Colorful Polygon

You are given regular n-gon. Each vertex of the n-gon was randomly colored with one of n colors. Your task is to find the number of special subsets of polygon vertices. Each special subset must meet all the requirements:

- The subset must contain at least two vertices.
- If vertices belonging to the subset are erased from the polygon (note, that the adjacent edges of those vertices will also get erased), the remaining vertices and edges form some continuous paths. None of those paths should contain two vertices of the same color.

Please, calculate the number of described special subsets and print it modulo $10^9 + 7$.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer n $(3 \le n \le 10^5)$. The next line contains n space-separated integers a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n $(1 \le a_i \le n)$. Integer a_i denotes the color of the i-th polygon vertex. All the vertices of the polygon are numbered from 1 to n in clockwise order.

You may assume that each a_i was generated randomly, uniformly and independently from other values. For example, you may assume that $a_i = random(1, n)$ for each i. Where function random(1, n) returns uniform integer from i to i.

Output Format

Print a single integer $\overline{}$ the answer to the problem modulo 10^9+7 .

Sample Input #1

```
4
1111
```

Sample Output #1

7

Sample Input #2

```
4
4 2 3 1
```

Sample Output #2

11