Binomial Coefficients



In mathematics, **binomial coefficients** are a family of positive integers that occur as coefficients in the binomial theorem.



denotes the number of ways of choosing k objects from n different objects.

However when n and k are too large, we often save them after modulo operation by a prime number P. Please calculate how many binomial coefficients of n become to 0 after modulo by P.

Input Format

The first of input is an integer T, the number of test cases. Each of the following T lines contains 2 integers, n and prime P.

Constraints

T < 100

 $n < 10^{500}$

 $P < 10^{9}$

Output Format

For each test case, output a line contains the number of $\binom{n}{k}$ s (0<=k<=n) each of which after modulo operation by P is 0.

Sample Input

3 2 2 3 2 4 3	
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Sample Output