Minimum Multiple

Calculi is Lambda's older brother. Lambda is mischievous and always annoys Calculi by asking silly questions. This time around, Lambda would like to surprise Calculi by asking a challenging and interesting question. To that end, Lambda gives Calculi an array of N integers, $A = \{a_0, a_1, \ldots, a_{N-1}\}$, followed by K queries. Each query is of two types:

- $Q \ l \ r$: Find the minimum positive integer, M, such that each element in subarray $arr[l \ldots r] \ (\{a_l, a_{l+1}, \ldots, a_r\})$ divides M.
- U idx val: Multiply the value at idx by val. That is $a'_{idx} = a_{idx} \times val$, where a'_{idx} is the updated value.

Your task is to help Calculi tackle this challenge. For each query of type $"Q\ l\ r"$, find the value of M. As this value can be very large, print the M modulo (10^9+7) , i.e., $M\%(10^9+7)$. For query of type $"U\ idx\ val"$, update the required element.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer, N, which represents the length of array, A. In second line, there are N space-separated integers, $a_0, a_1, \ldots, a_{N-1}$, representing the elements of A. In third line, there is another integer, K, which is the count of queries to follow. Then follows K lines, each representing a query of one of the types described above.

Constraints

- $1 < N < 5 \times 10^4$
- ullet $1 \leq a_i \leq 100$, where $i \in [0,N-1]$
- $1 < K < 5 \times 10^4$
- $0 \le l \le r < N$
- $0 \le idx < N$
- $1 \le val \le 100$

Output Format

For each query of type 0 1 r, print the value of $M\%(10^9+7)$ on a new line.

Sample Input

```
5
25619
7
Q04
U12
Q02
Q34
Q24
U38
Q23
```

Sample Output

```
90
30
9
18
24
```

Explanation

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Query 1 (Q 0 4): Calculi has to find M for (sub)array A[0\ldots 4]=\{2,5,6,1,9\} which is 90. Query 2 (U 1 2): a_1'=a_1\times 2=10. Now updated array is A=\{2,10,6,1,9\}. Query 3 (Q 0 2): M for subarray A[0\ldots 2]=\{2,10,6\} is 30. Query 4 (Q 3 4): M for subarray A[3\ldots 4]=\{1,9\} is 9. Query 5 (Q 2 4): M for subarray A[2\ldots 4]=\{6,1,9\} is 18. Query 6 (U 3 8): Updated array is A=\{2,10,6,8,9\}. Query 7 (Q 2 3): M for subarray A[2\ldots 3]=\{6,8\} is 24.
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Tested by Wanbo