

# C\_wshell

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## 1 Programming with Linux

*BY WROX*

Normally when we are not working in notebook setting we need to compile the program

```
$ gcc -o hello hello.c
$ ./hello
```

Hello World

```
[ ]: %%bash
gcc --version

# compile hello.c into hello binary then run it
gcc -o hello hello.c
./hello
```

```
gcc (Ubuntu 9.4.0-1ubuntu1~20.04.2) 9.4.0
Copyright (C) 2019 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
This is free software; see the source for copying conditions.  There is NO
warranty; not even for MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
```

Hello, world!

If you forget the `-o` flag then compiled program would go to `a.out` meaning assembler output *this comes from early days of UNIX when people would play games as **a.out** to avoid being caught by system administrators*

### 1.1 Directory Structure

#### 1.1.1 Applications

`/usr/bin` supplied by system for general use including program development

`/usr/local/bin` or `/opt` applications added by sys admins for a specific host computer or local network

```
[ ]: %%bash
echo "--- /usr/bin ---"
ls /usr/bin | tail
echo "--- /usr/local/bin ---"
```

```
ls /usr/local/bin | tail
```

### 1.1.2 Header Files

Usually located within /usr/include for C `usr/include/sys` and `usr/include/linux`

```
[ ]: %%%bash
echo "--- /usr/include ---"
ls /usr/include | tail
echo "--- /usr/include/sys ---"
ls /usr/include/sys | tail
echo "--- /usr/include/linux ---"
ls /usr/include/linux | head
```

```
[ ]: %%%bash
cd /usr/include
grep EXIT_ *.h | head
```

### 1.1.3 Libraries

**Libraries** are collections of precompiled functions that have been written to be reusable #####  
Stored In /lib and /usr/lib

- .a for traditional static libraries
- .so for shared libraries

```
[ ]: %%%bash
echo "--- /lib ---"
ls /lib | head
echo "--- /usr/lib ---"
ls /usr/lib | head
```

## 1.2 Static Libraries

fred.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
void fred(int arg) {
    printf("fred: you passed %d\n", arg);
}
```

bill.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
void bill(char *arg) {
    printf("bill: you passed %s\n", arg);
}
```

```
[ ]: %%%bash
gcc -c bill.c fred.c
```

```
ls *.o
```

c flag prevents compiler from creating a complete program which is needed because `main` function has not been defined

We should create a header file

`lib.h`

```
/*  
This is lib.h. It declares the functions fred and bill for users  
*/  
void bill(char *);  
void fred(int);
```

We can include this header file in the calling program

`program.c`

```
#include "lib.h"  
int main() {  
    bill("Hello World");  
    exit(0);  
}
```

```
[ ]: %%bash  
gcc -c program.c  
gcc -o program program.o bill.o  
./program
```

```
[ ]: %%bash  
date
```

Mon 02 Oct 2023 07:02:47 PM EDT

## 1.3 who command

Explanation of the `who` command

username	terminal being used	date and time that each user logged in
----------	---------------------	--

### 1.3.1 Options

- H --heading display headings
- q --count quick who just display name and number of users
- b Displays the time and date of the last reboot
- help

```
[ ]: %%sh  
who -H # lists the login names, terminal lines, and login times of the users  
↪ who are currently logged on the system
```

### 1.3.2 Display Calender

cal

```
[ ]: %%sh
cal
```

```
      October 2023
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
  1  2  3  4  5  6  7
  8  9 10 11 12 13 14
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30 31
```

learn not installed on this system help much better than learn

```
[ ]: %%bash
help
```

GNU bash, version 5.0.17(1)-release (x86\_64-pc-linux-gnu)  
These shell commands are defined internally. Type `help' to see this list.  
Type `help name' to find out more about the function `name'.  
Use `info bash' to find out more about the shell in general.  
Use `man -k' or `info' to find out more about commands not in this list.

A star (\*) next to a name means that the command is disabled.

job_spec [&]	history [-c] [-d offset] [n] or hist>
(( expression ))	if COMMANDS; then COMMANDS; [ elif C>
. filename [arguments]	jobs [-lnprs] [jobspec ...] or jobs >
:	kill [-s sigspec   -n signum   -sigs>
[ arg... ]	let arg [arg ...]
[[ expression ]]	local [option] name[=value] ...
alias [-p] [name[=value] ... ]	logout [n]
bg [job_spec ...]	mapfile [-d delim] [-n count] [-O or>
bind [-lpsvPSVX] [-m keymap] [-f file>	popd [-n] [+N   -N]
break [n]	printf [-v var] format [arguments]
builtin [shell-builtin [arg ...]]	pushd [-n] [+N   -N   dir]
caller [expr]	pwd [-LP]
case WORD in [PATTERN [  PATTERN]...)>	read [-ers] [-a array] [-d delim] [->
cd [-L [-P [-e]] [-@]] [dir]	readarray [-d delim] [-n count] [-O >
command [-pVv] command [arg ...]	readonly [-aAf] [name[=value] ...] o>
compgen [-abcdefgjkuv] [-o option] [>	return [n]
complete [-abcdefgjkuv] [-pr] [-DEI]>	select NAME [in WORDS ... ;] do COMM>
compopt [-o +o option] [-DEI] [name .>	set [-abefhkmnptuvxBCHP] [-o option->
continue [n]	shift [n]
coproc [NAME] command [redirections]	shopt [-pqsu] [-o] [optname ...]

```

declare [-aAfFgилnrtux] [-p] [name[=v> source filename [arguments]
dirs [-clpv] [+N] [-N] suspend [-f]
disown [-h] [-ar] [jobspec ... | pid > test [expr]
echo [-neE] [arg ...] time [-p] pipeline
enable [-a] [-dnps] [-f filename] [na> times
eval [arg ...] trap [-lp] [[arg] signal_spec ...]
exec [-cl] [-a name] [command [argume> true
exit [n] type [-afptP] name [name ...]
export [-fn] [name[=value] ...] or ex> typeset [-aAfFgилnrtux] [-p] name[=v>
false ulimit [-SHabcdefiklmnpqrstuvxPT] [l>
fc [-e ename] [-lnr] [first] [last] o> umask [-p] [-S] [mode]
fg [job_spec] unalias [-a] name [name ...]
for NAME [in WORDS ... ] ; do COMMAND> unset [-f] [-v] [-n] [name ...]
for (( exp1; exp2; exp3 )); do COMMAN> until COMMANDS; do COMMANDS; done
function name { COMMANDS ; } or name > variables - Names and meanings of so>
getopts optstring name [arg] wait [-fn] [id ...]
hash [-lr] [-p pathname] [-dt] [name > while COMMANDS; do COMMANDS; done
help [-dms] [pattern ...] { COMMANDS ; }

```

```

[ ]: %%%sh
cal 9 1752 # see manual page below for explanation

# An unusual calendar is printed for September 1752. That is the month 11 days
↳ were skipped to make up for lack of leap year adjustments. To see this
↳ calendar, type: cal 9 1752

```

```

September 1752
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
      1  2 14 15 16
17 18 19 20 21 22 23
24 25 26 27 28 29 30

```