There are N points in a plane. The  $i^{th}$  point has coordinates  $(x_i, y_i)$ . Perform the following queries, and always include the boundry points (i and j) in the operation:

- 1. Reflect all points between points i and j along the X axis. This query is represented as "X i j"
- 2. Reflect all points between points i and j along the Y axis. This query is represented as "Y i j"
- 3. Count how many points between points i and j lie in each of the 4 quadrants. This query is represented as "C i j"

# **Input Format**

The first line contains N, the number of points. N lines follow.

The i<sup>th</sup> line contains  $x_i$  and  $x_i$  separated by a space.

The next line contains Q, the number of queries. The next Q lines contain one query each, in one of the above forms.

All indices are 1 indexed.

## **Output Format**

Display one line for each query of the type "C i j". The corresponding line contains 4 integers; the number of points having indices in the range [i...j] in the 1st,2nd,3rd and 4th quadrants respectively.

#### **Constraints**

```
1 \le N \le 100000

1 \le Q \le 1000000
```

You may assume that no point lies on the X or the Y axis. All (xi,yi) will fit in a 32-bit signed integer In all queries, 1 <= i <= N

# **Sample Input**

```
4

1 1

-1 1

-1 -1

1 -1

5

C 1 4

X 2 4

C 3 4

Y 1 2

C 1 3
```

## Sample Output

```
1 1 1 1
1 1 0 0
0 2 0 1
```

#### **Explanation**

When a query says "X i j", it means: take all the points between *indices i and j* (both *i* and *j* inclusive) and reflect those points along the X axis. The i and j here have nothing to do with the co-ordinates of the points. They are the indices. *i* refers to *point i* and *j* refers to *point j* 

'C 1 4' asks you to 'Consider the set of points having index in {1,2,3,4}. Amongst those points, how many of them lie in the 1st,2nd,3rd and 4th quadrants respectively?'

The answer to this is clearly **1 1 1 1**.

Next, we reflect the points between indices '2 4' along the X axis. So the new coordinates are :

```
1 1
-1 -1
-1 1
1 1
```

Now 'C 3 4' is 'Consider the set of points having index in {3,4}. Amongst those points, how many of them lie in the 1st,2nd,3rd and 4th quadrants respectively?' Point 3 lies in quadrant 2 and point 4 lies in quadrant 1.

So the answer is 1 1 0 0

