

# Chandrima and XOR

Chandrima likes the XOR operation very much and keeps finding and solving related problems. One day she comes across a problem and gets stuck on it, which makes her sad. You being her friend decide to help her out by writing a code for the same.

Consider a list of all natural numbers. Now you remove all numbers whose binary representation has at least two consecutive **1** bits, from the list, hence generating a new list having elements **1, 2, 4, 5, 8, ...** and so on. Now you are given  $N$  numbers from this newly generated list. You have to find the XOR of these numbers.

### Input Format

The first line has an integer  $N$ , denoting the number of integers in list  $A$ .  
The next line contains  $N$  space-separated integers.  $A_i$  represents the  $A_i^{\text{th}}$  number of the generated list.  
Since the answer can be very large, print the answer modulo  $(10^9 + 7)$ .

### Output Format

Just print one line containing the final answer.

### Constraints

$$1 \leq N \leq 5 \cdot 10^5$$
$$1 \leq A_i \leq 10^{18}$$

### Sample Input 1

```
3
1 2 3
```

### Sample Output 1

```
7
```

### Sample Input 2

```
3
1 3 4
```

### Sample Output 2

```
0
```

### Explanation

*Sample 1:*  
The values to be considered are **1, 2, 4**, and the answer is  $1 \oplus 2 \oplus 4 = 7$ .

*Sample 2:*  
The values to be considered are **1, 4, 5**, and the answer is  $1 \oplus 4 \oplus 5 = 0$ .