# Recalling Early Days GP with Trees

Chinese Version Russian Version

You are given a tree with N nodes and each has a value associated with it. You are given Q queries, each of which is either an update or a retrieval operation.

The **update query** is of the format

```
ijX
```

This means you'd have to add a GP series to the nodes which lie in the path from node i to node j (both inclusive) with first term of the GP as X on node i and the common ratio as R (given in the input)

The **retrieval** query is of the format

ij

You need to return the sum of the node values (S) lying in the path from node i to node j modulo 100711433.

## **Input Format**

The first line contains two integers (N and R respectively) separated by a space.

In the next N-1 lines, the  $i^{th}$  line describes the  $i^{th}$  edge: a line with two integers a b separated by a single space denotes an edge between a, b.

The next line contains 2 space separated integers (U and Q respectively) representing the number of Update and Query operations to follow.

U lines follow. Each of the next U lines contains 3 space separated integers (i,j, and X respectively). Each of the next Q lines contains 2 space separated integers, i and j respectively.

## **Output Format**

It contains exactly Q lines and each line containing the answer of the i<sup>th</sup> query.

#### **Constraints**

```
2 \le N \le 100000

2 \le R \le 10^9

1 \le U \le 100000

1 \le Q \le 100000

1 \le X \le 10

1 \le a, b, i, j \le N
```

## Sample Input

3	
5	



# **Sample Output**

31 18

# **Explanation**

The node values after the first updation becomes :

3 6 0 0 0 12

The node values after second updation becomes :

3 6 20 10 5 12

Answer to Query #1: 12 + 6 + 3 + 10 = 31

Answer to Query #2: 5 + 10 + 3 = 18