Alan Turing

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EDUCATION

PhD in Mathematics

Princeton, Princeton, United States

AM in Mathematics

King's College, Cambridge, Cambridge, England

AB in Mathematics

King's College, Cambridge University, Cambridge, England

WORK EXPERIENCE

Deputy Director of the Computing Machine Laboratory

University of Manchester, Manchester, UK

1948 - 1951

- Designed a group of machines to speed up the decryption process.
- Developed a chess program and a baby computer called the Manchester Mark I.
- Proved that every computer program can be represented by a combination of a few simple instructions.

Head of the Computing Division

1945 - 1948

National Physical Laboratory, London, UK

- Built the world's first electronic computer, the Colossus.
- Estimated to have shorted World War II by two years.
- Proposed the Universal Turing Machine, which revolutionized computational science.

Cryptanalyst

1940 - 1945

Government Code and Cypher School, Bletchley Park, UK

- Led a team in developing a method to crack the German Enigma machine, saving over 14 million lives.
- Received the Officer of the Order of the British Empire for contributions to wartime intelligence.
- Developed techniques that would lay the foundation for modern computer science and artificial intelligence.

SKILLS

Problem

Cryptanalysis, Artificial intelligence Solving:

PROJECTS

Cracking the Enigma Machine cryptanalysis, code breaking, War effort

Worked with the Government Code and Cypher School to aid Britain's efforts in cracking intercepted messages from the Nazi Party. Estimated to have shortened the war and saved over 14 million human lives.

Turing Test artificial intelligence, machine learning

Created an imitation game to test a machine's ability to exhibit intelligent behavior. Widely influenced the concept of artificial intelligence philosophy.

First Chess Computer Program chess, computer program, Ferranti Mark 1

Co-wrote a computer program for the Ferranti Mark 1 with DG Cahmpernowne.

AWARDS

Fellow of the Royal Society 1951-03-21

For his contributions to mathematical logic and theoretical computer science

Order of the British Empire 1946-06-04

For his services in the development of the Automatic Computing Engine

Honorary Doctor of Science 1948-06-22

In recognition of his work on the Electronic Computer Pilot ACE

The Royal Society

King George VI

The University of Manchester