

basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

GRADE 12

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1

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MEMORANDUM

MARKS: 150

SYMBOL	EXPLANATION
M	Method
MA	Method with accuracy
CA	Consistent accuracy
A	Accuracy
С	Conversion
S	Simplification
RT/RG	Reading from a table/Reading from a graph
SF	Correct substitution in a formula
0	Opinion/Example
P	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off etc.
R	Rounding off

This memorandum consists of 14 pages.

QUES	ΓΙΟΝ 1 [33 MARKS]		
Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
1.1.1	$148\% = \frac{148}{100} \checkmark M$	1M concept	12.1.1
	$=\frac{37}{25}$ OR $1\frac{12}{25}$ \checkmark A	1A simplifying	
		(2)	
1.1.2	1,256 cm = 1,256 × 10 mm = 12,56 mm ✓ A	1A conversion (1)	12.3.2
1.1.3	$1\frac{1}{2}(1,26+32,62)-\sqrt{2,25}$		12.1.1
	$ \begin{array}{c} \checkmark A \\ = \frac{3}{2} \times 33,88 - 1,5 \checkmark A \\ = 50.82 - 1.5 \end{array} $	1A simplifying brackets 1A square root	
	$= 50,82 - 1,5$ $= 49,32 \checkmark A$	1A simplifying (3)	
1.1.4	$150 \text{ minutes} = \frac{150}{60} \text{ hours}$	1M dividing	12.1.1
	$=2\frac{1}{2}$ hours \checkmark A	1A simplifying (2)	
1.1.5	$\frac{R12,99}{12} \stackrel{\checkmark}{=} R1,08 \checkmark A$	1M division by 12 1A simplifying (2)	12.1.1
1.1.6	R1 = 1,6915 MXN		12.1.3
	\therefore ZAR 1 220 = 1 220 × 1,6915 MXN \checkmark M	1M multiplication	
	= 2 063, 63 MXN ✓A	1A simplifying (2)	
1.1.7	Growth (in cm) = $\frac{50}{10}$ \checkmark SF	1SF substituting t = 10	12.2.1
	= 5 ✓A	1A simplifying (2)	

Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
1.2.1	$7 - 5 = 2 \checkmark M \checkmark A$	1M subtraction 1A simplifying	12.4.3
1.2.2	Modal age = 11 yrs ✓A	1A simplifying (1)	12.4.3
1.2.3	Mean = $\frac{1+2+3+3+4+10+11+11+11+12+15+16}{12}$	1M finding the mean	12.4.3
	$= \frac{99}{12} \qquad \checkmark A$	1A correct values	
	= 8,25 years ✓A	1A simplifying (3)	
1.2.4	$P(10 \text{ years old}) = \frac{1}{12} \checkmark A$	1A numerator 1A denominator (2)	12.4.5
1.3.1	Cocoa powder: sugar = 1:2		12.1.1
	= 10 : 20 ✓ A	1A proportion	
	She would need 20 spoons of sugar ✓CA	1CA number of spoons (2)	
1.3.2	Mass of milk powder = $\frac{3}{6} \times 900 \text{ g}$	1A proportion 1A total number of parts	12.1.1
	$= \frac{1}{2} \times 900 \text{ g}$ $= 450 \text{ g} \checkmark \text{CA}$	1CA mass of milk powder (3)	
1.4.1	Cost of the call = $R2.90 \times 5$ = $R14.50 \checkmark A$	1M multiplying peak rate 1A cost of call	12.2.3
	OR		
	Cost of the call = $R14,50$ $\checkmark RG$	2RG cost of call (2)	

Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
1.4.2	Cost of the call = R1,90 \times 5 \checkmark M = R9,50 \checkmark A	1M multiply off-peak rate 1A cost of call	12.2.3
	OR		
	Cost of a call = $R9,50$ $\checkmark RG$	2RG cost of call (2)	
1.4.3	Maximum time = $9 \div 2.9$ \checkmark M = 3.1 minutes \checkmark A	1M dividing by rate 1A time	12.2.3
	OR		
	3 minutes ✓✓RG	2RG duration of call (2)	

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Ques	FION 2 [29 MARKS] Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
2.1.1	Administration coordinator Hotel coordinator ✓RT✓RT Data manager Accounts manager	2RT reading from table OR 1RT if only 2 are correct (2)	12.4.4
2.1.2	Total earnings = $4 \times R22\ 000$ = $R88\ 000\ \checkmark A$	1 M finding total earnings 1A total earnings (2)	12.1.3 12.4.4
2.1.3	31 July 2010 ✓A ✓A	1A day 1A month (2)	12.3.1
2.1.4	Accounts manager: Administration coordinator RT = 25 000: 15 000 RT = 5: 3	2 RT reading from table 1A simplified ratio (3)	12.1.1 12.4.4
2.2.1	Radius = 30 cm ✓A	1A radius (1)	12.3.1
2.2.2	Area of the mirror \checkmark SF \checkmark SF $= \frac{1}{2} \times 3,14 \times (60 \div 2)^{2} + (60)^{2}$ \checkmark S \checkmark S $= 1413 \text{ cm}^{2} + 3600 \text{ cm}^{2}$ $= 5013 \text{ cm}^{2} \checkmark \text{CA}$	1SF substituting diameter 1SF substituting side 1S area of semi-circle 1S area of square 1CA area of mirror (5)	12.3.1
2.3.1	∴ US \$250 billion = US \$250 × 1 000 million = US \$250 000 million ✓ A	1C conversion 1A answer in millions (2)	12.1.1

$27\% + 32\% \checkmark M$ = $59\% \checkmark A$ OR $100\% - 41\% \checkmark M$ = $59\% \checkmark A$	1M adding 1A % not from services OR 1M subtracting	12.1.1
100% – 41% ✓ M		
	1M subtracting	
	1A % not from services (2)	
Services = 100% − 15% − 28% ✓ M = 57% ✓ A	1M subtracting 1A % from services	12.4.4 12.1.1
= 37% ∨ A	1A % from services (2)	
Industry = $27\% \times US\$ 250$ billion $\checkmark RG \checkmark M$ = $US\$ 67,5$ billion $\checkmark A$	1M using percentage 1RG reading from graph 1A % from industry	12.4.4 12.1.1
% Difference = 32% – 15% = 17 % A	1M finding the difference 1A simplifying	12.4.4 12.1.1
✓M Agriculture = 15% × US\$ 1 000 000 billion ✓RG = US\$ 150 000 billion ✓A	1M using percentage 1RG reading from graph 1A amount from Agriculture	12.4.4 12.1.1
	Difference = $32\% - 15\%$ = 17% \checkmark A egriculture = $15\% \times US\$ 1 000 000 \text{ billion} \checkmark RG$	Difference = $32\% - 15\%$ = 17% \checkmark A 1M finding the difference 1A simplifying (2) Agriculture = $15\% \times US\$ 1\ 000\ 000\ billion \checkmark RG$ 1M using percentage 1RG reading from graph 1A amount from

OUES	STION 3 [23 MARKS]		
Que	Explanation	Mark Allocation A	S
3.1.1	$A = 450 + 160 \times 0,5 \checkmark M$ $= 450 + 80$ $= R530 \checkmark A$	1M finding the cost 1A cost (2)	12.2.1
3.1.2	✓M $B = 200 + (250 - 100) \times 2$ $= 200 + 150 \times 2$ $= 200 + 300 ✓ S$ $= R500 ✓ CA$	1M subtracting 1S simplification 1A cost (3)	12.2.1
3.2	COST OF HIRING A CAR 800 700	Option X 1A point (0; 450)	12.2.2
	500	1A point (400; 650) 1A correct straight line drawn 1A label	
	Cost (in range) 300	Option Y 1A point (0; 200) 1A point (100; 200)	
	100	1A point (400; 800) 1A points joined correctly 1A label	
	0 100 200 300 Distance (in kilometres)	0 400	
3.3.1	300 km ✓RT ✓RT	2RT reading from graph or table (2)	12.2.1
3.3.2	R600 ✓RT	1RT reading from graph or table (1)	12.2.3

Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
3.4	Time = $\frac{180 \text{ km}}{100 \text{ km/h}} \checkmark \text{SF}$ $= 1.8 \text{ hrs } \checkmark \text{A}$ $= 1 \text{ hr} + 0.8 \times 60 \text{ min}$ $= 1 \text{ hr } 48 \text{ min } \checkmark \text{C}$	1SF substitution in formula 1A number of hours 1C converting to hr and min (3)	12.2.1 12.3.1
3.5	Litres of petrol = $\frac{258,24}{8,07}$ \checkmark SF $= 32 \checkmark$ A	1M finding number of litres 1SF correct substitution	12.1.1
	32	1A simplifying (3)	

Ques	TION 4 [21 MARKS] Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
Ques	/2.5	Wark Anocation	AS
4.1.1	$P = 2 m + 8 m + 1 m + 3 m + 3 m$ $\checkmark A$ $= 17 m$	1M adding the 5 sides 1A calculating 3m 1A simplifying (3)	12.3.1
4.1.2	$A = (11 \text{ m} \times 3 \text{ m}) - (8 \text{ m} \times 1 \text{ m}) \checkmark \text{SF}$ $= 33 \text{ m}^2 - 8 \text{ m}^2$ $= 25 \text{ m}^2 \checkmark \text{CA} \checkmark \text{A}$	1M finding area of patio 1SF substitution 1CA area of patio 1A correct unit	12.3.1
	OR	OR	
	$A = (3 \text{ m} \times 3 \text{ m}) + (8 \text{ m} \times 2 \text{ m})$ $= 9 \text{ m}^2 + 16 \text{ m}^2$ $= 25 \text{ m}^2 \checkmark \text{CA} \checkmark \text{A}$	1M finding area of patio 1SF substitution 1CA area of patio 1A correct unit (4)	
4.2.1 (a)	$A = \frac{60 \text{ hours}}{2}$ = 30 hours \checkmark A	1M dividing 1A number of hours	12.2.3
4.2.1 (b)	$B \times 15 = 60$ $B = \frac{60}{15} \checkmark M$ $= 4 \text{ workers} \checkmark A$	1M dividing 1A simplifying (2)	12.2.3
4.2.2	Indirect/Inverse proportion ✓A	1A type of proportion (1)	12.2.3
4.3.1	$V = 3.14 \times (20 \text{ cm})^2 \times 60 \text{ cm} \checkmark \text{SF}$ = 75 360 cm ³ $\checkmark \text{A} \qquad \checkmark \text{A}$	1SF substitution in formula 1A volume 1A correct unit	12.3.1

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Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
4.3.2	Lateral surface area of the pot		12.3.1
	$= 2 \times 3.14 \times 20 \times 80 \text{ cm}^2 \checkmark \text{SF}$	SF substitution in formula	
	$= 10 048 \text{ cm}^2 \checkmark \text{A}$	1A surface area (2)	
4.4		2M finding the costs	12.1.1
	= R273,00 + R79,96	1S simplification	
	= R352,96 ✓CA	1CA amount paid (4)	

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QUES	QUESTION 5 [25 MARKS]			
Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS	
5.1.1	21 000 ✓RT ✓RT	2RT reading from table (2)	12.4.4	
5.1.2	93 400 + 57 500 +117 100 + 21 000 TRT = 289 000 people A	1 RT reading from table 1 M addition 1A simplifying (3)	12.4.4 12.1.1	
5.1.3	✓RT ✓RT Gauteng and KwaZulu-Natal	2RT reading from table (2)	12.4.4	
5.1.4	\sqrt{RT} \sqrt{M} \sqrt{RT} 117 100 − 56 400 = 60 700 people \sqrt{A}	2RT reading from table 1M subtracting 1A simplifying (4)	12.4.4 12.1.1	
5.2.1	Range = $R7 250 - R4 200$ = $R3 050 \checkmark CA$	1M concept 1CA simplifying (2)	12.4.3	
5.2.2	$Median = R4 650 \checkmark A \checkmark A$	1A arranging data 1A median (2)	12.4.3	
5.2.3	Average(mean) $= $	1 M sum 1A dividing by 10	12.4.3	
	= R6 695,50 ✓CA	1CA mean salary (3)		
5.2.4	$\frac{3}{10} \times 100\% \checkmark M$ $= 30 \% \checkmark CA$	1M salaries greater than maximum in Greytown 1M calculating % 1A simplifying (3)	12.4.4 12.1.1	

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Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
5.3	A = $P(1 + i)^n$ $\checkmark SF$ $\checkmark A$ = $R6\ 350\ (1 + 0.058)^2$ = $R7\ 107.9614$ $\checkmark CA$ $\approx R7\ 107.96$ $\checkmark R$	1A value of <i>i</i> 1SF substitution 1CA amount 1R rounding off to the	12.1.1 12.2.1
		nearest cent (4)	

Ques	TION 6 [19 MARKS] Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
6.1.1	D2 or 2D ✓A	1A solution (1)	12.3.4
6.1.2	Maitland; Peet Avenue; Bastion; Yoxall ✓A ✓A	1A two streets correct 1A all streets correct (2)	12.3.4
6.1.3	From Luke's residence you turn right into St George's Street. At the first intersection, you turn left into President Brand Street. ✓ A Continue with the road until you reach Zastron Street. Turn right into Zastron Street. ✓ A Immediately after crossing Aliwal Street you will find the entrance on your left-hand side. ✓ A OR From Luke's residence, turn left into St George's Street. ✓ A At the intersection, turn right into Markgraaf Street. ✓ A Proceed until you reach Zastron Street. Turn right into Zastron Street. ✓ A Proceed until you cross Aliwal Street and the entrance is on the left hand side. ✓ A OR	1A turning into St George's Street 1A correct turn at first intersection from the residence 1A correct turn into Zastron Street 1A entry into the club OR 1A turning into St George's Street 1A turning into Markgraaf Street 1A turning into Zastron Street 1A entry into the club	12.3.1
	Any other possible route.	(4)	
6.1.4	7 cm on map = $7 \times 20\ 000$ cm in real life = $140\ 000$ cm	1M multiplication	12.3.3 12.3.1
	$= \frac{140\ 000}{100} \text{ m}$ $= 1\ 400 \text{ m} \checkmark \text{A}$	1A converting to m	
	$= \frac{1400}{1000} \text{ km}$ = 1,4 km \checkmark CA	1CA simplifying (3)	
6.2.1	Final Score = $(3 \times 5) + (0 \times 2) + (4 + 1) \times 3$ \checkmark SF \checkmark A = $15 + 0 + 5 \times 3$ \checkmark CA = 30 \checkmark CA	1SF substitution 1A correct values used 1CA simplification 1CA simplifying (4)	12.2.1

Ques	Explanation	Mark Allocation	AS
Ques 6.2.2	RECORD OF POINTS SCORED 30 25 20 20 At home Away	Mark Allocation 5A One for each bar	AS 12.4.2
	Tries Conversions Penalties Drop goals		
	Method of scoring points		
		(5)	

TOTAL: 150