# **HackerRank Number**

A Hackerrank number is a magic number that can be used to get sudo permissions on the site. We are going to generate a hackerrank number from two integers A & B. Each number has two parts to it - the left (L) & the right side (R).

For eg: for the number 100101,

- L could be 100 & R could be 101 (or)
- L could be 1 and R could be 00101 and so on..

How to generate a hackerrank number?

Let x & y be integers such that,

```
(1 \le x \le A \& 1 \le y \le B)
```

Generate the left part of any hackerrank number (L) by multiplying x and y (i.e) x\*y and the right part of any hackerrank number (R) by bitwise xor-ing x and y (i.e)  $x^y$ 

Add leading zeros to R to make length(R) = length(B) + 1. Concatenate both L & R to form the hackerrank number.

Can you find the sum of all possible hackerrank numbers generated by this rule?

### **Input format**

Each input contains 2 integers A and B separated by a space.

#### **Constraints**

$$1 \le A \le 30$$
  
 $1 \le B \le 10^8$ 

## **Output format**

Print the sum of all possible numbers that satisfy the above mentioned property.

## Sample Input

2 4

#### **Sample Output**

```
14502
```

The left value can be one of  $\{1 * 1, 1 * 2, 1 * 3, 1 * 4, 2 * 1, 2 * 2, 2 * 3, 2 * 4\}$  which is  $\{1,2,3,4,2,4,6,8\}$  and the distinct values are  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8\}$ 

The right value can be one of  $\{1^1, 1^2, 1^3, 1^4, 2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^4\}$  which is  $\{0, 3, 2, 5, 3, 0, 1, 6\}$  and the distinct values are  $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 6\}$ 

All the possible value are

```
{
    100, 101, 102, 103, 105, 106,
    200, 201, 202, 203, 205, 206,
    300, 301, 302, 303, 305, 306,
    400, 401, 402, 403, 405, 406,
    600, 601, 602, 603, 605, 606,
    800, 801, 802, 803, 805, 806
}
```

S = all the sum of the above = 14502.

Note: Any number can only be added once.