Day 4: 'Uniq' Command #1

Objective

In this challenge, we practice using the *uniq* command to eliminate consecutive repetitions of a line when a text file is piped through it.

Resources

Here's a useful video on the topic:

Plain Uniq

If this is the file test.txt:

```
00
00
01
01
00
00
00
02
```

This is the output on passing it through the *uniq* command, either via pipes or as input via STDIN:

```
Command: uniq < test.txt

00
01
00
02
```

The first two lines of the original file are the same, (00). The next two lines are (01) which are followed by two repetitions of (00) again and two repetitions of (02). The *uniq* command replaces the consecutive repetitions with only one line in each case.

Uniq with counts

```
uniq -c < test.txt
```

This example indicates the count of repetitions for each of the lines it collapses.

If this is the test file, testCounts.txt: 00 00 01 01 00 00 02 02 03 aa aa Command: uniq -c < input00.txt 2 00 2 01 2 00 2 02 1 03 3 aa The first number is the *count* of the repeated occurrences in the original file. Printing only duplicate lines The -d option only prints those lines that are followed by one or more repetitions immediately after them: uniq -d < testCounts.txt OR cat testCounts.txt | uniq -d OR uniq -d testCounts.txt Printing only unique lines The -u option only prints those lines that are succeeded and preceded by different lines: uniq -u < testCounts.txt OR cat testCounts.txt | uniq -u OR uniq -u testCounts.txt Other possible options:

ullet Limit comparison only to the first N characters (using the -w option).

- ullet Avoid comparing the first N characters (using the *-s* option).
- Ignore variations in case between lines (using the -/ option).
- ullet Avoid comparing the first N fields (using the -f option). (This may be useful while processing TSV files when you'd like to ignore the first column if it has serial numbers.)

You might find these examples interesting and useful.

Task

Given a text file, remove the consecutive repetitions of any line.

Sample Input

00		
00		
01		
01		
00		
00		
02		
02		

Sample Output