# **Problem 1 – Hornet Wings**

The hornets are having a cardio contest. Your task is to calculate a contestant's distance travelled, based upon the wing flaps he made. However some hornet contestants are faster and less durable, while others are slower but have more endurance.

You will be given N – an integer indicating the wing flaps, a contestant has chosen to do.

After that, you will receive  $\mathbf{M}$  – a **floating-point number** indicating the **distance**, in **meters**, the hornet travels for 1000 wing flaps.

Then you will receive **P** – an **integer** indicating the **endurance** of the contestant, or **how many wing flaps** he can make, before he stops to take a break and rest. A hornet rests for 5 seconds.

You can assume that a hornet makes 100 wing flaps per second.

Your task is to calculate how much distance will the hornet travel, after it flaps its wings N times, and how much time it took him, to travel it. The distance is measured in meters and the time – in seconds.

### Input

- On the first input line you will receive N the wing flaps, the hornet has chosen to do.
- On the second input line you will receive M the distance the hornet travels for 1000 wing flaps.
- On the third input line you will receive P the endurance of the hornet.

# Output

- As output you must print the total distance the hornet contestant has travelled, and the amount of time it took him.
- The output must be in the format of two lines:
  - On the first output line you must print the distance: "{metersTraveled} m."
  - On the second output line you must print the time: "{secondsPassed} s.
- The distance must be printed to the second digit after the decimal point.

#### **Constrains**

- The integer N the wing flaps, will be in range [0; 1,000,000,000].
- The floating-point number M the distance for 1000 wing flaps, will be in range [0; 1,000,000].
- The integer **P** the endurance, will be in range [1; N].

## **Examples**

| Input            | Output                  | Comments   |
|------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 2000<br>5<br>200 | 10.00 m.<br>70 s.       | The contestant has chosen to do 2000 wing flaps. He moves 5 meters per 1000 wing flaps. He rests every 200 wing flaps for 5 seconds. The distance is (2000 / 1000) * 5 = 2 * 5 = 10.00 meters. The hornet flaps 100 times for a second, so 2000 / 100 = 20 seconds. But it also rests for 5 seconds every 200 flaps. (2000 / 200) * 5 = 10 * 5 = 50; 20 + 50 = 70 seconds. |
| 1000000<br>10    | 10000.00 m.<br>13330 s. |  |





















1500

















