

### Content

Overview LGBT+ Data Disabled Data Conclusion Resources

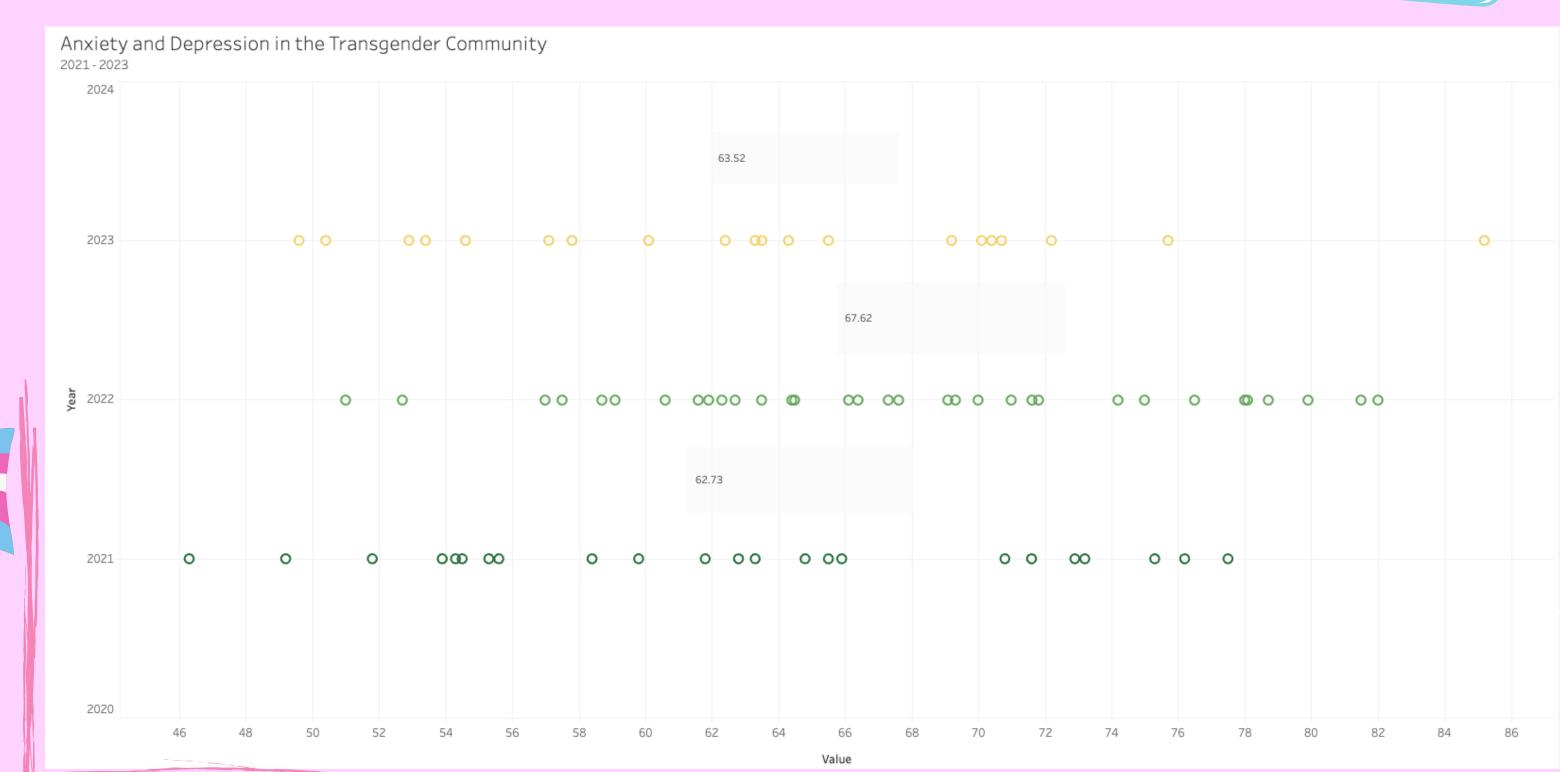
# The difference is in the data

You'll notice an alarming increase of symptoms in the LGBT+ and disabled communities when compared to their peers.

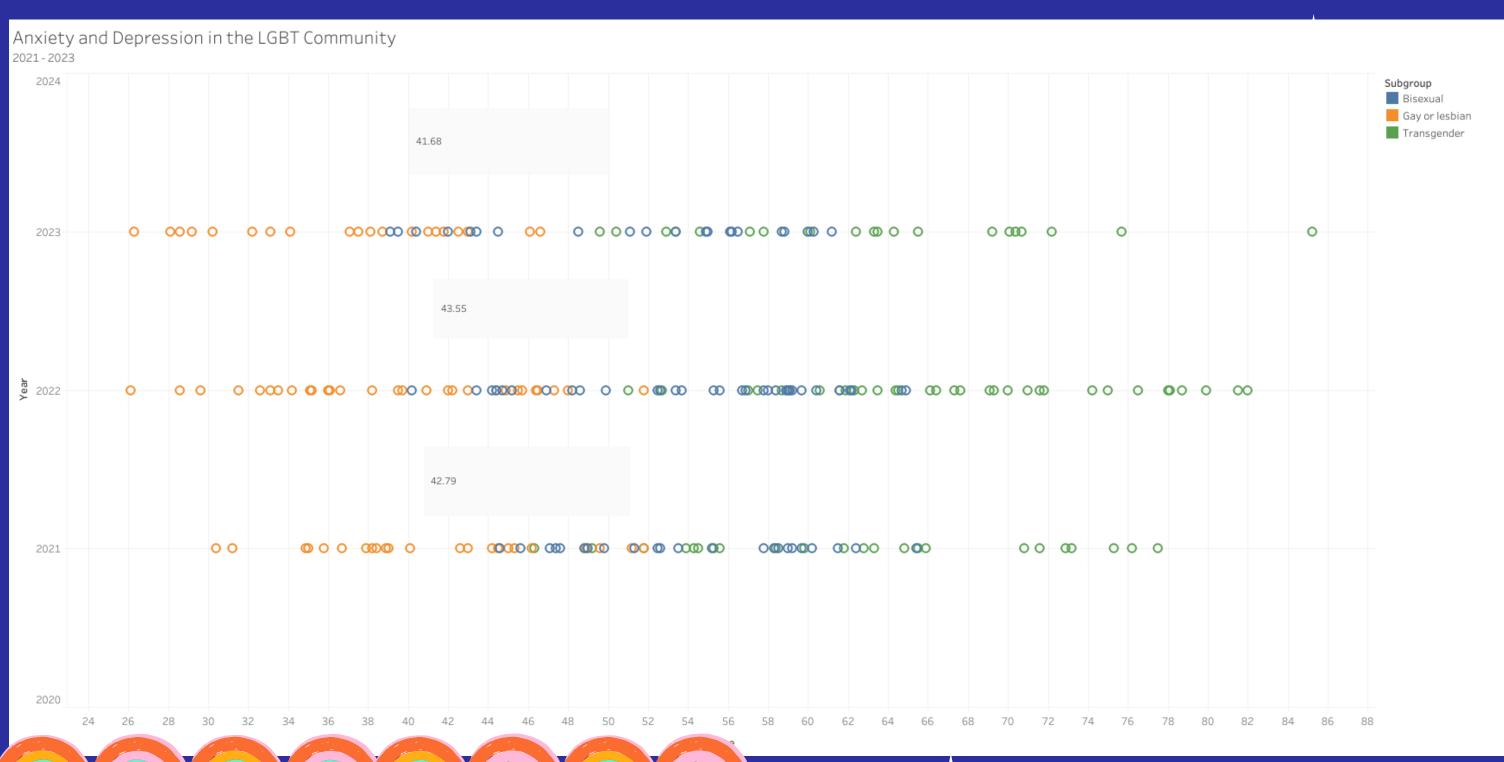
This could be for many reasons not mentioned here - but asking why is the first step to seeking improvement.

# Transgender Data





# Gay, Bi, and Lesbian Data















# Conclusion



• Trans individuals have a 128% higher occurrence of symptoms than Cis peers

• LGBT+ individuals have a 71% higher occurrence of symptoms than Straight peers



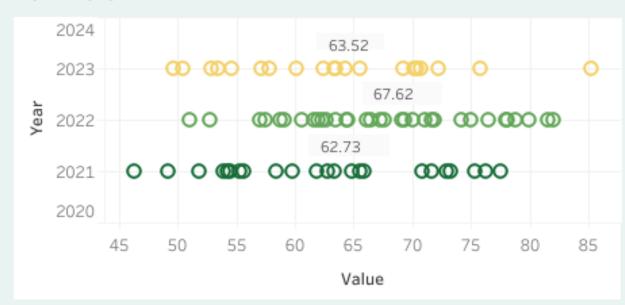
• Disabled individuals have a 149% higher occurrence of symptoms than non-Disabled peers

#### Minorities Affected by Anxiety and Depression

\*2023 is incomplete\*

### Anxiety and Depression in the Transgender Community

2021 - 2023



#### Anxiety and Depression Affected by Disability Status

2021 - 2023



Cis Population Averages:

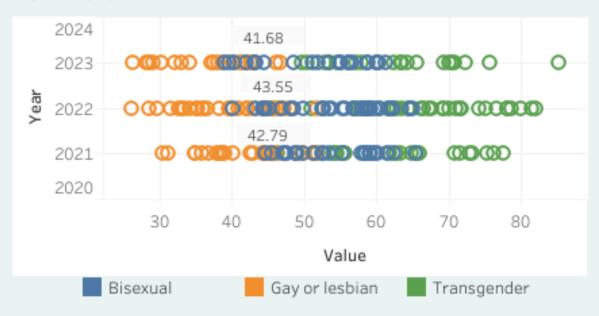
2023 ~ 28.54 2022 ~ 28.24

2021 ~ 28.24 Straight Population Averages:

2023 ~ 24.89 2022 ~ 25.67 2021 ~ 24.44

#### Anxiety and Depression in the LGBT Community

2021 - 2023



Resource: U.S. Department of Health & Human Services - Household Pulse Survey



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This data was collected beginning in **2020**, but did not include LGBT+ or disabled demographics until **2021**