

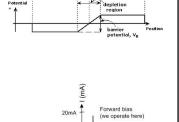
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MECH 10 Fundamentals of Electronics



Diodes

- Ratings
 - Forward voltage drop (V_F) also barrier potential, is the forward conducting junction voltage
 - Silicon 0.7 V
 - Germanium 0.3 V
 - Average forward current the maximum sustainable forward current
 - Peak reverse voltage also breakdown voltage, is the largest sustainable reverse bias voltage



← 1,	_	<u>ا</u> ر	-	→ V (Volts)
Reverse bias (stay away). Note scale change	1uA -	1V -	2V	



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Diodes

- Rectifier diode
 - For AC to DC conversion
 - High forward current
 - Rugged packaging



Type and ordering number	V _{RSM}	V _{RRM}	I _{FAVM}	I _F	3M	V _{F0}	r _F	T _{VJM}	R _{thJC}	R _{thCH}	F _m
** = V _{RSM} /100 V		T∨JM	$T_c = 85^{\circ}C$	8.3 ms T _{VJM}	10 ms Т _{VJM}	T _{VJM}	T∨JM				
	V	V	Α	k	A	٧	mΩ	°C	K/l	(W	kN
5SDD 40B0200	200	200	6130	50.0	45.0	0.80	0.030	170	10	5	22
5SDD 71B0200	200	200	7110	60.0	55.0	0.74	0.026	170	10	5	22

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Diodes

- Switching diode
 - High frequency switching
 - Reverse recovery time time required to switch polarities
 - < 50nS
 - Low current & voltage ratings
 - Applications communications & computers



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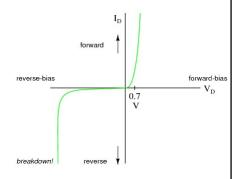
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Diodes

- Zener diode
 - A reverse biased diode that operated at reverse breakdown voltage
 - Designed for specific voltages
 - Voltage regulator
 - Power Rating
 - $P_Z = V_Z \times I_R$
 - Usually in series with load resistor



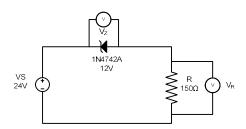




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- Diodes
 - Zener diode
 - Power Rating Circuit Example
 - 1N4742A 12V @ 1 watt



$$I_R = \frac{(V_S - V_Z)}{R}$$

$$I_R = \frac{(24V - 12V)}{150\Omega}$$

$$I_R = ?$$

$$P_Z = V_Z \times I_R$$

$$P_Z = 12V \times I_R$$

$$P_Z = ?$$



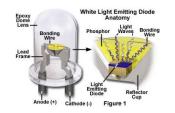
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LED

Diodes

- Light emitting diodes
 - Function
 - Electrons emit photons between conduction & valence band jumps
 - Materials
 - Gallium, arsenic, phosphorous, carbon (colors)
 - Specifications
 - Operate forward biased (1.4 to 2V)
 - 5 to 50mA, series load resistor common





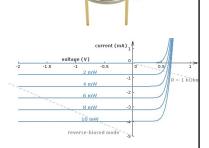
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Photodiode

Diodes

- Photodiodes
 - Senses and responds to light intensity
 - Materials
 - Silicon, germanium, indium
 - Operations
 - Photodiode mode
 - Reverse bias
 - Photovoltaic mode
 - Zero bias





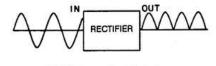
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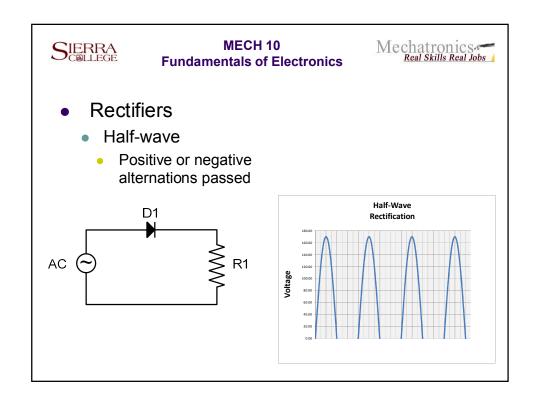


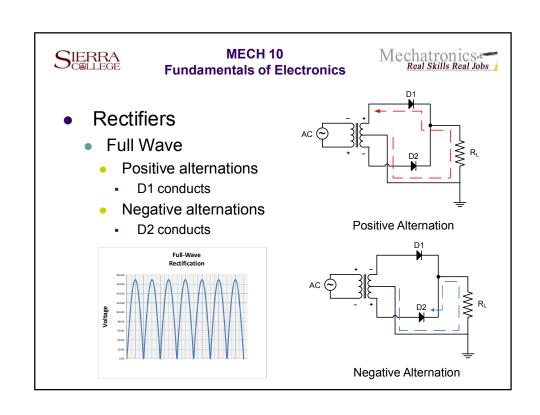
Rectifiers

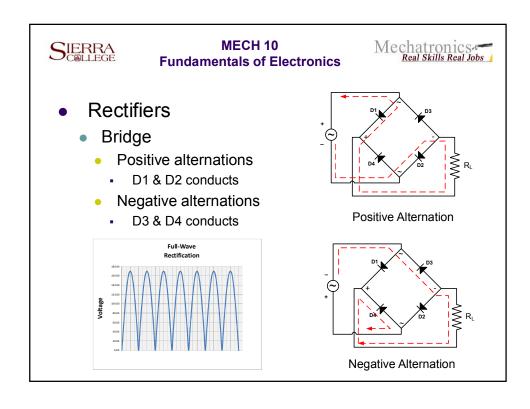
- A diode assembly that converts AC to pulsating DC
 - Types
 - Half-wave
 - Full wave
 - Bridge

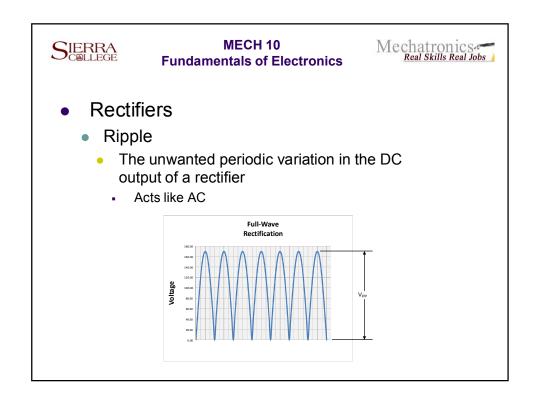














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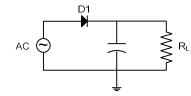
- Rectifiers

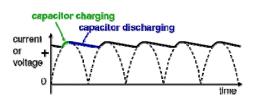
Half-wave

 $V_{PP} = \frac{I}{fC} \qquad V_{PP} = \frac{I}{2fC}$

- Ripple
 - Capacitive filter
 - V_{PP} ripple voltage

Full-wave







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Lab 18 - Rectifiers

Learning Objectives

- · Build and test a half-wave rectifier
- Build and test a full-wave rectifier
- Visualize and analyze rectifier waveforms
- Test a filter capacitor's impact on rectifier waveform

		Points Possible
Documentation	Quality of documentation (neatness, clarity, spelling, grammar), Expected and measured values recorded on schematic diagram	10
Half-wave Rectifier	Diode test results recorded, test point A & B waveforms represented with amplitude & period, frequencies calculated	10
Half-wave Rectifier, Filtered	Rectifier output recorded with DMM & DO- scope, ripple recorded	10
Full-wave Rectifier	Diode test results recorded, test point A & B waveforms represented with amplitude & period, frequencies calculated	10
Full-wave Rectifier, Filtered	Rectifier output recorded with DMM & DO- scope, ripple recorded	10
Conclusions	Questions answered completely & accurately.	20
	Total	70