$P(x|\mu) = \frac{N}{|\lambda|} x_{i} \qquad (1-x_{i})$ DATA Likelihand Fritial Prior : $P(\mu | \alpha, \beta) = \frac{T(\alpha + \beta)}{T(\alpha).T(\beta)} \mu \cdot (1-\mu)$ probability POSTERIOR: P(ulx) & P(xlu). P(ulx,B) $= \mathcal{U}$ $= \mathcal{U}$ $= \mathcal{U}$ $= \mathcal{U}$ $= \mathcal{U}$ $= \mathcal{U}$ Posterior and trion have the Same ponomie tric form (minus constents)
(LA Conjugate Prior Relationship

PSOUDS - CODE for ONLINE UPDATE of the Prior IN BAJESIAN INFERENCE 1) Initialize the parameters of prior, x and B 2 AS WE RECEIVE dole, do: (t) $\sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i + \alpha - 1 \qquad N - \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i + \beta - 1$ $(1-\mu)$ Estimate position: μ $(1-\mu)$ Compute Estimate (t) = $\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i + \alpha_i - 1}{N + \alpha_i + \beta_i - 2}$ fr is what $\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i + \alpha_i - 1}{N + \alpha_i + \beta_i - 2}$ 2.3) UPDATE the prior porcerent tens with those

Power the posterior:

four the posterior: (t) (t)