

AMA Lab 5: Local Poisson Regression

Gerard Gómez, Rudio Fida Cyrille, Cecilia Pérez

2023-11-18

```
library(sm)
```

```
## Warning: package 'sm' was built under R version 4.2.3
```

```
## Package 'sm', version 2.2-5.7: type help(sm) for summary information
```

```
countries<-read.csv2(file="HDI.2017.subset.csv",row.names = 1)
attach(countries)
head(countries)
```

```
##      country_name Life.expec Life.expec.f Life.expec.m le.fm Inf.Mort.rat
## AFG  Afghanistan      64.0       65.4       62.8    2.6       53.2
## ALB    Albania       78.5       80.6       76.5    4.1       12.0
## DZA    Algeria       76.3       77.6       75.1    2.5       21.6
## AGO    Angola        61.8       64.7       59.0    5.7       54.6
## ARG    Argentina     76.7       80.4       73.0    7.4        9.9
## ARM    Armenia       74.8       77.8       71.4    6.4       11.9
##      Agric.employ..
## AFG                62.2
## ALB                40.3
## DZA                12.8
## AGO                50.6
## ARG                 0.5
## ARM                34.4
```

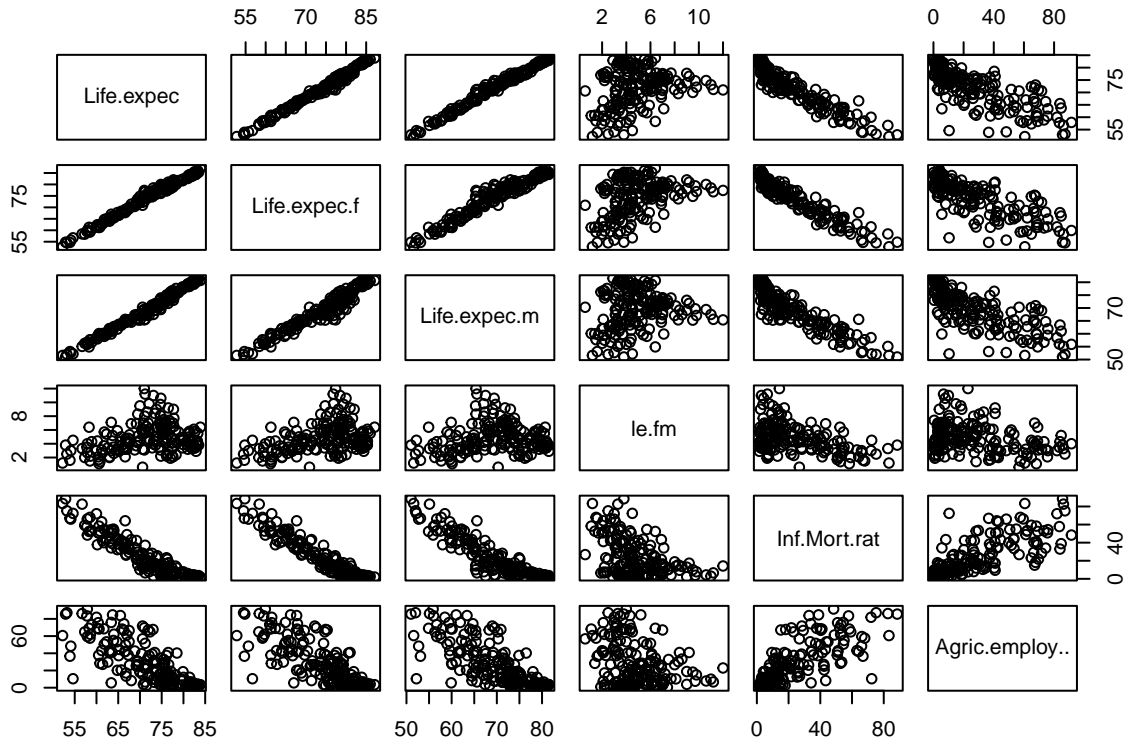
As a quick summary of the data, the mean life expectancy of the countries in this dataset is 71.85 being 73.40 as the median and for female 74.28 higher than the lif.expec of males, 69.45. The mean infant mortality rate is 23.26.

```
summary(countries)
```

```
##  country_name      Life.expec      Life.expec.f      Life.expec.m
## Length:179      Min.   :52.20      Min.   :52.80      Min.   :51.00
## Class :character 1st Qu.:66.55      1st Qu.:68.25      1st Qu.:64.55
## Mode  :character Median :73.40      Median :76.50      Median :70.40
##                Mean   :71.85      Mean   :74.28      Mean   :69.45
##                3rd Qu.:77.30      3rd Qu.:79.85      3rd Qu.:74.90
##                Max.   :83.90      Max.   :87.10      Max.   :81.50
##      le.fm      Inf.Mort.rat      Agric.employ..
```

```
## Min.    : 0.600    Min.    : 1.60    Min.    : 0.10
## 1st Qu.: 3.350    1st Qu.: 6.60    1st Qu.: 6.25
## Median : 4.500    Median :15.10    Median :19.00
## Mean   : 4.821    Mean   :23.26    Mean   :27.57
## 3rd Qu.: 6.050    3rd Qu.:37.40    3rd Qu.:41.95
## Max.   :12.000    Max.   :88.50    Max.   :91.50
```

```
plot(countries[,2:7])
```



```
##1. Bandwidth choice for the local Poisson regression
```

```
loglik.CV.pois <- function(x,y,h){
  n <- length(x)
  pred <- sapply(1:n,
    function(i,x,y,h){
      sm.poisson(x=x[-i],y=y[-i],h=h,eval.points=x[i],display="none")$estimate
    }, x,y,h)
  return(1/n * sum(log(pred)))#I have my doubts for this line(I checked gerards' also but idk why i fee
}

h.cv.sm.pois <- function(x,y,rg.h=NULL,l.h=10,method=loglik.CV.pois){
  cv.h <- numeric(l.h)
  if (is.null(rg.h)){
    hh <- c(h.select(x,y,method="cv"),
      h.select(x,y,method="aicc"))#,hcv(x,y))
  }
}
```

```

    rg.h <- range(hh)*c(1/1.1, 1.5)
  }
  i <- 0
  gr.h <- exp( seq(log(rg.h[1]), log(rg.h[2]), l=1.h))
  for (h in gr.h){
    i <- i+1
    cv.h[i] <- method(x,y,h)
  }
  return(list(h = gr.h,
             cv.h = cv.h,
             h.cv = gr.h[which.min(cv.h)]))
}

```

##2. Local Poisson regression for Country Development Data

```
countries$le.fm.r <- round(countries$le.fm)
```

Here it is stated the code is performing cross-validation for Poisson kernel density estimation on a new dataset. Performs cross validation on the dataset provided with the values le.fm.r.

```
h.CV.pois.lefm <- h.cv.sm.pois(Life.expec, countries$le.fm.r, method = loglik.CV.pois)
```

Finally, the lineplot is plotted of cross-validated log-likelihood against bandwidth for a new dataset. In addition, a red point on the plot is added showing h for the minimum cross-validated log-likelihood.

```

plot(h.CV.pois.lefm$h, h.CV.pois.lefm$cv.h, type = "l",
     xlab = "Bandwidth (h)", ylab = "Cross-validated Log-Likelihood",
     main = "Cross-validated Log-Likelihood vs Bandwidth")
points(h.CV.pois.lefm$h.cv, min(h.CV.pois.lefm$cv.h), col = "red", pch = 16)

```

Cross-validated Log-Likelihood vs Bandwidth

