

Topshiriqlar

Variant №1	<p>Quyidagi formulalar bo'yicha kesilgan konusning sirt maydoni va hajmini hisoblang</p> $S = \pi (R + r) l + \pi R^2 + \pi r^2 ;$ $V = (1/3) \pi (R^2 + r^2 + Rr) h .$
	<p>2. a, b va c uch tomoni uchburchakda ma'lum. Formulalar yordamida ushbu uchburchakning burchaklarini (darajalarda) toping:</p> $\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc} ; \sin B = \frac{b \sin A}{a} ; C = 180 - (A + B)$
Variant №2	<p>Formulalar yordamida massa m_1, m_2, m_3 va koordinatalar $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), (x_3, y_3)$ bilan uchta moddiy nuqtalarning tortishish markazi koordinatalarini hisoblang:</p> $x_c = (m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2 + m_3 x_3) / (m_1 + m_2 + m_3);$ $y_c = (m_1 y_1 + m_2 y_2 + m_3 y_3) / (m_1 + m_2 + m_3).$
	<p>2. Uchburchakda a, b ikkala tomon va ularning orasidagi C (daraja) ma'lum. Formulalar yordamida c tomonni va A burchakni (radian bilan) toping:</p> $\sin A = \frac{a \sin C}{c} ; c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C.$
Variant №3	<p>Heron formulasiga binoan a, b, c qirralari bilan uchburchakning maydonini hisoblang: $S = \sqrt{p(p-a)(p-b)(p-c)}$, bu erda $p = (a + b + c) / 2$ formulasi bilan hisoblangan semiperimetr.</p>
	<p>2. Oyoqlari a va b bo'lgan to'g'ri uchburchak gipotenuzaning atrofida aylanadi. Formulalar yordamida olingan gipotenuzani, hajmini va olingan aylanish jismining butun sirtini toping:</p> $V = \frac{\pi}{3} R^2 c = \frac{\pi a^2 b^2}{3c}, \quad S_{\text{no'ni}} = \pi R(a+b), \quad \text{где } R = \frac{ab}{c}.$
Variant №4	<p>1. Doira maydoni berilgan. Ushbu doirani bog'laydigan doiraning uzunligini toping.</p>
	<p>2. Uchburchakda a, b ikkala tomon va ularning orasidagi C (daraja) ma'lum. Formulalar yordamida c tomonni va B burchakni (darajalarda) toping:</p> $\sin B = \frac{b \sin C}{c} ; c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C.$

Вариант №5	<p>Formulalar bo'yicha a, b, c qirralari bilan uchburchakning medianalarini hisoblang:</p> $m_a = 0.5\sqrt{2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2};$ $m_b = 0.5\sqrt{2a^2 + 2c^2 - b^2};$ $m_c = 0.5\sqrt{2b^2 + 2a^2 - c^2};$
	<p>2. Oddiy to'rtburchaklar piramidada poydevorning yon tomoni a, yon qirradi A tekislikda (darajalarda) tayanch tekisligiga moyil bo'ladi. Formuladan foydalanib, piramidaning balandligini, hajmini va piramidaning yuqori qismidan o'tadigan va taglikning diagonalini toping:</p> $V = \frac{1}{3}S_{ocn} \cdot H, \quad S_{cey} = \frac{1}{2}H \cdot d, \quad \text{где } H = \frac{a\sqrt{2}}{2} \operatorname{tg} A, \quad d = a\sqrt{2}.$
Variant№6	1. Aylananing maydonini va kiritilgan radius qiymatining aylanishini hisoblang.
	2. Uchburchakda a, b ikkala tomon va ularning orasidagi C (daraja) ma'lum. Formulalar yordamida c uchburchagi va yon tomonini toping:
Variant№7	<p>1. S va ellipsning perimetri L maydonini a va b yarimakasalarning kiritilgan qiymatlaridan hisoblang:</p> $S := \pi \cdot a \cdot b;$ $L = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(a^2 + b^2)}.$
	<p>2. Uchburchak uning burchaklarining qiymatlari (darajalarda) va R doirasidagi aylana radiusi bilan berilgan. Uchburchakning yon tomonlarini va uning maydonini formulalar yordamida hisoblang:</p> $\frac{a}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{b}{\sin \beta} = \frac{c}{\sin \gamma} = 2R, \quad S_{\Delta} = \frac{a \cdot b \cdot \sin(\gamma)}{2}$
Variant№8	<p>V tovush balandligini va silindrning lateral yuzasining maydonini R asosining radiusi va H tsilindrining balandligidan hisoblang.</p> $V = \pi \cdot R^2 \cdot H;$ $S = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot R \cdot H.$
	<p>2. Oyoqlari a va b bo'lgan to'g'ri uchburchak gipotenuzaning atrofida aylanadi. Formulalar yordamida olingan gipotenuzani, hajmini va olingan aylanish jismining butun sirtini toping:</p> $V = \frac{\pi}{3} R^2 c = \frac{\pi a^2 b^2}{3c}, \quad S_{полн} = \pi R(a+b), \quad \text{где } R = \frac{ab}{c}.$
Variant№ 9	V balandligini va S konusning lateral yuzasining maydonini r asosining radiusi, h balandligi va generatrix l qiymatlaridan hisoblang:

	$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi \cdot r^2 \cdot h ;$ $S = \pi \cdot r \cdot l .$
	<p>2. Oddiy uchburchaklar piramidasida poydevorning yon tomoni va yon burchakning tayanch tekisligiga egilish burchagi A (darajalarda) ma'lum. Formulalar yordamida piramidaning hajmini, asosini va balandligini toping:</p> $V = \frac{1}{3} S_{ocn} \cdot H , \text{ где } S_{ocn} = \frac{a^2 \sqrt{3}}{4} , H = \frac{a \sqrt{3}}{6} \operatorname{tg} A .$
Variant№10	<p>1. V sathini va sferaning S sirtini r radiusining kiritilgan</p> $V = \frac{4}{3} \cdot \pi \cdot r^3 ;$ <p>qiymatiga qarab hisoblang: $S = 4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^2 .$</p>
	<p>Oyoqlari a va b bo'lgan to'g'ri uchburchak gipotenuzaning atrofida aylanadi. Formulalar yordamida olingan gipotenuzani, hajmini va olingan aylanish jismining butun sirtini toping:</p> $V = \frac{\pi}{3} R^2 c = \frac{\pi a^2 b^2}{3 c} , \quad S_{полн} = \pi R(a+b) , \text{ где } R = \frac{ab}{c} .$