

My library

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Chapter 1

myLibrary homepage

1.1 Hi!

Actually I don't know what I should put here, so at the moment I just suggest you to go to the [files](#) section. The source code and binaries are available [here](#). [Here](#) there is a PDF version of the docs.

Chapter 2

Data Structure Index

2.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

ArrayList	7
---------------------------	-------	---

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

arrayList.h	Functions for working with dynArrays	9
arrays.h	Common tasks with arrays: sorting, searching, printing etc	17
constants.h	Definition of symbolic constants used by the library	24
macros.h	Macros for emulated overloading	26
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strings.h	Common tasks with strings	30
testing.c	33
types.h	Collection of useful types	33
utility.h	Common tasks such as comparing variables, swap bools, allocate memory	35

Chapter 4

Data Structure Documentation

4.1 ArrayList Struct Reference

```
#include <types.h>
```

Data Fields

- [spec_t](#) type
- void * [body](#)
- unsigned int [size](#)

4.1.1 Field Documentation

4.1.1.1 body

```
void* ArrayList::body
```

4.1.1.2 size

```
unsigned int ArrayList::size
```

4.1.1.3 type

```
spec\_t ArrayList::type
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [types.h](#)

Chapter 5

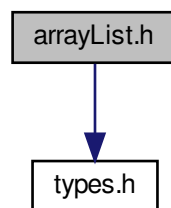
File Documentation

5.1 arrayList.h File Reference

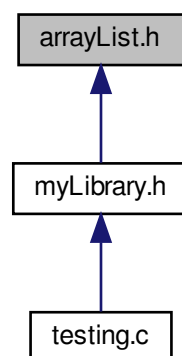
Functions for working with dynArrays.

```
#include "types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for arrayList.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- `#define appendToAL(arr, element) _Generic(element, char: appendCharToAL)(arr, element)`
Append an element to an [ArrayList](#).
- `#define newALFromArray(arr, size) _Generic(arr, char*: newALFromCharArray)(arr, size)`
Create an [ArrayList](#) from a static array.
- `#define insertToAL(arr, element, index) _Generic(element, char: insertCharToAL)(arr, element, index)`
insert element into [ArrayList](#)
- `#define setALElement(arr, element, index) _Generic(element, char: setALChar)(arr, element, index)`
Set an element of an [ArrayList](#).

Functions

- `ArrayList newAL ()`
Allocate a new [ArrayList](#).
- `ArrayList newALFromAL (const ArrayList arr)`
Get a copy of an [ArrayList](#).
- `void mergeAL (ArrayList arr1, const ArrayList arr2)`
Merge two [ArrayList](#).
- `void sliceAL (ArrayList arr, unsigned int begin, unsigned int end)`
Slice an [ArrayList](#).
- `void printAL (const spec_t spec, const ArrayList arr)`
Print an [ArrayList](#) content.
- `void removeFromAL (ArrayList arr, unsigned int index)`
Remove an element from an [ArrayList](#).
- `void getFromAL (const ArrayList arr, unsigned int index, void *dest)`
Get an element from an [ArrayList](#).
- `void deleteAL (ArrayList arr)`
Delete an [ArrayList](#).
- `byte areALEqual (ArrayList arr1, ArrayList arr2)`
Compare two [ArrayList](#).
- `void reverseAL (ArrayList arr)`
Reverse an [ArrayList](#).
- `ArrayList newALFromCharArray (const char arr[], unsigned int size)`
Create an [ArrayList](#) from an array of chars.
- `ArrayList newALFromByteArray (const char arr[], unsigned int size)`
Alias for [newALFromCharArray\(\)](#). Used to create [ArrayList](#) from byte array. Refer to [newALFromCharArray\(\)](#)
- `void appendCharToAL (ArrayList arr, char element)`
Insert a char at the end of an [ArrayList](#).
- `void insertCharToAL (ArrayList arr, char element, unsigned int index)`
Insert a char at a specified position of an [ArrayList](#).
- `void setALChar (ArrayList arr, char element, unsigned int index)`
Set value of an element of an [ArrayList](#).

5.1.1 Detailed Description

Functions for working with dynArrays.

Author

Pietro Firpo (pietro.firpo@pm.me)

5.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.1.2.1 appendToAL

```
#define appendToAL(  
    arr,  
    element ) _Generic(element, char: appendCharToAL)(arr, element)
```

Append an element to an [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	The ArrayList you want to append an item to
<i>element</i>	The element you want to append to <i>arr</i>

Note

When you want to append something hardcoded that is not an `int` but the compiler treats as an `int` by default (a `byte`, a `char`, an integer `float` or `double`), you must specify a casting to that type. For example, if you want to append the number 42 to an [ArrayList](#) named *arr*, you must use `appendToAL(arr, (byte) 42)`

5.1.2.2 insertToAL

```
#define insertToAL(  
    arr,  
    element,  
    index ) _Generic(element, char: insertCharToAL)(arr, element, index)
```

insert element into [ArrayList](#)

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	The ArrayList you want to insert an element into
<i>element</i>	The element you want to insert into <i>arr</i>
<i>index</i>	The index you want to insert <i>element</i> to

Note

When you want to insert something hardcoded that is not an `int` but the compiler treats as an `int` by default (a `byte`, a `char`, an integer `float` or `double`), you must specify a casting to that type. For example, if you want to insert the number 42 at index 4 into an [ArrayList](#) named *arr*, you must use `insertToAL(arr, (byte) 42, 4)`

5.1.2.3 newALFromArray

```
#define newALFromArray(
    arr,
    size ) _Generic(arr, char*: newALFromCharArray)(arr, size)
```

Create an [ArrayList](#) from a static array.

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	The array you want to create an ArrayList from
<i>size</i>	The size of <code>arr</code>

Returns

An [ArrayList](#) containing all the elements of `arr`void

5.1.2.4 setALElement

```
#define setALElement(
    arr,
    element,
    index ) _Generic(element, char: setALChar)(arr, element, index)
```

Set an element of an [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	The ArrayList you want to change an element
<i>element</i>	The element you want to set an item of <code>arr</code> to
<i>index</i>	The index of the element of the ArrayList you want to set to <code>element</code>

5.1.3 Function Documentation

5.1.3.1 appendCharToAL()

```
void appendCharToAL (
    ArrayList arr,
    char element )
```

Insert a char at the end of an [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	The ArrayList you want to append a char to
<i>element</i>	The char you want to append to <i>arr</i>

5.1.3.2 `areALEqual()`

```
byte areALEqual (
    ArrayList arr1,
    ArrayList arr2 )
```

Compare two [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<i>arr1</i>	The first ArrayList you want to compare
<i>arr2</i>	The second ArrayList you want to compare

Returns

The result of the comparison

Return values

<i>TRUE</i>	<i>arr1</i> and <i>arr2</i> have equal type, equal length and equal contents
<i>FALSE</i>	<i>arr1</i> and <i>arr2</i> do not have equal type, equal length or equal contents

5.1.3.3 `deleteAL()`

```
void deleteAL (
    ArrayList arr )
```

Delete an [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	The ArrayList you want to delete
------------	--

5.1.3.4 `getFromAL()`

```
void getFromAL (
```

```
const ArrayList arr,
unsigned int index,
void * dest )
```

Get an element from an [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	The ArrayList you want to get the item from
<i>index</i>	The index of the element you want to get
<i>dest</i>	The address of the variable you want to store the result in

5.1.3.5 insertCharToAL()

```
void insertCharToAL (
    ArrayList arr,
    char element,
    unsigned int index )
```

Insert a char at a specified position of an [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	The ArrayList you want to insert the char into
<i>element</i>	The char you want to insert into <code>arr</code>
<i>index</i>	The position you want to insert <code>element</code> at

5.1.3.6 mergeAL()

```
void mergeAL (
    ArrayList arr1,
    const ArrayList arr2 )
```

Merge two [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<i>arr1</i>	The first ArrayList to be merged, where the merged ArrayList is saved
<i>arr2</i>	The second ArrayList to be merged

5.1.3.7 newAL()

```
ArrayList newAL ( )
```

Allocate a new [ArrayList](#).

Returns

An empty [ArrayList](#)

5.1.3.8 `newALFromAL()`

```
ArrayList newALFromAL (
    const ArrayList arr )
```

Get a copy of an [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<code>arr</code>	The ArrayList you want to copy
------------------	--

Returns

A copy of `arr`

5.1.3.9 `newALFromByteArray()`

```
ArrayList newALFromByteArray (
    const char arr[],
    unsigned int size )
```

Alias for [newALFromCharArray\(\)](#). Used to create [ArrayList](#) from byte array. Refer to [newALFromCharArray\(\)](#)

5.1.3.10 `newALFromCharArray()`

```
ArrayList newALFromCharArray (
    const char arr[],
    unsigned int size )
```

Create an [ArrayList](#) from an array of chars.

Parameters

<code>arr</code>	The array you want to create the ArrayList from
<code>size</code>	The size of <code>arr</code>

Returns

An [ArrayList](#) of type `char` containing the elements in `arr` in the same order

5.1.3.11 printAL()

```
void printAL (
    const spec\_t spec,
    const ArrayList arr )
```

Print an [ArrayList](#) content.

Parameters

<i>spec</i>	The type and format specifier you want to use to print the single element of the ArrayList
<i>arr</i>	The ArrayList you want to print

5.1.3.12 removeFromAL()

```
void removeFromAL (
    ArrayList arr,
    unsigned int index )
```

Remove an element from an [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	The ArrayList you want to delete an element from
<i>index</i>	The index of the element you want to delete

5.1.3.13 reverseAL()

```
void reverseAL (
    ArrayList arr )
```

Reverse an [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	The array you want to reverse
------------	-------------------------------

5.1.3.14 setALChar()

```
void setALChar (
    ArrayList arr,
    char element,
    unsigned int index )
```

Set value of an element of an [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	The ArrayList you want to edit
<i>element</i>	The element you want to set
<i>index</i>	The index of the element you want to change

5.1.3.15 sliceAL()

```
void sliceAL (
    ArrayList arr,
    unsigned int begin,
    unsigned int end )
```

Slice an [ArrayList](#).

Parameters

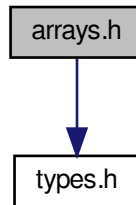
<i>arr</i>	The ArrayList you want to slice, where the sliced ArrayList is saved
<i>begin</i>	The index of the beginning of the slice
<i>end</i>	The index of the end of the slice

5.2 arrays.h File Reference

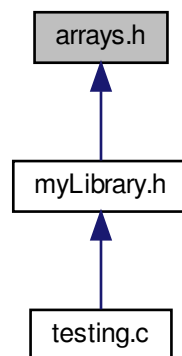
Common tasks with arrays: sorting, searching, printing etc.

```
#include "types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for arrays.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- void [chooseBubbleSort](#) (const [spec_t](#) spec, void *arr, unsigned int size)
Bubble sort for arrays.
- void [chooseQuickSort](#) (const [spec_t](#) spec, void *arr, int size)
Quick sort for arrays.
- int [linearSearch](#) (const [spec_t](#) spec, const void *arr, const void *key, int size)
Linear search for arrays.
- void [printMatrix](#) (const [spec_t](#) spec, const void *matrix, const unsigned int nRows, const unsigned int nColumns)
Print matrix of specified size with specified formatting.
- void [charBubbleSort](#) (char *arr, unsigned int size)
Bubblesort for arrays of chars.
- void [intBubbleSort](#) (int *arr, unsigned int size)

- Bubblesort for arrays of ints.*
- void [floatBubbleSort](#) (float *arr, unsigned int size)
Bubblesort for arrays of floats.
- void [doubleBubbleSort](#) (double *arr, unsigned int size)
Bubblesort for arrays of doubles.
- void [ptrBubbleSort](#) (void **arr, unsigned int size)
Bubblesort for arrays of pointers.
- void [charQuickSort](#) (char *arr, unsigned int size)
Quicksort for arrays of chars.
- void [intQuickSort](#) (int *arr, unsigned int size)
Quicksort for arrays of ints.
- void [floatQuickSort](#) (float *arr, unsigned int size)
Quicksort for arrays of floats.
- void [doubleQuickSort](#) (double *arr, unsigned int size)
Quicksort for arrays of doubles.
- void [ptrQuickSort](#) (void **arr, unsigned int size)
Quicksort for arrays of pointers.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Common tasks with arrays: sorting, searching, printing etc.

Author

Pietro Firpo (pietro.firpo@pm.me)

5.2.2 Function Documentation

5.2.2.1 charBubbleSort()

```
void charBubbleSort (
    char * arr,
    unsigned int size )
```

Bubblesort for arrays of chars.

Equivalent to `chooseBubbleSort ("%c", arr, size)`. Refer to [chooseBubbleSort\(\)](#)

5.2.2.2 charQuickSort()

```
void charQuickSort (
    char * arr,
    unsigned int size )
```

Quicksort for arrays of chars.

Equivalent to `chooseQuickSort ("%c", arr, size)`. Refer to [chooseQuickSort\(\)](#)

5.2.2.3 chooseBubbleSort()

```
void chooseBubbleSort (
    const spec_t spec,
    void * arr,
    unsigned int size )
```

Bubble sort for arrays.

Parameters

<i>spec</i>	Type specifier of the array to be sorted. Refer to spec_t for supported types.
<i>arr</i>	Pointer to the first element of the array to be sorted
<i>size</i>	Number of elements of the array to be sorted

5.2.2.4 chooseQuickSort()

```
void chooseQuickSort (
    const spec\_t spec,
    void * arr,
    int size )
```

Quick sort for arrays.

Parameters

<i>spec</i>	Type specifier of the array to be sorted. Refer to spec_t for supported types
<i>arr</i>	Pointer to the first element of the array to be sorted
<i>size</i>	Number of elements of the array to be sorted

5.2.2.5 doubleBubbleSort()

```
void doubleBubbleSort (
    double * arr,
    unsigned int size )
```

Bubblesort for arrays of doubles.

Equivalent to `chooseBubbleSort("%lf", arr, size)`. Refer to [chooseBubbleSort\(\)](#)

5.2.2.6 doubleQuickSort()

```
void doubleQuickSort (
    double * arr,
    unsigned int size )
```

Quicksort for arrays of doubles.

Equivalent to `chooseQuickSort("%lf", arr, size)`. Refer to [chooseQuickSort\(\)](#)

5.2.2.7 floatBubbleSort()

```
void floatBubbleSort (
    float * arr,
    unsigned int size )
```

Bubblesort for arrays of floats.

Equivalent to `chooseBubbleSort ("%f", arr, size)`. Refer to [chooseBubbleSort\(\)](#)

5.2.2.8 floatQuickSort()

```
void floatQuickSort (
    float * arr,
    unsigned int size )
```

Quicksort for arrays of floats.

Equivalent to `chooseQuickSort ("%f", arr, size)`. Refer to [chooseQuickSort\(\)](#)

5.2.2.9 intBubbleSort()

```
void intBubbleSort (
    int * arr,
    unsigned int size )
```

Bubblesort for arrays of ints.

Equivalent to `chooseBubbleSort ("%i", arr, size)`. Refer to [chooseBubbleSort\(\)](#)

5.2.2.10 intQuickSort()

```
void intQuickSort (
    int * arr,
    unsigned int size )
```

Quicksort for arrays of ints.

Equivalent to `chooseQuickSort ("%i", arr, size)`. Refer to [chooseQuickSort\(\)](#)

5.2.2.11 linearSearch()

```
int linearSearch (
    const spec\_t spec,
    const void * arr,
    const void * key,
    int size )
```

Linear search for arrays.

Parameters

<i>spec</i>	Type specifier of the array to be sorted. Refer to spec_t for supported types
<i>arr</i>	Pointer to the first element of the array to be inspected
<i>key</i>	Pointer to the key
<i>size</i>	Number of elements of the array to be inspected

Returns

The index of the first occurrence of the key in the array or the return code of the function

Return values

<i>KEY_NOT_FOUND</i>	The key was not found
----------------------	-----------------------

5.2.2.12 printMatrix()

```
void printMatrix (
    const spec\_t spec,
    const void * matrix,
    const unsigned int nRows,
    const unsigned int nColumns )
```

Print matrix of specified size with specified formatting.

Parameters

<i>spec</i>	Type and format specifier used to print a cell. The printf() identifier formatting convention is supported. See spec_t for details. Additional supported specifiers: "%hi" (numerical output for char)
-------------	--

Note

The format specifier must end with the letter of the type specifier. For example, "%5.3lf" is supported, "%5.3lf\n" or "%5.3lfTest" is not supported and nothing is printed

Parameters

<i>matrix</i>	Pointer to the first element of the matrix
<i>nRows</i>	Number of rows of the matrix
<i>nColumns</i>	Number of rows of the matrix

5.2.2.13 ptrBubbleSort()

```
void ptrBubbleSort (
```

```
void ** arr,
unsigned int size )
```

Bubblesort for arrays of pointers.

Equivalent to `chooseBubbleSort("%p", arr, size)`. Refer to [chooseBubbleSort\(\)](#)

5.2.2.14 ptrQuickSort()

```
void ptrQuickSort (
    void ** arr,
    unsigned int size )
```

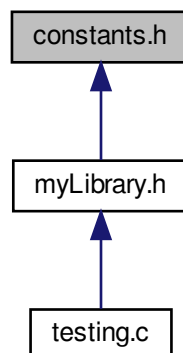
Quicksort for arrays of pointers.

Equivalent to `chooseQuickSort("%p", arr, size)`. Refer to [chooseQuickSort\(\)](#)

5.3 constants.h File Reference

Definition of symbolic constants used by the library.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- `#define GREATER 1`
Returned by typeCmp() functions when first argument is greater than the second.
- `#define EQUAL 0`
Returned by typeCmp() functions when first argument is equal to the second.
- `#define SMALLER -1`
Returned by typeCmp() functions when first argument is smaller than the second.
- `#define TRUE 0xFF`
Bool value definition.
- `#define FALSE 0`
Bool value definition.
- `#define KEY_NOT_FOUND -1`
Returned by search functions of the library when key was not found.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Definition of symbolic constants used by the library.

Author

Pietro Firpo (pietro.firpo@pm.me)

5.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.3.2.1 EQUAL

```
#define EQUAL 0
```

Returned by *typeCmp()* functions when first argument is equal to the second.

5.3.2.2 FALSE

```
#define FALSE 0
```

Bool value definition.

5.3.2.3 GREATER

```
#define GREATER 1
```

Returned by *typeCmp()* functions when first argument is greater than the second.

5.3.2.4 KEY_NOT_FOUND

```
#define KEY_NOT_FOUND -1
```

Returned by search functions of the library when key was not found.

5.3.2.5 SMALLER

```
#define SMALLER -1
```

Returned by *typeCmp()* functions when first argument is smaller than the second.

5.3.2.6 TRUE

```
#define TRUE 0xFF
```

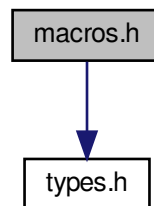
Bool value definition.

5.4 macros.h File Reference

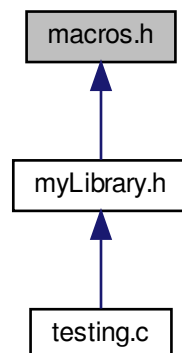
Macros for emulated overloading.

```
#include "types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for macros.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- `#define cmp(a, b) _Generic((a, b), char: charCmp, int: intCmp, float: floatCmp, double: doubleCmp, void *: ptrCmp)(&a, &b)`
Compare two values. Calls the right typeCmp() function.
- `#define bubbleSort(arr, size) _Generic(arr, char *: charBubbleSort, int *: intBubbleSort, float *: floatBubbleSort, double *: doubleBubbleSort, void **: ptrBubbleSort)(arr, size)`
BubbleSort for arrays.
- `#define quickSort(arr, size) _Generic(arr, char *: charQuickSort, int *: intQuickSort, float *: floatQuickSort, double *: doubleQuickSort, void **: ptrQuickSort)(arr, size)`
Quicksort for arrays.

5.4.1 Detailed Description

Macros for emulated overloading.

Author

Pietro Firpo (pietro.firpo@pm.me)

Note

Many of these macros work on C11 or newer compilers only. If they are not supported by your compiler you have to use the function the macro expands to in your case. For example, if you want to bubblesort an array of floats and the macro `bubbleSort()` is not supported by your compiler, you have to call `floatBubbleSort()` or `chooseBubbleSort()`

In some development environments, for example Vscode, calls to these macros can be reported as errors even if they are correct. If you use Vscode you have to set `"C_Cpp.default.cStandard": "c17"` in your `settings.json` file in order to avoid this error reportings

5.4.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.4.2.1 bubbleSort

```
#define bubbleSort(
    arr,
    size ) _Generic(arr, char *: charBubbleSort, int *: intBubbleSort, float *: floatBubbleSort, double *: doubleBubbleSort, void **: ptrBubbleSort)(arr, size)
```

BubbleSort for arrays.

Returns

The return code of the function called

Parameters

<i>arr</i>	Pointer to the array to be sorted
<i>size</i>	Number of elements in the array to be sorted

5.4.2.2 cmp

```
#define cmp(
    a,
    b ) _Generic((a, b), char:  charCmp, int:  intCmp, float:  floatCmp, double↵
:  doubleCmp, void *:  ptrCmp) (&a, &b)
```

Compare two values. Calls the right *typeCmp()* function.

Note

This macro must be called on variables. For example, `cmp(2, 3)` is not supported

Parameters

<i>a</i>	First value to be compared
<i>b</i>	Second value to be compared

Returns

The return code of the function called

Return values

<i>GREATER</i>	First element is grater than the second
<i>EQUAL</i>	First element is equal to the second
<i>SMALLER</i>	First element is smaller than the second

5.4.2.3 quickSort

```
#define quickSort(
    arr,
    size ) _Generic(arr, char *:  charQuickSort, int *:  intQuickSort, float *↵
:floatQuickSort, double *:  doubleQuickSort, void **:  ptrQuickSort)(arr, size)
```

Quicksort for arrays.

Returns

The return code of the function called

Parameters

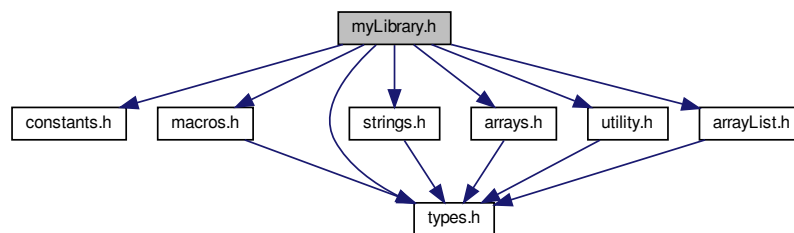
<i>arr</i>	Pointer to the array to be sorted
<i>size</i>	Number of elements in the array to be sorted

5.5 myLibrary.h File Reference

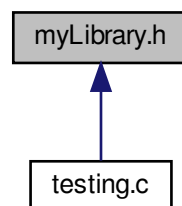
Includes all other headers. Useful for rapid import.

```
#include "constants.h"
#include "macros.h"
#include "types.h"
#include "strings.h"
#include "arrays.h"
#include "utility.h"
#include "arrayList.h"
```

Include dependency graph for myLibrary.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



5.5.1 Detailed Description

Includes all other headers. Useful for rapid import.

Author

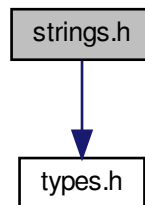
Pietro Firpo (pietro.firpo@pm.me)

5.6 strings.h File Reference

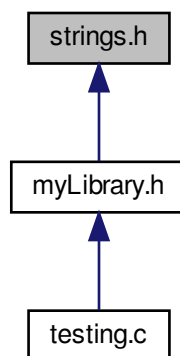
Common tasks with strings.

```
#include "types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for strings.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- `string getString ()`
Reads from terminal a string of arbitrary length.
- `byte endsWith (const string str, const string suffix)`
Check if a string ends with the specified substring.
- `string changeLastCharacter (const string str, char newCharacter)`
Get string with different last character.
- `unsigned int getLength (const string str)`
Get the lenght of a string.
- `string copyOf (const string src)`
Get a copy of the given string.

5.6.1 Detailed Description

Common tasks with strings.

Author

Pietro Firpo (pietro.firpo@pm.me)

5.6.2 Function Documentation

5.6.2.1 `changeLastCharacter()`

```
string changeLastCharacter (
    const string str,
    char newCharacter )
```

Get string with different last character.

Parameters

<i>str</i>	The string you want to change the last character
<i>newCharacter</i>	The character you want to set as last character

Returns

A pointer to a string with the same characters of `str` and `newCharacter` as last character or a null pointer in case of errors

5.6.2.2 `copyOf()`

```
string copyOf (
    const string src )
```

Get a copy of the given string.

Parameters

<i>src</i>	The string to be copied
------------	-------------------------

Returns

A pointer to the copy of the given string or or a null pointer in case of errors

5.6.2.3 endsWith()

```
byte endsWith (
    const string str,
    const string suffix )
```

Check if a string ends with the specified substring.

Parameters

<i>str</i>	The string to be inspected
<i>suffix</i>	The string you want to check if <code>string</code> ends with

Returns

A boolean value

Return values

<i>TRUE</i>	<code>str</code> ends with <code>suffix</code>
<i>FALSE</i>	<code>str</code> does not end with <code>suffix</code>

5.6.2.4 getLength()

```
unsigned int getLength (
    const string str )
```

Get the length of a string.

Parameters

<i>str</i>	The string to be evaluated
------------	----------------------------

Returns

The length of the given string (terminator EXCLUDED) or the return code of the function

5.6.2.5 getString()

```
string getString ( )
```

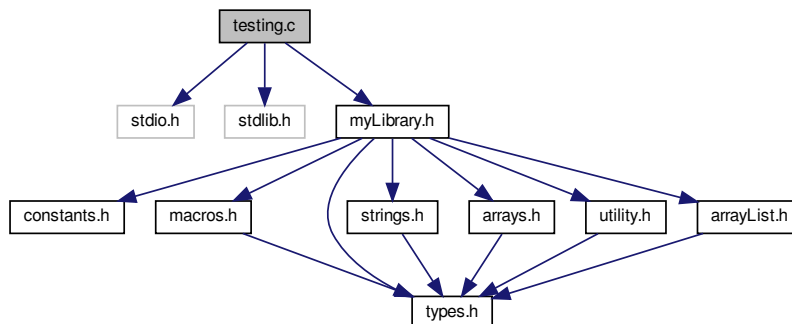
Reads from terminal a string of arbitrary length.

Returns

A char pointer to the first element of the string or a null pointer in case of errors

5.7 testing.c File Reference

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "myLibrary.h"
Include dependency graph for testing.c:
```



Functions

- int `main` ()

5.7.1 Function Documentation

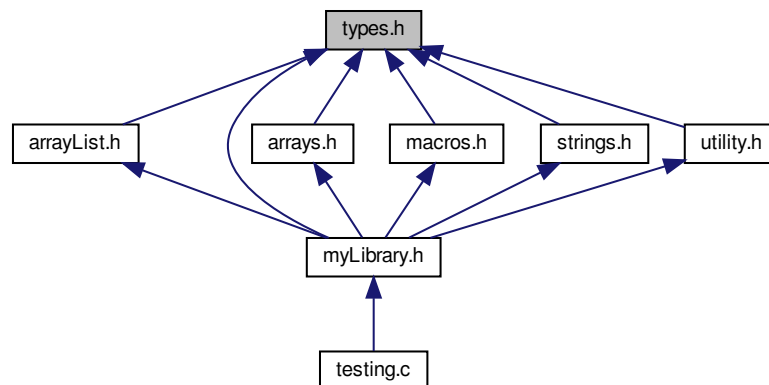
5.7.1.1 `main()`

```
int main ( )
```

5.8 types.h File Reference

Collection of useful types.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- struct [ArrayList](#)

Typedefs

- typedef char [byte](#)
Alias for char, just to avoid confusion with 8 bit numbers and ASCII characters.
- typedef char * [spec_t](#)
Used to specify type of argument passed in functions that require a type specifier.
- typedef char * [string](#)
*Alias for char *, used when an array of char is actually used as a string.*

5.8.1 Detailed Description

Collection of useful types.

Author

Pietro Firpo (pietro.firpo@pm.me)

5.8.2 Typedef Documentation

5.8.2.1 byte

```
typedef char byte
```

Alias for char, just to avoid confusion with 8 bit numbers and ASCII characters.

5.8.2.2 spec_t

```
typedef char* spec_t
```

Used to specify type of argument passed in functions that require a type specifier.

Supported specifiers: "%c" (char), "%i" (int), "%f" (float), "%lf" (double), "%p" (pointer)

Note

Some functions may not support some identifiers or may support additional identifiers. In those cases refer to that function documentation

5.8.2.3 string

```
typedef char* string
```

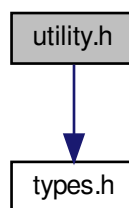
Alias for char *, used when an array of char is actually used as a string.

5.9 utility.h File Reference

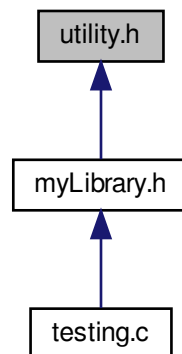
Common tasks such as comparing variables, swap bools, allocate memory.

```
#include "types.h"
```

Include dependency graph for utility.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- void `checkCondition` (`byte` condition, `string` errorString)
- `byte chooseCmp` (const `spec_t` spec, const void *a, const void *b)
Compare two chars.
- `byte charCmp` (const void *a, const void *b)
Compare two chars.
- `byte byteCmp` (const void *a, const void *b)
Compare two bytes.
- `byte intCmp` (const void *a, const void *b)
Compare two ints.
- `byte floatCmp` (const void *a, const void *b)
Compare two floats.
- `byte doubleCmp` (const void *a, const void *b)
Compare two doubles.
- `byte ptrCmp` (const void *a, const void *b)
Compare two pointers.
- void * `getCmp` (const `spec_t` spec)
Choose comparison function based on given identifier.
- void * `saferMalloc` (unsigned int bytes)
Return a pointer to a space in memory of specified size.
- void * `saferRealloc` (void *pointer, unsigned int bytes)
Reallocate a space in memory.

5.9.1 Detailed Description

Common tasks such as comparing variables, swap bools, allocate memory.

Author

Pietro Firpo (pietro.firpo@pm.me)

5.9.2 Function Documentation

5.9.2.1 byteCmp()

```
byte byteCmp (  
    const void * a,  
    const void * b )
```

Compare two bytes.

Equivalent to `charCmp(a, b)`. Refer to [charCmp\(\)](#).

5.9.2.2 charCmp()

```
byte charCmp (  
    const void * a,  
    const void * b )
```

Compare two chars.

Equivalent to `chooseCmp("%c", a, b)`. Refer to [chooseCmp\(\)](#)

5.9.2.3 checkCondition()

```
void checkCondition (  
    byte condition,  
    string errorString )
```

5.9.2.4 chooseCmp()

```
byte chooseCmp (  
    const spec_t spec,  
    const void * a,  
    const void * b )
```

Compare two chars.

Parameters

<i>spec</i>	Type specifier of the values to be sorted. Refer to spec_t for supported types.
<i>a</i>	Pointer to the first element to be compared
<i>b</i>	Pointer to the second element to be compared

Returns

Constant for the corresponding comparison result

Return values

<i>GREATER</i>	First element is greater than the second
<i>EQUAL</i>	First element is equal to the second
<i>SMALLER</i>	First element is smaller than the second

5.9.2.5 doubleCmp()

```
byte doubleCmp (
    const void * a,
    const void * b )
```

Compare two doubles.

Equivalent to `chooseCmp ("%lf", a, b)`. Refer to [chooseCmp\(\)](#)

5.9.2.6 floatCmp()

```
byte floatCmp (
    const void * a,
    const void * b )
```

Compare two floats.

Equivalent to `chooseCmp ("%f", a, b)`. Refer to [chooseCmp\(\)](#)

5.9.2.7 getCmp()

```
void* getCmp (
    const spec_t spec )
```

Choose comparison function based on given identifier.

Parameters

<i>spec</i>	Specifier of the type of the data. Refer to spec_t
-------------	--

Returns

Pointer to the right comparison function, `NULL` if identifier is not recognized or given pointer was null

5.9.2.8 intCmp()

```
byte intCmp (
    const void * a,
    const void * b )
```

Compare two ints.

Equivalent to `chooseCmp ("%i", a, b)`. Refer to [chooseCmp\(\)](#)

5.9.2.9 ptrCmp()

```
byte ptrCmp (
    const void * a,
    const void * b )
```

Compare two pointers.

Equivalent to `chooseCmp ("%p", a, b)`. Refer to [chooseCmp\(\)](#)

5.9.2.10 saferMalloc()

```
void* saferMalloc (
    unsigned int bytes )
```

Return a pointer to a space in memory of specified size.

Calls `malloc(bytes)` for a maximum of 10 times until it returns a not null pointer

Parameters

<i>bytes</i>	Number of bytes to allocate
--------------	-----------------------------

Returns

A pointer to the allocated memory

5.9.2.11 saferRealloc()

```
void* saferRealloc (
    void * pointer,
    unsigned int bytes )
```

Reallocate a space in memory.

Calls `realloc(pointer, bytes)` for a maximum of 10 times until it returns a not null pointer

Parameters

<i>pointer</i>	Pointer to the memory to be reallocated
<i>bytes</i>	Number of bytes to allocate

Returns

A pointer to the allocated memory

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