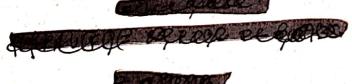
1) 
$$P(H, 1F_{\perp}) = 10$$
  $\frac{5}{23} = \frac{50}{506} = \frac{251}{253}$ 

2) 
$$P(z|Mayos uno La chocolata) = 1 - P(C, N C_z) = 1 - (75 \frac{14}{23} \frac{14}{22}) = 1 - (85 \frac{14}{23} \frac{14}{22}) = 1 - (18 \frac{123}{253}) = 1 - (18 \frac{14}{253}) = 1 - (18 \frac{14$$

3) 
$$P(C, 1C_2) = \frac{8}{23} \cdot \frac{7}{22} = \frac{5C}{506} = \frac{28}{253}$$

4) 
$$P(C_1 \cap F_2) = \frac{8}{23} \cdot \frac{5}{22} = \frac{20}{253}$$





P(PN n F) = P(P/PN). P(PN) = 0,55.0,11

2) P(PN NF) = 0,55.0/11 = 6,05% CM



$$P(PN) = 1 - P(PN)$$
 $- P(PN) = P(PN) - 1$ 
 $P(PN) = 1 - P(PN)$ 
 $P(PN) = 1 - 0.11$ 
 $P(PN) = 0.87$ 





PA105 :

A: al producto seleccionado as una erandela

T: al producto sxlace. as un tornillo

D: al producto n es defectioso

1) 
$$P(T \land D) = P(D/T) \cdot P(T)$$
  
=  $P(D/T) \cdot P(T)$   
=  $P(D/T) \cdot P(T)$ 



$$5) P(7/0) = P(7 n 0) = 0.0172$$

CD: camion disposible => P(CB) = 0,98
4D: Ambulancia disposible => P(AB) = 0,92



2) GATOS 3 LO 10/05 -7 751/. =7 (H/G3C) = 75/.

antos & colores -> 31% =78 (GBC) = 37%

$$P(\overline{G3C}) = 1 - P(G3C)$$
  
= 1 - 0,37  
= 0,63



$$Caga 1: P(R) = \frac{83}{8} = 0,375$$