pacman.py

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Pacman.py holds the logic for the classic pacman game along with the main code to run a game. This file is divided into three sections:

(i) Your interface to the pacman world:

Pacman is a complex environment. You probably don't want to read through all of the code we wrote to make the game runs correctly. This section contains the parts of the code that you will need to understand in order to complete the project. There is also some code in game.py that you should understand.

(ii) The hidden secrets of pacman:

This section contains all of the logic code that the pacman environment uses to decide who can move where, who dies when things collide, etc. You shouldn't need to read this section of code, but you can if you want.

(iii) Framework to start a game:

The final section contains the code for reading the command you use to set up the game, then starting up a new game, along with linking in all the external parts (agent functions, graphics). Check this section out to see all the options available to you.

To play your first game, type 'python pacman.py' from the command line. The keys are 'a', 's', 'd', and 'w' to move (or arrow keys). Have fun!

from game import GameStateData

from game import Game
from game import Directions
from game import Actions
from util import nearestPoint
from util import manhattanDistance
import util, layout
import sys, types, time, random, os

class GameState:

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A GameState specifies the full game state, including the food, capsules, agent configurations and score changes.

GameStates are used by the Game object to capture the actual state of the game and can be used by agents to reason about the game.

Much of the information in a GameState is stored in a GameStateData object. We strongly suggest that you access that data via the accessor methods below rather than referring to the GameStateData object directly.

Note that in classic Pacman, Pacman is always agent 0.

```
# static variable keeps track of which states have had getLegalActions called
    explored = set()
    def getAndResetExplored():
        tmp = GameState.explored.copy()
        GameState.explored = set()
        return tmp
    getAndResetExplored = staticmethod(getAndResetExplored)
    def getLegalActions( self, agentIndex=0 ):
        .....
        Returns the legal actions for the agent specified.
#
         GameState.explored.add(self)
        if self.isWin() or self.isLose(): return []
        if agentIndex == 0: # Pacman is moving
            return PacmanRules.getLegalActions( self )
        else:
            return GhostRules.getLegalActions( self, agentIndex )
    def generateSuccessor( self, agentIndex, action):
        Returns the successor state after the specified agent takes the action.
        111111
        # Check that successors exist
        if self.isWin() or self.isLose(): raise Exception('Can\'t generate a successor of a
terminal state.')
        # Copy current state
```

```
state = GameState(self)
    # Let agent's logic deal with its action's effects on the board
    if agentIndex == 0: # Pacman is moving
        state.data. eaten = [False for i in range(state.getNumAgents())]
        PacmanRules.applyAction( state, action )
    else:
                         # A ghost is moving
        GhostRules.applyAction( state, action, agentIndex )
    # Time passes
    if agentIndex == 0:
        state.data.scoreChange += -TIME PENALTY # Penalty for waiting around
    else:
        GhostRules.decrementTimer( state.data.agentStates[agentIndex] )
    # Resolve multi-agent effects
    GhostRules.checkDeath( state, agentIndex )
    # Book keeping
    state.data. agentMoved = agentIndex
    state.data.score += state.data.scoreChange
    GameState.explored.add(self)
    GameState.explored.add(state)
    return state
def getLegalPacmanActions( self ):
    return self.getLegalActions( 0 )
def generatePacmanSuccessor( self, action ):
```

```
Generates the successor state after the specified pacman move
    111111
    return self.generateSuccessor( 0, action )
def getPacmanState( self ):
    Returns an AgentState object for pacman (in game.py)
    state.pos gives the current position
    state.direction gives the travel vector
    .....
    return self.data.agentStates[0].copy()
def getPacmanPosition( self ):
    return self.data.agentStates[0].getPosition()
def getGhostStates( self ):
    return self.data.agentStates[1:]
def getGhostState( self, agentIndex ):
    if agentIndex == 0 or agentIndex >= self.getNumAgents():
        raise Exception("Invalid index passed to getGhostState")
    return self.data.agentStates[agentIndex]
def getGhostPosition( self, agentIndex ):
    if agentIndex == 0:
        raise Exception("Pacman's index passed to getGhostPosition")
    return self.data.agentStates[agentIndex].getPosition()
def getGhostPositions(self):
```

```
return [s.getPosition() for s in self.getGhostStates()]
def getNumAgents( self ):
    return len( self.data.agentStates )
def getScore( self ):
    return float(self.data.score)
def getCapsules(self):
    111111
    Returns a list of positions (x,y) of the remaining capsules.
    return self.data.capsules
def getNumFood( self ):
    return self.data.food.count()
def getFood(self):
    .....
    Returns a Grid of boolean food indicator variables.
    Grids can be accessed via list notation, so to check
    if there is food at (x,y), just call
    currentFood = state.getFood()
    if currentFood[x][y] == True: ...
    .....
    return self.data.food
def getWalls(self):
```

```
Returns a Grid of boolean wall indicator variables.
   Grids can be accessed via list notation, so to check
   if there is a wall at (x,y), just call
   walls = state.getWalls()
   if walls[x][y] == True: ...
   .....
   return self.data.layout.walls
def hasFood(self, x, y):
   return self.data.food[x][y]
def hasWall(self, x, y):
   return self.data.layout.walls[x][y]
def isLose( self ):
   return self.data._lose
def isWin( self ):
   return self.data. win
#
            Helper methods:
                                      #
# You shouldn't need to call these directly #
def __init__( self, prevState = None ):
   111111
```

111111

```
Generates a new state by copying information from its predecessor.
    .....
    if prevState != None: # Initial state
        self.data = GameStateData(prevState.data)
    else:
        self.data = GameStateData()
def deepCopy( self ):
    state = GameState( self )
    state.data = self.data.deepCopy()
    return state
def eq (self, other):
    111111
    Allows two states to be compared.
    .....
    return hasattr(other, 'data') and self.data == other.data
def hash ( self ):
    111111
    Allows states to be keys of dictionaries.
    111111
    return hash( self.data )
def str (self):
    return str(self.data)
def initialize( self, layout, numGhostAgents=1000 ):
    111111
```

```
self.data.initialize(layout, numGhostAgents)
#
                   THE HIDDEN SECRETS OF PACMAN
#
# You shouldn't need to look through the code in this section of the file. #
SCARED TIME = 40
               # Moves ghosts are scared
COLLISION TOLERANCE = 0.7 # How close ghosts must be to Pacman to kill
TIME PENALTY = 1 # Number of points lost each round
class ClassicGameRules:
   111111
   These game rules manage the control flow of a game, deciding when
   and how the game starts and ends.
   111111
   def init (self, timeout=30):
      self.timeout = timeout
   def newGame( self, layout, pacmanAgent, ghostAgents, display, quiet = False,
catchExceptions=False):
      agents = [pacmanAgent] + ghostAgents[:layout.getNumGhosts()]
      initState = GameState()
      initState.initialize( layout, len(ghostAgents) )
      game = Game(agents, display, self, catchExceptions=catchExceptions)
      game.state = initState
      self.initialState = initState.deepCopy()
```

Creates an initial game state from a layout array (see layout.py).

```
self.quiet = quiet
    return game
def process(self, state, game):
    .....
    Checks to see whether it is time to end the game.
    if state.isWin(): self.win(state, game)
    if state.isLose(): self.lose(state, game)
def win( self, state, game ):
    if not self.quiet: print "Pacman emerges victorious! Score: %d" % state.data.score
    game.gameOver = True
def lose( self, state, game ):
    if not self.quiet: print "Pacman died! Score: %d" % state.data.score
    game.gameOver = True
def getProgress(self, game):
    return float(game.state.getNumFood()) / self.initialState.getNumFood()
def agentCrash(self, game, agentIndex):
    if agentIndex == 0:
        print "Pacman crashed"
    else:
        print "A ghost crashed"
def getMaxTotalTime(self, agentIndex):
    return self.timeout
```

```
def getMaxStartupTime(self, agentIndex):
        return self.timeout
    def getMoveWarningTime(self, agentIndex):
        return self.timeout
    def getMoveTimeout(self, agentIndex):
        return self.timeout
    def getMaxTimeWarnings(self, agentIndex):
        return 0
class PacmanRules:
    111111
    These functions govern how pacman interacts with his environment under
    the classic game rules.
    111111
    PACMAN SPEED=1
    def getLegalActions( state ):
        111111
        Returns a list of possible actions.
        111111
        return Actions.getPossibleActions( state.getPacmanState().configuration,
state.data.layout.walls )
    getLegalActions = staticmethod( getLegalActions )
    def applyAction( state, action ):
        Edits the state to reflect the results of the action.
```

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    legal = PacmanRules.getLegalActions( state )
    if action not in legal:
        raise Exception("Illegal action " + str(action))
    pacmanState = state.data.agentStates[0]
    # Update Configuration
    vector = Actions.directionToVector( action, PacmanRules.PACMAN SPEED )
    pacmanState.configuration = pacmanState.configuration.generateSuccessor( vector )
    # Eat
    next = pacmanState.configuration.getPosition()
    nearest = nearestPoint( next )
    if manhattanDistance( nearest, next ) <= 0.5 :</pre>
        # Remove food
        PacmanRules.consume( nearest, state )
applyAction = staticmethod( applyAction )
def consume( position, state ):
    x,y = position
    # Eat food
    if state.data.food[x][y]:
        state.data.scoreChange += 10
        state.data.food = state.data.food.copy()
        state.data.food[x][y] = False
        state.data. foodEaten = position
        # TODO: cache numFood?
```

numFood = state.getNumFood()

if numFood == 0 and not state.data. lose:

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state.data.scoreChange += 500
                state.data. win = True
        # Eat capsule
        if( position in state.getCapsules() ):
            state.data.capsules.remove( position )
            state.data. capsuleEaten = position
            # Reset all ghosts' scared timers
            for index in range( 1, len( state.data.agentStates ) ):
                state.data.agentStates[index].scaredTimer = SCARED TIME
    consume = staticmethod( consume )
class GhostRules:
    These functions dictate how ghosts interact with their environment.
    111111
    GHOST SPEED=1.0
    def getLegalActions( state, ghostIndex ):
        111111
        Ghosts cannot stop, and cannot turn around unless they
        reach a dead end, but can turn 90 degrees at intersections.
        111111
        conf = state.getGhostState( ghostIndex ).configuration
        possibleActions = Actions.getPossibleActions( conf, state.data.layout.walls )
        reverse = Actions.reverseDirection( conf.direction )
        if Directions.STOP in possibleActions:
            possibleActions.remove( Directions.STOP )
        if reverse in possibleActions and len( possibleActions ) > 1:
            possibleActions.remove( reverse )
        return possibleActions
    getLegalActions = staticmethod( getLegalActions )
```

```
def applyAction( state, action, ghostIndex):
    legal = GhostRules.getLegalActions( state, ghostIndex )
    if action not in legal:
        raise Exception("Illegal ghost action " + str(action))
    ghostState = state.data.agentStates[ghostIndex]
    speed = GhostRules.GHOST SPEED
    if ghostState.scaredTimer > 0: speed /= 2.0
    vector = Actions.directionToVector( action, speed )
    ghostState.configuration = ghostState.configuration.generateSuccessor( vector )
applyAction = staticmethod( applyAction )
def decrementTimer( ghostState):
    timer = ghostState.scaredTimer
    if timer == 1:
        ghostState.configuration.pos = nearestPoint( ghostState.configuration.pos )
    ghostState.scaredTimer = max( 0, timer - 1 )
decrementTimer = staticmethod( decrementTimer )
def checkDeath( state, agentIndex):
    pacmanPosition = state.getPacmanPosition()
    if agentIndex == 0: # Pacman just moved; Anyone can kill him
        for index in range( 1, len( state.data.agentStates ) ):
            ghostState = state.data.agentStates[index]
            ghostPosition = ghostState.configuration.getPosition()
            if GhostRules.canKill( pacmanPosition, ghostPosition ):
                GhostRules.collide( state, ghostState, index )
    else:
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```
ghostState = state.data.agentStates[agentIndex]
           ghostPosition = ghostState.configuration.getPosition()
            if GhostRules.canKill( pacmanPosition, ghostPosition ):
               GhostRules.collide( state, ghostState, agentIndex )
    checkDeath = staticmethod( checkDeath )
    def collide( state, ghostState, agentIndex):
        if ghostState.scaredTimer > 0:
            state.data.scoreChange += 200
           GhostRules.placeGhost(state, ghostState)
           ghostState.scaredTimer = 0
           # Added for first-person
           state.data. eaten[agentIndex] = True
       else:
           if not state.data. win:
                state.data.scoreChange -= 500
               state.data. lose = True
    collide = staticmethod( collide )
    def canKill( pacmanPosition, ghostPosition ):
        return manhattanDistance( ghostPosition, pacmanPosition ) <= COLLISION TOLERANCE
    canKill = staticmethod( canKill )
    def placeGhost(state, ghostState):
        ghostState.configuration = ghostState.start
    placeGhost = staticmethod( placeGhost )
# FRAMEWORK TO START A GAME #
######################################
```

```
def default(str):
    return str + ' [Default: %default]'
def parseAgentArgs(str):
    if str == None: return {}
    pieces = str.split(',')
    opts = \{\}
    for p in pieces:
        if '=' in p:
            key, val = p.split('=')
        else:
            key,val = p, 1
        opts[key] = val
    return opts
def readCommand( argv ):
    111111
    Processes the command used to run pacman from the command line.
    111111
    from optparse import OptionParser
    usageStr = """
    USAGE:
               python pacman.py <options>
    EXAMPLES:
                (1) python pacman.py
                    - starts an interactive game
                (2) python pacman.py --layout smallClassic --zoom 2
                OR python pacman.py -l smallClassic -z 2
                    - starts an interactive game on a smaller board, zoomed in
    111111
    parser = OptionParser(usageStr)
```

```
parser.add option('-n', '--numGames', dest='numGames', type='int',
                      help=default('the number of GAMES to play'), metavar='GAMES', default=1)
    parser.add option('-l', '--layout', dest='layout',
                      help=default('the LAYOUT FILE from which to load the map layout'),
                      metavar='LAYOUT FILE', default='mediumClassic')
    parser.add option('-p', '--pacman', dest='pacman',
                      help=default('the agent TYPE in the pacmanAgents module to use'),
                      metavar='TYPE', default='KeyboardAgent')
    parser.add option('-t', '--textGraphics', action='store true', dest='textGraphics',
                      help='Display output as text only', default=False)
    parser.add option('-q', '--quietTextGraphics', action='store true', dest='quietGraphics',
                      help='Generate minimal output and no graphics', default=False)
    parser.add option('-g', '--ghosts', dest='ghost',
                      help=default('the ghost agent TYPE in the ghostAgents module to use'),
                      metavar = 'TYPE', default='RandomGhost')
    parser.add_option('-k', '--numghosts', type='int', dest='numGhosts',
                      help=default('The maximum number of ghosts to use'), default=4)
    parser.add option('-z', '--zoom', type='float', dest='zoom',
                      help=default('Zoom the size of the graphics window'), default=1.0)
    parser.add option('-f', '--fixRandomSeed', action='store true', dest='fixRandomSeed',
                      help='Fixes the random seed to always play the same game', default=False)
    parser.add option('-r', '--recordActions', action='store true', dest='record',
                      help='Writes game histories to a file (named by the time they were played)',
default=False)
    parser.add option('--replay', dest='gameToReplay',
                      help='A recorded game file (pickle) to replay', default=None)
    parser.add option('-a','--agentArgs',dest='agentArgs',
                      help='Comma separated values sent to agent. e.g. "opt1=val1,opt2,opt3=val3"')
    parser.add option('-x', '--numTraining', dest='numTraining', type='int',
```

```
help=default('How many episodes are training (suppresses output)'),
default=0)
    parser.add option('--frameTime', dest='frameTime', type='float',
                      help=default('Time to delay between frames; <0 means keyboard'), default=0.1)
    parser.add option('-c', '--catchExceptions', action='store true', dest='catchExceptions',
                      help='Turns on exception handling and timeouts during games', default=False)
    parser.add option('--timeout', dest='timeout', type='int',
                      help=default('Maximum length of time an agent can spend computing in a single
game'), default=30)
    options, otherjunk = parser.parse args(argv)
    if len(otherjunk) != 0:
        raise Exception('Command line input not understood: ' + str(otherjunk))
   args = dict()
   # Fix the random seed
    if options.fixRandomSeed: random.seed('cs188')
   # Choose a layout
    args['layout'] = layout.getLayout( options.layout )
    if args['layout'] == None: raise Exception("The layout " + options.layout + " cannot be found")
   # Choose a Pacman agent
    noKeyboard = options.gameToReplay == None and (options.textGraphics or options.guietGraphics)
    pacmanType = loadAgent(options.pacman, noKeyboard)
    agentOpts = parseAgentArgs(options.agentArgs)
    if options.numTraining > 0:
        args['numTraining'] = options.numTraining
        if 'numTraining' not in agentOpts: agentOpts['numTraining'] = options.numTraining
    pacman = pacmanType(**agentOpts) # Instantiate Pacman with agentArgs
```

```
args['pacman'] = pacman
    # Don't display training games
    if 'numTrain' in agentOpts:
        options.numQuiet = int(agentOpts['numTrain'])
        options.numIgnore = int(agentOpts['numTrain'])
    # Choose a ghost agent
    ghostType = loadAgent(options.ghost, noKeyboard)
    args['ghosts'] = [ghostType( i+1 ) for i in range( options.numGhosts )]
    # Choose a display format
    if options.quietGraphics:
        import textDisplay
        args['display'] = textDisplay.NullGraphics()
    elif options.textGraphics:
        import textDisplay
        textDisplay.SLEEP TIME = options.frameTime
        args['display'] = textDisplay.PacmanGraphics()
    else:
        import graphicsDisplay
        args['display'] = graphicsDisplay.PacmanGraphics(options.zoom, frameTime =
options.frameTime)
    args['numGames'] = options.numGames
    args['record'] = options.record
    args['catchExceptions'] = options.catchExceptions
    args['timeout'] = options.timeout
    # Special case: recorded games don't use the runGames method or args structure
    if options.gameToReplay != None:
```

```
print 'Replaying recorded game %s.' % options.gameToReplay
        import cPickle
        f = open(options.gameToReplay)
        try: recorded = cPickle.load(f)
        finally: f.close()
        recorded['display'] = args['display']
        replayGame(**recorded)
        sys.exit(0)
    return args
def loadAgent(pacman, nographics):
    # Looks through all pythonPath Directories for the right module,
    pythonPathStr = os.path.expandvars("$PYTHONPATH")
    if pythonPathStr.find(';') == -1:
        pythonPathDirs = pythonPathStr.split(':')
    else:
        pythonPathDirs = pythonPathStr.split(';')
    pythonPathDirs.append('.')
    for moduleDir in pythonPathDirs:
        if not os.path.isdir(moduleDir): continue
        moduleNames = [f for f in os.listdir(moduleDir) if f.endswith('gents.py')]
        for modulename in moduleNames:
            try:
                module = import (modulename[:-3])
            except ImportError:
                continue
            if pacman in dir(module):
                if nographics and modulename == 'keyboardAgents.py':
```

```
raise Exception('Using the keyboard requires graphics (not text display)')
                return getattr(module, pacman)
    raise Exception('The agent ' + pacman + ' is not specified in any *Agents.py.')
def replayGame( layout, actions, display ):
    import pacmanAgents, ghostAgents
    rules = ClassicGameRules()
    agents = [pacmanAgents.GreedyAgent()] + [ghostAgents.RandomGhost(i+1) for i in
range(layout.getNumGhosts())]
    game = rules.newGame( layout, agents[0], agents[1:], display )
    state = game.state
    display.initialize(state.data)
    for action in actions:
            # Execute the action
        state = state.generateSuccessor( *action )
        # Change the display
        display.update( state.data )
        # Allow for game specific conditions (winning, losing, etc.)
        rules.process(state, game)
    display.finish()
def runGames( layout, pacman, ghosts, display, numGames, record, numTraining = 0,
catchExceptions=False, timeout=30 ):
    import ___main___
    main . dict ['display'] = display
    rules = ClassicGameRules(timeout)
    games = []
```

```
for i in range( numGames ):
       beQuiet = i < numTraining
       if beQuiet:
               # Suppress output and graphics
           import textDisplay
           gameDisplay = textDisplay.NullGraphics()
           rules.quiet = True
       else:
           gameDisplay = display
           rules.quiet = False
       game = rules.newGame( layout, pacman, ghosts, gameDisplay, beQuiet, catchExceptions)
       game.run()
       if not beQuiet: games.append(game)
       if record:
           import time, cPickle
           fname = ('recorded-game-%d' % (i + 1)) + '-'.join([str(t) for t in time.localtime()
[1:6]]
           f = file(fname, 'w')
           components = {'layout': layout, 'actions': game.moveHistory}
           cPickle.dump(components, f)
           f.close()
   if (numGames-numTraining) > 0:
       scores = [game.state.getScore() for game in games]
       wins = [game.state.isWin() for game in games]
       winRate = wins.count(True)/ float(len(wins))
       print 'Average Score:', sum(scores) / float(len(scores))
       print 'Scores: ', ', '.join([str(score) for score in scores])
```

```
print 'Win Rate: %d/%d (%.2f)' % (wins.count(True), len(wins), winRate)
        print 'Record:
                        ', ', '.join([ ['Loss', 'Win'][int(w)] for w in wins])
    return games
if __name__ == '__main__':
   The main function called when pacman.py is run
    from the command line:
   > python pacman.py
   See the usage string for more details.
   > python pacman.py --help
    111111
    args = readCommand( sys.argv[1:] ) # Get game components based on input
    runGames( **args )
   # import cProfile
   # cProfile.run("runGames( **args )")
    pass
```