Package 'simsem'

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Type Package

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$ \textbf{Author} @ \textbf{R} \ c(person(``Sunthud'', ``Pornprasertmanit'', email = ``psunthud@ku.edu'')) $
Author Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)
Maintainer Sunthud Pornprasertmanit <psunthud@ku.edu></psunthud@ku.edu>
Depends R(>= 2.12), methods, lavaan, MASS
Description This package will generate data for structural equation modeling framework. This package is tailored to use those simulated data for various purposes, such as model fit evaluation.
License GPL (>= 2)
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Description

This package will generate data for structural equation modeling framework. This package is tailored to use those simulated data for various purposes, such as model fit evaluation.

Details

Package: simsem Type: Package Version: 0.0.1

Depends: R(>= 2.12), methods, lavaan, MASS

Date: 2011-09-22 License: GPL (>= 2) LazyLoad: yes

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

Maintainer: Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

adjust.object Change an element in simMatrix, symMatrix, or simVector.

Description

This function will adjust an element in simMatrix, symMatrix, or simVector. The specified element may be set to be free parameter with number or distribution object as starting values. The element can be fixed to be a value (such as 0).

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Usage

```
adjust.object(target, simDist, position, constant.fixed)
```

Arguments

target Target simMatrix, symMatrix, or simVector that you would like to ad-

justed.

simDist The name of distribution object that you would like to specify (put as charac-

ter with single or double quotation) or number that represents fixed values or

starting values.

position The position of element that you would like to adjust, such as "c(1,2)" is the

row 1 and column 2 element of the specified matrix.

constant.fixed

This argument is used when the simDist item was specified as number. If true (as default), the number is treated as fixed parameters. If false, the number is

treated as a starting value and free the parameter.

Value

Return the input simMatrix, symMatrix, or simVector with adjusted element.

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

See Also

simMatrix for random parameter matrix, symMatrix for symmetric random parameter matrix, and simVector for random parameter vector.

```
\#loading <- matrix(0, 6, 2)
#loading[1:3, 1] <- NA
#loading[4:6, 2] <- NA
#LX <- matrix.object(loading, 0.7)</pre>
#summary(LX)
#run(LX)
#u34 <- runif.object(0.3, 0.4)
#LX <- adjust.object(LX, "u34", c(2, 1))
#summary(LX)
#run(LX)
#LX <- adjust.object(LX, 0, c(2,1))
#LX <- adjust.object(LX, 0.5, c(2,2), FALSE)
#summary(LX)
#run(LX)
#factor.mean <- rep(NA, 2)</pre>
#factor.mean.starting <- c(5, 2)</pre>
#AL <- vector.object(factor.mean, factor.mean.starting)
#run(AL)
#summary(AL)
```

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```
#n01 <- rnorm.object(0, 1)
#AL <- adjust.object(AL, "n01", 2)
#run(AL)
#summary(AL)</pre>
```

combine.object

Combine two objects (Internal)

Description

This function is used to combine two objects in the same or similar type together.

Usage

```
combine.object(object1, object2, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object1 The first object
object2 The second object
... Additional options
```

Details

 $\textbf{Candidate objects are} \ \texttt{vector}, \texttt{matrix}, \texttt{simMatrix}, \texttt{simVector}, \texttt{matrixSet}, \textbf{and} \ \texttt{misspecifiedSet}$

Value

The combined objects

Note

Internal Function

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

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constant.vector

Create constant simVector (Internal)

Description

Create a constant simVector

Usage

```
constant.vector(constant, ni)
```

Arguments

constant Number that is used to be the constant

ni Number of items

Value

Return constant simVector

Note

Internal function

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

Examples

```
#constant.vector(0, 4)
```

constrain.matrices Impose equality constraint in an object (Internal)

Description

Impose equality constraint in an object

Usage

```
\verb|constrain.matrices| (object, simConstraint, \ldots) \\
```

Arguments

```
object Desired object that would like to be constrained simConstraint
```

 $\verb|simConstraint| object specifying equality constraints|$

... Other argumetns

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Details

Candidate objects are class blankReducedMatrixSet. This class is used in freeParamSet, labelsSet, and reducedMatrixSet.

Value

The objects with equality constraints imposed

Note

Internal function

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

```
create.implied.MACS
```

Create model implied Means and Covariance Matrix (MACS)

Description

Create model implied means and covariance matrix from a parameter set from any SEM model.

Usage

```
create.implied.MACS(object)
```

Arguments

object $\operatorname{matrixSet}$ (both X and Y sides) or $\operatorname{reducedMatrixSet}$ (Y side only) that

contains model parameters

Details

This function create model implied mean and covariance matrix by formulas.

Value

M Model implied mean

CM Model implied covariance matrix

Note

The equation is ... (TBA).

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

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References

Ansari, A., Jedidi, K., & Jagpal, S. (2000). A hierarchical Bayesian methodology for treating heterogeneity in structural equation models. Marketing Science, 328-347.

Examples

```
#loading <- matrix(0, 6, 2)
#loading[1:3, 1] <- NA
#loading[4:6, 2] <- NA
#loadingValues <- matrix(0, 6, 2)</pre>
#loadingValues[1:3, 1] <- 0.7
#loadingValues[4:6, 2] <- 0.7
#LX <- matrix.object(loading, loadingValues)</pre>
#summary(LX)
#latent.cor <- matrix(NA, 2, 2)</pre>
#diag(latent.cor) <- 1</pre>
#PH <- sym.matrix.object(latent.cor, 0.5)</pre>
#error.cor <- matrix(0, 6, 6)
#diag(error.cor) <- 1</pre>
#TD <- sym.matrix.object(error.cor)</pre>
#CFA.Model <- matrix.CFA.object(LX = LX, PH = PH, TD = TD)
#CFA.Model.Param <- run(CFA.Model)</pre>
#create.implied.MACS(CFA.Model.Param)
```

divide.object

Make a division on each elements of the object (Internal)

Description

Make a division on each elements of the object

Usage

```
divide.object(object, constant, ...)
```

Arguments

Details

Candidate objects are vector, matrix, and matrixSet

Value

The divided objects

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Note

Internal Function

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

find.OpenMx.values Rearrange starting values such that it is appropriate for OpenMx matrix specification (Internal)

Description

Will combine both starting values and fixed value as the values command in OpenMx matrix

Usage

```
find.OpenMx.values(Parameters, Starting.Values)
```

Arguments

```
Parameters Any objects that describe parameters.
Starting.Values
```

Any fixed values object that describe starting values

Value

Return object of constants that describe both starting values and fixed values.

Note

```
(Internal Function) Working for (vector, vector), (matrix, matrix), or (freeParamSet, reducedMatrixSet).
```

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

```
#parameter <- c(NA, NA, 0, 0)
#starting.values <- c(2, 5, 0, 0)
#find.OpenMx.Values(parameter, starting.values)</pre>
```

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is.null.object

Check whether the object is NULL (Internal)

Description

Check whether the object is NULL

Usage

```
is.null.object(target)
```

Arguments

target

Checked target

Value

TRUE if the object is null. FALSE otherwise.

Note

Internal Function

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

loading.from.alpha Find standardized factor loading from coefficient alpha

Description

Find standardized factor loading from coefficient alpha assuming that all items have equal loadings.

Usage

```
loading.from.alpha(alpha, ni)
```

Arguments

alpha A desired coefficient alpha value.

ni A desired number of items.

Value

result The standardized factor loadings that make desired coefficient alpha with speci-

fied number of items.

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

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Examples

```
loading.from.alpha(0.8, 4)
```

make.labels

Make parameter names for OpenMx (Internal)

Description

Make parameter names for each element in a matrix or a vector for OpenMx syntax

Usage

```
make.labels(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object the target objects

... Name of the desired object, the analysis package, and the attribute told whether

the object is symmetric

Value

Return the labels object

Note

Internal Function

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

matrix.object

Create matrix object that save free parameters and starting values, as well as fixed values

Description

Create simMatrix object that save free parameters and starting values, as well as fixed values. This will be used for model specification later, such as for factor loading matrix or regression coefficient matrix.

Usage

```
matrix.object(Matrix, name.dist.object = NULL)
```

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Arguments

Matrix of free parameters. Use NA to specify free parameters. Use number as fixed value (including zero)

```
name.dist.object
```

Starting values. Can be either one element or matrix with the same dimension as free parameter matrix. Each element can be numbers (in either as.numeric or as.character format) or the name of distribution object simDist.

Value

simMatrix object that will be used for model specification later.

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

See Also

See simDist for the resulting object. See sym.matrix.object for creating symmetric matrix object and vector.object for vector object.

Examples

```
loading <- matrix(0, 6, 2)
loading[1:3, 1] <- NA
loading[4:6, 2] <- NA
loadingValues <- matrix(0, 6, 2)
loadingValues[1:3, 1] <- 0.7
loadingValues[4:6, 2] <- 0.7
LX <- matrix.object(loading, loadingValues)
summary(LX)
run(LX)

n65 <- rnorm.object(0.6, 0.05)
LY <- matrix.object(loading, "n65")
summary(LY)
run(LY)</pre>
```

model.object

Create model object from model specification

Description

This function will take model specification from simMatrixSet that contains free parameters, starting values, and fixed values. It will transform the code to a specified SEM package and ready to analyze data.

Usage

```
model.object(object, ...)
```

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Arguments

```
object simMatrixSet or freeParamSet that provides model specification
... Other values that will be explained specifically for each class
```

Value

simModel that will be used for data analysis

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

See Also

Each method link

Examples

```
\#loading <- matrix(0, 6, 2)
#loading[1:3, 1] <- NA
#loading[4:6, 2] <- NA
#loadingValues <- matrix(0, 6, 2)</pre>
#loadingValues[1:3, 1] <- 0.7
#loadingValues[4:6, 2] <- 0.7
#LX <- matrix.object(loading, loadingValues)
#summary(LX)
#latent.cor <- matrix(NA, 2, 2)</pre>
#diag(latent.cor) <- 1</pre>
#PH <- sym.matrix.object(latent.cor, 0.5)</pre>
#error.cor <- matrix(0, 6, 6)
#diag(error.cor) <- 1</pre>
#TD <- sym.matrix.object(error.cor)</pre>
#CFA.Model <- matrix.CFA.object(LX = LX, PH = PH, TD = TD)</pre>
#SimModel <- model.object(CFA.Model)
```

 $\verb|nullMatrix-class| \textit{Class} \verb|"nullMatrix"|$

Description

Null Matrix (Internal)

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("nullMatrix", ...).

Slots

```
.Data: No element in it
```

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Methods

No methods defined with class "nullMatrix" in the signature.

Note

Internal Class

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

```
nullSimMatrix-class
```

Class Null object of simMatrix, symMatrix, and simVector classes (Internal)

Description

Represent null object of simMatrix class

Objects from the Class

Cannot create from user interface.

Slots

Data: Always NaN
Labels: Always NaN

Methods

run Return Null Matrix or Vector

Note

Internal Class

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

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```
nullVector-class Class "nullVector"
```

Description

Null Vector (Internal)

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("nullVector", ...).

Slots

```
.Data: No element in it
```

Extends

```
Class "vector", from data part.
```

Methods

No methods defined with class "nullVector" in the signature.

Note

Internal Class

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

Class "Rnorm"

```
Rnorm-class
```

Description

Object that create a random number from normal distribution.

Objects from the Class

The object should be created by rnorm.object function. Objects can be created by calls of the form new("Rnorm", ...).

Slots

```
Mean: Mean of the distribution
SD: Standard deviation of the distribution
```

Extends

```
Class "simDist", directly.
```

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Methods

```
run signature(object = "Rnorm"): create a random number from the distribution
summary signature(object = "Rnorm"): summarize information in the object
```

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas, psunthud@ku.edu)

Examples

```
showClass("Rnorm")
n2 <- rnorm.object(0, 0.2)
run(n2)
summary(n2)</pre>
```

rnorm.object

Create random normal distribution object

Description

Create random normal distribution object. Random normal distribution object will save mean and standard deviation parameter. This will use in specifying parameters that distributed as normal distribution.

Usage

```
rnorm.object(Mean, SD)
```

Arguments

Mean	Desired	popu	lation	mean
------	---------	------	--------	------

SD Desired population standard deviation

Value

Rnorm Random Normal Distribution object that save the specified parameters

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

```
n02 <- rnorm.object(0, 0.2)
run(n02)</pre>
```

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run

Run a particular object in simsem package.

Description

Run a particular object such as running any distribution objects to create number.

Usage

```
run(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object 'simsem' object
... any additional arguments
```

Value

object depends on particular object

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

Examples

```
n02 <- rnorm.object(0, 0.2)
run(n02)</pre>
```

Runif-class

Class "Runif"

Description

Object that create a random number from uniform distribution.

Objects from the Class

The object should be created by runif.object function. Objects can be created by calls of the form new("Runif", ...).

Slots

```
Lower: Lower bound parameter Upper: Upper bound parameter
```

Extends

```
Class "simDist", directly.
```

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Methods

```
run signature(object = "Runif"): create a random number from the distribution
summary signature(object = "Runif"): summarize information in the object
```

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas, psunthud@ku.edu)

Examples

```
showClass("Runif")
u1 <- runif.object(-0.1, 0.1)
run(u1)
summary(u1)</pre>
```

runif.object

Create random uniform distribution object

Description

Create random uniform distribution object. Random uniform distribution object will save mean and standard deviation parameter. This will use in specifying parameters that distributed as normal distribution.

Usage

```
runif.object(Lower, Upper)
```

Arguments

Lower bound of the distribution

Upper Upper bound of the distribution

Value

Runif Random Uniform Distribution object that save the specified parameters

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

```
u1 <- runif.object(-0.1, 0.1)
run(u1)</pre>
```

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simDist-class

Class "simDist"

Description

All distribution objects

Objects from the Class

A virtual Class: No objects may be created from it.

Methods

No methods defined with class "simDist" in the signature.

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas, psunthud@ku.edu)

Examples

```
showClass("simDist")
```

simMatrix-class

Class "simMatrix" (Random parameters matrix)

Description

This object can be used to represent a matrix in SEM model. It contains free parameters, fixed values, and starting values. This object can be represented factor loading matrix or regreesion coefficient matrix.

Objects from the Class

This object

Slots

Data: indicates which elements of the matrix are free or fixed. "NA" means the element is freely estimated. Numbers (including 0) means the element is fixed to be the indicated number.

Labels: indicates the starting values of each element in the matrix. The starting values could be numbers or the name of

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Methods

```
adjust.object signature(target = "simMatrix"): adjust an element in the "simMatrix"
   object
run signature(object = "simMatrix"): draws starting values from the "labels"
   slot and show as a matrix sample.
```

summary.short signature(object = "simMatrix"): provides a short summary of all
information in the object

summary signature(object = "simMatrix"): provides a thorough description of all
information in the object

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

See Also

later

Examples

```
showClass("simMatrix")
\#loading <- matrix(0, 6, 2)
#loading[1:3, 1] <- NA
#loading[4:6, 2] <- NA
#loadingValues <- matrix(0, 6, 2)</pre>
#loadingValues[1:3, 1] <- 0.7
#loadingValues[4:6, 2] <- 0.7
#LX <- matrix.object(loading, loadingValues)</pre>
#summary(LX)
#run(LX)
#n65 <- rnorm.object(0.6, 0.05)
#LY <- matrix.object(loading, "n65")</pre>
#summary(LY)
#run(LY)
#u34 <- runif.object(0.3, 0.4)
#LY <- adjust.object(LY, "u34", c(2, 1))
#summary(LY)
#run(LY)
#summary.short(LY)
```

```
simVector-class Class "simVector" (Random parameters vector)
```

Description

This object can be used to represent a vector in SEM model. It contains free parameters, fixed values, and starting values. This object can be represented mean, intercept, or variance vectors.

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Objects from the Class

This object is created by vector.object function. Objects can be created by calls of the form new ("simVector", ...).

Slots

Data: Object of class "vector" draws starting values from the "labels" slot and show as a vector sample.

Labels: Object of class "vector" provides a thorough description of all information in the object

Methods

```
adjust.object signature(target = "simVector"): adjust an element in the "simVector"
    object
```

run signature(object = "simVector"): draws starting values from the "labels"
 slot and show as a vector sample.

summary.short signature(object = "simVector"): provides a short summary of all
information in the object

summary signature(object = "simVector"): provides a thorough description of all
information in the object

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

See Also

simMatrix for random parameter matrix and symMatrix for random parameter symmetric matrix.

```
showClass("simVector")

factor.mean <- rep(NA, 2)
factor.mean.starting <- c(5, 2)
AL <- vector.object(factor.mean, factor.mean.starting)
run(AL)
summary(AL)
summary.short(AL)

n01 <- rnorm.object(0, 1)
AL <- adjust.object(AL, "n01", 2)
run(AL)
summary(AL)</pre>
```

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starting.values

Find starting values of free parameters (Internal)

Description

Find starting values of free parameters based on pre-specified starting values. If the pre-specified starting values are numbers, the function will use that values. If they are distribution object, this function will randomly draw from the distribution 10 times and take the average of those values.

Usage

```
starting.values(object, trial, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A specified ${\tt simMatrix}, {\tt simVector}, or {\tt simMatrixSet}$ that wish to find starting values
trial	Number of random drawn to find starting values of distribution objects
	Other arguments

Details

This function can be used for simMatrix, simVector, and simMatrixSet.

Value

```
matrix, vector, or matrixSet of starting values
```

Note

Internal Function

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

```
#u89 <- runif.object(0.8, 0.9)
#loading <- matrix(0, 6, 2)
#loading[1:3, 1] <- NA
#loading[4:6, 2] <- NA
#loadingValues <- matrix(0, 6, 2)
#LX <- matrix.object(loading, "u89")

#latent.cor <- matrix(NA, 2, 2)
#diag(latent.cor) <- 1
#PH <- sym.matrix.object(latent.cor, 0.5)

#error.cor <- matrix(0, 6, 6)
#diag(error.cor) <- 1
#TD <- sym.matrix.object(error.cor)</pre>
```

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```
#CFA.Model <- matrix.CFA.object(LX = LX, PH = PH, TD = TD)
#starting.values(LX, 10)
#result <- starting.values(CFA.Model, 10)
#summary(result)</pre>
```

summary.short

Provide short summary of an object.

Description

Provide short summary if it is available. Otherwise, it is an alias for summary.

Usage

```
summary.short(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object Desired object being described ... any additional arguments
```

Value

NONE. This function will print on screen only.

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

See Also

See help file on each class for details of summary. short function in each class

```
#u89 <- runif.object(0.8, 0.9)
#loading <- matrix(0, 6, 2)
#loading[1:3, 1] <- NA
#loading[4:6, 2] <- NA
#loadingValues <- matrix(0, 6, 2)
#LX <- matrix.object(loading, "u89")
#summary.short(LX)</pre>
```

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```
sym.matrix.object Create symmetric matrix object that save free parameters and starting values, as well as fixed values
```

Description

Create symMatrix object that save free parameters and starting values, as well as fixed values. This will be used for model specification later, such as for factor residual correlation matrix or measurement error correlation matrix.

Usage

```
sym.matrix.object(Matrix, name.dist.object = NULL)
```

Arguments

Matrix

Symmetric matrix of free parameters. Use NA to specify free parameters. Use number as fixed value (including zero). The input matrix need to be symmetric matrix.

```
name.dist.object
```

Starting values. Can be either one element or matrix with the same dimension as free parameter matrix. Each element can be numbers (in either as.numeric or as.character format) or the name of distribution object simDist.

Value

symMatrix object that will be used for model specification later.

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

See Also

See simDist for the resulting object. See matrix.object for creating matrix object and vector.object for vector object.

```
latent.cor <- matrix(NA, 3, 3)
diag(latent.cor) <- 1
PH <- sym.matrix.object(latent.cor, 0.5)

u46 <- runif.object(0.4, 0.6)
factor.cor <- matrix(NA, 4, 4)
diag(factor.cor) <- 1
factor.cor.start <- matrix("u46", 4, 4)
factor.cor.start[1, 2] <- factor.cor.start[2, 1] <- "0.5"
PS <- sym.matrix.object(factor.cor, factor.cor.start)</pre>
```

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```
symMatrix-class Class "symMatrix" (Random parameters symmetric matrix)
```

Description

This object can be used to represent a symmetric matrix in SEM model. It contains free parameters, fixed values, and starting values. This object can be represented factor correlation or error correlation matrix.

Objects from the Class

This object is created by "sym.matrix.object" function. Objects can be also created by calls of the form new ("symMatrix", ...).

Slots

Data: indicates which elements of the matrix are free or fixed. "NA" means the element is freely estimated. Numbers (including 0) means the element is fixed to be the indicated number.

Labels: indicates the starting values of each element in the matrix. The starting values could be numbers or the name of "distribution objects"

Extends

```
Class "simMatrix", directly.
```

Methods

run signature(object = "symMatrix"): draws starting values from the "labels"
 slot and show as a symmetric matrix sample.

summary signature(object = "symMatrix"): provides a thorough description of all
information in the object

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

See Also

simMatrix for random parameter matrix and simVector for random parameter vector.

```
showClass("symMatrix")

latent.cor <- matrix(NA, 3, 3)
diag(latent.cor) <- 1
PH <- sym.matrix.object(latent.cor, 0.5)

u46 <- runif.object(0.4, 0.6)
PH <- adjust.object(PH, "u46", c(3,2))
summary(PH)
summary.short(PH)
run(PH)</pre>
```

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tag.headers

Name each element of specified matrices or vectors (Internal)

Description

This element will add names in each element of a vector or will add row and columns names of a matrix with variable or factor names

Usage

```
tag.headers(object, ...)
```

Arguments

Details

Y means indicators on Y-side. X means indicators on X-side. E means endogenous factors. K means exogenous factors.

Value

Object with tags on it.

Note

Internal Function

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

vector.object Create vector object that save free parameters and starting values, as well as fixed values

Description

Create simVector object that save free parameters and starting values, as well as fixed values. This will be used for model specification later, such as for factor mean vector or measurement error variance vector.

Usage

```
vector.object(Vector, name.dist.object = NULL)
```

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Arguments

Vector of free parameters. Use NA to specify free parameters. Use number as fixed value (including zero).

name.dist.object

Starting values. Can be either one element or vector with the same length as free parameter vector. Each element can be numbers (in either as.numeric or as.character format) or the name of distribution object simDist.

Value

simVector object that will be used for model specification later.

Author(s)

Sunthud Pornprasertmanit (University of Kansas; psunthud@ku.edu)

See Also

See simDist for the resulting object. See matrix.object for creating matrix object and sym.matrix.object for symmetric matrix object.

```
factor.mean <- rep(NA, 4)
AL <- vector.object(factor.mean, 0)

n02 <- rnorm.object(0, 0.2)
factor.start <- rep("n02", 4)
KA <- vector.object(factor.mean, factor.start)</pre>
```

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