### In [1]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
from scipy import stats
plt.style.use('seaborn-whitegrid')
```

#### Задача 1

Объясняемая переменная у зависит от двух категориальных факторов А и В, причём фактор А имеет 3 уровня, а фактор В - 4 уровня. Результаты наблюдений приведены в таблице: у = [[2.68, 3.29, 2.88, 4.45], [4.12, 4.96, 5.09, 5.22], [5.52, 4.50, 5.42, 5.29]] С помощью двухфакторного дисперсионного анализа проверьте влияние каждого из факторов на переменную у.

#### In [96]:

```
y = [[2.68, 3.29, 2.88, 4.45],
        [4.12, 4.96, 5.09, 5.22],
        [5.52, 4.50, 5.42, 5.29]]

m = 3
k = 4
n = m*k
```

## In [10]:

```
A1_mean = np.mean(y[0])
A2_mean = np.mean(y[1])
A3_mean = np.mean(y[2])
A_mean = [A1_mean, A2_mean, A3_mean]
A = 0
for n in A_mean:
    A += (n-np.mean(y))**2
SA12 = len(y[0])*A
SA12
```

# Out [10]:

## 7.840716666666654

```
In [20]:
B1 = [y[0][0],y[1][0],y[2][0]]
B2 = [y[0][1],y[1][1],y[2][1]]
B3 = [y[0][2],y[1][2],y[2][2]]
B4 = [y[0][3],y[1][3],y[2][3]]
B1 mean = np.mean(B1)
B2_mean = np_mean(B2)
B3_mean = np_mean(B3)
B4 mean = np.mean(B4)
B_mean = [B1_mean, B2_mean, B3_mean, B4_mean]
B = 0
for n in B mean:
    B += (n-np.mean(y))**2
SB12 = len(B1)*A
SB12
Out [20]:
5.880537499999999
In [88]:
def b mean(n):
    b = B mean[n]
    return b
In [89]:
SW2 = 0
n = 0
for j in range(len(A_mean)):
    g = y[j]
    n = 0
    for h in g:
        a_{mean} = A_{mean}[j]
        SW2 += (h - a_mean - b_mean(n) + np_mean(y))**2
        n +=1
SW2
```

# Out[89]:

1,929883333333333

```
In [90]:
sigmaA2 = SA12/(3-1)
sigmaA2
Out [90]:
3.92035833333333327
In [91]:
sigmaB2 = SB12/(4-1)
sigmaB2
Out [91]:
1.9601791666666664
In [92]:
sigmaW2 = SW2/((3-1)*(4-1))
sigmaW2
Out [92]:
0.3216472222222214
In [93]:
FA = sigmaA2/sigmaW2
FA
Out [93]:
12.188379262995173
In [100]:
alpha = 0.05
kA1 = m - 1
kA2 = n - m
FA_crit = stats.f.ppf(1 - alpha, kA1, kA2)
FA_crit
Out[100]:
4.25649472909375
```

```
In [94]:
FB = sigmaB2/sigmaW2
FΒ
Out [94]:
6.094189631497587
In [99]:
alpha = 0.05
kB1 = k - 1
kB2 = n - k
FB_crit = stats.f.ppf(1 - alpha, k1, k2)
FB_crit
Out [99]:
4.25649472909375
ответ: факторы не влияют
In [ ]:
```