Game Of Rotation

Русский \ □□

Mark is an undergraduate student and he is interested in rotation. A conveyor belt competition is going on in the town which Mark wants to win. In the competition, there's A conveyor belt which can be represented as a strip of 1xN blocks. Each block has a number written on it. The belt keeps rotating in such a way that after each rotation, each block is shifted to left of it and the first block goes to last position.

There is a switch near the conveyer belt which can stop the belt. Each participant would be given a single chance to stop the belt and his *PMEAN* would be calculated.

PMEAN is calculated using the sequence which is there on the belt when it stops. The participant having highest *PMEAN* is the winner. There can be multiple winners.

Mark wants to be among the winners. What *PMEAN* he should try to get which guarantees him to be the winner.

$$PMEAN = \sum_{i=1}^{n} i imes a[i]$$

where a represents the configuration of conveyor belt when it is stopped. Indexing starts from 1.

Input Format

First line contains N denoting the number of elements on the belt. Second line contains N space separated integers.

Output Format

Output the required PMEAN

Constraints

 $1 \le N \le 10^6$

 $-10^9 \le$ each number $\le 10^9$

For any rotation, *PMEAN* will always lie within the range of 64-bit signed integer.

Sample Input

3 20 30 10

Sample Output

140

Explanation

Number on top can be written in these manners. Initial numbers on belt, 20 30 10 PMEAN = 1x20 + 2x30 + 3x10 = 110 After first rotation, 30 10 20 PMEAN = 1x30 + 2x10 + 3x20 = 110 After second rotation, 10 20 30 PMEAN = 1x10 + 2x20 + 3x30 = 140 So maximum possible value will be 140.