

# Project Euler #110: Diophantine reciprocals II



This problem is a programming version of [Problem 110](#) from [projecteuler.net](#)

In the following equation  $x, y$ , and  $n$  are positive integers.

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{1}{n}$$

It can be verified that when  $n = 1260$  there are 113 distinct solutions and this is the least value of  $n$  for which the total number of distinct solutions exceeds one hundred.

What is the least value of  $n$  for which the number of distinct solutions  $\geq X$ ?

## Input Format

A single line containing one number  $X$ ,  $2 \leq X \leq 10^{13}$

## Output Format

The number  $n$  — the answer to a problem.

## Sample Input

113

## Sample Output

1260