

Máquina	Jerarquía de Chomsky	Nombre de la Gramatica	Reglas de producción	Definición Formal	Función de Transición	Configuración inicial (K_0)	Configuración instantánea (K_t)	Configuración final (K_f)	Aceptación de palabras y lenguaje
ME	---	---	---	$ME = (\Sigma_e, \Sigma_s, Q, f, g)$	$f: Q \times \Sigma_e \rightarrow Q$ $g: Q \times \Sigma_e \rightarrow \Sigma_s$	---	---	---	---
MO	---	---	---	$MO = (\Sigma_e, \Sigma_s, Q, f, g)$	$f: Q \times \Sigma_e \rightarrow Q$ $g: Q \rightarrow \Sigma_s$	---	---	---	---
AFD _r	Tipo 3	Lenguajes Regulares	$S := \lambda$ $A := aB/Ba$	$AFD_r = (\Sigma_e, Q, q_0, A, f)$	$f: Q \times \Sigma_e \rightarrow Q$	$K_0 = (q_0, \alpha)$	$K_t = (q, \beta)$	$K_f = (q_n, \lambda)$	$L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha) \vdash^* (q_A, \lambda)\}$
AFD _t	Tipo 3	Lenguajes Regulares	$S := \lambda$ $A := aB/Ba$	$AFD_t = (\Sigma_e, \Sigma_s, Q, A, q_0, f, g)$	$f: Q \times \Sigma_e \rightarrow Q$ $g: Q \times \Sigma_e \rightarrow \Sigma_s$	$K_0 = (q_0, \alpha)$	$K_t = (q, \beta)$	$K_f = (q_n, \lambda)$	$L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha) \vdash^* (q_A, \lambda)\}$
AFND	Tipo 3	Lenguajes Regulares	$S := \lambda$ $A := aB/Ba$	$AFND = (\Sigma_e, Q, q_0, A, f)$	$f: Q \times \Sigma_e \rightarrow P(Q)$	$K_0 = (q_0, \alpha)$	$K_t = (\{q\}, \beta)$	$K_f = (\{q_n\}, \lambda)$	$L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha) \vdash^* (q_A, \lambda)\}$
AFND- λ	Tipo 3	Lenguajes Regulares	$S := \lambda$ $A := aB/Ba$	$AFND-\lambda = (\Sigma_e, Q, q_0, A, f)$	$f: Q \times (\Sigma_e \cup \{\lambda\}) \rightarrow P(Q)$	$K_0 = (q_0, \alpha)$	$K_t = (\{q\}, \beta)$	$K_f = (\{q_n\}, \lambda)$	$L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha) \vdash^* (q_A, \lambda)\}$
AFDB	Tipo 3	Lenguajes Regulares	$S := \lambda$ $A := aB/Ba$	$AFDB = (\Sigma_e, \Gamma_c, Q, q_0, A, f)$	$f: Q \times \Gamma \rightarrow Q \times \{I, D, N\}$	$K_0 = (q_0, \lfloor \alpha \rfloor, o)$	$K_t = (q, \lfloor \alpha \rfloor, k)$	$K_f = (q, \lfloor \alpha \rfloor, n)$	$L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \lfloor \alpha \rfloor, o) \vdash^* (q_A, \lfloor \alpha \rfloor, n)\}$
APD	Tipo 2	Independientes del contexto	$S := \lambda$ $A := \alpha$	$APD = (\Sigma_e, \Gamma_p, Q, q_0, \#, A, f)$	$f: Q \times \Sigma_e \times \Gamma \rightarrow Q \times \Gamma^*$	$K_0 = (q_0, \alpha, \#)$	$K_t = (q, \beta, \delta)$	$K_f = (q, \lambda, \#)$	$L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha, \#) \vdash^* (q, \lambda, \#)\}$ $L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha, \#) \vdash^* (q_A, \lambda, \delta)\}$ $L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha, \#) \vdash^* (q_A, \lambda, \#)\}$
APND	Tipo 2	Independientes del contexto	$S := \lambda$ $A := \alpha$	$APND = (\Sigma_e, \Gamma_p, Q, q_0, \#, A, f)$	$f: Q \times (\Sigma_e \cup \{\lambda\}) \times \Gamma \rightarrow P(Q \times \Gamma^*)$	$K_0 = (q_0, \alpha, \#)$	$K_t = (\{q\}, \beta, \delta)$	$K_f = (\{q\}, \lambda, \#)$	$L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha, \#) \vdash^* (q, \lambda, \#)\}$ $L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha, \#) \vdash^* (q_A, \lambda, \delta)\}$ $L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha, \#) \vdash^* (q_A, \lambda, \#)\}$
ALA	Tipo 1	Dependientes del contexto	$S := \lambda$ $\alpha A \beta := \alpha \gamma \beta$	$ALA = (\Sigma_e, \Gamma_c, Q, q_0, A, f)$	$f: Q \times \Gamma \rightarrow Q \times \Gamma \times \{I, D, N, P\}$	$K_0 = (q_0, \lfloor \alpha \rfloor, 1)$	$K_t = (q, \lfloor \beta \rfloor, k)$	$K_f = (q, \lfloor \beta \rfloor, k)$	$L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \lfloor \alpha \rfloor, 1) \vdash^* (q_A, \lfloor \beta \rfloor, k)\}$ $L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \lfloor \alpha \rfloor, 1) \vdash^* (q, \lfloor \beta \rfloor, k)\}$
MT	Tipo 0	Lenguajes Libres	$\alpha A \beta := \gamma$	$MT = (\Sigma_e, \Gamma_c, Q, q_0, A, f, \mathfrak{h})$	$f: Q \times \Gamma \rightarrow Q \times \Gamma \times \{I, D, N, P\}$	$K_0 = (q_0, \alpha, 1)$	$K_t = (q, \beta_t, k)$	$K_f = (q, \beta_t, k)$	$L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha, 1) \vdash^* (q_A, \beta_t, k)\}$ $L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha, 1) \vdash^* (q, \beta_t, k)\}$
MTND	Tipo 0	Lenguajes Libres	$\alpha A \beta := \gamma$	$MTND = (\Sigma_e, \Gamma_c, Q, q_0, A, f, \mathfrak{h})$	$f: Q \times \Gamma \rightarrow P(Q \times \Gamma \times \{I, D, N, P\})$	$K_0 = (q_0, \alpha, 1)$	$K_t = (\{q\}, \beta_t, k)$	$K_f = (\{q\}, \beta_t, k)$	$L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha, 1) \vdash^* (q_A, \beta_t, k)\}$ $L = \{\alpha / (q_0, \alpha, 1) \vdash^* (q, \beta_t, k)\}$