

Project Euler #157: Solving the diophantine equation $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{p}{10^n}$

This problem is a programming version of [Problem 157](#) from [projecteuler.net](#)

Consider the diophantine equation $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{p}{10}$ with a, b, p positive integers and $a \leq b$. This equation has **20** solutions that are listed below:

$\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{20}{10}$	$\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{15}{10}$	$\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{12}{10}$	$\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{11}{10}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{10}{10}$
$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{7}{10}$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{6}{10}$	$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{5}{10}$	$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{15} = \frac{4}{10}$	$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{10}$
$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{20} = \frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{4}{10}$	$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{30} = \frac{2}{10}$	$\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{2}{10}$
$\frac{1}{11} + \frac{1}{110} = \frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{60} = \frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{14} + \frac{1}{35} = \frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{30} = \frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{20} = \frac{1}{10}$

Let's make generalized version of this equation: $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{p}{p_1^{\alpha_1} \cdot p_2^{\alpha_2}}$ with positive integers α_1, α_2 and primes p_1, p_2 . How many solutions does this equation has for $1 \leq \alpha_1 \leq r_1, 1 \leq \alpha_2 \leq r_2$?

Note, that if tuple $\{a, b, p\}$ occurs as a solution of the equation for multiple α_1, α_2 it should be calculated multiple times and not once.

Input Format

Each test file starts with a number T on a separate line which is the number of tests per file. T lines follow, each containing p_1, r_1, p_2 and r_2 separated by single spaces.

Constraints

- $1 \leq T \leq 10$
- $p_1 \neq p_2$ are primes
- $1 \leq r_1, r_2$
- $p_1^{r_1} \cdot p_2^{r_2} \leq 10^{18}$

Output Format

Output T lines, each containing an answer to the corresponding test.

Sample Input

```
1
2 1 5 1
```

Sample Output

```
20
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