPtr, 41	arrayList.h, 24
mergeLL, 42	newALFromIntArray
newLL, 42	arrayList.h, 24
newLLFromCharArray, 43	newALFromPtrArray
newLLFromDoubleArray, 43	arrayList.h, 24 newLL
newLLFromFloatArray, 43 newLLFromIntArray, 43	
newLLFromIntArray, 43 newLLFromLL, 43	linkedList.h, 42 newLLFromArray
newLLFromPtrArray, 44	macros.h, 55
printLL, 44	newLLFromCharArray
removeFromLL, 44	linkedList.h, 43
remover romes, 44	IIINGULISUII, 43

newLLFromDoubleArray	arrays.h, 33
linkedList.h, 43	ptrCmp
newLLFromFloatArray	utility.h, 83
linkedList.h, 43	ptrLinearSearch
newLLFromIntArray	arrays.h, 33
linkedList.h, 43	ptrQuickSort
newLLFromLL	arrays.h, 33
linkedList.h, 43	push
newLLFromPtrArray	stack.h, 74
linkedList.h, 44	pushFromPtr
newQueue queue.h, 65	stack.h, 75
newQueueFromArray	Queue, 11
macros.h, 55	head, 12
newQueueFromCharArray	size, 12
queue.h, 66	tail, 12
newQueueFromDoubleArray	type, 12
queue.h, 66	queue.h, 60
newQueueFromFloatArray	areQueuesEqual, 61
queue.h, 66	chooseNewQueueFromArray, 62
newQueueFromIntArray	deleteHeadFromQueue, 62
queue.h, 66	deleteQueue, 63
newQueueFromPtrArray	dequeue, 63
queue.h, 67	enqueue, 63
newStack	enqueueFromPtr, 64
stack.h, 72	getHeadDataFromQueue, 64
newStackFromArray	getQueueLength, 64
macros.h, 56	isInQueue, 64
newStackFromCharArray	isQueueEmpty, 65
stack.h, 73	newQueue, 65
newStackFromDoubleArray	newQueueFromCharArray, 66
stack.h, 73	newQueueFromDoubleArray, 66
newStackFromFloatArray	newQueueFromFloatArray, 66
stack.h, 73	newQueueFromIntArray, 66
newStackFromIntArray	newQueueFromPtrArray, 67
stack.h, 73	printQueue, 67
newStackFromPtrArray	quickSortAL
stack.h, 73	arrayList.h, 25
Node	quickSortArr
types.h, 79	macros.h, 57
node, 10	removeFromAL
data, 10	
linked, 10	arrayList.h, 25 removeFromLL
non	linkedList.h, 44
pop stack.h, 74	removeltem
print	macros.h, 58
macros.h, 57	reverseAL
printAL	arrayList.h, 25
arrayList.h, 24	aray Liotin, 20
printLL	saferMalloc
linkedList.h, 44	utility.h, 83
printMatrix	saferRealloc
arrays.h, 32	utility.h, 83
printQueue	set
queue.h, 67	macros.h, 58
printStack	setALItem
stack.h, 74	arrayList.h, 26
ptrBubbleSort	setLLItem
•	

linkedList.h, 45	string, 80
size	
ArrayList, 7	utility.h, 80 byteCmp, 81
LinkedList, 9	charCmp, 81
Queue, 12 slice	chooseCmp, 81
macros.h, 59	doubleCmp, 82
sliceAL	floatCmp, 82
arrayList.h, 26	intCmp, 82
sliceLL	ptrCmp, 83
linkedList.h, 45	saferMalloc, 83
SMALLER	saferRealloc, 83
constants.h, 35	
spec_t	
types.h, 79	
Stack, 13	
head, 13 type, 13	
stack.h, 67	
areStacksEqual, 69	
chooseNewStackFromArray, 70	
deleteHeadFromStack, 70	
deleteStack, 70	
getHeadDataFromStack, 71	
getStackLength, 71	
isInStack, 71	
isStackEmpty, 72	
newStack, 72	
newStackFromCharArray, 73 newStackFromDoubleArray, 73	
newStackFromFloatArray, 73	
newStackFromIntArray, 73	
newStackFromPtrArray, 73	
pop, 74	
printStack, 74	
push, 74	
pushFromPtr, 75	
string	
types.h, 80	
strings.h, 75 changeLastCharacter, 76	
copyOf, 77	
endsWith, 77	
getString, 78	
tail	
LinkedList, 9	
Queue, 12 TRUE	
constants.h, 35	
type	
ArrayList, 8	
LinkedList, 9	
Queue, 12	
Stack, 13	
types.h, 78	
byte, 79	
Node, 79	
spec_t, 79	