

#### COM1001 SPRING SEMESTER

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## Views

## What is a "View"?

Controllers should not contain any HTML, or any code for constructing the front-end of a web application.

Instead, the front-end of a Sinatra web application consists of Views.

Views are templates for constructing the HTML of a web page.

Views exist in files that are separate from the rest of the Sinatra application.

Views ensure that front-end presentation code is separated out from the rest of the web application. Why do you think this might be important?



#### Featuring:

How to use views

### Live Demonstration:

the static\_view example

(from the com1001-examples GitHub repository)

## A Simple View

```
get "/" do
erb :view
end

static_view/controllers/view.rb
```

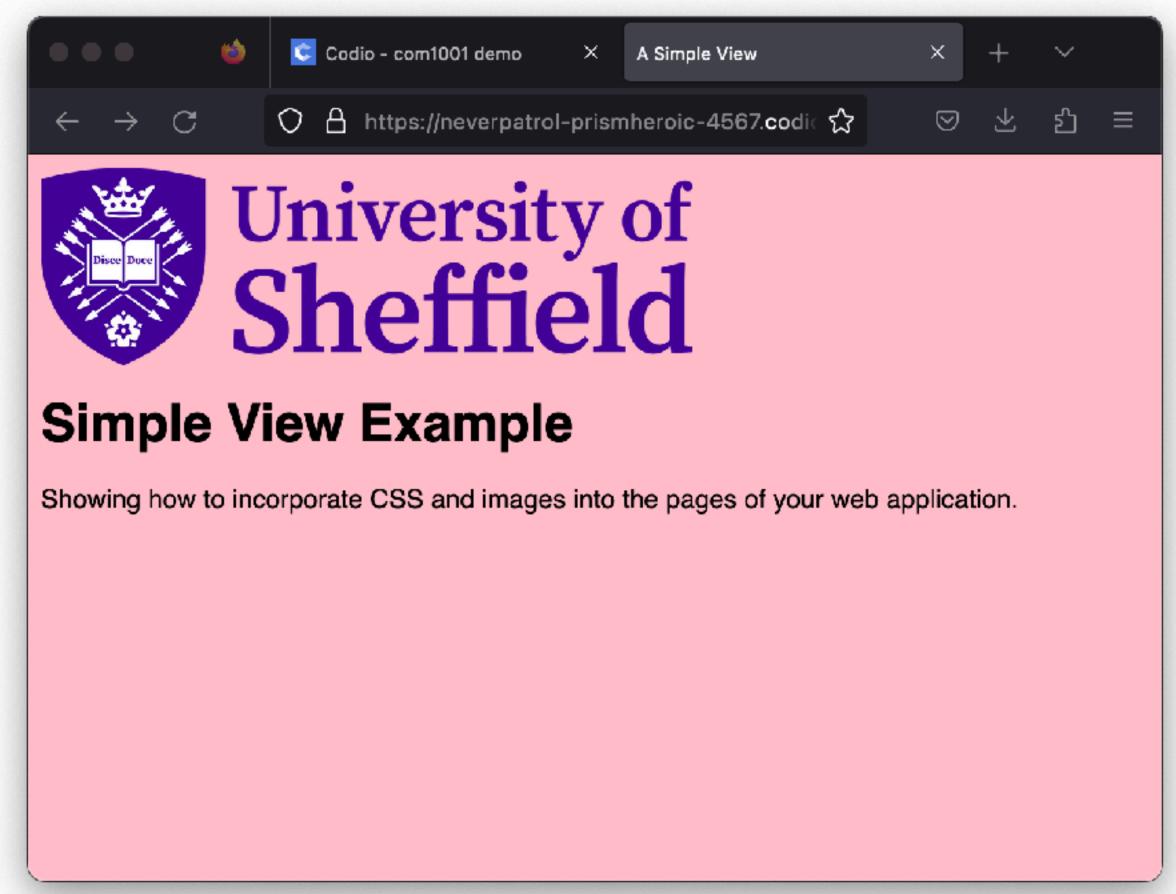
```
<html>
<head>
   <title>A Simple View</title>
   <link rel="stylesheet" href="style/style.css">
</head>
<body>
   <img src="images/uos-logo.png" width="400" />
   <h1>Simple View Example</h1>
   Showing how to incorporate CSS and images into the
    pages of your web application.
</body>
</html>
```

static\_view/views/view.erb

The erb method reads in the contents of the the view and returns it as a string.

This is an example of a Ruby symbol. A symbol is like a string, except it does not need to be enclosed in quotes and is prefixed with a colon. Symbols help simplify code.

The erb method uses a symbol to look up the file containing the view. Here symbol :index tells it to find the file "views/index.erb". Rather than writing the whole filename in the code, we just provide the part that it needs (i.e., "index"), in the form of a symbol.



But this view isn't a "template" at all – *it's more like a regular static HTML file!*Views can be much more powerful...



#### Live Demonstration:

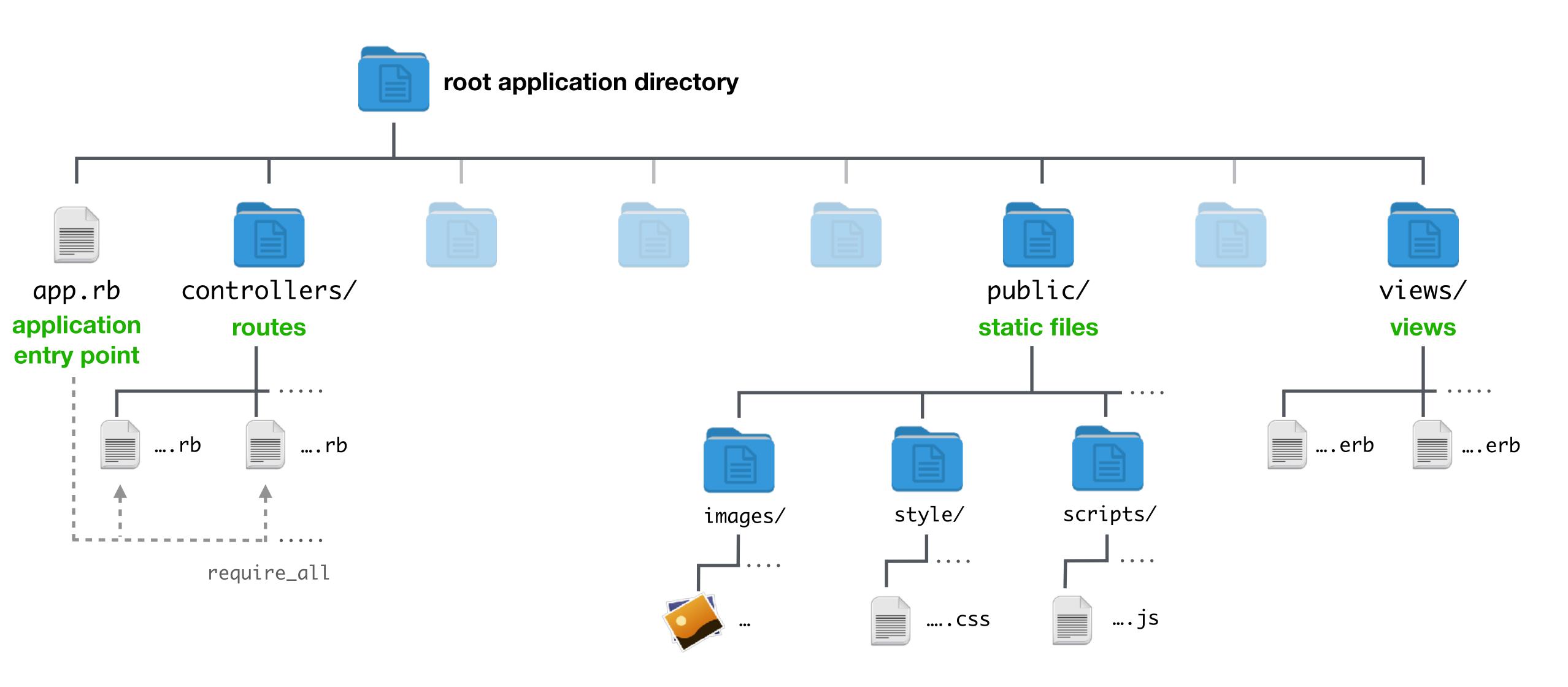
the times\_table example

(from the com1001-examples GitHub repository)

#### Featuring:

- How to use variables inside views
- How to use control structures inside views
- The effect of puts

# The File Structure of a Sinatra Application (The Story So Far...)



# Views – Summary

- Views are HTML files that can include Ruby code using special tags:
  - Anything between <% and %> can be Ruby code
  - var %> injects the value of the variable var into the HTML of the page at that location
  - To use a variable from the controller, the variable's name needs to be prefixed with @ (in the controller and the view).
- The inclusion of Ruby code in a view allows us to dynamically generate content.
- Views live in a special subdirectory of the application views/