

education

Department:
Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

MUSC.1

MUSIC P1

NOVEMBER 2009

CEN	CENTRE NUMBER:										
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EXA	EXAMINATION NUMBER:										

MARKS: 120

TIME: 3 hours

This question paper consists of 19 pages and 1 page of manuscript paper.

AFTERNOON SESSION



INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

- 1. This question paper consists of TWO sections, namely SECTION A and SECTION B.
- 2. SECTION A must be answered on this question paper in the spaces provided. SECTION B must be answered in the ANSWER BOOK.
- 3. It is recommended that SECTION A be answered in pencil only.
- 4. The last page of this question paper is manuscript paper intended for rough work. It may be removed by the candidate.



MARKING GRID

SECTION A						
QUESTION	TOTAL MARKS	MARKER	MODERATOR			
1	20					
2	10					
3	10					
4	8					
5	12					
SUBTOTAL	60					
	SECT	ION B				
QUESTION	TOTAL MARKS	MARKER	MODERATOR			
6	8					
7	14					
8	4					
9	4					
10	4					
11	6					
12	5					
13	5					
14	5					
15	5					
SUBTOTAL	60					
GRAND TOTA	L: 120					

SECTION A: THEORY OF MUSIC

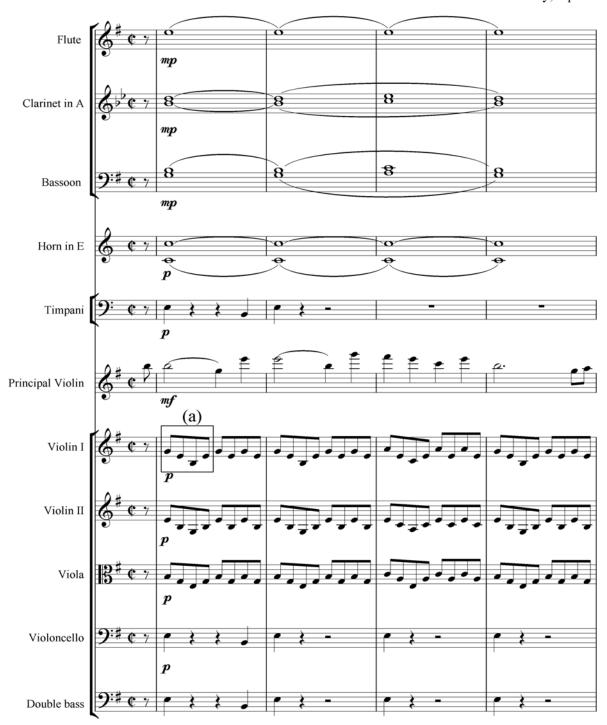
Answer QUESTIONS 1, 2, 3, 4 and either QUESTION 5.1 or QUESTION 5.2.

QUESTION 1

Study the fragment below from the *Violin Concerto* by Felix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy and answer the questions that follow.

Violin Concerto

Felix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, Op. 64







Transpose the first FOL	JR bars of the clarinets at concert (sounding) pitch.
Rewrite the flute part in	bar 7 in compound duple time.
Notate and describe the	
Notate and describe the	ne triads (for example C major or E diminished) forme
Notate and describe the in bar 1(a) and bar 6(b)	ne triads (for example C major or E diminished) forme) of the Violin 1. Use the given clefs.
Notate and describe the in bar 1(a) and bar 6(b)	ne triads (for example C major or E diminished) forme) of the Violin 1. Use the given clefs. Bar 6(b)

- 1.6 Various options are given as possible answers to the following questions. Indicate the correct answer by encircling either **A** or **B**.
 - 1.6.1 The G[#] in bar 5 of the Violin I part is ...

A the leading note of B minor.

B the leading note of A minor. (1)

1.6.2 The notes in the double bass sound an octave ...

A higher.

B lower. (1)

1.6.3 The dominant major key of the main key of the work is ...

A B major.

B B^b major. (1)

1.6.4 The chord symbol for the chord in bar 1⁴ (bar 1, 4th beat) is ...

A Em/B or i6 or ic

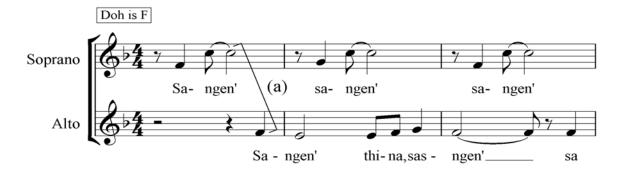
B Em or i⁵₃ or i (1) [20]

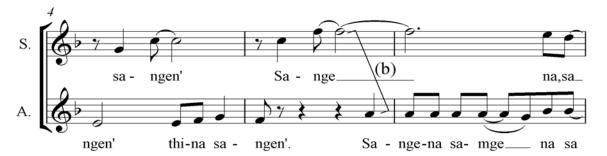
QUESTION 2

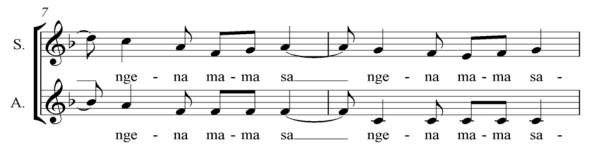
Study the fragment below from *Sangena*, arranged by M Khumalo, and answer the questions that follow.

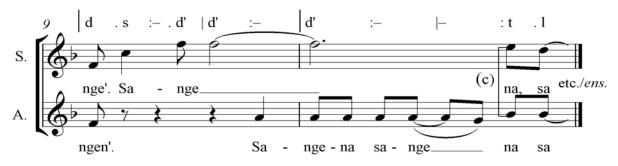
Sangena (We are entering)

Arranged by/Verwerk deur: Prof M Khumalo











2.1	Name the	intervals	marked	(a), ((b)	and ((c)).

(a) _____

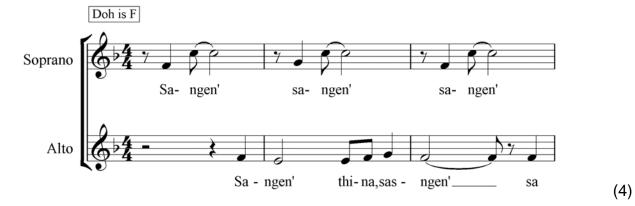
(b) _____

(c) ______(3)

2.2 Write and name the inversion of the interval at (b) in the score.



2.3 Write the solfa notation above the alto part of bars 1 and 2 on the following extract: (See example in the soprano voice part of bars 9 and 10.)



2.4 Name the rhythmical device used in the soprano voice part in bars 1 to 5.

______ (1) **[10]**

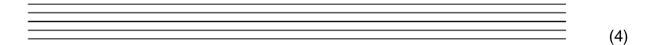
QUESTION 3

Write the following scales according to the instructions given:

3.1 E^b pentatonic scale, descending, with key signature in the given bars below. Start with an upbeat.



3.2 F[#] major, ascending, starting and ending on the mediant note. Write the scale in simple triple time. Use the bass clef. Do NOT use a key signature.



3.3 The French composer Debussy often used a whole-tone scale in his music. Circle the number of notes found in this scale.

3	4	5	6	7

QUESTION 4

Complete ONE of the opening motifs below to complete a twelve-bar melody in ternary form. Add dynamics and articulation marks.

Melody for Violin



OR



NSC

Melody for Cello







10





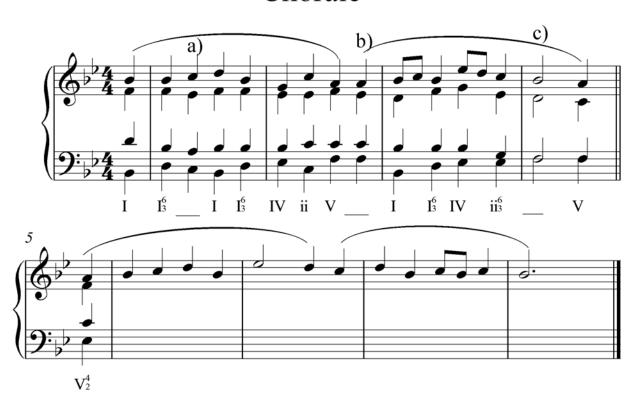
[8]

QUESTION 5

Answer either QUESTION 5.1 OR QUESTION 5.2.

5.1 Study the four-part extract below and answer the questions that follow.

Chorale



5.1.1 Figure the chords at (a), (b) and (c) in the spaces below, for example D:V, D:IV⁶.

Any correct symbols will be accepted.

- (a) _____
- (b) _____
- (c) ______
- 5.1.2 Complete the four-part harmonisation by adding suitable chords. (9) [12]

OR



5.2 Study the piece below and answer the questions that follow.

Blue, Blue, Blue



5.2.1 Name the chord symbols at (a), (c) and (k), for example D min, $A/C^{\#}$, et cetera.

(a) _____

(c) _____

(k) ______

5.2.2 Complete the bass clef part by adding chords of your choice at (b), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i) and (j).
Use applicable rhythmic patterns according to the given style of the

work.

5.2.3 Circle an auxiliary note on the score. Indicate it clearly with **Aux**.

TOTAL SECTION A: 60

(8)

(1) **[12]**

SECTION B: GENERAL MUSICAL KNOWLEDGE

Answer the following questions in the ANSWER BOOK.

QUESTION 6: JAZZ MUSIC

Answer either QUESTION 6.1 or QUESTION 6.2.

- 6.1 Compare beloop and swing with regard to any TWO of the following aspects:
 - (a) Harmony
 - (b) Melody
 - (c) Instrumentation
 - (d) Tempo
 - (e) Rhythm

[8]

OR

6.2 International jazz festivals bring together musicians from around the world. These musicians represent different aspects of jazz history, development and styles.

You have recently attended a jazz festival where you watched concerts by South African jazz musicians, as well as international performances of swing and bebop music.

Write a short essay, discussing the concerts in terms of jazz history, development and styles.

[8]

QUESTION 7: ROMANTIC MUSIC

- 7.1 Describe the fourth movement of Brahms's *Symphony no. 4 in E minor Op.* 98, with regard to structure, form and orchestration. (8)
- 7.2 In addition to Brahms's symphony, you also had to study one of the following works from the Romantic period:

Chopin: Polonaise in A^b major, Op. 53

Schubert: Der Erlkönia

Puccini: La Bohème (as in Kamien edition 8)

Mendelssohn: Violin Concerto in E minor, first movement

Smetana: The Moldau

Write a short essay on how the composition that you have studied demonstrates the characteristics of Romantic music.

(6)

[14]

QUESTION 8: TWENTIETH-CENTURY MUSIC

Briefly describe Impressionism OR Neoclassicism OR Musical Theatre and name ONE composer and work that are representative of the style.

[4]

QUESTION 9: INTERNATIONAL POPULAR MUSIC

List FOUR style characteristics of ONE of the following international artists/groups that you have studied:

Metallica Michael Jackson David Bowie Oasis Spice Girls/Westlife

[4]

QUESTION 10: SOUTH AFRICAN ARTISTS IN POPULAR MUSIC

You have attended a concert by ONE of the following South African contemporary artists:

Mandoza Lucky Dube Steve Hofmeyr

Write a review of this concert, referring to FOUR style characteristics of this artist.

[4]

QUESTION 11: SOUTH AFRICAN TRADITIONAL MUSIC

Answer either QUESTION 11.1 OR QUESTION 11.2 OR QUESTION 11.3.

11.1 Kwaito

11.1.1 Where and when did kwaito originate?

(2)

11.1.2 Name TWO style characteristics of kwaito.

(2)

11.1.3 Name TWO popular kwaito artists.

(2) [**6**]

OR

11.2 Music for social occasions

Write a short essay on South African Traditional Music and how it links with social activities in South African communal life.

[6]

OR



(1)

(1)

(2) [**6**]

[5]

11.3 Moppies and ghomma songs

11.3.1	Where did	moppies a	and ghomma	a songs originate?	
				3 3	

17

NSC

11.3.2 Give the name of a musical that is based on moppies and ghomma songs.

11.3.3 Describe a ghomma drum. (2)

11.3.4 Name the TWO artists mainly responsible for the revival of moppies and ghomma songs.

QUESTION 12: SOUTH AFRICAN COMPOSERS

Answer either QUESTION 12.1 OR QUESTION 12.2 OR QUESTION 12.3.

12.1 Mzilikazi Khumalo

The composer Mzilikazi Khumalo has been invited to your school as a motivational speaker. You have been asked to introduce him to the audience.

How would you describe this famous South African composer in terms of biographical details, his compositions and the style characteristics of his music?

OR

12.2 Niel van der Watt

Your school orchestra and choir will be performing works by Niel van der Watt. Write programme notes on the style of this composer by referring to:

- Rhythm
- Melody
- Harmony
- Structure

OR

12.3 **SJ Khosa**

You have been asked to assist a choir preparing for the South African Schools' Choral Eisteddfod. They will be presenting a choral work of SJ Khoza.

Prepare notes on the life and music of the composer that you will share with the choir in terms of biographical details, his compositions and the style characteristics of his music.

[5]

[5]

QUESTION 13: SOUTH AFRICAN NATIONAL ANTHEM

The National Anthem of the Republic of South Africa consists of a combination of songs from our past. Five individuals have contributed towards the establishment and development of the anthem as we know it today.

Choose a contribution from COLUMN B that matches the name in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A - E) next to the question number (13.1 - 13.5) in the ANSWER BOOK.

	COLUMN A	COLUMN B
13.1	Enoch Sontonga	A wrote the words of <i>Die Stem (The Voice)</i>
13.2	CJ Langenhoven	B set the words of <i>Die Stem</i> to music
13.3	ML de Villiers	
13.4	J Zaidel-Rudolph	C joined these two anthems together into one National Anthem by a connecting phrase and modulation
13.5	Mzilikazi Khumalo	in 1997
		D composed Nkosi Sikelel' iAfrika
		E adapted the English words of the anthem

(5 x 1)

[5]

QUESTION 14: SOUTH AFRICAN CHORAL MUSIC

The following are excerpts from three choral pieces. Choose ONE of the excerpts and answer the questions that follow.



14.1 Name the selected piece and the composer of the choral work.

- (2)
- 14.2 Describe the choral work with reference to mood, text and music.

(3)[5]

QUESTION 15: MUSIC RIGHTS

Your friend, Mickey, is a composer. Someone else has registered one of Mickey's songs. This person is performing Mickey's composition under his own name. His recording has even been broadcast on the radio.

Advise Mickey in an e-mail what he should do now, and what he should have done to prevent this situation.

[5]

TOTAL SECTION B: 60

GRAND TOTAL: 120



