1. General Guidelines

Refer to these guide lines when running or working at the liquid handlers. See the Tecan policy document for an extended version covering most robot room aspects.

- 1. Turn on the liquid handler.
 - a) Make sure that the waste tube has a free way to the waste container and that the waste container is not full.
 - b) Make sure the system liquid is not empty.
- 2. Start the computer.
- 3. Start EVOware software.
 - a) Log in as "IFuser" or "IFapplication".
 - b) Choose "Run an existing script" and chose the desired script from the selection window list. All relevant scripts have the prefix "IF".
 - c) Toggle the runtime controller extended view to display the work table and to double check that the intended script was chosen (top comment row).

NB: If the liquid handler is used for the first time in a session, choose "Run maintenance" instead and run the script "morgontvatt" before running production scripts.

- 4. Setup the physical worktable to look exactly like the one in EVOware and/or LIMS.
 - a) Move carriers to match the worktable. Remove all other carriers.
 - b) Situate your lab ware in the correct positions.
 - c) Mount the correct LiHa-tips in the correct positions and/or place the correct amount of nested tip racks at the correct MCA tip positions.
- 5. Run the script.
 - a) Press the "RUN" button.
 - b) Read prompts, if any, and make adaptations if necessary.
 - c) Scripts are finished when the (green) FreedomEVO status light shuts off.

NB: The extended view displays the worktable and allows script execution monitoring. If the liquid handler is to run the first script of a session, it will carry out a ca. 30 s long initialization.

- 6. After a run.
 - a) Remove all lab ware. Exchange the tip waste container and empty the liquid waste if necessary.
 - b) Exit EVOware. (important to avoid (accidental) script changes by unauthorized personel).
 - c) Delete work lists (if any) from the desktop.
 - d) Turn off the liquid handler.
 - e) Make a note with date, name and a message in the log book if something out of the ordinary occurred during the run.

2. Antibody Transfer

1.1 Preparations

- 1. Mark the four IF_P plates with lowest numbers and press "Move to IF_384" in the "IF Storage" lims-section. Print and attach the IF_384 plate labels.
- 2. Retrieve the IF_P plates from the freezer and allow them to equilibrate in room temperature for at least 15 minutes. Briefly spin down the source plates.
- 3. Confirm that the work order specifies alternating and increasing *uneven* IF_P plates for transfer to IF_384 positions 1 --- 16 and, alternating and increasing *even* IF_P numbers are designated for transfer to IF_384 positions 17 --- 32.

1.2 At the liquid handler

- 1. Open the script "IF_ab_transfer".
- 2. Position plates according to the EVOware workspace and start the script.

NB: It is very important that the LiHa:s are sufficiently primed and that all gold cones are tightened before running transfer scripts to avoid loss of the newly delivered antibody.

3. Antibody Dilution

3.1 Preparations

- 1. Choose the amount of portions to be diluted and print out the dilution work order and labels from LIMS.
- 2. Retrieve all needed 384-well plates from the freezer and allow them to equilibrate at room temperature for at least 15 minutes.
- 3. Prepare stock solution as specified by the work order. Spin down the antibody marker tubes before opening.
- 4. Briefly spin down the 384 well plates in the plate centrifuge.

NB: Be sure to remove bubbles from the buffer tubes as they might otherwise cause incorrect automatic pipetting. Always check the first 200 μ l tip buffer aspiration.

3.2 At the liquid handler

- 1. Make sure old work lists from earlier runs are deleted from the desktop.
- 2. Download the work list from LIMS and save it to the desktop.
- 3. Rename it to worklist_dilution.qwl and save a copy of the file under Desktop/IF.
- 4. Run the "IF_Dilution" script.

3.3 Details

tip consumption

--- 50 μl LiHa: 95 tips --- 200 μl LiHa: 12 tips

running time (95 antibodies)

~ 40 min

4. Storage to Research

4.1 Preparations

- 1. Search for an entered list of antibodies and choose "Dilute" or "Aliquot". Edit the list to set up the desired template scheme.
- 2. Place the order (make adaptations if prompted to do so), and print the target plate labels.

NB: The minimum aliquotation volume is 10 μ l.

4.2 At the liquid handler

See section 3.2.

NB: Both aliquotation and dilution storage to research work orders are executed using the "IF_Dilution" script.

5 Immunostaining

3.1 Preparations

NB: For details on the buffer preparation, see section 5 in the IF_production SOP.

1 plate and 1 template	1 plate and 1 template
Reagents needed for Day 1	Reagents needed for Day 2
- 1 glass bottom plate with cells	- 1 glass bottom plate with cells
- 2 tip racks	- 1 tip racks
 PBS: 150 μl in square deep well plate TRITON: 200 μl in square deep well plate WASTE: square deep well plate PFA: 50 μl in skirted micro plate 	 PBS: 400 μl in square deep well plate GLY/PBS: 400 μl in square deep well plate WASTE: square deep well plate DAPI: 50 μl in skirted micro plate
- PRIM. AB: 40 μl in skirted micro plate	- SEC. AB 40 μl skirted micro plate

2 plates and 2 templates	2 plates and 2 templates	
Reagents needed for Day 1	Reagents needed for Day 2	
- 2 glass bottom plates with cells	- 2 glass bottom plates with cells	
- 3 tip racks	- 6 tip racks	
- PBS: 250 μl in square deep well plate	- 2 x PBS: 400 μl in square deep well plate	
- TRITON: 350 μl in square deep well plate	- 2 x GLY/PBS: 400 μl in square deep well	
- WASTE: square deep well plate	plate	
- PFA: 100 μl in skirted micro plate	- WASTE: square deep well plate	
- 2 x PRIM. AB: 40 μl in skirted micro plates	- DAPI: 100μl in skirted micro plate	
	- SEC. AB 80 μl in skirted micro plate	

3 plates and 3 templates	3 plates and 3 templates	
Reagents needed for Day 1	Reagents needed for Day 2	
- 3 glass bottom plates with cells	- 3 glass bottom plates with cells	
- 5 tip racks	- 10 tip racks	
 PBS: 350 μl in square deep well plate TRITON: 450 μl in square deep well plate WASTE: square deep well plate PFA: 150 μl in skirted micro plate 3 x PRIM. AB: 40 μl in skirted micro plates 	 3 x PBS: 400 μl in square deep well plate 3 x GLY/PBS: 400 μl in square deep well plate WASTE: square deep well plate DAPI: 150 μl in skirted micro plate SEC. AB 120 μl in skirted micro plate 	

2 plates and 1 template	2 plates and 1 template	
Reagents needed for Day 1	Reagents needed for Day 2	
- 2 glass bottom plates with cells	- 2 glass bottom plates with cells	
- 2 tip racks	- 3 tip racks	
- PBS: 250 μl in square deep well plate	- PBS: 800 μl in square deep well plate	
- TRITON: 350 μl in square deep well plate	- GLY/PBS: 800 μl in square deep well plate	
- WASTE: square deep well plate	- WASTE: square deep well plate	
- PFA: 100 μl in skirted micro plate	- DAPI: 100 μl in skirted micro plate	
- PRIM. AB: 80 μl in skirted micro plates	- SEC. AB 80 μl in skirted micro plate	

4 plates and 4 templates Reagents needed for Day 1	4 plates and 4 templates Reagents needed for Day 2
- 4 glass bottom plates with cells - 6 tip racks	 4 glass bottom plates with cells 14 tip racks
 PBS: 450 μl in square deep well plate TRITON: 600 μl in square deep well plate WASTE: square deep well plate PFA: 180 μl in skirted micro plate 4 x PRIM. AB: 40 μl in skirted micro plates 	 4 x PBS: 400 μl in square deep well plate 4 x GLY/PBS: 400 μl in square deep well plate WASTE: square deep well plate DAPI: 200 μl in skirted micro plate SEC. AB 160 μl in skirted micro plate

5 plates and 5 templates	5 plates and 5 templates	
Reagents needed for Day 1	Reagents needed for Day 2	
- 5 glass bottom plates with cells	- 5 glass bottom plates with cells	
- 7 tip racks	- 16 tip racks	
	- extra micro plate carrier	
- PBS: 600 μl in square deep well plate	- 5 x PBS: 400 μl in square deep well plate	
- TRITON: 650 μl in square deep well plate	- 5 x GLY/PBS: 400 μl in square deep well	
- WASTE: square deep well plate	plate	
- PFA: 200 μl in skirted micro plate	- WASTE: square deep well plate	
- 5 x PRIM. AB: 40 μl in skirted micro plates	- DAPI: 150 μl + 100 μl in skirted micro plates	
	- SEC. AB 120 μl + 80 μl in skirted micro plates	

3.2 At the liquid handler

- 1. Open the script "IF_DayX_Whatman_X_X".
- 2. Position labware according to the EVOware workspace and start the script.

NB: Use the IF_preDay2_X scripts prior to running Day 2 scripts for multiple plate to fill all PBS and glycerol deep well plates automatically.

3.3 Running Times

Day 1	Running Time	Day 2	Running time
1 plate:	35 min	1 plate:	3.5 h
2 plates:	< 50 min	2 plates:	4 h
3 plates:	1 h+	3 plates:	5 h
4 plates:	1 h+	4 plates:	6 h+
5 plates:	1 h+	5 plates:	7 h+

4 Maintenance and Problem Solving

4.1 Definitions

carrier: grey metal holders placed on work tablelab ware: plastic liquid containers placed on carriers

- tips: black conductive tips for LiHa and transparent nested tips for the MCA

volume	product number	box size
10 μl	10 612 516	2304 (2*96*12)
50 µl	30 032 115	2304 (2*96*12)
200 μl	30 000 627	2304 (2*96*12)
50 μl (nested)	30 038 609	3840 (8*96*5) 30 038 609
200 μl (nested)	30 038 619	3840 (8*96*5)

4.2 Weekly Maintenance

- 1. Wipe the gold cone with ethanol using a dust-free tissue.
- 2. Tighten syringes and gold cones.

4.3 Problem Solving

1. Pause/Stop script

To pause a script, press the pause button on the liquid handler or in the software. The liquid handler finishes the current command before pausing.

2. Running parts of a script

To run parts of a script, put in the start script line number in collapsed view runtime controller window before pressing "RUN".

3. Dropping tips

Choose edit existing script, pick any script (works when logged in as IFuser) and run the "Drop Tips" Direct Command for LiHa:s or MCA.