PSP0201 Week 3 Writeup

Group Name: UrKomputerHasPirus

Members:

ID	Name	Role
1211102272	Tee Cheng Jun	Leader
1211101114	Chong Yi Jing	Member
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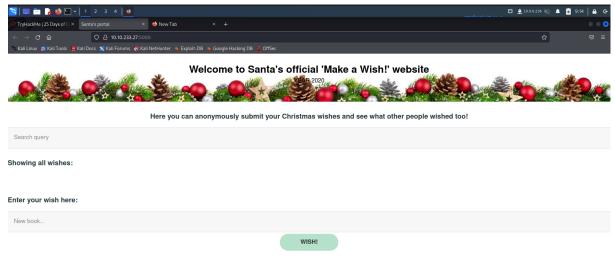
Day 6: Web Exploitation - Be careful with what you wish on a Christmas night

Tools Used: Kali Linux, OWASP

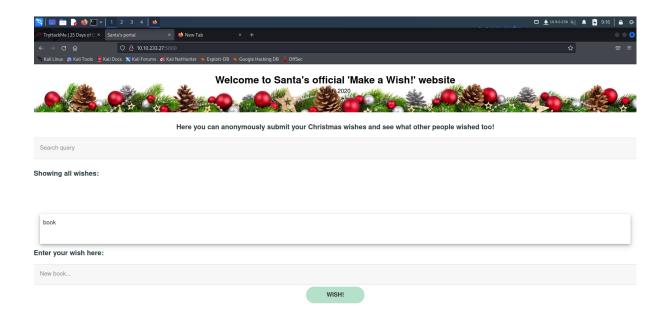
Solution/ Walkthrough

Question 1-3

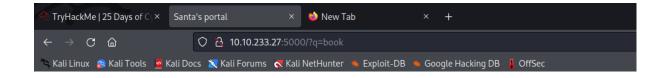
Go to the machine ip provided with port 5000



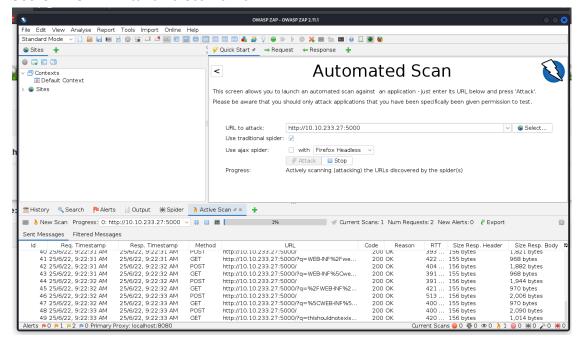
Stored Cross-site Scripting could be used to exploit this application



"q" as the query string

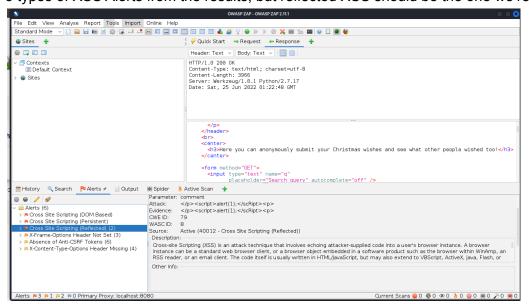


Use OWASP ZAP to run a scan on it



Question 5

3 types of XSS Alerts from the results, but reflected XSS should be the one we're looking for



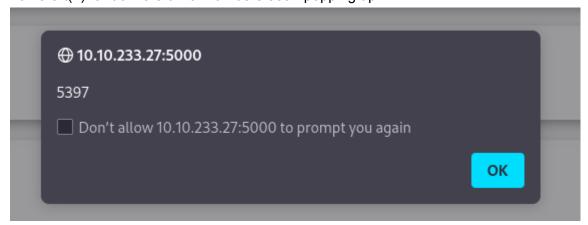
Question 6

Found weird script

```
Header: Text V Body: Text V 📃 🔲
            HTTP/1.0 200 OK
            Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
            Content-Length: 3966
            Server: Werkzeug/1.0.1 Python/2.7.17
            Date: Sat, 25 Jun 2022 01:22:48 GMT
                    "><!--#EXEC cmd="dir \"--><</p>
                  </div>
                    0W45pz4p
                   </div>
                   <div>
                    <scrIpt>alert(1);</scRipt>
                   </div>
                <h3>Enter your wish here:</h3>
                <form action="/" method="POST">
                  <input type="text" name="comment"
    placeholder="New book..." autocomplete="off" />
                  <input type="submit" value="Wish!" />
                </form>
               </body>
             </html>
🐇 Spider 🔒 Active Scan
Parameter: comment
Attack: <script>alert(1);</scRipt>
```

Question 7

Run alert(1) random alert with numbers 5397 popping up



WEB-INF/web.xml
WEB-INF\web.xml
/WEB-INF/web.xml
\WEB-INF\web.xml
thishouldnotexistandhopefullyitwillnot
http://www.google.com/
http://www.google.com:80/

Thought Process/ Methodology:

We go to the machine ip provided with port 5000, it seems like this app stores data on the website, meaning Stored Cross-site Scripting could be used to exploit this application. This app seems like this app stores data on the website, meaning Stored Cross-site Scripting could be used to exploit this application. We found out "q" is used as the query string, which can be abused to craft a reflected XSS. Using OWASP ZAP to run a scan on it, There seems to be 3 types of XSS Alerts from the results, but reflected XSS should be the one we're looking for. There is a javascript that looks suspicious, we ran iit in the "Enter your wish" slot and It seems like it broke the website, random strings and code and exposed and omitted, with a random alert with numbers 5397 popping up.

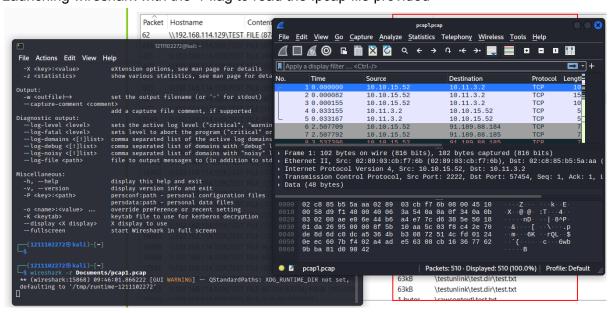
Day 7: Networking - The Grinch really did Steal Christmas

Tools Used: Kali Linux, WireShark

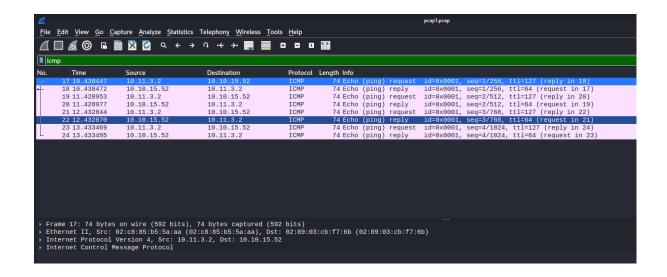
Solution/ Walkthrough

Question 1

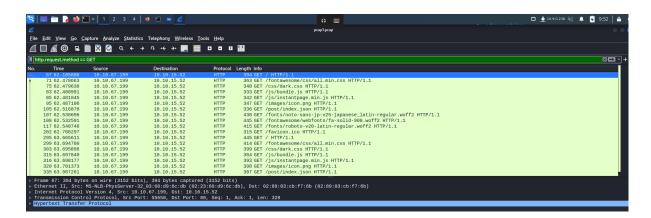
Launching wireshark with the -r flag to read the .pcap file provided



Applying the ICMP display filter, the address which initiated it is 10.11.3.2 as seen from the "source" tab

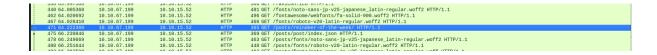


the filter "HTTP.REQUEST.METHOD == GET" is used.



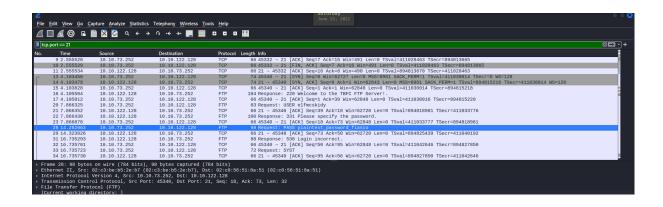
Question 3

IP Address "10.10.67.199" visited an article called "reindeer-of-the-week"

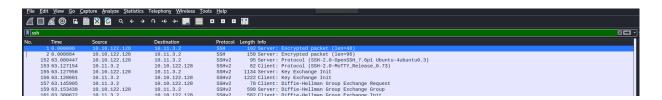


Question 4

Launching pcap2.pcap with the same steps, we apply "tcp.port == 21" to filter out the logs, we see the correct password for login "plaintext_password_fiasco"

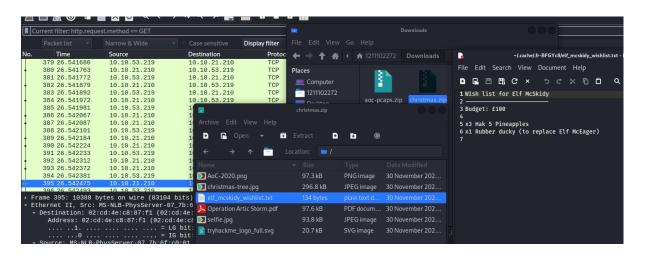


SSH protocol is encrypted



Question 6

Analysing pcap3.pcap, we find a christmas.zip file, we exported it as HTTP, then extracted it to find a .txt file saying a rubber ducky will be used to replace Elf McEager



Thought process/ Methodology:

We launched wireshark with the -r flag to read the .pcap file provided. After applying the ICMP display filter, the address which initiated it is 10.11.3.2 as seen from the "source" tab. To filter out all the HTTP GET requests, the filter "HTTP.REQUEST.METHOD == GET" is used. After some analysing, IP Address "10.10.67.199" visited an article called "reindeer-of-the-week". After that, we launched pcap2.pcap with the same steps, we apply "tcp.port == 21" to filter out the logs, because FTP runs on port 21, we see the correct password for login "plaintext_password_fiasco". We see the SSH protocol is encrypted. After that we started analysing pcap3.pcap, we find a christmas.zip file, we exported it as HTTP, then extracted it to find a .txt file saying a rubber ducky will be used to replace Elf McEager.

Day 8: Networking - What's under the Christmas Tree?

Tools used: Kali Linux, nmap

Question 1

Run the nmap scan on the machine IP

```
-(1211102272⊕ kali)-[~]
__$ nmap -A 10.10.146.238
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-06-25 11:30 +08 Nmap scan report for 10.10.146.238
Host is up (0.22s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
       STATE SERVICE VERSION
PORT
80/tcp open http
                             Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-generator: Hugo 0.78.2
|_http-title: TBFC's Internal Blog
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.29 (Ūbuntu)
2222/tcp open ssh
                             OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
    2048 cf:c9:99:d0:5c:09:27:cd:a1:a8:1b:c2:b1:d5:ef:a6 (RSA)
    256 4c:d4:f9:20:6b:ce:fc:62:99:54:7d:c2:b4:b2:f2:b2 (ECDSA)
    256 d0:e6:72:18:b5:20:89:75:d5:69:74:ac:cc:b8:3b:9b (ED25519)
3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server xrdp
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 35.33 seconds
```

Question 2

Scanning using -Pn flag

```
(1211102272 ★ kali)-[~]

$ nmap -Pn 10.10.146.238

Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-06-25 11:37 +08

Nmap scan report for 10.10.146.238

Host is up (0.19s latency).

Not shown: 997 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)

PORT STATE SERVICE

80/tcp open http

2222/tcp open EtherNetIP-1

3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 24.45 seconds
```

Comparebetween -A and -sV flags

Question 4

Determining the Linux Distro: Ubuntu

Question 5

Using NSE to determine the possible use for the website

```
(1211102272 kali)-[~]
$ nmap --script http-title 10.10.146.238
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-06-25 11:48 +08
Nmap scan report for 10.10.146.238
Host is up (0.19s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
|_http-title: TBFC's Internal Blog
2222/tcp open EtherNetIP-1
3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 26.25 seconds
```

Thought Process/ Methodology:

We ran the nmap scan on the machine IP. We then scanned using the -Pn flag. We compare between -A and -sV flags, one displayed the running process and one didn't. We went ahead to determine the Linux Distro, which is Ubuntu. We searched for a script using NSE to determine the possible use for the website on nmap.org, which found out the website is used for a blog.

Day 9: Networking - Anyone can be Santa!

Tools Used: Kali Linux, FTP

Question 1

The "Public" directory is available for access

```
-(1211102272⊛ kali)-[~]
└$ ftp 10.10.148.22
Connected to 10.10.148.22.
220 Welcome to the TBFC FTP Server!.
Name (10.10.148.22:1211102272): anonymous
230 Login successful.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
229 Entering Extended Passive Mode (|||20872|)
150 Here comes the directory listing.
drwxr-xr-x 2 0
                        0
                                     4096 Nov 16 2020 backups
            2 0
                        0
                                     4096 Nov 16 2020 elf_workshops
drwxr-xr-x
drwxr-xr-x 2 0
                                     4096 Nov 16 2020 human_resources
                        0
            2 65534
                        65534
drwxrwxrwx
                                     4096 Nov 16 2020 public
226 Directory send OK.
```

Backup.sh is an executable script

Question 3

The Polar Express Movie is on santa's shopping list

Question 4

Change the contents of the .sh file, set up net cat and reupload the script to gain root access, then concatenate the THM flag

```
1211102272@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
-rwxr-xr-x 1 111 113
-rw-rw-rw- 1 111 113
                                                                                                     __(1211102272⊕ kali)-[~]
$ nc -lvnp 4444
                                       24 Nov 16 2020 shoppinglist.txt
226 Directory send OK.
ftp> put backup.sh
229 Entering Extended Passive Mode (|||39658|)
                                                                                                     150 Ok to send data.
                                                                                     00:00 ETA
226 Transfer complete.
268 bytes sent in 00:00 (0.65 KiB/s)
ftp> []
                                                                                                     bash: cannot set terminal process group (1271): Inappropriate ioctl for device bash: no job control in this shell
                                                                                                     root@tbfc-ftp-01:~# cat /root/flag.txt
                                                                                                     cat /root/flag.txt
                                        Note that the script that we have uploaded may take a minute to
                                                                                                     THM{even_you_can_be_santa}
root@tbfc-ftp-01:~#
                                        Netcat listener on the device that you are working from, and have
                                          THM{even_you_can_be_santa}
```

Thought Process/ Methodology:

When we use the ftp to connect to the server, the "Public" directory is available for access, we found out there was a backup.sh which we can use it to exploit for access. Santa had a shopping list saying he wanted to watch The Polar Express Movie. After that, we downloaded the script, changed the contents, mean while we set up netcat for a listener port, after that we uploaded the file back to gain root access, we outputted the contents with cat to find the THM flag.

Day 10: Networking - Don't be sElfish!

Tools Used: Kali Linux, samba

Question 1

Displaying all the users on samba server

```
user:[elfmcelferson] rid:[0×3e9]
       Sharename Type
                                Comment
                      Disk
       tbfc-hr
                                tbfc-hr
                      Disk
                                tbfc-it
       tbfc-it
                                tbfc-santa
       tbfc-santa
                     Disk
                                IPC Service (tbfc-smb server (Samba, Ubuntu))
       IPC$
                     IPC
Reconnecting with SMB1 for workgroup listing.
       Server
                           Comment
       Workgroup
       TBFC-SMB-01 TBFC-SMB
//10.10.64.58/tbfc-hr Mapping: DENIED Listing: N/A Writing: N/A
//10.10.64.58/tbfc-it Mapping: DENIED Listing: N/A Writing: N/A
//10.10.64.58/tbfc-santa
                             Mapping: OK Listing: OK Writing: N/A
NT_STATUS_OBJECT_NAME_NOT_FOUND listing \*
//10.10.64.58/IPC$ Mapping: N/A Listing: N/A Writing: N/A
enum4linux complete on Sat Jun 25 12:40:43 2022
```

Shares on the server

```
Sharename Type Comment

tbfc-hr Disk tbfc-hr
tbfc-it Disk tbfc-it
tbfc-santa Disk tbfc-santa
IPC$ IPC IPC Service (tbfc-smb server (Samba, Ubuntu))
ecting with SMB1 for workgroup listing.
```

Question 3

Logging into share

Directory left for santa

```
jingle-tunes D 0 Thu Nov 12 10:10:41 2020
```

Thought Process/ Methodology:

We used enum4linux to display all the users on the samba server. As well as shares on the server. We found out there was a share which didn't require a password for login. There is a directory left for santa called Jingle Tunes.