

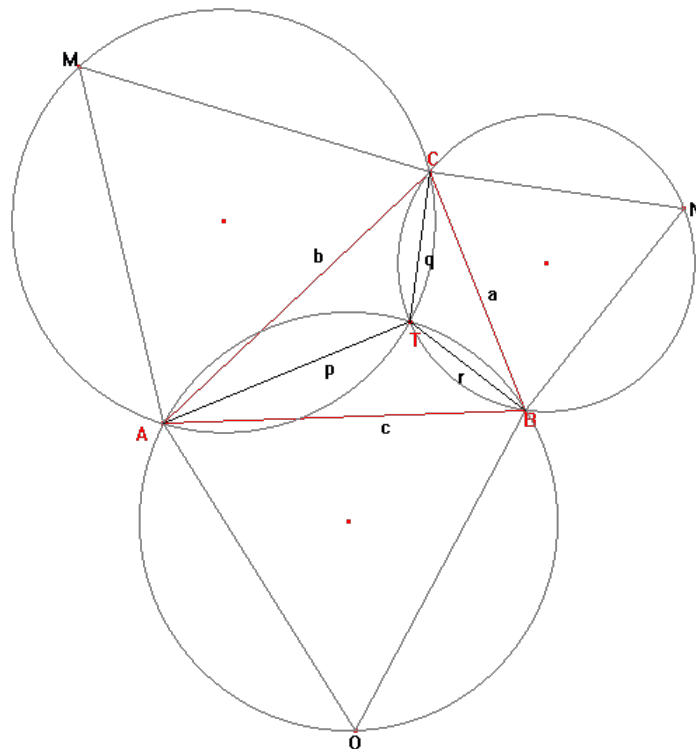
Project Euler #143: Investigating the Torricelli point of a triangle

This problem is a programming version of [Problem 143](#) from [projecteuler.net](#)

Let ABC be a triangle with all interior angles being less than 120 degrees. Let X be any point inside the triangle and let $XA = p$, $XB = q$, and $XC = r$.

Fermat challenged Torricelli to find the position of X such that $p + q + r$ was minimised.

Torricelli was able to prove that if equilateral triangles AOB , BNC and AMC are constructed on each side of triangle ABC , the circumscribed circles of AOB , BNC , and AMC will intersect at a single point, T , inside the triangle. Moreover he proved that T , called the Torricelli/Fermat point, minimises $p + q + r$. Even more remarkable, it can be shown that when the sum is minimised, $AN = BM = CO = p + q + r$ and that AN , BM and CO also intersect at T .



If the sum is minimised and a , b , c , p , q and r are all positive integers we shall call triangle ABC a Torricelli triangle. For example, $a = 399$, $b = 455$, $c = 511$ is an example of a Torricelli triangle, with $p + q + r = 784$.

Given N , print all the side lengths (a, b, c) of all Torricelli triangles having $p + q + r \leq N$. To ensure that no triangle is printed more than once, ensure that $a \leq b \leq c$. Print the triangles with smaller a first, and in case of ties, smaller b s, and in case of ties, smaller c s.

Input Format

The input contains a single integer, N .

Constraints

Input file #1-#2:

$$1 \leq N \leq 10^4$$

Input file #3-#4:

$$1 \leq N \leq 10^5$$

Input file #5-#8:

$$1 \leq N \leq 4 \cdot 10^5$$

Output Format

For each test case, output one line for each Torricelli triangle containing three integers separated by single spaces: *a*, *b* and *c*.

Sample Input

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1000
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Sample Output

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399 455 511
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Explanation

There is only one such triangle, which is described in the problem statement.