### DevOps Rapport Celine Pöhl

TP 01 - 23/10/23

#### **Database**

(base) <mark>[Celine∵♥♥♥♥♥Database]</mark>\$docker run -d -p 8888:5432 --name tddatabase celine99/tddatabase 753aac0aa3b03ea9c814bbea4163275fe2b3a260f90f5fe2bfcbe3e8041c7b3d

#### Rerun:

```
(base) <mark>[Celine♥♥♥♥♥Database]$</mark>docker run -d --network app-network --name tddatabase celine99/tddat
```

## Why should we run the container with a flag -e to give the environment variables?

Storing passwords in plain text is a security risk because if an attacker gains access to your Docker image, they can easily extract the sensitive information.

```
I changed the Dockerfile to:
FROM POSTGRES:14.1-ALPINE
ENV POSTGRES_USER=USR
ENV POSTGRES_DB=DB
```

and then:

```
(base) [Celine *** DevOps]$
                                 docker run \
      -p "8090:8080" \
      --net=app-network \
      --name=adminer
      -d \
      adminer
Unable to find image 'adminer:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from library/adminer
69b3efbf67c2: Pull complete
3a0fdd089fb3: Pull complete
689786b0c396: Pull complete
6bcf42cdb6b5: Pull complete
d507b34ef5ac: Pull complete
04b8d4f964a8: Pull complete
7a75f8703cd7: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:f762276d79d2f18ae7fe28c79ee25a0a3b3dba9dc92ed695a3e88d613b3e6bde
Status: Downloaded newer image for adminer:latest
ca0a22e552e97e97aab87115ea440097dc67e3f8a55c015754bfb5bb5d96aafb
```

I created the folder "sqlfiles" with the two sql files. In my Dockerfile, I added the following:

I rebuilt my image. Then I could see the data in my database.



#### Persist data

```
[(base) [Celine>♥>♥>♥>Database]$docker volume create myDatadir
myDatadir
```

```
(base) <mark>[Celine*****Database]</mark>$docker run -d --network app-network -e POSTGRES_PASSWOrD=pwd -v myDat
adir:/var/lib/postgresql/data --name tddatabase celine99/tddatabase
849b8a23aa8af375d626d2638348825<u>a</u>de60b6e1442a7a082f4633ba7fb60d4f
```

### **Backend API**

I copied the Hello World Java file, compiled it and I have written the following Docker file:

```
1 ROM openjdk:11-jre-slim
2
3 WORKDIR /app
4
5 COPY Main.class /app
6
7 CMD ["java", "Main"]
```

```
(base) [Celine*****BackendAPI]$docker build -t celine99/tdbackend .
[+] Building 1.5s (9/9) FINISHED
                                                                                 docker:desktop-linux
=> [internal] load .dockerignore
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> => transferring context: 2B
=> [internal] load build definition from Dockerfile
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> => transferring dockerfile: 120B
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> [internal] load metadata for docker.io/library/openjdk:11-jre-slim
                                                                                                 1.2s
=> [auth] library/openjdk:pull token for registry-1.docker.io
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> [1/3] FROM docker.io/library/openjdk:11-jre-slim@sha256:93af7df2308c5141a751c4830e6b6c5717
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> [internal] load build context
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> => transferring context: 453B
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> CACHED [2/3] WORKDIR /app
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> [3/3] COPY Main.class /app
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> exporting to image
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> => exporting layers
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> => writing image sha256:c913275ac5be69ad9b0c89e2f4c70b5ce4094b3f5cc25f427a5d5b350a2fbdb1
                                                                                                 0.0s
=> => naming to docker.io/celine99/tdbackend
                                                                                                 0.0s
Mat's Next?
 View a summary of image vulnerabilities and recommendations → docker scout quickview
(base) [Celine*****BackendAPI]$docker run --name tdbackend celine99/tdbackend
Hello World!
```

### Multistage build

```
(base) [Celine *** BackendAPI] docker build -t celine 99/tdbackend .
[+] Building 62.2s (14/14) FINISHED docker: desktop-linux
```

# 1-2 Why do we need a multistage build? And explain each step of this dockerfile.

In the **#build** section, we are setting up a build environment with Maven and Amazon Corretto

### FROM maven: 3.8.6-amazoncorretto-17 AS myapp-build:

specifies the base image for the build stage. We are using an image that includes Maven and Amazon Corretto. The **AS myapp-build** labels this stage with the name "myapp-build."

**ENV MYAPP\_HOME /opt/myapp**: This line sets the environment variable **MYAPP\_HOME** to **/opt/myapp**. It's used as the base directory for our application. **WORKDIR \$MYAPP\_HOME**: This sets the working directory inside the container to the value of the **MYAPP\_HOME** environment variable.

**COPY pom.xml** .: This copies the project's **pom.xml** file into the container.

**COPY src**./src: This copies the source code from the local directory into the container's working directory.

**RUN mvn package -DskipTests**: This command runs Maven to build our Java application. The **-DskipTests** option skips running tests during the build process.

In the **#run** section, we are creating the runtime environment for our application and copying the built JAR file from the previous build stage.

**FROM amazoncorretto:17**: This line specifies the base image for the runtime stage. **ENV MYAPP\_HOME /opt/myapp**: This line sets the environment variable

**MYAPP\_HOME** to the same path as in the build stage.

**WORKDIR \$MYAPP\_HOME**: This sets the working directory inside the container to the value of the **MYAPP\_HOME** environment variable.

**COPY** --from=myapp-build \$MYAPP\_HOME/target/\*.jar \$MYAPP\_HOME/myapp.jar: This copies the JAR file built in the previous build stage from the build stage to the runtime stage.

**ENTRYPOINT java -jar myapp.jar**: This sets the command that is run when the container starts. It runs your Java application using the **java -jar myapp.jar** command.

The multi-stage build allows you to separate the heavier build environment (Maven) from the smaller runtime environment (Java). This results in a more efficient and smaller final Docker image, containing only what is necessary to run our application.

I changed the application.yml file to:

```
spring:
 2
3
     jpa:
       properties:
         hibernate:
           jdbc:
6
7
8
9
10
             lob:
               non_contextual_creation: true
       generate-ddl: false
       open-in-view: true
     datasource:
11
       url: jdbc:postgresql://tddatabase:5432/db
12
       username: usr
13
       password: pwd
14
       driver-class-name: org.postgresql.Driver
15 management:
16
   server:
17
      add-application-context-header: false
18
    endpoints:
19
      web:
20
        exposure:
          include: health,info,env,metrics,beans,configprops
21
```

```
(base) [Celine****BackendAPI]$docker build -t celine99/tdbackend .
[+] Building 12.5s (9/9) FINISHED docker:desktop-linux
```

```
(base) [Celinev*v*v*BackendAPI]$docker run -d --network app-network -p 8080:8080 --name tdbackend ce line99/tdbackend
```

And then, the backend works:

```
[{"id":1,"firstname":"Eli","lastname":"Copter","department":{"id":1,"name":"IRC"}}]
```

### **Http Server**

```
(base) <mark>[Celine=♥♥♥♥♥+HTTPserver]</mark>$docker run -d --network app-network -p 8000:80 --name tdhttp celine9]
9/tdhttp
dd938a786041aa71912cce1424f97eb3a53d678c7fef20064b779f68c2e80afe
```

```
1  ROM httpd:2.4
2
3  COPY ./index.html /usr/local/apache2/htdocs/
4
5  EXPOSE 80
```

### Hallo Welt!

to retrieve this default configuration from your running container:

```
[(base) [Celine ******BackendAPI]$docker cp tdhttp:/usr/local/apache2/conf/httpd.conf .

Successfully copied 22.5kB to /Users/celine/Documents/
DevOps/BackendAPI/.
```

### Reverse proxy

I added the part of the tutorial to the httpd.conf file and then changed the Dockerfile to always replace the httpd.conf file with my local version:

```
1  ROM httpd:2.4
2
3  COPY ./index.html /usr/local/apache2/htdocs/
4
5  COPY ./httpd.conf /usr/local/apache2/conf/httpd.conf
6
7  EXPOSE 80
```

```
(base) [Celine ********HTTPserver]$docker run -d --network app-network -p 8000:80 --name tdhttp celine9 9/tdhttp 05a80cc7622fc787d5e460b0a11853f55e5e3b416bb982d621d7e3243f7500b0
```

```
(base) [Celine *** HTTPserver]$docker ps
              IMAGE
CONTAINER ID
                                                             CREATED
                                                                                STATUS
PORTS
                         NAMES
05a80cc7622f celine99/tdhttp
                                    "httpd-foreground"
                                                             2 minutes ago
                                                                                Up About a minute
0.0.0.0:8000->80/tcp
                         tdhttp
90c8b5bc0288 celine99/tdbackend
                                    "/bin/sh -c 'java -j..."
                                                                                Up About an hour
                                                            About an hour ago
0.0.0.0:8080->8080/tcp tdbackend
75f05031229f celine99/tddatabase
                                    "docker-entrypoint.s..."
                                                                                Up About an hour
                                                            About an hour ago
0.0.0.0:5432->5432/tcp
                         tddatabase
13d9c8de2b9e adminer
                                    "entrypoint.sh php -..."
                                                             20 hours ago
                                                                                Up 20 hours
0.0.0.0:8090->8080/tcp
                         adminer
```

### Why do we need a reverse proxy?

A reverse proxy is needed to improve security and performance by serving as an intermediary between clients and backend servers. It helps hide server details.

### **Link application**

docker-compose.yml file:

```
version: '3.7'
   services:
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 22 23 24 25 26
           build: ./BackendAPI/
            container_name: tdbackend
            networks:
                  - my-network
            depends_on:

    database

       database:
             build: ./Database/
             container_name: tddatabase
             networks:
                  my-network
       httpd:
             build: ./HTTPserver/
            ports:
                   - "8080:80"
             networks:
            - my-network
depends_on:

    backend

   networks:
       my-network:
```

### Why is docker-compose so important?

Docker Compose is important because it simplifies the deployment and management of multi-container Docker applications. It allows you to define, configure, and run multiple containers as a single application, making it easier to develop, test, and deploy applications.

### 1-3 Document docker-compose most important commands.

- docker-compose up: Starts the services defined in the docker-compose.yml
   file
- docker-compose down: Stops and removes the containers defined in the docker-compose.yml file.
- docker-compose build: Builds or rebuilds the container images based on the Dockerfiles specified in the docker-compose.yml file.

### 1-4 Document your docker-compose file.

```
VERSION: '3.7'

SERVICES:

BACKEND:

BUILD: ./BACKENDAPI/ # BUILD THE BACKENDAPI SERVICE FROM THE SPECIFIED DIRECTORY.

CONTAINER_NAME: TDBACKEND # SET THE CONTAINER NAME FOR THE BACKEND SERVICE.

NETWORKS:

- MY-NETWORK # CONNECT THE SERVICE TO THE 'MY-NETWORK' DOCKER NETWORK.

DEPENDS_ON:

- DATABASE # ENSURE THAT THE BACKEND SERVICE STARTS AFTER THE 'DATABASE' SERVICE.
```

```
DATABASE:

BUILD: ./DATABASE/ # BUILD THE DATABASE SERVICE FROM THE SPECIFIED DIRECTORY.

CONTAINER_NAME: TDDATABASE # SET THE CONTAINER NAME FOR THE DATABASE SERVICE.

NETWORKS:

- MY-NETWORK # CONNECT THE SERVICE TO THE 'MY-NETWORK' DOCKER NETWORK.

HTTPD:

BUILD: ./HTTPSERVER/ # BUILD THE HTTPSERVER SERVICE FROM THE SPECIFIED DIRECTORY.

PORTS:

- "8080:80" # MAP PORT 8080 ON THE HOST TO PORT 80 IN THE CONTAINER.

NETWORKS:

- MY-NETWORK # CONNECT THE SERVICE TO THE 'MY-NETWORK' DOCKER NETWORK.

DEPENDS_ON:

- BACKEND # ENSURE THAT THE HTTPD SERVICE STARTS AFTER THE 'BACKEND' SERVICE.

NETWORKS:

MY-NETWORK: # DEFINE A DOCKER NETWORK NAMED 'MY-NETWORK' FOR SERVICE COMMUNICATION.
```

#### **Publish**

## 1-5 Document your publication commands and published images in dockerhub.

```
(base) [Celine *** DevOps]$docker tag celine99/tdhttp celine99/tdhttp:1.0
(base) [Celine *** DevOps]$docker push celine99/tdhttp:1.0
The push refers to repository [docker.io/celine99/tdhttp]
94e8f48c7b10: Pushed
2e11e1a8b136: Pushed
b7094d4685d5: Mounted from library/httpd
87ca57c6f4e9: Mounted from library/httpd
1343ea427053: Mounted from library/httpd
8db3e477577e: Mounted from library/httpd
cb4596cc1454: Mounted from library/httpd
1.0: digest: sha256:b544438f88173f420400d378e47b7f67f9ae0f7a63fd7d0ef6e297afcd2e9ea2 size: 1781
(base) [CelinevVvVvVvDevOps]$docker tag celine99/tdbackend celine99/tdbackend:1.0 (base) [CelinevVvVvVvDevOps]$docker push celine99/tdbackend:1.0
The push refers to repository [docker.io/celine99/tdbackend]
9c38e417bb6b: Pushed
d84f0131e215: Pushed
491e847f9b68: Mounted from library/amazoncorretto
ab18cb8eb197: Mounted from library/amazoncorretto
1.0: digest: sha256:4617c9d89f2ef83eb077bb3d169b3f513d85784bd3edfecd2222c81aec22801d size: 1161
(base) [Celine=V=V=V=DevOps]$docker tag celine99/tddatabase celine99/tddatabase:1.0
(base) [Celine *** DevOps]$docker push celine99/tddatabase:1.0
The push refers to repository [docker.io/celine99/tddatabase]
693b2eb48bec: Pushed
a815ccfe95e3: Pushed
5b87e9731513: Mounted from library/postgres
176b9203da6e: Mounted from library/postgres
efb18f6577c9: Mounted from library/postgres
6c651825e7c4: Mounted from library/postgres
be6c168b4af5: Mounted from library/postgres
b737c2580132: Mounted from library/postgres
6cab14f8a434: Mounted from library/postgres
8d3ac3489996: Mounted from library/postgres
1.0: digest: sha256:04143b9d3c260a2d5f8b096926d2ae179ae9933605b4b47d23e73a7a2bab908a size: 2399
```