

Project Euler #93: Arithmetic expressions



This problem is a programming version of [Problem 93](#) from [projecteuler.net](#)

By using each of the digits from the set, **1, 2, 3, 4**, exactly once, and making use of the four arithmetic operations (+, −, *, /) and brackets/parentheses, it is possible to form different positive integer targets.

For example,

$$8 = (4 \times (1 + 3)) / 2$$

$$14 = 4 \times (3 + 1/2)$$

$$19 = 4 \times (2 + 3) - 1$$

$$36 = 3 \times 4 \times (2 + 1)$$

Note that concatenations of the digits, like **12 + 34**, are not allowed.

Using the set, **1, 2, 3, 4**, it is possible to obtain thirty-one different target numbers of which 36 is the maximum, and each of the numbers **1** to **28** can be obtained before encountering the first non-expressible number.

Given a set of m distinct digits, S , find the largest possible integer n such that each integer from **1** to n is expressible using elements of S and following the above rules. If **1** is also not expressible, output **0** instead.

Input Format

The first line contains m .

The second line contains m space separated integers, the elements of S .

Constraints

$$1 \leq m \leq 5$$

Output Format

Output a single integer, the answer to the problem.

Sample Input

```
4
1 2 3 4
```

Sample Output

```
28
```

Explanation

Explained in the statement.