GitHub good practices

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1. Correspondences Scrum/GitHub/Gitlab

Table 1. Correspondences between Artefacts

Scrum	GitHub	GitLab
User Story	Issues	Issues
Task	Task Lists / dependency issues	Task Lists
Epic	??	Epics
Points/Estimation	Weights (\$)	Weights
Product Backlog	Issues Lists	Issues Lists
Priorities	Labels	Labels
Sprint	Milestone	Milestone
Burndown Chart	A nice app!	Burndown Chart
Agile board	Project board	Issue Board

2. 💠 Build

Let's do a quick poll about build tools

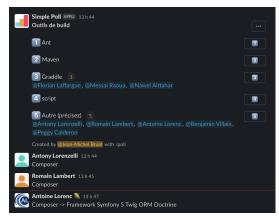


Figure 1. 2021 promotion build tool usage

2014 Study:

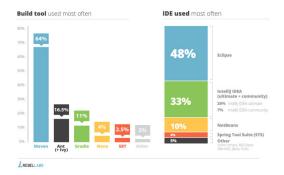


Figure 2. Ant vs Maven vs Gradle (source here)

```
cproperty name="src.dir" value="src"/>
   . . .
   <path id="lib.path.id">
      <fileset dir="${lib.dir}" />
   </path>
   <target name="clean">
       <delete dir="${build.dir}"/>
   </target>
   <target name="compile">
       <mkdir dir="${classes.dir}"/>
      <javac srcdir="${src.dir}" destdir="${classes.dir}"</pre>
classpathref="lib.path.id"/>
   </target>
   <target name="jar" depends="compile">
       <mkdir dir="${jar.dir}"/>
      <jar destfile="${jar.dir}/${ant.project.name}.jar" basedir="${classes.dir}"/>
   </target>
</project>
```

```
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0
   http://maven.apache.org/maven-v4_0_0.xsd">
   <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
   <groupId>com.technologyconversations
   <artifactId>java-build-tools</artifactId>
   <packaging>jar</packaging>
   <version>1.0</version>
   <dependencies>
       <dependency>
          <groupId>junit
          <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
          <version>4.11</version>
       </dependency>
   </dependencies>
   <build>
      <plugins>
          <plugin>
              <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins
              <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
              <version>2.3.2
          </plugin>
       </plugins>
   </build>
</project>
```

Gradle example (cf. source)

```
apply plugin: 'java'
apply plugin: 'checkstyle'
apply plugin: 'findbugs'
apply plugin: 'pmd'

version = '1.0'

repositories {
    mavenCentral()
}

dependencies {
    testCompile group: 'junit', name: 'junit', version: '4.11'
    testCompile group: 'org.hamcrest', name: 'hamcrest-all', version: '1.3'
}
```

3. Automate issue branches

https://github.com/marketplace/actions/create-issue-branch

Add this to your workflow YAML configuration:

```
on:
    issues:
        types: [assigned]
    issue_comment:
        types: [created]
    pull_request:
        types: [closed]

jobs:
    create_issue_branch_job:
        runs-on: ubuntu-latest
        steps:
        - name: Create Issue Branch
        uses: robvanderleek/create-issue-branch@master
        env:
        GITHUB_TOKEN: ${{ secrets.GITHUB_TOKEN }}
```

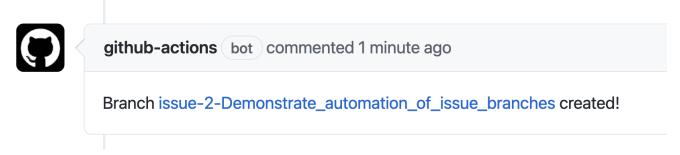


Figure 3. As soon as the issue is assigned...

4. Use tags

```
git tag 1.1.0 -m "Release 1.1.0"
git push origin tag 1.1.0
```

Tagging practices:

- You don't tag branches. You tag commits!
- You should add a tag to mark a released version. If you then need to make bug fixes to that release you would create a branch at the tag
- If you checkout a tag, you will need to create a branch to start working from it

More here.



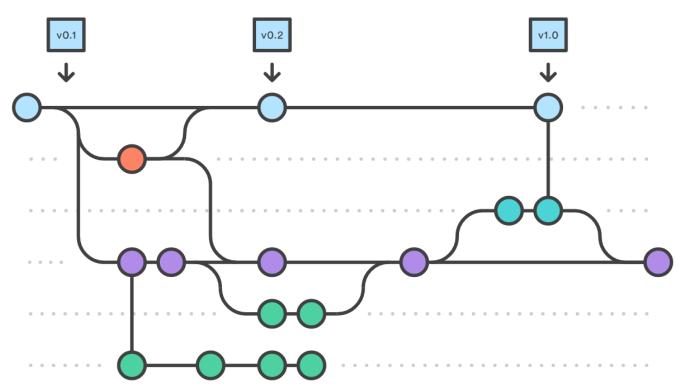


Figure 4. Tags in git flow (source here)

5. Meaningful .gitignore file

This repo .gitignore file

```
# Output directory for HTML files
output/
Gemfile.lock
*.html
.DS_Store

topics
node_modules
package-lock.json
# Ignore Gradle project-specific cache directory
.gradle
# Ignore Gradle build output directory
build
.project
.settings
```

https://gitignore.io

Example for Node.js (only beginning!)

```
# Created by https://www.toptal.com/developers/gitignore/api/node
# Edit at https://www.toptal.com/developers/gitignore?templates=node

### Node ###
# Logs
logs
*.log
npm-debug.log*
yarn-debug.log*
terna-debug.log*
```

6. Meaningful commit messages



Figure 5. Example of conventions (source here)

Example of ~/.gitconfig file

```
# Git Commit, Add all and Push - in one step.
cap = "!f() { git add .; git commit -m \"$@\"; git push; }; f"

# NEW.
new = "!f() { git cap \" NEW: $@\"; }; f"

# IMPROVE.
imp = "!f() { git cap \" IMPROVE: $@\"; }; f"

# FIX.
fix = "!f() { git cap \" FIX: $@\"; }; f"

# RELEASE.
rlz = "!f() { git cap \" RELEASE: $@\"; }; f"

# DOC.
doc = "!f() { git cap \" DOC: $@\"; }; f"

# TEST.
tst = "!f() { git cap \" TEST: $@\"; }; f"
```

6.1. Burndown charts

Nice complementary app that takes a repo and draws the current milestone (not closed) burndown chart :

http://radekstepan.com

rails/rails



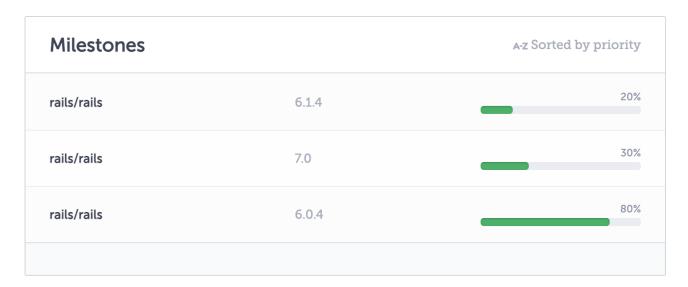


Figure 6. Example of Burndownchart (source here)

Emoji	Description
🎉 :tada:	When you added a cool new feature.
:wrench:	When you refactored / improved a small piece of code.
<pre>:hammer:</pre>	When you refactored / improved large parts of the code.
:sparkles:	When you applied clang-format.
<pre>(%) :art:</pre>	When you improved / added assets like themes.
🚀 :rocket:	When you improved performance.
:memo:	When you wrote documentation.
🎉 :beetle:	When you fixed a bug.
:twisted_rightwards_arrows:	When you merged a branch.
() :fire:	When you removed something.
<pre>:truck:</pre>	When you moved / renamed something.

Figure 7. Example of emoji usage convention

7. Useful links

• https://www.datree.io/resources/github-best-practices